

PART III CLOZE [15 MIN]

Decide which of the choices given below would best complete the passage if inserted in the corresponding blanks. Mark the best choice for each blank on Answer Sheet Two.

Scientists around the world are racing to learn how to rapidly diagnose, treat and stop the spread of a new, deadly disease. SARS -- Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome --- was (31) ____ for the first time in February 2003 in Hanoi, (32) ____ since then has infected more than 1,600 people in 15 countries, killing 63. At this (33) ____, there are more questions than answers surrounding the disease.

Symptoms start (34) ____ a fever over 100.4 degrees F, chills, headache or body (35) _____. Within a week, the patient has a dry cough, which might (36) ____ to shortness of breath. In 10% to 20% of cases, patients require (37) ____ ventilation to breathe. About 3.5% die from the disease.

Symptoms (38) ____ begin in two to seven days, but some reports suggest it (39) ____ take as long as 10 days. Scientists are close to (40) ____ a lab test to diagnose SARS. In the meantime, it is diagnosed by its symptoms. There is no evidence (41) ____ antibiotics or anti-viral

medicines help, (42) _____ doctors can offer only supportive care.

Patients with SARS are kept in isolation to reduce the risk of (43) _____

Scientists aren't sure yet, but some researchers think it's a (44) _____

discovered coronavirus, the family of viruses that cause some common
colds.

Most cases appear to have been passed (45) _____ droplets expelled when

infected patients cough or sneeze. Family members of infected people and

medical workers who care (46) _____ them have been most likely to (47) _____

the illness. But recent developments in Hong Kong suggest that the (48)

_____ might spread through air, or that the virus might (49) _____ for two

to three hours on doorknobs or other (50) _____. Health experts say it is

unlikely, though, that sharing an elevator briefly with an infected person

would be enough to pass the virus.

(31) A. detected B. caught C. disclosed D. revealed

(32) A. but B. and C. or D. yet

(33) A. time B. point C. aspect D. instance

(34) A. from B. over C. upon D. with

(35) A. hurt B. sore C. aches D. feelings

- (36) A. process B. advance C. progress D. convert
- (37) A. automatic B. artificial C. mechanical D. controlled
- (38) A. regularly B. ordinarily C. traditionally D. generally
- (39) A. will B. might C. should D. must
- (40) A. cultivating B. fostering C. developing D. designing
- (41) A. which B. that C. whether D. what
- (42) A. so B. but C. still D. yet
- (43) A. communication B. transportation C. transformation D. transmission
- (44) A. lately B. newborn C. newly D. renewed
- (45) A. under B. through C. beneath D. from
- (46) A. for B. over C. after D. about
- (47) A. acquire B. receive C. obtain D. contract
- (48) A. ailment B. ill-health C. disease D. infection
- (49) A. continue B. linger C. delay D. persist
- (50) A. exteriors B. outside C. surfaces D. coverings

PART IV GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY [15 MIN]

There are thirty sentences in this section. Beneath each sentence there

are four words or phrases marked A, B, C and D. Choose one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Mark your answers on Answer Sheet Two.

51. What a nice day! How about the three of us _____ a walk in the park nearby?

A. to take B. take C. taking D. to be taking

52. If there were no subjunctive mood, English _____ much easier to learn.

A. could have been B. would be

C. will be D. would have been

53. She _____ fifty or so when I first met her at a conference.

A. had been B. must be C. has been D. must have been

54. _____ the boss says, it is unreasonable to ask me to work overtime without pay.

A. Whatever B. Whenever C. Whichever D. However

55. A new laptop costs about _____ of a second-hand one.

A. the price of three times B. three times the price

C. as much as the three times price D. three times more than the price

56. I was very interested in _____ she told me.

A. all that B. all which C. all what D. that

57. We consider _____ he should have left without telling anyone
beforehand.

A. strange why B. it strange what C. it strange that D. that strange

58. It is going to be fine tomorrow. _____.

A. So is it. B. So it is. C. So it does. D. So does it.

59. Little _____ about her own safety, though she herself was in great
danger.

A. she cared B. she may care C. may she care D. did she care

60. The couple had no sooner got to the station _____ the coach left.

A. when B. as C. until D. than

61. Aren't you tired? I _____ you had done enough for today.

A. should have thought B. must have thought

C. might have thought D. could have thought

that

- A. she seems to be there at the conference.
- B. she seemed to be there at the conference.
- C. she seems to have been there at the conference.
- D. she seemed to being there at the conference.

A. Nearly B. Quite C. Practically D. Almost

64. In much do you think he how much is _____ of the sentence.

- A. the subject B. the adverbial
- C. the object D. the complement

following possible meanings EXCEPT

- A. the man who has prepared the documents...
- B. the man who has been preparing the documents...

C. the man who is preparing the documents...

D. the man who will prepare the documents...

66. During the TV interview, the singer announced that he was going to _____ his new album soon.

A. release B. renew C. relieve D. rehearse

67. After working for the firm for ten years, he finally _____ the rank of deputy director.

A. achieved B. approached C. attained D. acquired

68. Winter is the _____ season at most hotels in this seaside town, because very few tourists come to stay.

A. slow B. slack C. low D. quiet

69. Come on, Jack, tell me the story. Don't keep me in _____.

A. suspense B. suspending C. suspension D. suspender

70. The football match was _____ because of the heavy rain.

A. called over B. called up C. called out D. called off

71. We had a good time there, and the food was plentiful and _____.

A. conducive B. wholesome C. helpful D. appreciative

72. It was strange that she would _____ such an absurd idea.

A. allow B. stick C. take D. entertain

73. The scientists have made an _____ study of the viruses that cause the disease.

A. exhausted B. exhausting C. exhaustive D. exhaustion

74. Do you own your apartment or are you a _____ ?

A. tenant B. customer C. client D. proprietor

75. Representatives from the companies indicated that they should go on working together in _____.

A. unity B. entity C. partners D. partnership

76. We all know that Mary has had a strict _____.

A. growth B. upbringing C. development D. cultivation

77. The drink was packaged in champagne bottles and was being _____ as the real stuff.

A. passed out B. passed by C. passed over D. passed off

78. Last Sunday she came to visit us out of the blue. The italicized phrase means

A. unexpectedly B. unhappily C. untidily D. unofficially

79. The person he interviewed was _____ his former schoolmate.

A. no other than B. no more than C. none other than D. none the less

80. The young employee has a(n) _____ quality - he is totally honest.

A. respectable B. admirable C. decent D. approachable

PART V READING COMPREHENSION [25 MIN]

In this section there are four passages followed by questions or

unfinished statements, each with four suggested answers marked A, B, C

and D. Choose the one that you think is the best answer. Mark your answers

on Answer Sheet Two.

Do you realize that every time you take a step, the bones in your hip are subjected to forces between four and five times your body weight? When you are running, this force is increased further still. What happens if through disease a hip-joint ceases to be able to resist such forces? For many years hip-joints and other body joints have been replaceable either partially or completely. It is after all a simple ball and socket joint; it has certain loads imposed on it; it needs reliability over a defined life; it must contain materials suitable for the working environment. Any engineer will recognize these as characteristic of a typical engineering problem, which doctors and engineers have worked together to solve, in order to bring a fresh lease of life to people who would otherwise be disabled.

This typifies the way in which engineers work to help people and create a better quality of life. The fact that this country has the most efficient agricultural industry in the world is another good example. Mechanical engineers have worked with farmers and biologists to produce fertilizers, machinery and harvesting systems. This team effort has now produced crops

waist high or less so that they are better suited to mechanical harvesting. Similar advances with other crops have released people from hard and boring jobs for more creative work, whilst machines harvest crops more efficiently with less waste. Providing more food for the rapidly increasing population is yet another role for the mechanical engineer.

81. According to the passage, when would most weight be imposed on hip-joints?

- A. When one is walking. B. When one is running.
- C. When one is standing. D. When one is lying down.

82. Engineers regard the replacement of hip-joints as a(n) _____ Problem.

- A. mechanical B. medical C. health D. agricultural

83. According to the passage, how do engineers contribute to increasing efficiency of the agricultural industry?

- A. By working with farmers.
- B. By working in teams.

D. By making agricultural machinery.

84. According to the context, team in Paragraph Two refers to

A. mechanical engineers.

B. doctors and engineers.

C. biologists, doctors and farmers.

D. farmers, biologists and engineers

TEXT B

Nowadays, a cellphone service is available to everyone, everywhere.

Probably thousands of people have already been using it, but I just

discovered it, so I'm going to claim it and also name it: Fake Foning.

The technology has been working well for me at the office, but there are

infinite applications. Virtually in any public space.

Say you work at a big university with lots of talky faculty members buzzing

about. Now, say you need to use the restroom. The trip down the hall will

take approximately one hour, because a person can't walk into those talky

new read on a certain line of Paradise Lost.

So, a cellphone. Any cellphone. Just pick it up. Don't dial. Just hold that phone to your face and start talking. Walk confidently down the hall engaged in fake conversation, making sure to tailor both the topic and content to the person standing before you whom you are trying to evade. For standard colleague avoidance, I suggest fake chatting about fake business:

I'm glad you called, because we really need to hammer out the details.

What's that? Yes, I read Page 12, but if you look at the bottom of 4, I

Be animated. Be engaged in your fake fone conversation. Make eye contact with the people passing, nod to them, gesture keen interest in talking to them at a later time, point to your phone, shrug and move on.

Shoppers should consider fake foning anytime they spot a talky neighbor in the produce department

(用手捏) unripe peaches. Without your phone at your face, you'd be in for a 20-minute speech on how terrible the world is.

One important caution about fake foning. The other day I was fake foning my way past a colleague, and he was actually following me to get my attention. I knew he wanted to ask about a project I had not yet finished. I was trying to buy myself some time, so I continued fake foning with my doctor. I don't need the operation? Oh, doctor, that is the best

And then: Brrrrrng! Brrrrrng! Brrrrrng! Myphone started ringing, right there while it was planted on my face. My colleague looked at me, and I said, pulling the phone away to look at it, and then putting it back to my ear.

Oops.

85. Which of the following statements is INCORRECT?

A. Cellphone service is popular among people.

B. Cellphone has much use in office.

D. Fake foning is a new discovery.

86. What is fake foning?

A. A strategy to avoid people.

B. A device newly produced.

C. A service provided everywhere.

D. A skill of communication.

87. In the author's opinion, in order to make fake foning look real one

has to

A. talk about interesting matters.

B. behave politely to people passing by.

C. hold the phone while walking.

D. appear absorbed in conversation.

88. What does the last example show?

A. One effective way is to fake fone one's doctor.

B. One has to be careful while fake foning.

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/675344220001011103>