

2010-2023 历年浙江省温州市八校高三联考

英语试卷

第 1 卷

一. 参考题库(共 25 题)

1.—But for your timely warning, we into great trouble.

—You know we're friends.

- A. would get
- B. must have got
- C. would have got
- D. couldn't have got

2.How often one hears children wishing they were grown up, and the old wishing they were young again! Each age has its pleasure and its pains, and the happiest person is the one who enjoys what each age gives him without wasting any time in useless regrets. Children is a time when there are few duties to make life hard. If a child has good parents, he is fed, looked after, and loved whatever he may do. It's impossible for him to be given so much again in his life without having to do anything in return. Besides, life is always giving new things to the child. A child finds pleasure in playing in the rain, or in the snow. His first visit to the seaside makes him wild. But a child has his pains; he is not so free to do as he wishes. He is continually being told not to do this, not to do that, or being punished for what he has done wrong. His life is therefore not perfectly happy.

When the young man starts to make his own living, he becomes free from the rules of school and parents; but at the time he is forced to accept duties. He can no longer expect others to pay for his food, his clothes and his room, but has to work if he wants to live comfortably. If he spends most of his time playing about in the way that he used to as a child, he will go hungry. And if he breaks the law of society as he used to break the laws of his parents, he may go to prison. If, however, he works hard, keeps out of trouble, and has good health, he can have the great happiness of seeing himself make steady progress in his job and of building up his own position in society.

Old age has always been thought of as the worst age to be, but it is not necessary for the old to be unhappy. With old age should come wisdom and the ability to help others with advice wisely given. They can have the joy of seeing their Children making progress in life; they can watch their grandchildren growing up around them and, perhaps, best of all, they can, if their life has been a useful one, feel the happiness of having come through the battle of life safely and of having reached a time when they can lie back and rest, leaving others to continue the fight.

【小题 1】 The main reason children wish they were grown up, and the old wish they were young again is that _____.

- A. both aren't satisfied with the weak points at their ages
- B. both enjoy the strong points at the other age by looking back or looking forward
- C. the human beings should be like this
- D. they don't think both ages are acceptable

【小题 2】 “Enjoy what each age gives him without wasting time in useless regrets” means _____.

- A. Enjoy what is given to him by people at his age, feeling regrets
- B. Enjoy himself at his own age, feeling regrets for a waste of time
- C. Make full use of the time he is given at his age instead of regretting having no achievements
- D. Enjoy his own age and took down on the people at other ages

【小题 3】 “Children is a time when there are few duties to make life hard” means “_____”.

- A. Children shouldn't be made to live a hard life
- B. All the children won't have to work for their own living
- C. Children shouldn't answer for the hard life they are leading
- D. A child has few duties to try hard to make a living for himself or for his seniors

【小题 4】 According to the passage, what is a child's greatest dissatisfaction?

- A. He thinks he has not got the equal freedom as his seniors.
- B. He thinks he knows less about things than the older do.
- C. He thinks it easy for him to do something wrong.
- D. He thinks the society doesn't believe in him.

3. David 和几位同学正在进行一项“企业家成功秘诀调查”。他们将采访几位企业家。A-F 是他们拟定的采访话题。阅读下面刊登在 Entrepreneur(《企业家》)杂志上 5 位企业家的成功感言，为每位采访者选定最佳采访对象。(采访话题中有一项是多余选项)。

- A. What comes first, the customer or the profit?
- B. How important is an entrepreneur's ambition to his/her company's growth?
- C. How does an entrepreneur make use of his/her advantages?
- D. Why do successful entrepreneurs seem to enjoy their work?
- E. What attitude should an entrepreneur have toward his/her social responsibilities?
- F. As an entrepreneur, how do you deal with dishonesty in doing business?

【小题 1】 Sheri Poe

Ryka Inc.

Since I started this company in my kitchen seven years ago. I always dreamt of what it would be some day. Focusing on that goal helps me get through tough times. To get the kind of success that you want, you need to dream big. That's the starting point. Every success story begins with big dreams. You need to have big dreams for yourself, like being somebody rich, famous or fulfilled. You need to have a clear goal of what you want to achieve.

Also, I think it's really important that the people you're working with are as committed to the same goal as you are, so you can support each other and keep each other dynamic.

【小题 2】 Anita Roddick

The Body Shop Inc.

In America, we have a shop in Harlem where 50 percent of the profits go into the community development, and the other 50 percent go toward the funding of a similar shop elsewhere in the United States. The pride that shop brings to the staff and local people inspired me.

What The Body Shop does successfully is use our facilities in the street and shopping centers to talk about real human issues like AIDS, recycling, human rights, and community service or to encourage people to speak out against anything they consider to be unjust. Knowing our products are symbols of social change is really encouraging.

【小题 3】 Richard Melman

Lettuce Entertain You Enterprises

A number of years ago, I was interviewed by someone who was writing a book on enterprises. He asked me, "What's the opposite of work?" I answered, "Lazy." He started laughing and said, "Believe it or not, a lot of entrepreneurs say the same thing." The average person thinks the opposite of work is play, but to an entrepreneur, work is play. I think it all adds up to having fun. It's fun to create, it's fun to entertain, and it's fun to make people happy with our service. When it stops being fun, I'll stop doing it.

【小题 4】 Frank Toskan

Make-Up Art Cosmetics (M.A.C)

One of the nicest things anyone ever said to me was, "I hate makeup, but I love M.A.C." That's what moves me on. Even people who don't wear makeup can appreciate our company, what it stands for, its values, and the way we do business.

We work from an inverted (颠倒的) pyramid, where the customers are always at the top. Our customers inspire me and keep me going. They and our staff, not money, make me enthusiastic. If I had stayed in this business just for the money, I would have closed down years ago.

【小题 5】 Kenneth Cole

Kenneth Cole Productions Inc.

You can't be everything to everybody. Each of us has our own strengths and weaknesses. To be effective, you need to identify your strengths and concentrate on them. You'll become more successful if you are able to channel your efforts to areas that you do best. In business, for example, if you know you are good at marketing, then give it full play. Seek help or assistance in areas that you may be poor at, such as accounting or bookkeeping. To turn your weakness into strength, consider taking hands-on learning or training.

4.—Would you like me the radio a bit?□

—No, it's all right. I'm used with the radio .□

- A. to turn down; to work; on
- B. turning down; to working; on□
- C. turning down; to working; off
- D. to turn down; to working; on□

5.It was 3:12 a. m. when nine-year-old Glenn Kreamer awoke to the smell of burning. Except for the crackling (爆裂声) of flames somewhere below there was not a sound in the two-storey house at Baldwin, Long Island. With his father away on night duty at a local factory, Glenn was worried about the safety of his mother, his sister Karen, 14 and his 12-year-old brother Todd. He ran downstairs through the smoke filled house to push and pull at Karen and Todd until they sat up. Then he helped each one through the house to the safety of the garden. There, his sister and brother, taking short and quick breaths and coughing, collapsed on the lawn.

The nine-year-old raced back into the house and upstairs to his mother's room. He found it impossible to waked her up. Mrs. Kreamer, a victim of the smoke, was unconscious, and there was nobody to help Glenn carry her to the garden. But the boy remained calm and , as a fireman said later, "acted with all the self-control of a trained adult."

On the bedroom telephone, luckily still working, Glenn called his father and, leaving Mr. Kreamer to telephone the fire brigade and ambulance service, got on with the task of saving his mother.

First he filled a bucket with water from the bathroom and threw water over his mother and her bed. Then, with a wet cloth around his head he went back to the garden.

He could hear the fire engine coming up, but how would the firemen find his mother in the smoke-filled house where flames had almost swallowed up the ground floor?

Grasping firmly a ball of string (线绳) from the garage, Glenn raced back into the house and dashed upstairs to his mother's room. Tying one end of the string to her hand, he ran back, laying out the string as he went, through the hall and back out into the garden.

Minutes later he was telling fire chief John Coughlan: "The string will lead you to mother." Mrs. Kreamer was carried to safety as the flames were breaking through her bedroom floor.

【小题 1】 Why did Glenn run downstairs first?

- A. He wanted to find out what was happening.
- B. He was worried about his mother's safety.
- C. He wanted to save his sister and brother.
- D. He went to see if his father had come back from work.

【小题 2】 How did Glenn help the firemen to save his mother?

- A. By throwing water all over her and her bed.
- B. By carrying her to safety with his brother.
- C. By pushing and pulling at her.
- D. By tying a string to her hand.

【小题 3】 What did Glenn do to protect himself?

- A. He put a wet cloth around his head.
- B. He threw water all over himself.
- C. He hid himself in the bathroom.
- D. He rushed out to the lawn.

【小题 4】 Glenn saved his family because _____.

- A. his father had taught him to do so on the phone
- B. he had learned something about first aid
- C. he had dealt with the emergency calmly and wisely
- D. he had followed his mother's instruction

6.it tastes just chicken

Away from home, eating is more than just a way to keep your stomach full. It is a language all its own, and no words can say, "Glad to meet you . . . glad to be doing business with you . . . " quite like sharing a meal offered by your host.

Clearly, mealtime is not the time for you to say, "Thanks, but no thanks. " Acceptance of the food on your plate means acceptance of host, country, and company. So, no matter how difficult it may be to swallow, swallow. Or, as one experienced traveler says, "Travel with a cast-iron stomach and eat everything everywhere. "

Often, the food offered represents proudly your host country's eating culture. What would Americans think of a French person who refused to take a bite of homemade apple pie or sirloin? Our discomfort comes not so much from the thing itself; it comes

from our unfamiliarity with it. After all, an oyster has remarkably the same look as a sheep's eye; and a first look at a lobster would remind almost anybody of a creature from a science fiction movie, not something you dip in butter and eat. By the way, in Saudi Arabia sheep's eyes are a famous dish and in parts of China it's bear's paw soup. Can you refuse such food without being rude? Most experienced business travelers say no, at least not before taking at least a few bites. It helps, though, to slice any item very thin. This way, you minimize the taste and the reminder of where it came from. Or, "Swallow it quickly," as one traveler recommends. "I still can't tell you what sheep's eyeballs taste like." As for dealing with taste, the old line that "it tastes just like chicken" is often thankfully true. Even when the "it" is really rat or snake. Another useful piece of advice is not knowing what you are eating. What's for dinner? Don't ask. Avoid glancing into the kitchen or looking at English-language menus. Your host will be pleased that you are eating the food he offers, and who knows? Maybe it really is chicken in that soup.

【小题 1】 The purpose of the article is to ____.

- A. introduce unfamiliar food
- B. share the writer's personal experiences
- C. suggest ways to overcome a cultural barrier
- D. advise on how to politely refuse to eat foreign food

【小题 2】 According to the writer, people hesitate at strange food mainly due to ____.

- A. the way it looks
- B. safety worries
- C. lack of information about it
- D. the unfamiliar atmosphere

【小题 3】 From the article we can infer that ____.

- A. an American may feel comfortable with sirloin
- B. one should refuse strange food after a few bites
- C. English-language menus are not always dependable
- D. one needs a cast-iron stomach to travel in other cultures

【小题 4】 One may say "It tastes just like chicken." when ____.

- A. showing respect for chicken-loving nations
- B. greeting people with different dieting habits
- C. evaluating chefs at an international food festival
- D. getting someone to try a visually unpleasant meal

7. Mrs Read went to the market and bought several _____ eggs.

- A. dozen of
- B. dozens
- C. dozen

D. dozens of

8. Peter survived in the accident when he fell overboard yesterday. He _____ escaped drowning.

- A. nearly
- B. slightly
- C. narrowly
- D. hardly

9. Catherine came home happily, which suggested that she _____ the final exam.

- A. had passed
- B. pass
- C. would pass
- D. should pass

10. It's certainly hard work. But, _____, a man who wishes to have a career has to make a great many sacrifices.

- A. on the contrary
- B. on the other hand
- C. for another
- D. in addition

11. Written in a hurry, _____. How can it be satisfactory?

- A. they found many mistakes in the report
- B. Sam made lots of mistakes in the report
- C. there are plenty of mistakes in the report
- D. the report is full of mistakes

12. —Will you require anything else?

—Yes, I _____ like a whisky.

- A. will
- B. shall
- C. should
- D. might

13. 90 后出生的学生行为方式和价值观令人担忧。你是 90 后出生的学生，请根据下表中所提供的信息以“Do trust us—a generation born in the 90s”为题写一篇英语演讲稿，以消除人们的忧虑。

90 后的境遇

面临更多的升学和就业烦恼，所处环境竞争更加激烈。

人们的忧虑

- 1、注重自我，轻视合作，
- 2、缺乏毅力，容易气馁，
- 3、盲目追求，渴望成名，

我们的长处

敢于挑战，

(请考生联系自己拟定内容，再列举两至三点)

注意：1、对所给要点，逐一陈述，适当发挥，不要简单翻译。

2、词数在 120 左右。开头和结尾已经写好，不计入总词数。

3、演讲稿中不得提及考生所在学校及本人姓名。

Good afternoon, everyone!

The topic of my speech today is “Do trust us—a generation born in the 90s”.

Living in an environment full of fiercer competition, we, a generation born in the 90s, are faced with more problems in entering higher schools and getting employed.

Thank you for your listening!

14.Starry Night

Have you ever seen a real night sky that looks like Van Gogh’s Starry Night? I hope not! So, why would an artist paint the sky this way? Perhaps I can answer that with another question. When you’re happy, why do you sing instead of speaking? Or when you’re in love, why do you speak of roses and honey? When we do these things, we, too are artists. We’re using something that goes beyond a mere scientific description in order to communicate our feelings more powerfully than straightforward words can. So consider for a moment that Van Gogh might not have been hallucinating (产生幻觉的)

on the night he painted this. Maybe he felt something so powerful that he had to go beyond the familiar to express it.

I hope I’m reminding you of something you already know as I describe the experience of being outside at night under a crystal clear sky that makes everything seem clean and refreshing. So you look up. And suddenly you see the sky that you’ve seldom seen before. It’s not just the same old dark night sky tonight. Instead, the blackness is a deep, rich blue that is more bottomless than any ocean. The stars are not spots of light but brilliant, magical diamonds that dance like tiny angels. In just this special moment, the sky is somehow alive, and it seems to speak to you silently about the meaning of infinity (无限).

Now look at the painting again. Can you see something of what makes this such a famous and well-loved image? But there's more here than that. Van Gogh painted this while he was quite struck down by a mental disease. It is natural to imagine that he frequently battled the fear that he would never escape his prison to true freedom. It is natural for us to imagine this because each of us has faced our own personal prison, whether it be disease, the loss of a loved one, serious financial problems ... In such moments it is tempting to give up to despair (绝望) and collapse in hopelessness.

Looking at this painting, I imagine Van Gogh in just such a moment of despair, when he is struck by the memory of one of those amazing night skies. He recalls the sense that he is not alone, that there is a living, infinite world with rich colorful creatures and scenes all around.

And so the sky flows across the canvas (画布) full of vitality (活力) and power. The stars don't just sparkle; they explode. Looking closer, we notice that the earth itself seems to respond to the movement in the sky, forming its own living waves in the mountain and rolling trees. In the sleepy village, the windows of the houses glow (发光) with the same light that brightens the universe. The giant trees at the left seem to capture the joy by stretching upwards toward the sky.

What a tremendous message of hope there is in this masterpiece! Even if our troubles persist, the world around us assures us that life is worth living. That's what the angels sing about. Doesn't it make you want to sing, too?

【小题 1】 Looking at the painting *Starry Night*, we can see all the following except_____.

- A. The singing angels
- B. the giant trees
- C. the sleepy village
- D. the sparkling stars

【小题 2】 Van Gogh does NOT describe a feeling of _____ through the *Starry Night*.

- A. happiness
- B. vitality
- C. power
- D. despair

【小题 3】 The underlined word "prison" in the 3rd paragraph probably means _____.

- A. trouble in one's life
- B. mental illness
- C. control from the authority
- D. a place where criminals are kept

【小题 4】 What is the main purpose of this passage?

- A. To explain how Van Gogh painted the Starry Night.
- B. To tell us how to appreciate the Starry Night.
- C. To prove Van Gogh was in a hallucinating state of mind while painting the picture.
- D. To show us the beauty of the sky on a starry night.

15. What worried the child most was _____ to visit his brother in hospital.

- A. his not being allowed
- B. his not allowing
- C. his being not allowed
- D. having not been allowed

16. 假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌的以下作文。

文中共有 10 处语言错误，共有 10 处语言错误。请在有错误的地方增加、删除或修改某个单词。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏词符号(∧)，并在其下面写上该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写上修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者(从 11 处起)不计分。

例如：It was very nice to get your invitation to spend a weekend with you. Luckily I was
the am
completely free then, so I'll to say "yes". I'll arrive in Bristol at 8 in Friday evening.
on

At first, I was not quite willing to sit down and watched the 90-minute football match. Usually I just checked the results because I thought that was dull to watch a game in that players kicked a ball to each other. Therefore, my father loves football. During the World Cup in 2006, my dad stays up late just to watch his favourite sport. Seeing him strongly interest in this game of 22 men run after a ball, I decided to sit down to watch the game. I found game exciting, and my dad explained for the rules.

17. Free medical treatment in this country covers sickness of mind as well as _____ sickness.

- A. normal
- B. average

C. regular

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