

2023~2024 学年度中考模拟调研测试(一)

英语试题 2024. 03

第 I 卷(选择题, 65 分)

I. 单项选择(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

1. —Did you see _____ film *No More Bets* (《孤注一掷》) during the summer holiday?

—Yes, it is a fantastic film.

- A. a B. an C. the D. /

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你暑假看电影《孤注一掷》了吗？——是的，这是一部很棒的电影。

考查冠词。根据“*No More Bets*”可知，此处是特指《孤注一掷》这部电影，用定冠词 the 表特指。故选 C。

2. —Terry, _____ from your mobile phone when your father is talking to you.

—OK, I will.

- A. look around B. look out C. look down D. look up

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：——特里，当你父亲和你说话的时候，抬头，不要看你的手机。——好的，我会的。

考查动词词组词义辨析。look around 四处看；look out 小心，向外看；look down 向下看，看轻；look up 抬头看，查询。根据“when your father is talking to you”可知是要抬头看。故选 D。

3. The _____ of antibiotics (抗生素) in the 20th century has made a great difference to us.

- A. invention B. instruction C. discovery D. method

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：20 世纪抗生素的发现给我们带来了巨大的变化。

考查名词辨析。invention 发明（发明创造没有的东西）；instruction 说明；discovery 发现（指发现本来就存在的东西）；method 方法。根据常识可知，抗生素在自然界本来存在的，此处“The...of antibiotics”应是指抗生素的发现。故选 C。

4. —Daniel, you _____ spread the books all over the floor. It is a rule.

—Sorry, I won't.

- A. couldn't B. needn't C. mustn't D. wouldn't

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——丹尼尔，你不准把书弄得满地都是。这是规定。——对不起，我不会了。

考查情态动词。couldn't 不能；needn't 没必要；mustn't 禁止；wouldn't 不会。根据“It is a rule.”可知，这是一条规则，所以“禁止把书弄得满地都是”符合语境。故选 C。

5. — _____ have you lived in Jianye District?

—For almost ten years.

A. How long

B. How often

C. How far

D. How soon

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你在建邺区住了多久？——将近十年。

考查特殊疑问词。How long 多长时间，询问做某事用了多长时间；How often 多长时间一次；How far 多远，询问距离；How soon 多久之后。根据“For almost ten years.”可知，此处询问多长时间，选 A。

6. You may have a better view of the whole city, _____ you reach the top of Nanjing Zifeng Tower.

A. so

B. unless

C. if

D. though

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：如果您到达南京紫峰塔的顶部，您可能会更好地欣赏整个城市。

考查从属连词辨析。so 所以；unless 除非；if 如果；though 虽然。根据“You may have a better view of the whole city”可知您可能会更好地欣赏整个城市，前提条件是后半句的“you reach the top of Nanjing Zifeng Tower.”，应用 if 连接，引导条件状语从句。故选 C。

7. — What a heavy rain!

— Listen! The rain is beating _____ the windows.

A. through

B. toward

C. against

D. among

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——好大的雨！——听！雨打在窗户上。

考查介词辨析。through 穿过；toward 朝着；against 碰撞；among 在……中。根据“the windows”可知，雨击打着窗户，故选 C。

8. —Mary won the first prize in the exam.

—Yes. Of all the students, she made _____ mistakes in the exam.

A. fewer

B. less

C. the fewest

D. the least

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——玛丽在考试中得了第一名。——是的。在所有学生中，她在考试中犯的错误最少。考查最高级。few 修饰名词复数；less 修饰不可数名词，根据“Of all the students”可知，此处需要最高级，mistakes 是名词复数，因此用 the fewest 修饰，故选 C。

9. —Peter, is there anything else you want to know about China?

—Yes, I'm still wondering _____.

A. how is the Chinese paper cut made

B. why the Chinese people eat rice dumplings at the Dragon Boat Festival

C. that the Chinese people like to play the dragon dance

D. who the Great Wall was built in ancient times

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——皮特，你有其他想了解的关于中国的事情吗？——有，我还想知道为什么中国人在端午节吃粽子。

考查宾语从句。宾语从句需用陈述语序，排除 A；that 引导的宾语从句为陈述意义，不能与带有疑问色彩的动词 wonder 连用，排除 C；who 引导宾语从句时，需在从句中充当主语、宾语或表语，但 D 选项中，从句不缺主语、宾语或表语，所以，不能用 who 引导从句，排除 D。故选 B。

10. —I can't sleep well all night and I feel tired in the day.

—_____.

A. I'm sorry to hear that

B. What's wrong with you

C. That's for sure

D. Maybe you worry too much

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——我整晚都睡不好，白天觉得很累。——很遗憾听到这个消息。

考查情景交际。I'm sorry to hear that 很遗憾听到这个消息；What's wrong with you 你怎么了；That's for sure 这是肯定的；Maybe you worry too much 也许你太担心了。根据“I can't sleep well all night and I feel tired in the day”可知对于别人的不好的事情表示遗憾，选项 A 符合语境。故选 A。

II. 完形填空(共 15 小题； 每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

“Mrs. Grumbein, Would it be OK if we arrived today about 1:00 p.m.?”

“Yes, that would be fine.” Both ____11____ and excitement flooded my heart as I hung up the phone. Someone had given our name and ____12____ number to the community center, and they were ____13____ us Christmas presents. I made sure the house was as tidy as it could be with four naughty children living in it.

As ____14____ drew near, I sat on the edge of the couch. Each time I ____15____ a car, I jumped up to see if they were here. Finally a huge SUV pulled into the driveway, and four men got out.

I greeted them with a smile. My heart was beating so ____16____ I wondered if they could hear it.

“Mrs. Grumbein, we have collected toys for families who might be having a ____17____ time this holiday season.” They made several trips and soon my living room was full of ____18____. “We hope you have a blessed ____19____, Ma’am,” the oldest man said.

I tried to say “____20____,” but my throat suddenly closed up and tears were in my eyes. He looked uncomfortably at the floor, ____21____ in hand.

“Thank you,” I managed to speak.

“Yes, Ma’am,” he said, putting on his hat and smiling at me.

“What is your ____22____, so I can send a thank-you card?”

“We can’t tell you that, Ma’am. No thanks necessary.”

I watched through the window as they ____23____ away, wondering what they thought of me. I had always donated, not ____24____. We weren’t always like this. I’d wanted to say this to them, but the words wouldn’t come out. I felt ashamed.

Among the boxes, there was a card, it said: ____25____ the sea gets rough, no storm lasts forever. I was suddenly ashamed of being ashamed. I finally understood.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 11. A. sadness | B. worry | C. happiness | D. interest |
| 12. A. phone | B. room | C. account | D. car |
| 13. A. buying | B. posting | C. bringing | D. taking |
| 14. A. 12:30 p.m. | B. 1:00 p.m. | C. 1:30 p.m. | D. 2:00 p.m. |
| 15. A. saw | B. found | C. felt | D. heard |
| 16. A. loudly | B. slowly | C. happily | D. freely |
| 17. A. wonderful | B. different | C. mad | D. difficult |
| 18. A. bags | B. cards | C. boxes | D. letters |
| 19. A. Christmas | B. New Year | C. Halloween | D. Thanks-giving Day |
| 20. A. Thank you | B. Sorry | C. Goodbye | D. Hello |
| 21. A. coat | B. hat | C. gloves | D. scarf |

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| 22. A. number | B. price | C. address | D. cost |
| 23. A. ran | B. drove | C. rode | D. floated |
| 24. A. raised | B. begged | C. collected | D. received |
| 25. A. Because | B. If | C. Before | D. Although |

【答案】 11. B 12. A 13. C 14. B 15. D 16. A 17. D 18. C 19. A 20. A
21. B 22. C 23. B 24. D 25. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了作者在困难的时候，社区中心带着圣诞礼物前来探望，这让作者又担心又兴奋。待工人人员离去时，作者想告诉他们自己之前也捐赠过东西，担心他们会对自己有看法，但始终没有说出来。等到他们离开之后，看到一张卡片上的话让作者因为自己的羞愧而羞愧。

【11 题详解】

句意：当我挂掉电话时，我的心里既担心又兴奋。

sadness 难过；worry 担心；happiness 开心；interest 兴趣。根据“Both... and excitement”可知，此处是两种不同的心情，worry 符合语境，故选 B。

【12 题详解】

句意：有人把我们的名字和电话号码给了社区中心，他们给我们带来了圣诞礼物。

phone 电话；room 房间；account 账户；car 汽车。根据“hung up the phone”可知，是把电话给了社区中心，故选 A。

【13 题详解】

句意：有人把我们的名字和电话号码给了社区中心，他们给我们带来了圣诞礼物。

buying 买；posting 邮寄；bringing 带来；taking 带走。根据“Would it be OK if we arrived today about 1:00 p.m.”可知，社区中心给作者带来圣诞节礼物，故选 C。

【14 题详解】

句意：下午 1 点快到了，我坐在沙发边上。

12:30 p.m. 下午 12 点半；1:00 p.m. 下午 1 点钟；1:30 p.m. 下午一点半；2:00 p.m. 下午 2 点。根据“if we arrived today about 1:00 p.m.”可知，约定的时间要到了，也就是快到下午一点了，故选 B。

【15 题详解】

句意：每次我听到车的声音，我就跳起来看看他们是否在这里。

saw 看见；found 发现；felt 感觉；heard 听到。根据“Each time I ... a car, I jumped up to see if they were here.”可知，听到汽车的声音就看看是不是他们到了，故选 D。

【16 题详解】

句意：我的心跳得如此剧烈，我不知道他们是否能听到。

loudly 大声地；slowly 缓慢地；happily 开心地；freely 自由地。根据“beating”及“I wondered if they could hear it”可知，心跳的声音很大，故选 A。

【17 题详解】

句意：格鲁宾太太，我们收集了一些玩具给这个假期可能会过得很艰难的家庭。

wonderful 精彩的；different 不同的；mad 生气的；difficult 困难的。根据“we have collected toys for families who might be having a ... time this holiday season”可知，把这些玩具送给过得艰难的家庭，故选 D。

【18 题详解】

句意：他们跑了几趟，很快我的客厅里就堆满了箱子。

bags 包；cards 卡；boxes 盒子；letters 信件。根据“Among the boxes”可知，堆满了箱子，故选 C。

【19 题详解】

句意：我们希望你有一个幸福的圣诞节。

Christmas 圣诞；New Year 新年；Halloween 万圣节；Thanks-giving Day 感恩节。根据“Christmas presents”可知，过来送圣诞礼物，所以是祝福过一个幸福的圣诞节，故选 A。

【20 题详解】

句意：我想说“谢谢你”。

Thank you 谢谢；Sorry 抱歉；Goodbye 再见；Hello 你好。根据“We hope you have a blessed”可知，对于别人的祝福应表示感谢，故选 A。

【21 题详解】

句意：他不安地看着地板，手里拿着帽子。

coat 外套；hat 帽子；gloves 手套；scarf 围巾。根据“putting on his hat”可知，手里拿着帽子，故选 B。

【22 题详解】

句意：你的地址是什么？这样我就可以寄张感谢卡了。

number 号码；price 价格；address 地址；cost 成本。根据“send a thank-you card”可知，询问对方的地址，故选 C。

【23 题详解】

句意：我透过窗户看着他们开车离开，不知道他们对我有什么看法。

ran 跑步；drove 驾驶；rode 骑行；floated 漂浮。根据“Finally a huge SUV pulled into the driveway”可知，驾车离开了，故选 B。

【24 题详解】

句意：我总是捐赠，而不是接受。

raised 饲养；begged 祈求；collected 收集；received 收到。根据“I had always donated”以及 not 可知，总是捐赠，而不是接受，故选 D。

【25 题详解】

句意：虽然海面波涛汹涌，但没有永远的风暴。

Because 因为；If 如果；Before 在……之前；Although 尽管。“the sea gets rough”与“no storm lasts forever”是让步关系，用 although 引导让步状语从句，故选 D。

III. 阅读理解(共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文，从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

A

Spend the summer at Camp Brown Hawk!



Camp is located on beautiful Lake Echo!

Chances for campers to have fun: •hiking on beautiful trails •swimming •canoeing and kayaking •doing crafts such as pottery and woodcarving •doing fun, nature-based science activities •singing songs around the campfire	Reserve a space Send a check for \$50.00 to the address below. All checks must be received by May 15.
About Camp Brown Hawk: •We’re 80 years old this year. •All camp staff are trained and experienced. •Each cabin houses eight boys or girls. •Kids from ages 6 to 16 are welcome	Camp Brown Hawk Office 32 lake Road Echo Valley, CT, 06421

26. Which part tells about camp activities?

- A. Camp Brown Haw Office.
- B. Chances for campers to have fun.
- C. About Camp Brown Hawk.
- D. Reserve a space.

27. Which of the following best supports the idea that the camp is safe?

- A. There are eight kids per cabin. B. The camp is on the lake.
C. All camp staff are trained. D. Campers sing songs.

28. Why does the poster include a picture?

- A. To catch the readers' attention. B. To show exactly what the camp looks like.
C. To show how to get to the lake. D. To say more about the camp's activities.

【答案】26. B 27. C 28. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。主要是关于一个夏令营的招生广告。

【26 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Chances for campers to have fun: •hiking on beautiful trails •swimming •canoeing and kayaking •doing crafts such as pottery and woodcarving •doing fun, nature-based science activities •singing songs around the campfire”可知在“露营者享受乐趣的机会”这部分介绍了夏令营的各种活动。故选 B。

【27 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“All camp staff are trained and experienced.”可知，夏令营里的员工都是经过训练的，并且经验丰富，说明这个夏令营是安全的。故选 C。

【28 题详解】

推理判断题。本文是一则关于夏令营招生的传单广告，传单上的图片是为了吸引读者的注意力。故选 A。

B

He was an old man who fished alone in a boat and he had gone eighty-four days now without taking a fish. In the first forty days a boy had been with him. But after forty days without a fish, the boy's parents had told him that the old man was now exactly and finally *salao*, which is the worst form of unlucky, and the boy had gone at their orders in another boat which caught three good fish the first week.

It made the boy sad to see the old man come in each day with his boat empty and he always went down to help him carry fishing tools.

The old man was thin with deep wrinkles (皱纹) in the back of his neck. His hands had the deep scars (疤) from dealing with heavy fish. But none of these scars were fresh.

Everything about him was old except his eyes and they were the same colour as the sea and were cheerful and full of confidence.

“Santiago,” the boy said to him as they climbed from the bank where the boat was pulled up. “I could go with you again. We've made some money.”

The old man had taught the boy to fish and the boy loved him. “No.” the old man said. “You’re with a lucky boat. Stay with them.”

“But remember how you went eighty-seven days without fish and then we caught big ones every day for three weeks.”

“I remember,” the old man said. “I know you did not leave me willingly.”

“It was papa made me leave. I am a boy and I must do what he told me to.”

“I know.” the old man said. “I quite understand that.”

“He hasn’t much faith (信念).”

“No.” the old man said. “But we have. Haven’t we?”

“Yes.” the boy said. “Can I offer you a beer on the Terrace and then we’ll take the fishing tools home.”

“Why not?” the old man said. “Between fishermen.”

They sat on the Terrace and many of the fishermen made fun of the old man and he was not angry. Some other older fishermen looked at him and were sad. But they didn’t show it and they spoke politely about the sea, the weather and of what they had seen.

--- Adapted from *The old man and the sea*

29. How many days did the old man go fishing with the boy according to Paragraph 1?

- A. Forty. B. Forty-four. C. Eighty-four. D. Eighty-seven.

30. What does the underlined word “that” refer to?

- A. The boy would leave him sooner or later.
B. The boy had to listen to his parents and left him.
C. He couldn’t catch fish because he was too old.
D. He couldn’t succeed without the boy’s support.

31. What is the right order of the story about the boy in the passage?

- ① The old man caught some big fish with the boy.
② The old man taught the boy how to fish on the sea.
③ The boy wanted to go fishing with the old man again.
④ The boy helped the old man take the fishing tools home.

- A. ①④③② B. ②①③④ C. ②③④① D. ③④①②

32. From the story we can know that the old man was _____.

- A. man who often showed off B. a man who never gave up
C. a man who sometimes got angry D. a man who seldom stayed calm

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