2023-2024学年重庆市铜梁区九年级上学期期末学业质量监测英语模拟试题

第I卷（共95分）

I. 听力测试。（共30分）

第一节 (每小题1.5分，共9分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的句子，从 A、B、C三个选项中选出最恰当的答语，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

1. A. It doesn't matter.	B. With pleasure.	C. Never mind.
2. A. By shaking hands.	B. By subway.	C. By hand.
3. A. On New Year's Day.	B. During Spring Festival.	C. On Mid-Autumn Festival.
4. A. Funny.	B. Rainy.	C. Helpful.
5. A. Winter.	B. History.	C. Tea.
6. A. No, he didn't.	B. No, he shouldn't.	C. No, he hasn't.

第二节 (每小题1.5分，共9分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的对话和问题，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

7. A. In the museum.	B. At the fire station.	C. In the library.
8. A. Old jeans.	B. Old skirts.	C. Old shirts.
9. A. By talking with foreigners.	B. By listening to tapes.	C. By watching English movies.
10. A. Fred's.	B. Jack's.	C. Jack and Fred's.
11. A. She has a headache.	B. She has a bad cold.	C. She has a toothache.
12. A. Listens to soft music.	B. Watches TV.	C. Hangs out with friends.

第三节 (每小题1.5分，共6分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的长对话，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

听第一段材料，回答第13至14小题。

13. Where is the theater?

A. Next to a big supermarket.

B. Behind a big supermarket.

C. Across from a big supermarket.

14. How will the man get to the theater?

A. On foot. B. By taxi. C. By bus.

听第二段材料，回答第 15 至 16 小题。

15. What kind of movies does Luke like?

A. Documentaries. B. Action movies. C. Scary movies.

16. How does Jenny like documentaries?

A. They are exciting. B. They are meaningless. C. They are interesting.

第四节 (每小题 1.5 分，共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

17. In China, when someone says “Your shirt is very nice”, you should answer “_____”.

A. Thank you B. It’s kind of you C. No, not at all

18. In Korea, it’s_____ pass something to an older person with both hands.

A. important B. polite C. impolite

19. We can ask people in_____ “ How much do you make?”

A. American B. Britain C. Korea

20. In Thailand, you don’t touch a child on the _____.

A. finger B. head C. mouth

II. 语法选择。（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个语法正确的答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

In the zoo, a mother and a baby camel(骆驼) were lying___21___a tree in the sunshine.

___22___baby camel asked, “Why do camels have humps (驼峰)?”

The mother said, “We are desert animals. We have the humps to store water___23___we can live in dry desert.”

The baby camel thought for a moment and asked, “OK… So why are our legs long and our 24___round?”

The mother replied, “They ___25____to walk in the desert.”

After a while, the baby camel asked, “Why___26___our eyelashes (眼睫毛) long? Sometimes

they get in the way and I ___27___see."

The mother answered, "Those long, thick eyelashes will protect your eyes from the desert sand when it ___28___in the wind."

The baby thought and thought. Then he said, "I see. So the hump is to store water when we are in the desert. The legs are for___29___through the desert and these eyelashes protect our eyes from the desert." The baby looked at his mother, "But we are in the zoo. ___30___is the desert? "

21. A. in	B. at	C. under
22. A. The	B. A	C. An
23. A. or	B. but	C. so
24. A. foot	B. feet	C. foot's
25. A. bear	B. are born	C. is boring
26. A. is	B. am	C. are
27. A. can	B. could	C. can't
28. A. blows	B. blew	C. blowing
29. A. walks	B. walked	C. walking
30. A. How	B. Where	C. When

III. 完形填空。（每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

根据短文内容，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空白处的最佳答案，并把答题卡上相应题目的答案标号涂黑。

China is a long way from my home in England. With many cultural differences, I thought I'd often feel homesick. But instead, I usually feel right at ___31___.

___32___ is this? Well, it may sound strange, but I think it's because my mom is like a Chinese person! There are a lot of things I've seen older Chinese ladies do that ___33___ me of things my mom would do. ___34___, wearing brighter colors the older she gets and doing funny things like using a child's pushchair for her dogs. When we see each other, the first thing she'll say is, "Have you ___35___?" And even if I have, she'll make food anyway! My mom was creative and interested ___36___ Italian, Indian, and a number of Chinese dishes. But even when she made more typical English soup, there was something a bit ___37___ about it. Sometimes I'll try a dish in China like mutton soup or big plate chicken and think, wow! This is just like my ___38___ cooking!

English cooking can be boring. ____39____ my mom loved creating new dishes. The food culture doesn't seem as big in the UK as it is in China. But it was always important in our home. Food was something that brought us together and gave us ___40___, just as it does here in China.

31. A. home	B. abroad	C. school	D. work
32. A. Where	B. Why	C. Where	D. How
33. A. remind	B. remember	C. memorize	D. think
34. A. Like	B. And so on	C. Such as	D. For example
35. A. drunk	B. eaten	C. gone	D. awoken
36. A. at	B. to	C. in	D. for
37. A. Italian	B. Indian	C. Chinese	D. English
38. A. dad's	B. own	C. mom's	D. friend's
39. A. And	B. But	C. However	D. Although
40. A. pain	B. peace	C. kindness	D. joy

IV. 阅读理解。(41-43 小题，每小题 1 分，44-59 小题，每小题 2 分，共 35 分)

阅读下列短文，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案，并把答题卡上相应题目的答案标号涂黑。

A

Music has become a very important part of teens' life. How much do you like music? How do you listen to music? Teens did a national survey. Over 2,500 teenagers across the country took the survey.

Listening time: About 37.15% teenagers listen to music every day. They listen to music while on the computer, doing housework, on the way to and from school.
The type of music: The survey says pop (33%) and R&B (29%). But this doesn't mean teens don't like other kinds of music. In fact, their tastes are diverse (多样的): hip hop, country, jazz and classical music.

41. There were over_____ teenagers taking the survey.

A. 2,000 B. 2,500 C. 3,000 D. 3,500

42. Teenagers listen to music when they are _____.

a. on the computer b. doing housework c. on the way d. testing

A. abc　　B. abd　　C. bcd　　D. acd

43. According to the survey, teenagers like _____ most.

A. pop　　B. R&B　　C. hip hop　　D. classical music

B

I'm Patrick McCarthy from Tsinghua Middle School, but you can call me Pat. This is the ce where I can help you with your daily life problems, one-on-one. Go ahead and ask away!

Dear Patrick,

I feel great pressure(压力) from my family. They hope that I will get into a top high school, but I have different ideas. I love drawing and want to get into an art school.

Lauren

Hi Lauren,

This can be a hard situation to deal with. On the one hand, your family means well for you. Getting into a top high school would make it easier to get into a top college, improving your chances of a good life. On the other hand, being unhappy and unable to deal with the pressure will only make the situation worse.

I think the best way to deal with this is to find a compromise (折中方案). For example, if you love art and think you'll go into art someday, find a top high school in your area that specializes in art to get into.

At the very least, try to explain your feelings to your parents.

Pat

44. Patrick McCarthy may be _____.

A. a teacher　　B. a reporter　　C. a singer　　D. a cook

45. Lauren wants to_____.

A. talk with his parents　　B. help his parents

C. get into an art high school　　D. get into a top high school

46. Lauren's parents hope that she will_____.

A. improve her chances of a good life　　B. learn to deal with the pressure

C. talk about daily life problems with Pat　　D. find a compromise between them

47. The passage may be taken from _____.

A. a research paper　B. a travel book　　C. a health magazine　D. a news report

C

China's 15-year-old Chen Ye won gold in the men's park final of skateboarding (滑板男子碗池决赛) at the 19th Asian Games in Hangzhou on Sept 25, 2023.

Chen started getting into this sport in 2016. "I remember one day I went to a sports store, and by chance, I saw a skateboard. I decided to give it a try," Chen told China Youth Daily. Although it was really challenging to stay on the board at first, Chen found it very interesting. "Every time I did some difficult skills, I felt the joy of making progress," said Chen.

Gradually, Chen needed a better place for training. To meet the need, his father decided to make a skate bowl himself. "For the skate bowl, he worked on it late into the night, sometimes until three or four in the morning," said Chen. "I'm really thankful for my father's support."

As a junior high school student, Chen needed to find a **balance** between his schoolwork and skateboarding. He trained in the morning, studied in the afternoon sometimes had to have more classes with the teachers' help. While getting ready for the competition this year, Chen even disagreed with his father over his study schedule. He wanted to train for more hours at night.

Looking at the seven years of learning skating, Chen said this experience made him stronger and more determined (坚定的) to do something he truly loves.

48. Chen Ye was born in_____.

A. 2008 B. 2010 C. 2016 D. 2019



49. Chen Ye's father _____.

A. taught his son to skate B. made a skate bowl for his son

C. helped his son at school D. got ready for the competition

50. The underlined word **balance** in the passage means _____.

A. 救护车 B. 捷径 C. 宝藏 D. 平衡

51. From the passage, we can know _____.

A. Chen Ye trained many year at his father's request

B. Chen Ye thought learning skating made him stronger

C. Chen Ye trained all day for the competition

D. Chen Ye thought the training was very hard

D



Do you speak a dialect (方言) in daily life? While many Chinese people speak putonghua, some local dialects are in danger of disappearing. To save them, the Chinese government started the Chinese Language Resources Protection Project (中国语言资源保护工程) a few years ago.

This project looks at how people talk in 1,712 places. Their languages include 103 dialects that are almost gone. It has helped China to build the largest language resource library in the world. There's an online library where people can learn dialects from over 5.6 million audio clips (音频) and over 5 million videos.

Scholar Zhang Hongming talked about his worries of the disappearing of dialects. "For about over 10 years, in the Wu dialect areas such as Shanghai and Suzhou, children aged 6 to 15 can understand but hardly speak the dialect, young people above 15 years old sometimes speak it, but not very well. If this keeps happening, the dialect might disappear," he said.

Why is it important to protect the dialect culture? According to British linguist Harold Palmer, dialects are a key to store local cultures. Language shows the history, the beliefs and the biases(偏见) of an area, he said.

___▲___A big national hard work has been put into the project to make it happen, said Cao Zhiyun, the expert on the project. Over five years, more than 350 universities and research groups joined in, along with over 4,500 experts and more than 6,000 dialect speakers.

52. The Chinese government started the project _____.

A. to public the dialects　　B. to cancel the dialects

C. to copy the dialects　　D. to save the dialects

53. There are _____ dialects in the largest language resource library.

A.103　　B. 1712　　C. 5 million　　D. 5.6 million

54.Which of the following sentences can be put in the ____▲____?

A. How did China protect these dialects culture?

B. Who started the project to protect dialects culture?

C. How many speakers did take part in this project?

D. Where was the the largest dialect library built?

55. What's the main idea of this passage?

A. China made a survey to look at how people talked in 1,712 places.

B. China has done a lot of hard work to protect the dialect culture.

C. Many universities and research groups joined in the project.

D. Many young people in the Wu dialect areas can't say their dialect

E

Building a country is never easy. It takes hard work from generation (一代人) to generation. But how to make it disappear? A new report said long time of climate(气候) change can do that.

The report said Tuvalu(图瓦卢) will be the first country to be completely lost due to climate change.

Tuvalu is a Pacific island nation with nine islands and 12,000 people. It has long been at risk from rising sea levels. By the end of the century, it is believed that all the islands will be underwater, reported Reuters. So many people in Tuvalu have often moved around the country and even to other countries.

To help with the problem, the country plans to build its country in the virtual ce(虚拟空间). This news made many people in Tuvalu excited. The virtual country will recreate the same scene and keep its cultural and historical records. No matter where they live in the real world, the people in this country will have their ID cards and "live" in its online cities and villages. The government hopes to manage and serve them in this virtual ce.

"Though the virtual nation belongs to Tuvalu, it still brings some problems." said Li Zuxi, director of virtual ce lab of Qingbo Intelligent Technology, He gave us an example. If people from other countries enter the ce of the virtual country but just show their names, how do people know if they do or do not truly belong to that country?

Li added that instead of trying our best to build virtual nations, it's better to pay attention to saving the real world now.

56. Tuvalu will disappear because of _____.

A. climate change B. virtual ce C. other countries D. the Pacific

57. In the virtual ce, the people can't _____.

A. have their ID cards B. "live" in its online cities and villages

C. keep their own culture D. know who truly belongs to that country

58 According to the passage, the writer _____.

A. agree to create virtual country　　B. disagree to create virtual country

C. is a worker of virtual ce lab　　D. is a person in Tuvalu

59. The structure of the passage may be _____.

A. ❶\❷❸\❹❺❻　B. ❶❷\❸❹\❺❻　C. ❶❷❸\❹❺\❻　D. ❶\❷❸❹\❺❻

V. 口语运用。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分 ）

阅读下面对话，从 7 个选项中选出 5 个恰当的句子补全对话，并把答题卡上相应题目的答案标号涂黑。

A. Do you know him?
B. Sure, I'd love to.
C. Yes, I have decided on one thing.
D. Would you like to go with me?
E. Whose birthday party?
F. Let's go to his birthday party together.
G. I am afraid I can't.

A: Hello, Jack. Have you made any plans for your weekend?

B: Hi Bob! I am going to birthday party. ___60___

A: Really? That sounds fun. ___61___

B: It's my best friend Mike's birthday. He will be 15 this weekend. ___62___

A: Yes. He was my classmate in primary school.

B: Wow, that's nice. ___63___ I think Mike will be very happy to see you there.

A: ___64___ I have already invited Tom to watch a football match. In fact, I want to ask you to go together, but you are not available. Anyway, have a nice weekend.

B: OK. You, too! We can watch a football match together next time.

第II卷（共 55 分）

VI. 任务型阅读。（65-67 小题，每小题 2 分，68 小题 3 分，共 9 分）

阅读下文并根据短文内容回答问题，请将答案写在答题卷上相应题号后的横线上。

As a child, I spent each Thanksgiving with my large family at my grandparents' house in

Maryland, US. It's a wooden cabin(小屋) on the side of a hill, deep in the forest.

When my parents and I arrived this Thanksgiving, my aunts, uncles and cousins were already in the cabin. They all came back from all over the country to spend the holiday with the families. Aunt Sue touched my face and told me how big I'd gotten. Uncle Peter gave me a big hug and shouted, "Hello, Calvin!"

The next day, by the time I woke up, Grandma and Mom had already begun cooking. Throughout the day we all helped out. The cabin was small, so we had to make room for everyone to sit at the long table together.

p.m.er was finally served at about 4 p.m. Before we ate, Grandma asked each person to say at least one thing that he or she was thankful for. I said, "I'm thankful for my parents, my grandma and the turkey!" I was too hungry to think of anything better. Once everyone was finished speaking, we dug in. It was all delicious food.

After dinner, we took a long walk through the woods around the cabin. Under the late-autumn stars, we made a fire in the field and told stories. I looked back up the hill at the cabin in the moonlight, and one word appeared in my mind: "Thanks".

65. Did Calvin's grandparents live in the city?

_____

66. Where did his family come back from on Thanksgiving?

_____

67. How did they celebrate Thanksgiving that night?

_____

68. Do you think it's important to spend holidays with your family? Why or why not?

_____

_____

VII. 完成句子。（每空 1 分，共 10 分）

根据所给提示，完成句子。每空一词，含缩略词。

69. Tony shut the window because of the strong wind.（改为否定句）

Tony_____ _____ the window because of the strong wind.

70. He asked me. "Can you work out the math problem?" （合并成一句）

He asked me_____ I _____ work out the math problem.

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：https://d.book118.com/658073073011006032