

# 2023 学年第二学期九年级质量检测试卷

## 英语试题卷

考生须知:

- 1.全卷共 10 页,有七大题,76 小题。全卷满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。
- 2.请用 2B 铅笔将选择题的答案填涂在答题纸相应位置上。请用 0.5 毫米及以上黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将主观题的答案写在答题纸相应的答题区内。写在试题卷、草稿纸上均无效。
- 3.请用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔在“答题纸”上先填写姓名和准考证号。

一、听力(共 15 小题,第一、二节每小题 1 分,第三节每小题 2 分,共 20 分)

第一节:听小对话,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,回答问题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What did the woman like about her journey?

- A. The beach.                      B. The hotel.                      C. The seafood.

2. When can the man meet Dr. Black?

- A. On Wednesday.              B. On Thursday.              C. On Friday.

3. Where is the woman going?

- A. To a supermarket.              B. To a bus station.              C. To a college.

4. What is the man going to do next?

- A. Go for a walk.                  B. Have lunch.                  C. Have a meeting.

5. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. In a library.                      B. At a bookstore.                      C. In a classroom.

第二节:听长对话,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,回答问题。对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第 6—7 小题。

6. When did the man begin learning to skate?

- A. Recently.                          B. A few months ago.                          C. Last weekend.

7. What does the man think of skating?

- A. Safe.                                  B. Interesting.                                  C. Cool.

听下面一段对话,回答第 8—10 小题。

8. What did the woman do on weekends?

- A. She had a dance class.

- B. She enjoyed music in Tokyo.

C. She performed on the stage.

9. Why does the woman prefer the live show?

A. It's interesting.                      B. It's part of her life.                      C. It's cheap.

10. What will the man probably do in the future?

A. Go to visit Tokyo.

B. Learn to make a music video.

C. Go and experience a concert.

**第三节: 听独白, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 回答问题。独白读两遍。**

11. What meaningful thing did Max Woosey do?

A. He slept in a tent.                      B. He looked after his friend.                      C. He gave lessons.

12. Who gave Max the idea to start an adventure?

A. His dad.                      B. His neighbor.                      C. His school teacher.

13. Why did Max decide to have the adventure?

A. To travel around the UK.

B. To get national attention.

C. To raise money for a charity.

14. How much money was Max's goal at first?

A.£100.                      B.£500.                      C.£750,000.

15. What lessons helped Max during his adventure?

A. To live a life well by doing outdoor activities.

B. To never give up and show kindness.

C. To always take care of his family.

**二、完形填空 (共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,共 15 分)**

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项, 使文章完整、通顺。

As I repeated my shopping list in my broken Italian, the grocery (杂货店) worker in front of me couldn't help \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_. Was he getting mad?

We had just \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_ to Italy, and I was trying to learn Italian. We had lived here for a short time years earlier, so I had \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_ learned some words. But this time I wanted to \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_ the language well. I even put notes on things in the house, labeling (标签) everything in \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_.

We kept a grocery-shopping list on the kitchen wall, and added things on \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_ we made a trip to the store.

I encouraged my husband to write things down in Italian, so I would get used to reading the list and speaking to the \_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_ in Italian.

One day we decided to hold a housewarming party because we hadn't met our Italian friends for long. At the party, they all seemed interested in my efforts to learn \_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_ language when they noticed the Italian labels and my Italian grocery list. I spoke to them in my broken Italian and was \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_ that I was already able to understand and join in simple conversations.

The next day, I went to the grocery store \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ with the shopping list. Once there, I managed to \_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_ most things on the list and find them on my own. But there were some things on the \_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_ I just didn't understand. So, I found a worker and talked to him in Italian, reading out the \_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_ things on the list. That's when he started laughing. Quickly, he asked to see the list. "Perhaps someone has \_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_ on you," he said in English. "Things like 'husband' on the list can't be found in any store."

Then I realized that while hanging around the kitchen, our friends at the party also "\_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_" my shopping list.

1.

|           |             |            |             |
|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| A. crying | B. laughing | C. jumping | D. shouting |
|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|

2.

|               |                   |                   |                 |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| A. moved back | B. looked forward | C. paid attention | D. said goodbye |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|

3.

|          |         |            |        |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|
| A. never | B. just | C. already | D. yet |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|

4.

|          |          |           |          |
|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| A. study | B. enter | C. follow | D. watch |
|----------|----------|-----------|----------|

5.

|          |            |         |            |
|----------|------------|---------|------------|
| A. short | B. English | C. line | D. Italian |
|----------|------------|---------|------------|

6.

|           |           |          |       |
|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|
| A. though | B. before | C. after | D. so |
|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|

7.

|             |            |             |              |
|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| A. teachers | B. workers | C. visitors | D. customers |
|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|

8.

|          |        |        |        |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| A. their | B. our | C. its | D. his |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|

9.

|        |                 |            |          |
|--------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| A. shy | B. disappointed | C. excited | D. moved |
|--------|-----------------|------------|----------|

10.

A. slowly                      B. confidently                      C. secretly                      D. suddenly

11.

A. do                      B. translate                      C. pay                      D. borrow

12.

A. wall                      B. menu                      C. shelf                      D. list

13.

A. popular                      B. amazing                      C. strange                      D. terrible

14.

A. played a joke                      B. cooked up a story                      C. put a bet                      D. had a rush

15.

A. copied                      B. dropped                      C. changed                      D. checked

【答案】 1. B2. A3. C4. A5. D6. B7. B8. A9. C10. B11. B12. D13. C14. A15. C

【解析】

【导语】 本文讲述了作者学习意大利语而发生的事情。

【1 题】

句意：当我用蹩脚的意大利语重复我的购物单时，我前面的杂货店工人忍不住笑了。

crying 哭；laughing 笑；jumping 跳；shouting 喊。根据“broken Italian”以及后文的“ That’s when he started laughing.”可知是指杂货店工人忍不住笑了，故选 B。

【2 题】

句意：当时我们刚刚搬回意大利，我当时正努力学习意大利语。

moved back 搬回；looked forward 期待；paid attention 关注；said goodbye 再见。根据“and I was trying to learn Italian”可知是指刚搬回意大利，故选 A。

【3 题】

句意：几年前，我们在这里住了很短的时间，所以我已经学了一些单词。

never 从不；just 只；already 已经；yet 还。根据“ We had lived here for a short time years earlier”可知是指我已经学了一些单词。故选 C。

【4 题】

句意：但这一次我想学好这门语言。

study 学习；enter 进入；follow 跟随；watch 看。根据“learned some words”可知是指这一次我想学好这门语言。故选 A。

**【5 题】**

句意：我甚至在家里的东西上贴了便条，每样东西都用意大利语贴上了标签。

short 短的；English 英语；line 线；Italian 意大利语。根据“But this time I wanted to...the language well.”可知是指每样东西都用意大利语贴上了标签。故选 D。

**【6 题】**

句意：我们在厨房的墙上挂了一张购物清单，并在去商店之前添加上一些东西。

though 虽然；before 之前；after 之后；so 因此。根据“grocery-shopping list”可知是指去商店之前添加上一些东西。故选 B。

**【7 题】**

句意：我鼓励丈夫用意大利语写东西，这样我就会习惯阅读清单，用意大利语与工作人员交谈。

teachers 老师；workers 工人；visitors 游客；customers 顾客。根据“As I repeated my shopping list in my broken Italian, the grocery (杂货店) worker in front of me couldn't help”可知是指我就会习惯阅读清单，用意大利语与工作人员交谈。故选 B。

**【8 题】**

句意：在聚会上，当他们注意到意大利语标签和我的意大利语杂货单时，他们似乎都对我学习他们的语言的努力感兴趣。

their 他们的；our 我们的；its 它的；his 他的。根据“they all seemed interested in my efforts to learn...language”可知是指都对我学习他们的语言的努力感兴趣。故选 A。

**【9 题】**

句意：我用蹩脚的意大利语和他们交谈，我已经能够理解并参与简单的对话，这让我很兴奋。

shy 害羞；disappointed 失望；excited 兴奋；moved 感动。根据“that I was already able to understand and join in simple conversations”可知是指这让我很兴奋。故选 C。

**【10 题】**

句意：第二天，我满怀信心地拿着购物清单去了杂货店。

slowly 慢；confidently 自信；secretly 秘密地；suddenly 突然。根据“find them on my own”可知是指满怀信心地拿着购物清单去了杂货店。故选 B。

**【11 题】**

句意：在那里，我设法翻译了清单上的大多数东西，并自己找到它们。

do 做；translate 翻译；pay 支付；borrow 借。根据“I encouraged my husband to write things down in Italian”以及“I just didn't understand”可知是指我设法翻译了清单上的大多数东西，故选 B。

**12 题】**

句意：但清单上有些东西我就是不明白。

wall 墙；menu 菜单；shelf 架子；list 清单。根据“most things on the list”可知是指清单上有些东西我就是不明白。故选 D。

【13 题】

句意：于是，我找到了一名工作人员，用意大利语和他交谈，朗读了清单上的陌生的东西。

popular 流行的；amazing 惊奇的；strange 陌生的；terrible 糟糕的。根据“I just didn’t understand”可知是指陌生的东西。故选 C。

【14 题】

句意：也许有人和你开玩笑。

played a joke 开玩笑；cooked up a story 编造故事；put a bet 下注；had a rush 匆忙。根据“Things like ‘husband’ on the list can’t be found in any store.”可知是开玩笑，故选 A。

【15 题】

句意：然后我意识到，在厨房闲逛的同时，聚会上的朋友也“改变”了我的购物清单。

copied 抄袭；dropped 掉落；changed 改变；checked 检查。根据“Things like ‘husband’ on the list can’t be found in any store.”以及“our friends at the party also...my shopping list.”可知是指聚会上的朋友也“改变”了我的购物清单。故选 C。

三、阅读理解 (共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分)

阅读下面材料，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Weather</p> <p>In the north and east, winters are cold, summers are hot, and there’s an average amount of rainfall each year. The south-eastern parts of Austria have longer, hotter summers. In the west, winters are not too cold and summers are warm. The western part of Austria also receives more rain.</p> | <p>Animals and nature</p> <p>There are about 43,000 kinds of animals in the country. Austria is especially popular for birdwatchers. You can find over 320 types of birds around the National Park alone.</p> |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Culture</p> <p>Vienna</p> <p>In Austria, over 90% of citizens speak German. English is taught in all schools as a second language. Austrians are usually very family-centered, eating meals together in the evenings, and visiting grandparents or taking part in other family activities on the weekends.</p> <p>Music is a major part of Austria's culture, especially classical music and folk songs. There are many festivals and celebrations about music.</p> <p>The Salzburg Festival celebrates the composer Mozart and is the most famous Austrian event. Held in the city of Salzburg, the festival includes musical and dramatic performances.</p> | <p>Capital:</p> <p>Quick Facts</p> <p>Capital: Vienna</p> <p>Population:</p> <p>About 8.7 million</p> <p>Key Cities:</p> <p>Salzburg, Vienna</p> <p>Official Languages:</p> <p>German, Hungarian, Slovenian, Croatian</p> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

16. What information about Austria does the text tell us?

- A. Its size.                                      B. Its food.                                      C. Its history.                                      D. Its population.

17. What can we learn from the text?

- A. There are about 32,000 kinds of animals in Austria.
- B. The Salzburg Festival is held in the capital of Austria.
- C. Many Austrian people spend weekends with families.
- D. Weather doesn't change much in different areas in Austria.

18. Who is most probably interested in visiting Austria?

- A. A birdwatcher.                                      B. An English learner.
- C. A pop music fan.                                      D. A weather reporter.

【答案】 16. D 17. C 18. A

【解析】

【导语】 本文介绍了奥地利的相关信息。

【16 题】

推理判断题。根据“Population: About 8.7 million”可知告诉了我们人口数量， 故选 D。

【17 题】

细节理解题。根据“Austrians are usually very family-centered, eating meals together in the evenings, and visiting grandparents or taking part in other family activities on the weekends.”可知许多奥地利人与家人共度周末。故选 C。

【18 题】

细节理解题。根据“‘There are about 43,000 kinds of animals in the country. Austria is especially popular for birdwatchers.’”可知观鸟者会对游览奥地利感兴趣。故选 A。

B



“The best *mianshi* lies in China and the best Chinese *mianshi* lies in Shanxi.” Can you imagine that in North China’s Shanxi Province, there are over 280 kinds of *mianshi*, or cooked wheaten (小麦的) food?

Shanxi people’s love for *mianshi* is closely connected to the local natural conditions. The dry weather on mountains and plateaus (高原) makes it a good place for growing wheat. Therefore, as time passing by, Shanxi people not only developed an eating habit for *mianshi*, but also invented different ways of cooking wheaten food.

Among the many Shanxi *mianshi*, the sliced (刀削的) noodle is the most famous one. It is sliced with a special knife. When making it, the cook needs to hold hand. The length and thickness of each sliced noodle are required to be the same. Experienced cooks can even turn the way of slicing noodle into an excellent show. They can slice 200 noodles in one minute, and make sure each noodle falls exactly into the soup pot 1.5 meters away.

In Chinese food culture, people like to give special meanings to the food. For example, they would have a bowl of *Changshoumian* on their birthday, carrying good wishes for health and long life. In many places, the tradition is to serve *jiaozi* to a person leaving home, and noodles to a person returning home, as both food have their own important meaning.

Well, seeing all these Chinese *mianshi*, do you feel enjoyable? Would you like to have a try?

19. How does the writer start the article?

- A. By telling a story.
- B. By comparing facts.
- C. By using a saying.
- D. By giving examples.

20. What makes Shanxi people love *mianshi*?

- A. The simple ways of cooking *mianshi*.
- B. The sour and hot taste of noodles.

C. The changes of people's eating habits.

D. The good wheat growing environment.

21. What can we learn about the sliced noodle from Paragraph 3?

A. It is sliced into different shapes with a knife.

B. It is one of the most famous *mianshi* in Shanxi.

C. It's a kind of traditional food with a long history.

D. People like the show better than the noodle itself.

22. What's the main idea of the passage?

A. People's love for *mianshi* in different areas.

B. *Mianshi* in North China's Shanxi Province.

C. Different ways of making noodles across China.

D. The importance of *mianshi* in Chinese food culture.

【答案】19. C20. D21. B22. B

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍了中国山西面食以及面食的文化。

【19 题】

推理判断题。根据“The best mianshi lies in China and the best Chinese mianshi lies in Shanxi.”可知是用谚语开始的本文，故选 C。

【20 题】

细节理解题。根据“Shanxi people's love for mianshi is closely connected to the local natural conditions.”可知与当地自然条件密不可分。故选 D。

【21 题】

细节理解题。根据“Among the many Shanxi mianshi, the sliced (刀削的) noodle is the most famous one.”可知在山西众多的面中，最有名的是刀削面，故选 B。

【22 题】

主旨大意题。本文介绍了中国山西面食以及面食的文化。故选 B。

## C

“Jobie Nymble from Class 3 Grade 9 wins the first prize in the girls' 100-meter hurdles!” crowd cheered.

“Next is the city match. Here we come!” Jobie said to her green training shoes. They looked of dirty but she didn't care. They were her lucky shoes and she treasured them. She expected to take the gold next Saturday with the shoes on. Jobie trained with excitement all week long. At track practice, she jumped over those hurdles faster than she'd ever done before.

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