

专题 04 状语从句（九大状从）

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知识通关演练

能力提升演练

挑战中考题·查知识漏洞

- （2022·上海·中考真题）You won't have a better view of the village _____ you reach the top of the hill.
A. because B. unless C. when D. if
- （2018·上海·中考真题）Mr Black walked around and offered help _____ we were doing an experiment.
A. while B. although C. until D. unless
- （2019·上海·中考真题）_the journey was tiring, Jeff thought it was worth both the time and the money.
A. As B. Since C. Unless D. Although
- （2020·上海·中考真题）Vivian will take her daughter to the amusement park _____ she gets the tickets.
A. if B. until C. although D. unless
- （2021·上海·中考真题）The fridge is environmentally friendly _____ it uses less electricity.

A. because

B. until

C. before

D. though

参考答案:

1. B

【详解】句意：除非你到达山顶，否则你看不到村庄更好的景色。

考查连词。because 因为；unless 除非；when 当.....时候；if 如果。根据前后句意可知，此处应用 unless 引导条件状语从句，即“除非到达山顶，否则不会看到更好的景色”。故选 B。

2. A

【详解】句意：布莱克先生在我们做实验的时候在我们身边走来走去提供帮助。A. while 正当.....时候；B. although 尽管；C. until 到.....为止；D. unless 除非，如果不。while 与进行时态连用，故答案为 A。

3. D

【详解】句意：虽然旅途很累，杰夫认为时间和金钱都值得。

A. As 当.....的时候 B. Since 自从 C. Unless 除非 D. Although 尽管。根据下文 Jeff thought it was worth both the time and the money.可知上文是让步状语从句，这里用 Although 引导。根据题意，故选 D。

4. A

【详解】句意：如果薇薇安买到票，她将带女儿去游乐园。

考查连词词义辨析。if 如果；until 直到.....为止；although 虽然，尽管，即使；unless 除非。根据句意"____ 薇薇安买到票，她将带女儿去游乐园。"可知，此处用连词 if 引导条件状语从句。故选 A。

【点睛】做题时，在明确各选项含义的基础上，结合具体语境，即可得出答案。

5. A

【详解】句意：这台冰箱很环保，因为耗电少。

考查连词。because 因为；until 直到；before 在.....之前；though 尽管。结合句意，前一句表示这台冰箱是环保的，后一句表示它耗电少，前后表示因果关系，因此用连词 because，故选 A。



回顾核心考点·补知识漏洞

• 模块一 时间状语从句

常用连接词:

词义	连接词		
当	when	While	as

直到	until	Till	
一.....就	no sooner ...than	hardly...when	scarcely...when
	as soon as...	the moment/the second	once
在.....之前/后	before / after		
到.....为止	by		

1.when 的用法

a.“当.....时”，两件事情相继发生（从句动作在主句动作之前发生）

➤ When I receive your email, I will reply soon.

♥Attention♥

此句为“主将从现”原则，即在时间、条件、让步状语从句中，从句用一般现在时代替一般将来时。

b.（正在.....时）突然

...was/were about to do...when sth. did...

...was/were on the way/point of doing...when sth. did...

...had just done...when sth. did...

...was/were doing...when sth. did

2.while 的用法

a. “在.....期间”，用延续性动词

➤ While he was eating his breakfast, he heard the doorbell ring.

b. 表对比

➤ Some courses in college are required while others are optional.

c. 虽然，尽管（放句首，主从句主语为同一人或物）

➤ While I think living in poverty is bad, I don't care about money.

♥Attention♥

和 although 相比, while 语气比较弱, 比较口语化。Although 正式, 语气也强烈。

3.as 的用法

a.“正当……的时候”(动词可短暂, 可延续)

- As they were walking together in the shrubbery (灌木丛) the next day, she said something.
- As I was going out, it began to rain.

b.“随着”

- As she grew older she gained in confidence.

4.before 的用法

固定结构: long before+事件 (在……以前很久)

before long=soon (不久以后)

notlong before+事件 (不久之后)

- Jane had not been gone long before it rained hard.
吉英刚走不久就下起大雨。

5.by the time/by the end of 用法

结构公式: by the time/by the end of+过去时间: 到……的时候(主句用过去完成时)

- By the end of the war, the small work-shop had become a large factory.
回顾: by+ 将来时间搭配什么时态?
- Workers will have completed the new roads by the end of this year.

6.as soon as/the moment/ the minute/ the second/no sooner...than / hardly...when / scarcely....when “一……就”

a.as soon as

(1) 讲过去的事情

- As soon as I entered the house, I singled you out as a companion of my future life.
(动作同时发生)

- As soon as he had finished, Jenny told him she wanted to go home.(动作有先后)

(2) 讲一般的情况

- Researchers found that women are overcome by a burning desire to share gossip as soon as they hear it.

研究人员发现，女性一旦听到什么八卦新闻，就难以克制要去和其他人分享。

b.the moment/the second/ the minute

- The moment I saw her, I fell in love with her. (首字母)

c.no sooner....than; hardly/scarcely...when

- They had no sooner dined than they set off again.

陈述句结构公式 1: **sb. had no sooner done than sb./sth. did**

陈述句结构公式 2: **sb. had hardly/scarcely done when sb./sth. did**

倒装句结构公式 1: **No sooner had sb. done than sb. did**

倒装句结构公式 2: **Hardly/Scarcely had sb. done when sb. did**

d.once 用法

- Once you cross that line, once you've given in to fear, you'll never go back.

一旦跨过那条线，一旦对恐惧投降，你就无法回头了。

7.whenever, no matter when, every/each time 的补充用法

- They made no effort to hide their amusement whenever I produced a packet of sweets from my pocket.

=No matter when I produced a packet of sweets from my pocket, they made no effort to hide their amusement. (让步状语从句)

=They made no effort to hide their amusement each/every time I produced a packet of sweets from my pocket. (时间状语从句)

8.until 的用法

a.延续动词/状态+until

not +瞬间动词+ until

- Everything went well until the day a twenty-dollar bill disappeared.
➤ You don't know what you can achieve until you try.

=Where you have any questions, you'd better make a mark.

b.强调句结构: It is not until...that...

- She didn't realize that her idea was wrong until she experienced a series of defeats.
➤ It is not until she experienced a series of defeats that she realized that her idea was wrong.

• 模块二 地点状语从句

常用连接词: **where, wherever**

You	had better make	a mark	where you have any questions.
主语	谓语	宾语	地点状语从句

辨析:

He	was	free	to go	
			where he liked	
主语	谓语	宾语	补语	地点状语从句

I	first saw	him	in Paris	where I lived in the early sixties.
主语	谓语	宾语	地点状语	定语从句

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	wherever	no matter where
地点状语从句	√	×
让步状语从句	√	√
名词性从句	√	×

Tips: 如果选项中同时出现 **wherever ; no matter where**, 通常选 **wherever**.

• 模块三 条件状语从句

常用连接词: **because, since, as** 等。

1. because

语势最强, 用来说明直接的原因, 回答 **why** 提出的问题。当主句为否定句时, 从句 **because** 与主句间有无逗号, 意思不同。

➤ I didn't invite him, **because I wanted to borrow some books.**

___我没有去拜访他, 因为我想要去借几本书_____

➤ I didn't **invite him because I wanted to borrow some books.**

___我并不是想要向他借书才去拜访他的_____

2. since

“既然, 由于”表示对方已知的、无须加以说明的既成事实的理由, 只是一个附带说明, 如从句表示的原因不是确定的事实, 通常用 **because**。

➤ Since everybody is here, let's begin.

➤ He must have taken the book since it isn't here.

3. as

“由于, 因为”, 表示十分明显的原因, 所引导的从句常位于主句之前, 一般说明因果关系, 着重点在主句。

➤ As she was no horsewoman, walking was her only alternative(**choice**). (首字母)

Ps: 原句为 alternative, 此处首字母 choice 为替换词。(学生版不出现)

4. for

- 不是说明直接原因, 而是多种情况加以推断;
- 不能用在句首, 只能用在逗号后面。
- 由 **because** 引导的从句如果放在句末, 且前面有逗号, 可以用 **for** 引导的并列句来代替

➤ He is absent today, because / for he is ill.

➤The news that the carriage was not available till next Tuesday annoyed him, for he was impatient to get home.

5.其他表示原因的词

now that /because of/owing to/due to /thanks to

♥Attention♥

引导原因的词分成两大类：

从句	词组
because, since, as, for, now that	because of, owing to, due to, thanks to

• 模块四 让步状语从句

常用连接词：**that, so that, in order that** 等。

➤You must speak louder so that /in order that you can be heard by all.

♥Attention♥

in order (not) to	为了，可放句首句尾
so as (not) to	为了，不能放句首
so that	为了，表目的
so....that	如此.....以至于，表结果

In order to do/so as to do/ to do 的否定为：动词不定式 to do 前面加 not

➤I'll run slowly so that you can catch up with me.

• 模块五 原因状语从句

if 引导的条件句有真实条件句和非真实条件句两种。非真实条件句在虚拟语气中阐述。

常用连接词：so... that，such...that

♥Attention♥

	such	so
词性	形容词	副词
修饰	名词 / 名词词组	形容词 / 副词
连用	such (a,an)	so many/much/little/few
结构	such (a, an)+(adj.)+n.	so + adj.+ (the+n.)

• 模块六 结果状语从句

常用连接词：if, unless, as/so long as，on condition that 等。

1.unless = if not

➤Let's go out for a walk **unless** you are too tired.
=If you are **not** too tired, let's go out for a walk.

2.主将从现原则

➤As long as you feed him, he will be cooperative.

3.祈使句+and/or/otherwise +一般将来时

➤If you use your head, you'll find a way.
=Use your head and you'll find a way.

• 模块七 目的状语从句

常用连接词：than， as...as， not so...as， 从句： the + 比较级...， 主句： the + 比较级, (just)

as...so...等。

➤ You drank a great deal more than you ought.

➤ Mr. Darcy must know that Elizabeth was as amiable and unpretending as we have found her.

1.(just) as...so...

正如.....一样，.....也/同样

➤ Just as some people are born artists, so some are born sportsmen.

2.no more than =only

仅仅；只不过.....

➤ She has got no more than 3 pairs of shoes. =She has got only 3 pairs of shoes.

➤ Jack is no more than a poor street boy. =Jack is only/just a poor street boy.

• 模块八 方式状语从句

常用连接词： as ,in the way that, as if, as though 等。

1.as

通常位于主句后。

➤ Always do to others as you would be done by.

翻译：_己所不欲勿施于人。_____

2.as if, as though

仿佛.....似的，从句谓语常用虚拟语气，表示与事实相反，有时也用陈述语气，表示所说情况是事实或实现的可能性较大。

➤ The old man runs very fast as if he were a young man. (虚拟)

翻译：___这位老人跑的非常快，好像还是个年轻小伙子一样。_____.

➤ It looks as if it's going to rain. (真实)

翻译：___看起来要下雨了。_____.

3.in the way that...

以...的方式

➤ We like pictures in the same way that we like pretty curtain material. (首字母)

• 模块九 比较状语从句

常用连接词: **though, although, as, even if, even though, whether...or not, no matter** +特殊疑问词, 特殊疑问词+**ever** 等。

1. though, although

虽然, 尽管

➤ Although it's raining, they are still working in the field. (首字母)

2. as

虽然, 尽管, 必须用倒装。

➤ Sweet as he is, he doesn't pay his bills.

♥Attention♥

当有 **though, although** 时, 主句不能有 **but**, 但是 **though** 和 **yet** 可连用; **although** 和 **still** 可连用。

3. even if 就算 (带假设), even though 即使 (表事实)

➤ Even though he was bigger, he never looked down on me.

4. whether... or 不管.....都

➤ Whether you believe it or not, it is beyond a walk.

翻译: __不管你信不信, 我们走不动。__

➤ 不管主人是否高兴, 加菲猫狼吞虎咽的吃(devour)着肉酱千层面 (beef lasagna) 。

翻译: __Whether his master is happy or not, Garfield is devouring the beef lasagna.__

5. "no matter +疑问词"或"疑问词+后缀 ever"

➤ No matter what happened, he would not mind.

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