

2022-2023 学年九上英语期末模拟试卷

注意事项:

1. 答题前，考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写清楚，将条形码准确粘贴在考生信息条形码粘贴区。
2. 选择题必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂；非选择题必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色字迹的签字笔书写，字体工整、笔迹清楚。
3. 请按照题号顺序在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效；在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效。
4. 保持卡面清洁，不要折叠，不要弄破、弄皱，不准使用涂改液、修正带、刮纸刀。

I. 单项选择题

- 1、_____ Sunday morning, _____ I played _____ badminton . A. In, the B. On, the C. On, / D. In, /
- 2、_____ our parents, we should let them be healthy and happy when we grow up . A. Return B. To return C. Returning D. Returned
- 3、In China, spring comes in March. The weather _____ warmer and the days are longer. A. gets B. sounds C. smells D. tastes
- 4、—A latest magazine, please.
—Only one left. Would you like to have _____? A. it B. one C. this D. that
- 5、—Do you know about Yuan Longping?
—Only a little. But Chinese people are proud of the man _____ hybrid rice is famous.
A. who B. which C. that D. whose
- 6、--- I didn't know this is a one way street, Sir.
--- _____
A. That's all right. B. I don't believe you.
C. How dare you say that. D. Sorry, but that's no excuse.
- 7、—I think dragons are the _____ of China. Do you think so?
--I agree with you.
A. symbol B. situation C. promise D. shape
- 8、_____ Jackie Chan is old now, he is still popular with people around the world. A. Although B. Because C. But D. So
- 9、UNICEF was _____ in 1946. It works to help children live a better life.
A. set up B. put up
C. picked up D. turned up
- 10、Which of the following words has a different stress pattern (重音) from the others?

A. dirty B. baseball C. country D. fifteen

II. 完形填空

11、 Mike was reading in the garden when his mother came. She pointed to something and asked Mike what it

was. Mike felt quite 1 , but he told her it was a sparrow (麻雀) and got back into reading. Several minutes later, his mother pointed to the same sparrow and asked the same question again. Mike got a little angry but 2 answered her question. After a little while, his mother did the same thing once more. This time Mike could not

3 his anger. He shouted at her for disturbing him again and again.

The old lady silently 4 an old diary, turned to a page and showed it to Mike. Though a little impatient, Mike began to read it.

“Today, I was watering the flowers in the garden when little Mike pointed to a 5 on the grass and asked me what it was. I 6 at him, said it was a sparrow and kissed him.

After a while Mike asked me again and I did the same. Pointing to the same sparrow, little Mike asked me what it was twenty times and I 7 answering his question and kissing him every time.

Something gently touched Mike’s 8. His face turned red with 9 for being so impatient to his mother and he hugged (拥抱) her tightly.

Your parents have given you many things in their lifetime, but you may not 10 that until they are gone.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. A. angry | B. lonely | C. proud | D. surprised |
| 2. A. still | B. always | C. already | D. seldom |
| 3. A. show | B. leave | C. control | D. discover |
| 4. A. set out | B. took out | C. put out | D. looked out |
| 5. A. fox | B. frog | C. bird | D. rabbit |
| 6. A. threw | B. smiled | C. shouted | D. laughed |
| 7. A. put on | B. kept on | C. tried on | D. depended on |
| 8. A. face | B. mouth | C. heart | D. shoulder |
| 9. A. shame | B. fear | C. happiness | D. kindness |
| 10. A. allow | B. support | C. encourage | D. realize |

III. 语法填空

12、阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。将答案填写在答题卷的相应位置。

Let go of the problems

There are many teenagers who have too much pressure. Last Wednesday, Mr. Trent began his psychological health class 1. holding up a glass of water. He asked the students 2. would happen if he held it up for a day. 3. student said the teacher's arm would ache or go numb. He might have to go to hospital! All the students laughed.

“But during the time, did the 4. (weigh) of the glass change?” asked Mr. Trent. “Then what caused the pain and numbness?”

The students 5. (be) puzzled.

“What should I do now 6. (get) rid of the pain?” asked Mr. Trent again.

“Put the glass down!” said another student.

“7. (exact)!” said Mr. Trent. “Life’s problems are something 8. caused the pain like this glass. Hold them for a few 9. (minute) in your hand and they seem OK. Think of them for a long time and they begin to ache.

The longer you hold them, the more painful you feel.”

It’s important to think of the challenges or problems in your life. But what’s even 10. (important) is to put them down at the end of every day.

IV. 阅读理解

A

13、As a kid, I read a story of a bird. It described a male bird which takes a lot of pain to build a house and the female bird takes care of the baby in it. When the baby bird learns to fly, the whole family flies off to a different place leaving behind the beautiful nest for other birds to grow their family in it. It made me confused(困惑的): How could they so easily give up their house built with so much effort?

One night, I got this dream. I was walking on the endless road with beautiful trees on the either side. Attracted by the greenery, I went on, then I saw a wonderful house. I explored the house. There was a sloping(斜的) roof which matched with the greenery around; the large central open yard reminded me of the activities that might have taken place there which felt lively even now. The small water body that kept the house cool added to the beauty of the house—of course, it was all dried up now. Such liveliness turns the house into a home. People say “THE HOME IS WHERE THE HEART IS”, and now I felt it and was attracted deeply. When I woke up from the dream, I was clear about everything. I realized what message my dream wanted to convey(传递) me. And years later, when I chose my career, I thought of the story of the bird and my dream, then I was sure what to do. I decided to choose architecture as my career. I wanted to do the same thing that the male bird in the story did, to take pain in building a beautiful house and let others stay in it. My dream comes true and the happiness that I gain now from this career is great.

1. When the writer read the story of the bird, he felt_____.

A. bored B. confused C. amazed

D. worried 2. In the writer's dream, what

part of the house attracted him most?

- A. The sloping roof of the house.
- B. The body of water that keeps the house cool.

- C. The large central open yard.
- D. The liveliness that he felt around the house.
3. The underlined word “architecture” in Paragraph 3 means _____ in Chinese.

A. 考古 B. 天文 C. 建筑 D. 艺术

4. The passage is mainly about_____.
- A. how the bird could give up their house easily
- B. how the writer finally becomes an honest citizen
- C. what we need to do when we choose our career
- D. why the writer chooses architecture as his career

B

14、Have You Planned Three Things to Do Before You Are 18?

I know most of us have a long way to reach an adult. At present, are you bored with your daily life? Here are some things you should try before you are 18, because after that it's too late.

Learn to swim

Seriously, this is so important that it can save your life. If you can't swim well, you won't be able to do water sports like waterskiing, surfing and diving. Even taking a boat trip will be dangerous for you. Make sure you do it. Try at least one kind of team sports

Being a good team player is an important skill in life. You can't just think of yourself, but have to work well with other

people. Other advantages of team sports like basketball, football and baseball are that they keep you fit and healthy, and they are also great fun. Teams usually have_____too—you'll go to lots of parties and make many friends.

Collect something

One of the best hobbies for under-18s is collecting things. You could collect kinds of stamps or you could collect things

that make you remember what you have done, like cinema tickets for films you have seen or emails from friends. The best way to collect is to have a special album to put your collection in and to write what each thing means to you. That way you won't forget.

1. The most important reason for learning to swim is that_____.

A. you might feel well

B. it can make you healthy

C. you might easily do lots of things

D. it can save your life

2. The underlined sentence “a good social life” in the passage means_____.

- A. you'll study in groups**
- B. you'll go to parties and make many friends**
- C. you'll take part in many matches**
- D. you'll work in the society**

3. The writer tells us that one of the best hobbies is to_____.

- A. collect something**
- B. do some water sports**
- C. camp out in the garden**
- D. send emails to your friends**

4. What kind of collection is NOT mentioned in the passage? A. Stamps. B. Cinema tickets.

C. Snowballs. D. Emails.

5. The passage is mainly about_ before you are 18. A. good habits to keep B. skills to have

C. things to do D. sports to play

C

15、 In March 2014, Australia opened junior high education to Chinese students, allowing them to study in Australian schools from the seventh grade.

“When more Chinese students are going to study abroad at a younger age, the opening of Australian junior high schools offers Chinese students and their parents one more good choice,” Tian Litie, director of the Australian Department of Chivast Education International, said at the China International Education Exhibition Tour over the weekend.

Australia will see a rise in the number of Chinese junior and senior high school students studying in the country. Tian

showed the reasons for it: lower admission (入学许可) requirements and low-cost education because of a favorable exchange rate (费率). According to Tian, in public schools in Australia a student should pay A\$13,000 to A\$15,000 (\$10,000 to \$12,000) a year.

“Now the exchange rate of the Australian dollar to renminbi is below five, which means the cost is lower than that of Chinese students studying at junior and senior high schools in many other hot places, such as Britain and the US,” said Tian.

Lin Lina from Beijing plans to send her daughter to a senior high school in Australia, was among them.

“My daughter is good at English and would like to study abroad early,” said Lin, whose daughter is now a ninth-grader in Beijing. “We came for more information after we learned that the environment and education in Australia are good.”

Eliza Chui, education officer for North Asia at the Australian Consulate-General in Shanghai, said that Australia is attractive not only because it provides an environment for learning English, but also because students are trained to have critical (批判性的) thinking and be independent.

1. According to Tian Litie, we know that____.

- A. more and more Chinese students study abroad at a younger age
- B. more and more Australian universities are open to Chinese students
- C. Chinese students are only allowed to study in Australia from senior high school
- D. a student should pay A\$10,000 to A\$12,000 a year in public

schools in Australia 2. What does the word “it” in Paragraph 3 mean?

- A. Australia allows Chinese students to study
- in its schools. B. More and more Chinese
- students go abroad at a younger age.
- C. More Chinese junior and senior high school students will study
- in Australia. D. Australian schools offer Chinese students and their
- parents one more good choice. 3. According to the article, which of

the following is TRUE?

- A. The cost of studying in American schools is lower than in Australia.
- B. The exchange rate of the Australian dollar is of advantage to Chinese students.
- C. It's more difficult for Chinese students to enter Australian junior high schools.
- D. Few students choose to study in Britain or the US because of too much money.

D

16、What is the hottest English word of 2014? It's “selfie”, according to Oxford dictionaries. Selfie is a photo that one takes of oneself, according to the Oxford online dictionary. People usually take selfies with a smartphone(智能手机) and send them to a social media website.

The word was first used in 2004. In the past 12 months, its frequency (出现频率) in the English language has increased by 17,000 percent, said Oxford dictionaries. Now, almost everybody knows it.

“Almost every day, I take a photo of myself at school, and save it in my Qzone (QQ空间),” said Huang Xu, 13, from Hunan. These photos record her happy and sad moments.

Pop stars also take a lot of selfies. Li Chunping, 14, from Harbin, is a big fan of Yang Mi. “She has used many selfies to tell us what's going on in her personal life,” said Li.

What makes people love selfies? Some people say it's narcissism (自恋). “The rise of the selfie is a perfect symbol for our narcissistic culture. We're crying out: Look at me!” said US psychiatrist(精神科医生) Carole Lieberman.

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