

Lesson 1-2

一. 词汇听写资料

excuse	/ɪk'skju:z/	v. 原谅
handbag	/'hændbæg/	n. 手提包 (女用)
is	/ɪz/	v. be 动词第三人称单数
it	/ɪt/	pron. 它
me	/mi:/	pron. 我 (宾格)
much	/'mʌtʃ/	adj. 很多的
pardon	/'pɑ:dn/	int. 原谅, 请再说一遍
thank you		感谢你 (们)
thank	/θænk/	vt. 感谢, 致谢
this	/ðɪs/	pron. 这
very much		非常地
very	/veri/	adv. 非常地, 很
yes	/jes/	adv. 是的
your	/jɔ:/	pron. 你的, 你们的
book	/'bʊk/	n. 书 vt. 预订
car	/'kɑ:/	n. 小汽车
coat	/'kəʊt/	n. 上衣, 外衣
dress	/'dres/	n. 连衣裙
house	/'haʊs/	n. 房子
pen	/'pen/	n. 钢笔
pencil	/'pensl/	n. 铅笔
shirt	/'ʃɜ:t/	n. 衬衣
skirt	/'skɜ:t/	n. 裙子

watch	/wɒtʃ/	n. 手表
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二. 对话理解原文

1

M: Excuse me, how long can I keep the book?

W: Two weeks. But you must return it here on time.

2

M: I don't think people will need radios any more in the future.

W: I don't quite agree with you.

3.

M: How many students tried out for the football team this year?

W: About 60, but only half of them do well in football.

4.

M: Look at your room! Your clothes are all over the floor.

W: Clean them up now and when you've finished, we'll all go on a picnic.

5.

M: Well, I must be leaving now.

W: Must you go so soon?

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. F. 由文中 My name is Yang Hui...English teacher 可知题干错误。
2. T. 由短文中的 My name is Yang Hui. I'm your English teacher. 可知题干正确。
3. F. 文中对 Tom Green 只告诉大家他是一名新同学, 并未告诉我们他是中国人, 因而本题不正确。这个题目有些同学可能从 Tom Green 的名字上推测他不是中国人, 但是一定要注意, 做题目时一定要从短文中找线索, 不能想当然。
4. F. 短文的开头 Yang Hui 就说 Good morning, class. 由此推断, 这

不是下午的课，而是上午的课。

5. F。I'm fine. 中的 I 指代的是 Yang Hui，如果弄清楚了指代关系，就能做对这道题目。

Lesson 3-4

一. 词汇听写资料

cloakroom	/ˈkləʊk.ru:m/	n. 衣帽存放处
coat	/kəʊt/	n. 外套
five	/faɪv/	num. 五
here	/hɪə/	adv. 这里
my	/maɪ/	pron. 我的
number	/ˈnʌmbə/	n. 号码
please	/pli:z/	int. 请
sir	/sɜ:/	n. 先生
sorry	/ˈsɒri/	adj. 对不起的
ticket	/ˈtɪkɪt/	n. 票
umbrella	/ʌmˈbrelə/	n. 伞
daughter	/ˈdɔ:tə/	n. 女儿
school	/sku:l/	n. 学校
son	/sʌn/	n. 儿子
suit	/sju:t/	n. 一套衣服
teacher	/ˈti:tʃə/	n. 老师

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Then I'll wait for you at the school gate at half past four.

W: Sorry, I can't be there at that time. I'm on duty today and I must clean the classroom. You can do your homework in your classroom after school and wait for me there.

M: No, I'll play soccer on the playground and you can look for me there.

2.

Girl: How do you usually come to school Jack?

Boy: I usually come to school by bus. Sometimes I come to school on foot.

3.

Woman: Hi, Jim! Will you go out for a walk with me?

Man: Sorry, I can't go with you. I'm washing my shirt.

4.

Boy: Where did you study last year, Wei Hua?

Girl: I studied at No. 17 Middle School last year.

5.

Girl: What's your sister's name, Peter?

Boy: Her name is Betty.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. A. 文章前两句为信息句。
2. B. 从短文中得知: Greg 是 Mr. Hill's son. Hattie 是 Mr. Hill's daughter. 因此选项 C 排除; 从短文第四句 Greg is in Grade Three and Hattie is in Grade One. 可以推出 Greg 是 Hattie's brother, 而不是 Hattie's sister, 也不是 Hattie's student.
3. D. 短文中有 Hattie's bike is under the big tree. 我们可以从这句话中得知: 自行车是 Hattie 的而不是 Greg 的, 因此选项 B 排除; 选项 A "在房子里" 和选项 C "红色的" 在短文中根本没有提及。
4. C. 关联句是短文的倒数第二句 Mr. Hill's car is beside the house. ——在房子旁边的是 Mr. Hill's car, 因此选项 C 最为恰当; 选项 A、B、D 在短文中都没有提及。
5. A. 从短文中的最后一句话 Oh, whose cat is it? It's Greg's. 得知这只猫是 Greg 的。

Lesson 5-6

一. 词汇听写资料

Chinese	/tʃaɪˈniːz/	n.&adj. 中国人 (的)
French	/frentʃ/	n.&adj. 法国人 (的)
German	/ˈdʒɜːmən/	n.&adj. 德国人 (的)
good	/ɡʊd/	adj. 好
Japanese	/dʒæpəˈniːz/	n.&adj. 日本人 (的)
Korean	/kəˈriən/	n.&adj. 韩国人 (的)
meet	/mi:t/	v. 遇见
Miss	/mɪs/	n. 小姐
morning	/ˈmɔːnɪŋ/	n. 早晨
new	/njuː/	adj. 新的
nice	/naɪs/	adj. 美好的
student	/ˈstjuːdənt/	n. 学生
too	/tuː/	adv. 也
American	/əˈmerɪkən/	adj. 美国的
Daewoo	/ˈdɔːwuː/	n. 大宇
English	/ˈɪŋɡlɪʃ/	adj. 英国的
Fiat	/ˈfiːæt/	n. 菲亚特
Ford	/fɔːd/	n. 福特
Italian	/ɪˈtæljən/	adj. 意大利的
make	/meɪk/	n. 牌号 (产品)
Mercedes	/məˈseɪdiːz/	n. 梅赛德斯
Mini	/ˈmɪni/	n. 迷你
Peugeot	/pɜːˈʒəʊ/	n. 标致

Swedish	/ˈswɪdɪʃ/	adj.瑞典的
Toyota	/ˈtəʊjəʊtə/	n.丰田
Volvo	/ˈvɒlvəʊ/	n.沃尔沃

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: Can I help you, sir?

M: Yes, I'd like a T-shirt.

2.

M: Jenny, what time are you leaving for the airport?

W: at 3:30 in the afternoon.

3.

M: Which subject are you interested in, Lily?

W: Well, I like Chinese very much. What about you?

M: I like Math.

4.

W: Mike, What would you like, Coke, Juice, or water?

M: Just water, please.

5.

A: Joe, when is your school trip?

B: It's in May. We also have a pop concert in June.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. T. 根据文章第一句可知。
2. F. We go to school at seven in the morning. 的意思是：我们早晨七点去上学，而不是下午。
3. T. 由 I have a clock...on the desk 可知。
4. F. 由...Jim has a new watch 可知。
5. F. 阅读短文可知现在时间是四点二十五分，而不是四点四十五分。

Lesson 7-8

一. 词汇听写资料

I	/aɪ/	pron.我
am	/æm/	v.be 动词第一人称单数
are	/ɑː/	v.be 动词现在时复数
name	/neɪm/	n.名字
what	/wɒt/	adj.&pron.什么
nationality	/ˌnæʃəˈnælɪti/	n.国籍
job	/dʒɒb/	n.工作
keyboard	/ˈkiːbɔːd/	n.电脑键盘
operator	/ˈɒpəreɪtə/	n.操作人员
engineer	/ˌendʒɪˈniə/	n.工程师
too	/tuː/	adv.也
teacher	/ˈtiːtʃə/	n.教师
air hostess		空中小姐
hairdresser	/ˈheədresə/	n.理发师
housewife	/ˈhaʊswaɪf/	n.家庭妇女
mechanic	/mɪˈkæniɪk/	n.机械师
milkman	/ˈmɪlkmən/	n.送牛奶的人
nurse	/nɜːs/	n.护士
policeman	/pəˈliːsmən/	n.警察
policewoman	/pəˈliːswʊmən/	n.女警察
postman	/ˈpəʊstmən/	n.邮递员
taxi driver		出租汽车司机

二. 对话理解原文

1.

A: Do you want to go to a movie, Nina?

B: Yes, I do. We also can go to the park after that.

2.

A: Judy, I like comedies best, but my sister likes thrillers.

B: Really, Ann? Action movies are my favourite.

3.

A: I was born on October tenth. When is your birthday, Peter?

B: It's January fifteenth.

4.

W: Do you like pears or oranges, Mike?

M: Oh, I prefer oranges. I don't really like pears.

W: So your favorite is oranges?

M: No. In fact my favorite is apples.

5.

A: What colors do you like, green or blue?

B: Neither. eh,,, Have you got any brown coat of this kind.?

A: Yes, just a minute, please.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。从 My name is Nancy Wood.可以看出, Nancy 是名字, Wood 是姓氏。
2. C。根据 This is my mother. Her name is Connie.两句判断出, Connie 是“我”妈妈。
3. A。从所设的选项看,要求弄清 Barry 的年龄。从 This boy is my brother. He is seven. His name is Barry.可见。
4. D。She likes a dog. Her dog is lovely. Its name is Dangdang.这几句都是在谈论狗,由此推断 Dangdang 是狗的名字。
5. B。从 This is my father, Philip. He is a teacher.可看出我父亲是老师。

Lesson 9-10

一. 词汇听写资料

afternoon	/ˌɑːftəˈnuːn/	n. 下午
fine	/faɪn/	adj. 美好的
goodbye	/ˌɡʊdˈbaɪ/	int. 再见
hello	/heˈləʊ/	int. 喂 (表示问候)
hi	/haɪ/	int. 喂, 嗨
how	/haʊ/	adv. 怎样
nice	/naɪs/	adj. 令人愉快的
see	/siː/	v. 见
thank	/θæŋk/	v. 谢谢, 感谢
today	/təˈdeɪ/	adv. 今天
well	/wel/	adj. 身体好; 满意的
busy	/ˈbɪzi/	adj. 忙的
clean	/kliːn/	adj. 干净的
cold	/kəʊld/	adj. 冷的
dirty	/ˈdɜːti/	adj. 脏的
fat	/fæt/	adj. 胖的
hot	/hɒt/	adj. 热的
lazy	/ˈleɪzi/	adj. 懒的
old	/əʊld/	adj. 老的
short	/ʃɔːt/	adj. 矮的
tall	/tɔːl/	adj. 高的
thin	/θɪn/	adj. 瘦的
woman	/ˈwʊmən/	n. 女人; 妇女

young	/jʌŋ/	adj.年轻的; 幼小的
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二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Excuse me. Could you tell me the way to the bank, please?

W: Oh, it's a long way from here. You'd better take a bus.

M: Which bus shall I take?

W: No. 5 bus will take you there.

M: Where's the bus stop?

W: Walk along this road and turn right at the hospital. It's about 100 metres away.

M: Thank you very much.

W: You're welcome.

2.

Mike told you "Shall we meet at a quarter to eight at the bus stop?"

3.

Your uncle says to you "Could you post this letter for me on your way to school, please?"

4.

A: What colors do you like, green or blue?

B: Neither. eh,,, Have you got any brown coat of this kind.?

A: Yes, just a minute, please.

5.

A: what color do you like, green or blue?

B: Neither. Eh... Have you got any brown coat of this kind.?

A: Yes, just a minute, please.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。在第一段的第二句话写到“威尼斯”的人们都不开车。

2. A。在第一段的最后一句话写到“威尼斯”在“意大利”。

3. B。文中第二段第一句写到哪里都是运河。

4. C。常识题。我们知道河里肯定是充满了水。

5. A。常识题。我们知道威尼斯为水上城市，故人们的交通工具肯定为船。

Lesson 11-12

一. 词汇听写资料

blue	/blu:/	adj. 蓝色的
catch	/kætʃ/	v. 抓住
perhaps	/pə'hæps/	adv. 大概
shirt	/ʃɜ:t/	n. 衬衣
sir	/sɜ:/	n. 先生
white	/waɪt/	adj. 白色的
whose	/hu:z/	pron. 谁的
blouse	/blaʊz/	n. 女衬衫
brother	/'brʌðə/	n. 兄, 弟
father	/'fa:ðə/	n. 父亲
her	/hɜ:/	pron. 她的
his	/hɪz/	pron. 他的
mother	/'mʌðə/	n. 母亲
sister	/'sɪstə/	n. 姐, 妹
tie	/taɪ/	n. 领带 v. 系

二. 对话理解原文

1.

Woman: Is your mother going to Tianjin by sea, Tom?

Man: No, she will fly there and come back by ship.

2.

M: Hi, Linda.. Are you going to have a picnic this Saturday?

W: No, we aren't. We're going to plant trees this Saturday morning.

Will you join us?

M: That's good. But Bob asked me to go to swim with him. I'll tell him I won't go. Where and when shall we meet?

W: We shall meet outside the school gate at 7: 30.

3.

Man: How often do you speak to the bird?

Woman: You mean Betty, the bird?

Man: Yes.

Woman: Betty is trying to learn English, so I speak to her in English everyday.

4.

Woman: Could you tell me your telephone number?

Man: Of course, 87669413.

5.

Woman: Where's rice grown in China?

Man: It's grown in Southern China. Such as Guangdong, Guangxi...

Woman: But I was told that rice is also grown in Hunan.

Man: That's right.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. It is Monday tomorrow. /Tomorrow is Monday.
2. They are at home.
3. Yes, they can. 这个问题不能用 No, they can't 来回答。因为 Ted 的父亲找不到箱子, 而 Ted 帮他找到了。They 指他们父子两人。
4. No, there aren't any. Ted 的玩具是用 bags 装的。
5. No, he can't.

Lesson 13-14

一. 词汇听写资料

colour	/ˈkʌlə/	n.颜色 vt.涂色
come	/kʌm/	v.来
dress	/dres/	n.衣服
green	/ɡriːn/	adj.绿色的
hat	/hæt/	n.帽子
look	/lʊk/	vi.瞧, 看
lovely	/ˈlʌvli/	adj.可爱的, 秀丽的
same	/seɪm/	adj.相同的
smart	/smɑːt/	adj.时髦的, 巧妙的
upstairs	/ˈʌpˈsteəz/	adv.楼上
carpet	/ˈkɑːpɪt/	n.地毯
case	/keɪs/	n.箱子, 案例
dog	/dɒɡ/	n.狗

二. 对话理解原文

1.

Woman: How long have you ever been at this School, Jack?

Man: I've been at this school for nearly three years. How long have you been at this school, Mary?

Woman: I've been at this school for only one year. But my mother has been at this school for over ten years.

2.

Woman: What's the matter with you, Tom?

Man: I have a headache and a cough.

Woman: Have you seen a doctor?

Man: Yes, my mother took me to the hospital. The doctor asked me to take some medicine, three white pills, two yellow pills and one blue pill. Three times a day.

3.

Man: What does your sister do, Lucy?

Woman: She teaches English in a middle school.

4.

Man: What does your sister do, Lucy?

Woman: She teaches English in a middle school.

5.

Woman: Did your birthday party begin at 7: 30 last Sunday?

Man: No, it didn't begin until all my good friends came fifteen minutes later.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。在通读全文后, 我们会在最后一句话找到答案, I'm very glad to have a good family。
2. C。选不正确一项, 在文章开头就说了在作者的家里有 3 口人, 父、母和他, 所以 C 说没父母为错误选项。
3. B。选错误一项, 排除法, 排除 A、C、D 在文章中都明确提出。
4. B。选不正确一项, A 在第二段说了他父母都是每天早出晚归的, C 意思同 A, Both 为两者都即父、母两个人。D 大致意思同 A、C 句。
5. A。在最后一段第一句说了, I love them. I 为作者, them 为他父母, 故 A 为正确答案。

Lesson 15-16

一. 词汇听写资料

brown	/braʊn/	adj.棕色的
case	/keɪs/	n.箱子
customs	/'kʌstəmz/	n.海关
Danish	/'deɪnɪʃ/	n.&adj.丹麦人(的)
fine	/faɪn/	adj.好的
friend	/frend/	n.朋友
girl	/gɜ:l/	n.女孩, 姑娘
Norwegian	/nɔ:'wi:dʒən/	n.&adj.挪威人(的)
officer	/'ɒfɪsə/	n.官员
passport	/'pɑ:spɔ:t/	n.护照
tourist	/'tuərist/	n.旅行者
black	/blæk/	adj.黑色的
Dutch	/dʌtʃ/	n.&adj.荷兰人(的)
grey	/greɪ/	adj.灰色的
orange	/'ɒrɪndʒ/	adj.橘黄色的
red	/red/	adj.红色的
Russian	/'rʌʃən/	n.&adj.俄罗斯人(的)
these	/ði:z/	pron.这些
yellow	/'jeləʊ/	adj.黄色的

二. 对话理解原文

1.

Woman: There are 2410 students in No. 14 Middle School. 3290 students in No. 7 Middle school. How many students are there in No.

6 Middle School?

Man: The students of the No. 6 Middle School is only two thirds of the No. 7 Middle School.

2.

Woman: Where's rice grown in China?

Man: It's grown in Southern China. Such as Guangdong, Guangxi...

Woman: But I was told that rice is also grown in Hunan.

Man: That's right.

3.

Man: What does your sister do, Lucy? :

Woman: She teaches English in a middle school.

4.

A: What color do you like, green or blue?

B: Neither. eh,,, Have you got any brown coat of this kind.?

A: Yes, just a minute, please.

5.

Girl: Thanks for helping me, but I'm ready to leave now. Simon, would you please bring down my bag?

Boy: With pleasure. Er, how heavy the bag is! Are you carrying rocks? Of course not. Perhaps there are some dictionaries or something like that in the bag.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 Lily is in Class Three and Lucy is in the same class.可以看出, 她也在三班. 该题的答案是: She's in Class Three.
2. 短文已经告诉我们, 他们衣服的颜色是黄的. 故应回答: They're yellow.
3. 从 But their hats are black.我们可以得知, 他们的帽子是黑的. 该题应当这样回答: Yes, they are.
4. They have a friend. His name is Bill.已经告诉我们, 该题的答案是:

Bill is their friend.

5. 从 They're at No. 12 Middle School. 我们能够得知, 她们在 12 中。
故应回答: They're at No. 12 Middle School.

Lesson 17-18

一. 词汇听写资料

assistant	/ə'sistant/	n. 助手
busy	/'bɪzi/	adj. 忙的
clerk	/klɜ:k/	n. 办事员
employee	/ˌemplɔɪ'i:/	n. 雇员
hard-working	/ˌhɑ:d'wɜ:kɪŋ/	adj. 勤奋的
lazy	/'leɪzi/	adj. 懒散的
man	/mæn/	n. 男人
meet	/mi:t/	vt. 遇到
office boy		勤杂工
office	/'ɒfɪs/	n. 办公室
pretty	/'prɪti/	adj. 漂亮的
sales reps		推销员
those	/ðəʊz/	adj. & pron. 那些
young	/jʌŋ/	n. 青年人

二. 对话理解原文

1:

Girl: What job do you want to do when you are older, Jack?

Boy: I want to be a sportsman.

Girl: What sport do you like best?

Boy: Football.

Girl: So you want to be a footballer, don't you?

Boy: Yes, I do.

2:

Girl: Why are you in such a hurry? It's still an hour to go before the meeting begins.

Boy: But it is already a quarter to 10 by my watch.

3:

Woman: Excuse me! Are you Mr Green?

Man: No. I'm Mr King.

4:

Woman: Would you like some milk, Mr Brown?

Man: Yes, please.

5:

Man: Where are Lucy and Lily?

Woman: Lucy is in the garden, and Lily is in her room.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。文章告诉我们, 玛丽非常喜欢英语, She reads English every morning. 在四个选项中, A 是写英语, C 是画画, D 是唱歌, 只有 B 与文章相符合。
2. D。由 She often listens to the radio. 可以很快排除 A、B 项; C 项的意思正确, 但不符合语法, 因为 listen 是不及物动词, 后接宾语 radio 时必须跟介词 to, 即 listen to the radio。
3. D。在四个选项中, 从语法结构来说, 它们都是正确的, 但是短文中有这一题目的正确答案: She watches TV only on Saturday evening.
4. B。由 Does she like dancing? No, she doesn't. 这一组对话中可以看出她不喜欢跳舞。
5. A。从 Her parents like her very much. 表明不仅她妈妈爱她, 而且她爸爸也很爱她。根据题目可以看出这是一个一般疑问句, 用的是助动词 does, 所以可以排除选项 B 和 D, 然后再根据课文的意思, 在 A 和 C 中选择。

Lesson 19-20

一. 词汇听写资料

boy	/bɔɪ/	n. 男孩
children	/'tʃɪldrən/	n. 孩子们
down	/daʊn/	adv. 往下
ice cream		冰淇淋
matter	/'mætə/	n. 事情
Mum	/mʌm/	n. (儿语) 妈妈
now	/naʊ/	adv. 现在
right	/raɪt/	adj. 好, 可以
sit down		坐下
sit	/sɪt/	vi. 坐
thirsty	/'θɜːsti/	adj. 渴的
tired	/'taɪəd/	adj. 累的, 疲乏的
big	/bɪg/	adj. 大的
grandfather	/'grænd,fɑːðə/	n. 祖父, 外祖父
grandmother	/'grænd,mʌðə/	n. 祖母, 外祖母
heavy	/'hevi/	adj. 重的
light	/laɪt/	adj. 轻的
long	/lɒŋ/	adj. 长的
open	/'əʊpən/	adj. 开着的
shoe	/ʃjuː/	n. 鞋子
shut	/ʃʌt/	adj. 关着的
small	/smɔːl/	adj. 小的

Lesson 21-22

二. 对话理解原文

1:

Woman: What's your trouble, young man?

Man: I.... I've got a headache and.... (cough)

Woman: Have you had anything to eat this morning?

Man: No, I don't feel like eating.

Woman: Well, you've got a cold. It's nothing serious. Take some medicine and have a good rest.

2:

Woman: I hear you are going to move to a new house, aren't you?

Man: Yes, it'll be a bit expensive. But the man upstairs drops his shoes on the floor every night and I can't sleep.

3:

M: Excuse me. Which is the way to Beijing Zoo? :

W: Hmm... take a No^27 bus. It takes you rig there.

4:

W: Tom, will you go and get some pictures, please?

M: Sure, Mi Brown. I'll be back in a minute.

5:

M: You'd better go to see the doctor. :

W: I think I have to.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。文章中第一句提到。
2. A。由文章题目可知。
3. C。文章第一段最后一句为信息句。
4. C。文章第二段第四句为信息句。

一. 词汇听写资料

give	/gɪv/	v.给
one	/wʌn/	pron.一个
which	/wɪtʃ/	pron.哪一个
big	/bɪg/	adj.大的
blunt	/blʌnt/	adj.钝的
bottle	/'bɒtl/	n.瓶子
box	/bɒks/	n.盒子, 箱子
cup	/kʌp/	n.茶杯
empty	/'empti/	adj.空的
fork	/fɔ:k/	n.叉子
full	/fʊl/	adj.满的
glass	/glɑ:s/	n.杯子 pl.眼镜
knife	/naɪf/	n.刀子
large	/lɑ:dʒ/	adj.大的
little	/'lɪtl/	adj.小的
sharp	/ʃɑ:p/	adj.尖的, 锋利的
small	/smɔ:l/	adj.小的
spoon	/spu:n/	n.勺子
tin	/tɪn/	n.罐头

二. 对话理解原文

1:

W: Would you like to climb hills this Saturday?

M: No. Why don't we go fishing?

2:

M: I'd like to see Mr Black.

W: He's having a meeting now.

3:

W: Excuse me, Mr Li. Would you please speak a little more slowly? :

M: Sorry! If you can't follow me, please let me know.

4:

In the party, Mike says to you "This is Doctor Smith. It is the first time to visit our city.

5:

Jack tells you before the Chinese exam I was afraid of failing in it, but the teacher told me that I had passed the exam.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. Yang Hua 问 Wu Jing 这是否是她的卧室, Wu Jing 回答说是她哥哥的。因此, 其答案是: It's Wu Jing's brother's.
2. 从两个孩子的对话能够得知, 计算机在桌子上。故应答作: It's on the table.
3. 从 Yang Hua 说猫在桌子上, Wu Jing 说那是时钟来看, 答案是: It looks like a cat.
4. Yang Hua 问的 Is that a kite on the wall?得到了肯定的答复, 说明那是风筝。其答案是: It's a kite.
5. 从最后的一组对话可以得知, 足球在椅子下面。故应回答: It's under the chair.

Lesson 23-24

一. 词汇听写资料

glass	/glɑ:s/	n.玻璃杯
on	/ɒn/	prep.在……之上
shelf	/ʃelf/	n.架子, 搁板
some	/sʌm/	adj.一些
bed	/bed/	n.床
cigarette	/sɪgə'ret/	n.香烟
cupboard	/'kʌbəd/	n.食橱
desk	/desk/	n.课桌
dressing table	梳妆台	
floor	/flɔ:/	n.地板
magazine	/ˌmæɡə'zi:n/	n.杂志
newspaper	/'nju:spetpə/	n.报纸
plate	/pleɪt/	n.盘子
stereo	/'steriəʊ/	n.立体声音响
table	/'teɪbl/	n.桌子
television	/'telɪvɪʒən/	n.电视机
bottle	/'bɒtl/	n.瓶

二. 对话理解原文

1:

Your uncle says to you " Could you post this letter for me on your way to school, please?

2:

Linda says " I'll go to swim in the river in summer. "

3:

W: Our guests are leaving for Washington on the 10: 00 o'clock flight.

We need someone to get them to the airport on time

M: I'd be happy to take them there, but my car's in the garage. Do you think I can use your car? Or perhaps we have to take a bus, I'm afraid.

4:

W: Did you understand English newspapers without help from your teacher?

M: Yes, I did quite well, but I had to look up some of the words.

5:

W: It's unusual that you are late for work today, Mr Brown

M: I'm sorry. There was something wrong with my bike.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从三个女孩在教室里的位置来看, 她们都是学生。故应填写 students。
2. 短文告诉我们, Joe 在第二排, Kate 和 Ann 在第三排。由此可见, 她们在同一个班上。应当填 class。
3. 从文章中的 Look at the girl in Row Three. 和 She and Kate are in the same row. 就可以得知, Ann 也在第三排。此处要填 Three。
4. 该短文是 Joe 第一人称写的, 那么 Kate and I are English, but she's American. 就告诉我们, 她是一个英国人。该空要填 English。
5. Joe 在她的文章中讲到, 她们 (Joe, Kate 和 Ann) 住在同一座房子里, Our parents are friends, too. 这说明她们三个人都是朋友。应当填写 friends。

Lesson 25-26

一. 词汇听写资料

clean	/kli:n/	adj.干净的
cooker	/'kukə/	n.炉子, 炊具
cup	/kʌp/	n.杯子; 奖杯
electric	/ɪ'lektrɪk/	adj.带电的, 可通电的
empty	/'empti/	adj.空的
kitchen	/'kɪtʃɪn/	n.厨房
left	/left/	n.左边
middle	/'mɪdl/	n.中间
Mrs.	/'mɪsɪz/	n.夫人
of	/əv/	prep. (属于) ……的
refrigerator	/rɪ'frɪdʒəreɪtə/	n.电冰箱
right	/raɪt/	n.右边
room	/ru:m/	n.房间
table	/'teɪbl/	n.桌子
fork	/fɔ:k/	n.叉子
in	/ɪn/	prep.在……里
knife	/naɪf/	n.刀
tin	/tɪn/	n.罐头
where	/weə/	adv.在哪里

二. 对话理解原文

1:

W: May I take your order now, sir?

M: Thank you, but I'm waiting for someone to join me.

2:

W: Would you like to go out with me?

M: Oh, I'd like to, but I haven't finished my homework. It's five o'clock already.

W: Don't worry. Your clock is ten minutes fast.

3:

W: Why was Miss Green so worried this morning?

M: Because some students didn't come to school on time.

W: Was Daniel one of them?

M: NO, but Simon and Kitty were.

W: Why were they late for school?

M: It Was foggy this morning and the traffic was very bad.

W: Oh. bad luck.

4.

M: I like vegetables very much. I have them every day.

W: Sure. Eating enough vegetables is good for our health. I like eating vegetables, too.

5.

M: Excuse me. Is there a hospital near here?

W: No, there isn't The nearest hospital is about three kilometers away. You' d better take a bus.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从文章开头 It's big. 可以看出, 其答案应当是否定的。应回答: No, it isn't.
2. 短文第二句已经讲的很清楚, 教室有 4 扇窗户。故应回答: There're four windows.
3. 我们读了短文以后就会知道, 教室里有 40 把椅子。故应回答: Forty.
4. The desk near the blackboard is our teachers. 已经告诉我们, 该题的答案是: The one near the blackboard.

5. 由 You can find five brooms behind the door. 可以得知, 应当这样回答: Yes, there are.

6. 从 There're some flowers on the teachers' desk. 能够知道, 该题应当这样回答: Some flowers.

7. 由 What's that under Lin Huan's desk? It's his football.来看, 答案是: It's Lin Huan's.

8. 通过 There's a picture on the wall. 我们知道, 该题应当这样回答: It's on the wall.

9. 由 What's that on the river? It's a boat. 能够得知, 河里有小船。故应回答: Yes, it is.

Lesson 27-28

一. 词汇听写资料

armchair	/ˈɑːmtʃeə/	n. 扶手椅
door	/dɔː/	prep. 门
living room		客厅
magazine	/ˈmæɡəˈziːn/	n. 杂志
near	/niə/	prep. 靠近
newspaper	/ˈnjuːspeɪpə/	n. 报纸
picture	/ˈpɪktʃə/	n. 图画
television	/ˈtelɪvɪʒən/	n. 电视机
wall	/wɔːl/	n. 墙
window	/ˈwɪndəʊ/	n. 窗户
radio	/ˈreɪdɪəʊ/	n. 收音机
trousers	/ˈtraʊzəz/	n. 长裤 (复数)
air	/eə/	v. 使……通风, 换换空气

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Hi, Lucy. I hear you will go to Beijing soon. It's already Monday today. When are you going to leave?

W: The day after tomorrow.

2.

M: What can I do for you. Madam?

W: Please show me the book on the shelf. Is that a book about computer?

3.

M: Hello, Alice. Is Bill better now?

W: Oh, yes. Much better. But the doctor says he* 11 have to stay in bed for another two days.

4.

M: Julia, you say your brother is a singer. How about your sister?

W: She is a nurse.

5.

M: We are going to play table tennis this Sunday. Would you like to join us, Mary?

W: I'd love to. But you see, I have a test next Monday morning. I have to get ready for it.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。文章第二句为信息句。
2. C。本题要求我们根据文中提示的信息推出答案, C 文中未提到而 A、B 都可在短文中找到, 故选 C。
3. B。plant 是植物。
4. A。文章倒数第二句为信息句。
5. B。由文章的第二、三句可知。

Lesson 29-30

一. 词汇听写资料

bedroom	/ˈbedrʊm/	n. 卧室
clothes	/ˈkləʊðz/	n. 衣服
dressng table	梳妆台	
dust	/dʌst/	v. 掸掉灰尘 n. 灰尘
must	/mʌst/	必须, 应该
open	/ˈəʊpən/	v. 打开
put	/pʊt/	v. 放置
shut	/ʃʌt/	v. 关闭
sweep	/swi:p/	v. 扫
then	/ðen/	adv. 然后
untidy	/ʌnˈtaɪdɪ/	adj. 乱的, 不整齐的
wardrobe	/ˈwɔ:drəʊb/	n. 大衣柜
window	/ˈwɪndəʊ/	n. 窗户
empty	/ˈempti/	v. 倒空, 使……变空
put on	穿上	
read	/ri:d/	v. 读
sharpen	/ˈʃɑ:pən/	v. 削尖, 使锋利
take off	脱掉	
turn off	关 (电灯)	
turn on	开 (电灯)	

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Katie, I hear you are moving to a new place.

W: Yes. My house here is too small.

2.

M: Excuse me, may I come in?

W: Oh, Jim. Come in. please. You are late again. Why?

M: Because the traffic is too heavy.

3.

M: Hey, Anna. How do you get to school every day?

W: I usually ride my bike, but sometimes I take a bus.

M: Is it far?

W: Yes, a little.

4.

W: How are you getting on with you're your English. Dick?

M: Not quite well. My grammar is improvin9. but I still have some difficulty in listenin9.

W: I suggest you should do more practice. You'd better listen to more English tapes. And you Call also watch English news on TV. What about you writing?

M: I think it is better than before. To improve my writin9. I keep writing diary every day.

W: What do you think of reading?

M: It's not very difficult. I like reading practice.

W: Remember: If you want to learn English well. you must keep practicing.

M: Yes, I know. I will try. Thank you, Mr Black.

5.

M: Hello!

W: Hello, Sam! It's me, Jenny. My uncle hasn't been well these days. I'm going to see him the day after tomorrow.

M: Oh, really? Where does he live?

W: He lives in Hang Zhou. And I'm going by train because I don't like

Lesson 31-32

the bus.

M: How long will it take?

W: Well. the train leaves at six in the morning and arrives there, at about ten.

M: Who will meet you at the station?

W: My aunt is going to meet me. She can drive.

M: What will the weather be like there?

W: Well, it will be quite cold and wet. So I'm going to take some warm clothes.

M: And take your raincoat with you.

W: Oh, yes, thank you. Oh, by the way, what day is it today?

M: Friday. I hope you'll have a good journey.

W: Thanks a lot, Jim. See you soon, bye.

M: Goodbye.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. T. 由 It's Sunday. Li Ping does not go to school. 可知, 星期天他不用上学。
2. T. 这是一道推断题。第一段告诉我们, 他去公园了。第二段又提到他给一位老人让座的经历。Li Ping stands up and says to her, come and sit... 由此推断, 他是乘公交车去公园的, 所以题干正确。
3. F. 这仍是一道推断题。第三段告诉人们李平在公园这一站下车时, 老太太没有下车, 因为李平向老太太说再见, 由此可以推断, 他们没一起去公园, 所以题干错误。
4. F. 二者不相识。
5. F. 由 The bus stops near the park. 可知。

一. 词汇听写资料

across	/ə'krɒs/	prep. 横过, 穿过
after	/'ɑ:ftə/	prep. 在……之后
cat	/kæt/	n. 猫
climb	/klaɪm/	v. 爬, 攀登
do	/du:/	vt. 做
garden	/'gɑ:dn/	n. 花园
grass	/grɑ:s/	n. 草, 草地
run	/rʌn/	v. 跑
run after		追赶
sit	/sɪt/	v. 坐
tree	/tri:/	n. 树
under	/'ʌndə/	prep. 在……之下
who	/hu:/	pron. 谁
basket	/bɑ:skɪt/	n. 篮子
bone	/bəʊn/	n. 骨头
clean	/kli:n/	v. 清洗
cook	/kʊk/	v. 做 (饭菜) n. 厨师
drink	/drɪŋk/	v. 喝
eat	/i:t/	v. 吃
letter	/'letə/	n. 信, 字母
meal	/mi:l/	n. 饭, 一顿饭
milk	/mɪlk/	n. 牛奶
tap	/tæp/	v. 水龙头

tooth	/tu:θ/	n. 牙齿
type	/taɪp/	v. 打字

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Do you live in Changjiang Street?

W: Yes, I do. I live at NO. 57 Changjiang Street.

M: I live at NO. 58!

2.

M: How long are you going to stay in China?

W: Another two weeks. Then I will go back to Germany.

3.

W: Hi, John! Do you want to go to China Dinosaur Park this afternoon?

M: Thanks. But a football match is on television.

4.

M: Beautiful dress, isn't it?

W: Oh. I used to like that dress. I mean the first time I saw it.

M: But why don't you like it now?

W: Because Lily is wearing it. I hate Lily.

5.

W: Tomorrow is Nancy's birthday. Have you got a present for her?

M: Yes, I bought her an interesting book. What about you?

W: I'll make a birthday card for her.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. A. 从 No, she isn't English, but American. 可以得出这个结论。
2. C. You're a new student here! 已经告诉我们, 这是正确的选项。
3. D. 由 Is she in No. 24 Middle School, too? 及肯定的答复来看, 说

明他们三个人在同一所学校。

4. A. 我们从 Her father and mother are in Beijing and she's in our school. 可以得知, 他们全家都在北京。
5. B. 从整个对话看, 两女孩在谈论照片上的那位女孩。

Lesson 33-34

一. 词汇听写资料

aeroplane	/ˈeərəpleɪn/	n. 飞机
boat	/bəʊt/	n. 船
bridge	/brɪdʒ/	n. 桥
cloud	/klaʊd/	n. 云
day	/deɪ/	n. 日子
family	/ˈfæmɪli/	n. 家庭 (成员)
fly	/flaɪ/	v. 飞
look at	看	
over	/əʊvə/	prep. 跨越, 在……之上
river	/ˈrɪvə/	n. 河
shine	/ʃaɪn/	v. 照耀
ship	/ʃɪp/	n. 轮船
sky	/skaɪ/	n. 天空
sun	/sʌn/	n. 太阳, 阳光
under	/ˈʌndə/	prep. 在……之下
walk	/wɔːk/	v. 走路, 步行
wife	/waɪf/	n. 妻子
with	/wɪð/	prep. 和……在一起
cry	/kraɪ/	v. 哭, 喊
jump	/dʒʌmp/	v. 跳
shave	/ʃeɪv/	v. 刮脸
sleep	/sliːp/	v. 睡觉
wait	/weɪt/	v. 等

wash /wɒʃ/ v. 洗

二. 对话理解原文

1.

A: When did you get to the New Railway Station?

B: We got there at 8: 30. Fifteen minutes later the train started.

2.

A: Did you travel by air?

B: No. It was hard for me to get the ticket. So I took a bus there.

3.

A: What about coming to my birthday party this weekend?

B: Why not?

4.

A: Jim, where is your father?

B: He is over there. He is washing the car.

5. A: Where are Lucy and Lily?

B: Lucy is in the garden, and Lily is in her room.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. A. 由第一自然段文章信息可知, 答案为 A。

2. B. 信息句在第一自然段最后一句。

3. D.

Lesson 35-36

一. 词汇听写资料

along	/ə'ləŋ/	prep. 沿着
another	/ə'nʌðə/	det. 另一个
bank	/bæŋk/	n. 河岸
beside	/bɪ'saɪd/	prep. 旁边
between	/bɪ'twɪn/	prep. 在……之间
building	/'bɪldɪŋ/	n. 大楼, 建筑物
hill	/hɪl/	n. 小山
into	/'ɪntu/	prep. 进入
on a river	在河边	
park	/pɑ:k/	n. 公园
photograph	/'fəʊtəgrɑ:f/	n. 照片
swim	/swɪm/	v. 游泳
valley	/'væli/	n. 山谷
village	/'vɪlɪdʒ/	n. 村庄
water	/'wɔ:tə/	n. 水
wife	/'waɪf/	n. 妻子
beside	/bɪ'saɪd/	prep. 旁边
off	/ɔ:f/	prep. 离开

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: Is your father a doctor, Jack?

M: No. He was a worker ten years ago. Then he became an engineer in that factory and it makes medical instruments for

hospitals.

2.

W: What a sunny day it is today! Let's go to Forest Park this afternoon, shall we?

M: Good idea. But how can we get there, by bus or by taxi?

W: Why not ride a bicycle there instead? It's good exercise.

M: All right.

3.

M: Mum, I failed my English test again.

W: Never mind, dear. Keep practicing, and you'll succeed.

M: I think I'll talk to my teacher tomorrow. He'll give me some useful advice.

4.

M: Did you go to the World Expo yesterday, Jane?

W: Yes. It was a pity that I could hardly see every pavilion there.

M: You must have enjoyed yourselves. Did your teacher go with you?

W: Yes. We all went there except Tim.

5.

M: How beautifully you play the piano! Do you often practice it after school?

W: I used to play it after school every day, but now I only practice at weekends.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. F. 文章开头就点出, 今天是儿童节。
2. T. 从 After a quick breakfast, I go to school at seven. 看, 吃过早饭, 七点去上学, 当然是早上了。
3. F. 句中 Bill and Victor like to swim. 说明比尔和维克托喜欢游泳。
4. F. 文中说 Jennifer 喜爱中国功夫。
5. T. 最后一句 We have a lovely day. 说明我们玩得很高兴。

Lesson 37-38

一. 词汇听写资料

bookcase	/ˈbʊkkeɪs/	n. 书橱, 书架
favourite	/ˈfeɪvərɪt/	adj. 最喜欢的
hammer	/ˈhæmə/	n. 锤子 v. 用锤击打某物
hard	/hɑːd/	adv. 努力地 adj. 困难的
make	/meɪk/	v. 做
paint	/peɪnt/	v. 上漆, 涂
pink	/pɪŋk/	n. & adj. 粉红色 (的)
work	/wɜːk/	v. 工作 n. 作品
bus	/bʌs/	n. 公共汽车
dish	/dɪʃ/	n. 盘子, 碟子, 菜肴
homework	/ˈhəʊmwɜːk/	n. 作业
listen	/ˈlɪsn/	v. 听

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Mary, it's time for lunch. What are you doing?

W: I can't find my notebook. Have you seen it anywhere?

M: Sorry, I haven't. Why not ask your mother? Perhaps she's seen it.

2.

M: You look so excited today!

W: Yes, I met a film star yesterday in a restaurant when I was having a meal. I talked with him for a while.

M: Really? What was he doing there?

W: For the advertisement of the World Expo. They took some pictures of him.

3.

M: How nice these tomatoes are! Oh, those vegetables are fresh from country. Put some in the basket, Sally.

W: Dad, I want a bottle of Nongfu Spring.

M: Take one from the shelf yourself.

W: Thank you. Let's go to the checkout.

4.

M: Have you got a pen-friend?

W: No, but I have several net-pals. One is from Japan, two are from America and another two are in China. How about you?

M: I have only one net-pal in China. My English is not good, so I can't communicate with net-pals from other countries.

5.

W: Excuse me. Does this bus go to the Space Museum?

M: Oh, no. It goes to the Bund.

W: What shall I do then?

M: You can get off at the People's Square, and then take Underground Line 8. It will take you right there.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 Yang Ming has a friend. The boy's name is James. 我们得知, 他是 Yang Ming 的朋友。答案是: He's Yang Ming's friend.
2. 由 Sometimes he is in China with his parents. 来看, 他们在中国。所以要回答: They're in China.
3. The boy has big blue eyes. 告诉我们答案是: They're blue.
4. 我们从 Sometimes he is in America with his grandparents and uncles and aunts. 了解到, 该题要这样回答: They're in America.
5. 短文中的倒数第四、五句就是该题的答案: His favourite food is hamburgers, potato chips, coke and ice cream, dumplings and some Chinese food.

Lesson 39-40

一. 词汇听写资料

front	/frʌnt/	n.前面 adj.前部的
careful	/ˈkeəfʊl/	adj.小心的, 仔细的
vase	/vɑːz, veɪz/	n.花瓶
drop	/drɒp/	v.摔下 n.珠, 滴
flower	/ˈflaʊə/	n.花
be careful	小心	
in front of	在……的前面	
send	/send/	v.送给
show	/ʃəʊ/	v.给……看
take	/teɪk/	v.带给

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: How do you go to work?

W: I usually walk or ride to work, but today I took a bus.

2.

M: Excuse me, what day is it today?

W: It's Thursday.

3.

M: How long have you studied in this university?

W: For three years. And I will study for another two years.

4.

M: How much are the tomatoes?

W: They are 4 yuan a kilo.

M: I'll take two kilos, please.

5.

M: Kitty, you look very cool in the glasses.

W: Thanks, Ben. And you also look nice in that hat.

M: It's kind of you to say so. I bought it this morning.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。由文中第一句 The Greens are English.可以知道他来自 England。
2. C。从文中第二句可以得知。
3. A。由文中第二自然段第一句可以知道。
4. B。从文章中可以直接找到答案 Their son Jim is a middle school student.
5. D。文章的最后一句就是本题的答案。

Lesson 41-42

一. 词汇听写资料

a bar of	一条
a bottle of	一瓶
a loaf of	一个
a piece of	一块, 一张, 一片
a pond of	一磅
a quarter of	四分之一
bread	/bred/ n. 面包
certainly	/ˈsɜ:tənli/ adv. 当然
cheese	/tʃi:z/ n. 乳酪, 干酪
chocolate	/ˈtʃɒkəlaɪt/ n. 巧克力
coffee	/ˈkɒfi/ n. 咖啡
half	/ha:f/ n. 一半
heavy	/ˈhevi/ adj. 重的
piece	/pi:s/ n. 片, 块
soap	/səʊp/ n. 肥皂
sugar	/ˈʃʊɡə/ n. 糖
tea	/ti:/ n. 茶
tobacco	/təˈbækəʊ/ n. 烟草, 烟丝
any	/ˈeni/ det. 一些
bird	/bɜ:d/ n. 鸟
some	/sʌm/ det. 一些

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: What is your favourite festival, Alice?

W: I like the Spring Festival best, Mike, because I can get some lucky money.

M: I like the Mid-Autumn Festival, for I think mooncakes are the most delicious food in the world.

2.

M: What's your trouble?

W: I can't find my mother and I don't know the way home.

M: Can you tell me the telephone number?

W: Sorry, I can't remember it.

3.

M: I feel bored. Shall we go to the museum?

W: I'd rather stay at home. I hate to go to such a far place.

M: Then why not go downstairs for shopping?

W: That sounds great.

4.

M: What do you want to be in the future?

W: I enjoy dancing, so I'd like to be a dancer. But my parents want me to be a doctor. How about you?

M: I am interested in flying in space. So I want to be an astronaut.

W: What great fun it is to work in space!

5.

W: Billy! What's wrong with you? Aren't you hurt?

M: I slipped over the wet floor. I think my foot is broken, Mum.

W: Oh, I hope not. Which foot is it?

M: The left one. It hurts right here.

W: I don't think it's broken. Let's go to see the doctor right away.

M: I'm glad it wasn't my right foot. That's the one I need for football.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. Wei Hua 看见姐姐的床是空的, 说明她们住在一个卧室。要填 same。
2. 从 Wei Hua 讲的, It's Saturday today 来看, 她们不上学。故应填写 school。
3. Wei Hua 还没有起床, 就看见姐姐的床是空的。由此可见, 在她醒来之前, 姐姐已经起床了。要填 before。
4. Wei Hua 还没有起床, 自然是在卧室里和姐姐谈话的。应填 bedroom。
5. 从故事内容和 Wei Hua 说的最后一句话我们能够得知, difficult 的意思是“困难的”, 也就是“不容易的”。要填 easy。
6. 从 Wei Hua 说的 I go to middle school next term. 能够证实, 她在上六年级。应填 Six。
7. 从 Wei Hua 问姐姐的问题就能看出, 她想知道英语是否难学。该空应当填写 know。

Lesson 43-44

一. 词汇听写资料

behind	/bɪ'hænd/	prep. 在……后面
boil	/bɔɪl/	v. 沸腾, 开
boiling	/bɔɪlɪŋ/	adj. 沸腾的
cupboard	/'kʌbəd/	n. 碗橱
dear	/dɪə/	adj. 亲爱的
find	/faɪnd/	v. 找到
hurry up		快点
kettle	/'ketl/	n. 水壶
now	/naʊ/	adv. 现在, 此刻
of course		当然
over there		在那边
teacup	/'ti:kʌp/	n. 茶杯
teapot	/'ti:pɒt/	n. 茶壶

二. 对话理解原文

1.

A: Are you from England, Tom?

B: No, I'm from America.

2.

A: What are you going to do tomorrow?

B: I'm going to have a swim.

3.

A: Hi, Li Lei. Where were you yesterday morning? Were you at home?

B: No. I went to a bookshop to buy some books.

Lesson 45-46

4.

A: What's the weather like tomorrow?

B: The radio says that it will be cloudy tomorrow.

5.

A: What do you usually have for breakfast, Wang Hong?

B: I usually have some bread, milk and eggs.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. B。这是一道事实分析题。因为 cat 是属于 Billy 的, 故不可能是 Sandy (A), 答案 C Kitty 是小猫的名字, 答案 D Miss 是 Billy 的老师, 也不可能给小猫起名。
2. C。这是一道推理题, 文中没有直接提到原因, 但据分析可知, 现在是在 Miss Gao 的课堂上, Billy 显然不想让别人知道, 故选 C。做此类题时切记, 要从作者的角度去分析问题, 不能主观臆断。
3. D。文中第二段提到 The cat can't stay there long. 故可知 D 是对的。
4. A。答案 B、C、D 文中均未提到, 但据文中最后 Miss Gao 对待 cat 的态度及处理方式, 可推断 A 是最佳答案。
5. C。这是一道结果推断题。据整文推断, Billy 选择 A 的可能性没有, 选择 B 的可能性也微乎其微, C 与 D 比较, C 的可能性比 D 大, 故选 C。

一. 词汇听写资料

ask	/ɑ:sk/	v. 请求, 要求
boss	/bɒs/	n. 老板, 上司
can	/kæn/	v. 能够
door	/dɔ:/	n. 门
handwriting	/ˈhænd.raɪtɪŋ/	n. 书写
minute	/ˈmɪnɪt/	n. 分 (钟)
next	/nekst/	n. 下一个
terrible	/ˈterəbl/	adj. 糟糕的, 可怕的
biscuit	/ˈbɪskɪt/	n. 饼干
cake	/keɪk/	n. 饼, 蛋糕
lift	/lɪft/	v. 拿起, 搬起, 举起

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: What time does our football match start on Sunday?

W: The game begins at 2: 00.

M: Cool! Who are we going to play with?

W: A team of soldiers, surprised?

M: Wow, they must be very strong and have excellent foot skills.

W: Maybe. But soldiers usually give a good game.

M: I'll try my best.

W: Don't hurt your feet these days.

M: Don't worry. See you then.

2.

W: I'm going to Switzerland, but I am a little nervous.

M: Why are you nervous?

W: Because I don't know the culture there.

M: Take it easy! I'm glad to tell you what you should do. Above all, don't be late! Being on time is very important there, because they care about time.

W: I know their watches are very famous.

M: I'd like to buy such a famous watch for my father as a Father's Day present.

W: That's a nice idea.

3

M: Hello! May I speak to Mrs. White?

W: I'm sorry. She isn't here right now.

M: I see. Will she be back soon?

W: She won't be back until four.

M: Thanks.

4.

M: Do you watch a lot of sports on TV?

W: Not really. But I like to play ping-pong.

M: I like football and volleyball. And I enjoy watching ping-pong match. The Chinese ping-pong team is the best in the world.

W: I agree.

5.

M: Hey, why don't we go to see the new play on Sunday?

W: I'd rather not. I'm not really interested in the play.

M: Well, how about going shopping instead?

W: That sounds good. And let's go to the new supermarket near the bank.

M: OK.

1. A。从老师问他们“3+4 等于几”来看，他才上一年级。

2. C。从 After supper his father and he go for a walk.来看，他们是在晚上出去散步的。

3. A。从 Sam 对爸爸讲的 I want a bike, too! So I can go to school by bike.就能得知，他想骑自行车去学校。

4. B。

5. D。老师当然不是最差的。故事也没有指明 Sam 或别的孩子是最差的。那只有选 D 了。

三. 阅读理解参考答案

Lesson 47-48

一. 词汇听写资料

black coffee	清咖啡
like	/laɪk/ v.喜欢, 想要
want	/wɒnt/ v.想
apple	/ˈæpl/ n.苹果
banana	/bəˈnɑ:nə/ n.香蕉
beer	/bɪə/ n.啤酒
blackboard	/ˈblækbo:d/ n.黑板
butter	/ˈbʌtə/ n.黄油
choice	/tʃɔɪs/ adj.上等的, 精选的 n.选择
egg	/eg/ n.鸡蛋
fresh	/freʃ/ adj.新鲜的
honey	/ˈhʌni/ n.蜂蜜
jam	/dʒæm/ n.果酱
orange	/ˈɒrɪndʒ/ n.橙
pure	/pjʊə/ adj.纯净的
ripe	/raɪp/ adj.成熟的
Scotch whisky	苏格兰威士忌
sweet	/swi:t/ adj.甜的
wine	/waɪn/ n.酒, 果酒

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: Can you tell me how to use this CD player?

M: Sure. First you have to turn it on. Just press the first button.

W: OK. Do I have to open this now?

M: Yes. Open it.

W: How do I open it?

M: Just press the button on the right.

2.

W: We saw you on the news last night, Frank.

M: Oh, yeah.

W: So tell us what happened?

M: Well, I was walking alone on the beach when I heard someone calling out for help. I looked, and there in the water was a little boy. I jumped into the water and saved the boy.

W: You're really great!

3.

W: Good morning! Can I help you?

M: Yes, please. I want a T-shirt.

W: What size do you want?

M: Size M, please.

W: OK! What about this one?

M: Sorry! I don't like black. Have you got any other colors?

W: Oh, yes. We've also got blue, brown and white ones.

M: Can I have a look at the brown ones?

W: Certainly.

M: How much is it?

W: \$ 48.

M: OK, I'll take it.

4.

M: Hi, Kathy! What are your plans for the coming summer vacation?

W: I've no idea. Maybe I will spend it abroad.

M: Which country would you like to go to?

W: I'm not sure. I just want to relax because I feel very tired these

days.

M: If I were you, I would go to Switzerland. It's really a nice place.

W: I don't think so.

M: What about Hawaii? There is lots of sunshine there all the year round.

W: Sounds interesting. Of course I could practice English as well. Thanks for your suggestion.

M: My pleasure.

5.

W: Excuse me, could you tell me how far it is from our school to the zoo?

M: Sure. It's only 15 minutes' walk.

W: How can I get there? I'm new here, you know.

M: Well, walk along School Road to the traffic lights.

W: And then?

M: Then turn left and you'll be on Green Street. There is a hotel on the corner and the zoo is right next to the hotel. You can't miss it.

W: Thanks a lot for your help. By the way, could you tell me where I can get a cup of coffee?

M: Er... You can get it in the zoo.

W: Many thanks.

M: You're welcome.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. T。从 My father, mother, my brother Sun Hue and I sit at table. 可以看出他们有四口人。
2. F。从第一句话来看, Sun Hua 是 Lili 的兄弟, 当然是 Mr. Sun 的儿子。
3. T。由 I can see some cakes, bread, meat, four glasses, a box of tea. 能够证实这一点。

4. F。从 There're full of orange.来看, 里面装的是桔子汁。

5. F。在 No, thanks, Mother.中, 我们能够看出答案是否定的。

6. F。从时间上来看, 他们在吃午饭。

7. T。从最后两个孩子说的话能够得知, 他们都是学生, 都要去上学。

Lesson 49-50

一. 词汇听写资料

beef	/bi:f/	n. 牛肉
butcher	/'bʊtʃə/	n. 卖肉的人 v. 屠宰
chicken	/'tʃɪkən/	n. 鸡
either	/ɪðə/	adv. 也 (用于否定句)
husband	/'hʌzbənd/	n. 丈夫
lamb	/læm/	n. 羔羊肉
meat	/mi:t/	n. 肉 (食用)
mince	/mɪns/	n. 肉馅, 绞肉
steak	/steɪk/	n. 牛排
tell	/tel/	v. 告诉
truth	/tru:θ/	n. 实情
bean	/bi:n/	n. 豆角
cabbage	/'kæbɪdʒ/	n. 卷心菜
grape	/greɪp/	n. 葡萄
lettuce	/'letɪs/	n. 莴苣
potato	/pə'tetəʊ/	n. 土豆
pea	/pi:/	n. 豌豆
peach	/pi:tʃ/	n. 桃
pear	/peə/	n. 梨
tomato	/tə'metəʊ/	n. 西红柿

二. 对话理解原文

1

Girl: Excuse me. Could I borrow your CD player tomorrow?

Boy: Sorry, the room is too noisy. Could you speak more loudly, please?

2

Girl: Hey, boy, can't you see "No Photos" here?

Boy: Sorry.

3

Girl: Excuse me. Where is the tea grown?

Boy: It's only grown in China and India.

4

Boy: Oh, what's that in the sky? Is it a plane under the sun?

Girl: No, it's only a kite.

Boy: Whose is it?

Girl: It's mine. My father gave it to me as my birthday present last month.

5

Boy: What country do you want to start your journey this time, India again?

Girl: No, it should be China.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 Class is over. 来看, 他们是学生。因此, 该题要这样回答: They're students.
2. 从两个孩子的对话来看, 他们都在学校里吃午饭。其答案是: They have lunch at school today.
3. 从 Sam 说的 I have two hamburgers in my bag. 和 There're two bottles of orange juice in my bag. 我们知道, 该题的答案是: They're two hamburgers and two bottles of orange juice.
4. Mum gives me two eggs, a cake and some potato chips. They're all my favourite food. 已经告诉我们, 该题应当这样回答: Her favourite food is eggs, cakes and potato chips.

5. 从 May 接受了 Saw 的饮料来看, 他们喝了橙汁。故应回答: They have some orange juice today.

Lesson 51-52

一. 词汇听写资料

April	/ˈeɪprəl/	n.4 月
August	/ˈɔːɡəst/	n.8 月
autumn	/ˈɔːtəm/	n.秋天
climate	/ˈklaɪmət/	n.气候
cold	/kəʊld/	adj.寒冷的
country	/ˈkʌntri/	n.国家
December	/dɪˈsembə/	n.12 月
February	/ˈfebruəri/	n.2 月
hot	/hɒt/	adj.炎热的
January	/ˈdʒænjʊəri/	n.1 月
July	/dʒʊ(:)ˈlaɪ/	n.7 月
June	/dʒuːn/	n.6 月
March	/mɑːtʃ/	n.3 月
May	/meɪ/	n.5 月
November	/nəʊˈvembə/	n.11 月
October	/ɒkˈtəʊbə/	n.10 月
pleasant	/ˈplezənt/	adj.宜人的
rain	/rem/	v.下雨
September	/səpˈtembə/	n.9 月
snow	/snəʊ/	v.下雪
sometimes	/ˈsʌmtaɪmz/	adv.有时
spring	/sprɪŋ/	n.春季; 泉
summer	/ˈsʌmə/	n.夏天

warm	/wɔ:m/	adj.温暖的
weather	/ˈweðə/	n.天气
windy	/ˈwɪndi/	adj.有风的
winter	/ˈwɪntə/	n.冬天
Brazil	/brəˈzɪl/	n.巴西
England	/ˈɪŋɡlənd/	n.英国
France	/ˈfrɑ:ns/	n.法国
Germany	/ˈdʒɜ:məni/	n.德国
Holland	/ˈhɒlənd/	n.荷兰
Italy	/ˈɪtəli/	n.意大利
Norway	/ˈnɔ:wei/	n.挪威
Russia	/ˈrʌʃə/	n.俄罗斯
Spain	/speɪn/	n.西班牙
Sweden	/ˈswi:dn/	n.瑞典

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: That's a beautiful skirt.

W: Thanks. I bought it for my daughter.

2.

Boy: Did Jack invite you to his swimming party?

Girl: Swimming? It's too bad for swimming.

3.

John: What's on at the cinema, Mary?

Mary: An American film. I have two tickets. Let's go and see it now.

John: All right.

4.

Tom: This problem is hard, Alice.

Alice: Yes, it is. Do you need any help, Tom?

Tom: No, thanks. I'll try to do it myself.

5.

A: Excuse me, can you tell me where the teachers' office is?

B: Sorry, I'm new here, too. But they told me it's on the fourth floor.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. A。这道题在问 Johnny 何时要去上学。文章中说七点半，那当然是早上。
2. D。文中并没有讲 Oscar 和 Julia 有什么关系，A、B 不能选；也没有说他和 Johnny 是朋友，而从 The two boys are in the same class. 来看，他们是同班同学。
3. B。短文中说 He's at table over there. 这里的 at table 就是说在“就餐”。由于当时正是早上，那他就在吃早点。
4. C。从 Julia 在电话中所回答的来看，除了她以外，全家人都在为 Johnny 服务，老奶奶自然是在给 Johnny 梳头。

Lesson 53-54

一. 词汇听写资料

always	/ˈɔːlweɪz/	adv.总是
best	/best/	adv.最
conversation	/ˌkɒnvə'seɪʃən/	n.谈话
day	/deɪ/	n.白昼
early	/ˈɜːli/	adv.早
east	/iːst/	n.东方
England	/ˈɪŋɡlənd/	n.英国
interesting	/ˈɪntrɪstɪŋ/	adj.有趣的, 有意思的
late	/leɪt/	adv.晚, 迟
long	/lɒŋ/	adj.长的
mild	/maɪld/	adj.温和的, 温暖的
night	/naɪt/	n.夜晚
north	/nɔːθ/	n.北方
rise	/raɪz/	v.升起
season	/ˈsiːzn/	n.季节
set	/set/	v. (太阳) 落下去
short	/ʃɔːt/	adj.短的
south	/saʊθ/	n.南方
subject	/ˈsʌbdʒɪkt/	n.话题; 课程; 主语
west	/west/	n.西方
wet	/wet/	adj.潮湿的
Australia	/əˈstreɪliə/	n.澳大利亚
Australian	/əˈstreɪliən/	n.澳大利亚人

Austria	/ˈɒstriə/	n.奥地利
Austrian	/ˈɒstriən/	n.奥地利人
Canada	/ˈkænədə/	n.加拿大
Canadian	/kəˈneɪdiən/	n.加拿大人
China	/ˈtʃaɪnə/	n.中国
Finland	/ˈfɪnlənd/	n.芬兰
Finnish	/ˈfɪnɪʃ/	n.芬兰人
India	/ˈɪndiə/	n.印度
Indian	/ˈɪndiən/	n.印度人
Japan	/dʒəˈpæn/	n.日本
Korea	/kəˈriə/	n.韩国
Nigeria	/naɪˈdʒɪəriə/	n.尼日利亚
Nigerian	/naɪˈdʒɪəriən/	n.尼日利亚人
Poland	/ˈpəʊlənd/	n.波兰
Polish	/ˈpəʊlɪʃ/	n.波兰人
Thailand	/ˈtaɪlənd/	n.泰国
Turkey	/ˈtɜːki/	n.土耳其
Turkish	/ˈtɜːkɪʃ/	n.土耳其人

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: Excuse me, I can't start my car. Would you please give me a hand?

M: Sorry, I'll have to be at the doctor's in five minutes, and I'm late.

W: But it'll only take a moment.

M: Oh, well. OK, where is it?

2.

Lesson 55-56

M: I've just bought this coat on sale. I paid only \$200 for it. What do you think of it?

W: It's very nice, but my daughter bought the same thing for half the price.

3.

M: Hello! May I speak to John, please?

W: Sorry, he isn't at home. He has gone to the library. Who's that speaking?

M: This is his classmate.

4.

M: Hi, Lucy. What's that on the desk?

W: A Chinese book. I'm learning Chinese.

M: When did you start to learn Chinese?

W: I started to learn it two years ago.

5.

M: Excuse me, which subject is your favorite?

W: I like drawing. It's my favorite.

M: I hope to see your pictures as soon as possible.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 I have to finish my homework before I go to bed. 来看, 作者是在晚上做作业的。要填 evening。
2. My mother cleans the dining-room and then she washes the school clothes for me. 告诉我们, 母亲要做家务事。故应填 housework。
3. 由 My father says the shops are open now. 我们能够得知, 父亲认为商店没有关门。要填 closed。
4. 从 When I got to the Uncle Wang's shop, he says hello to me. 来看, 他对“我”很友好。该空应填 friendly。
5. 从 They are not expensive. I buy one exercise-book and go home quickly. 可以看出, 那里的东西不贵。故应填 cheap。

一. 词汇听写资料

afternoon	/ˈɑːftəˈnuːn/	n. 下午
arrive	/əˈraɪv/	v. 到达
evening	/ˈiːvniŋ/	n. 晚上
home	/həʊm/	n. 家 adv. 国家
homework	/ˈhəʊmwɜːk/	n. 家庭作业
housework	/ˈhaʊswɜːk/	n. 家务
live	/lɪv/	v. 住, 生活 adj. 活的
lunch	/lʌntʃ/	n. 午饭
night	/naɪt/	n. 夜间
noon	/nuːn/	n. 中午
see	/siː/	vi. & vt. 看见
stay	/steɪ/	v. 待在, 停留
street	/striːt/	n. 街道
together	/təˈgeðə/	adv. 一起
usually	/ˈjuːʒuəli/	adv. 通常

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Excuse me, where is the Children's Bookstore?

W: It's at 13 Main Street.

M: Thank you.

2.

M: Hello?

W: Hi, Mark. How are you feeling?

M: Very bad. I still have this terrible cold.

W: Oh, so sorry to hear that.

3.

M: This is a great photo, Mary. Who is she? Your sister?

W: No. She is a friend of mine. Her name's Ellen.

4—5

M: Hey, Julia. Do you want to go dancing with us on Friday night?

W: Friday night? Sure. What time?

M: About ten.

W: Ten o'clock? That's pretty late.

M: Yeah, but, we will finish the class at nine. And about then we're going out for dinner. we'll go dancing after that.

W: Well, I don't know. My favorite movie is on TV on this Friday. It starts on nine thirty.

M: Oh, come on! You can buy the movie and watch it any time you like.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 由 Super is over.能够得知,这时候是晚上。该题的答案是: It's an evening now.
2. Mr. Charles is watching a football game on TV.告诉我们,他所喜爱的体育运动是足球。所以,它的答案是: His favourite sport is football.
3. 从短文内容可以看出,他有妻子、一个儿子和一个女儿。因此,他家有四口人。故应回答: There're four people in his family.
4. Alice 是 Mr. Charles 的女儿, Dick 是他的儿子。那么 Dick 是 Alice 的弟弟。该题应当这样回答: Her brother is Dick.
5. 从短文内容我们能够看出,猫在玩球。其答案是: Their cat/Mimi is.

Lesson 57-58

一. 词汇听写资料

moment	/ˈməʊmənt/	n.片刻
o'clock	/əˈklɒk/	n.点钟
shop	/ʃɒp/	n.商店
tonight	/təˈnaɪt/	n.今晚, 今夜

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: How about my food? I have been sitting here for half an hour.

W: Sorry, sir. It must be ready now.

2.

M: Are you all here this morning?

W: Everyone is here except Li Hua.

3.

M: Do you study at No. 1 Middle School, Mike?

W: Yes, I do. But I studied at No. 5 Middle school last year.

4.

M: Don't you think her TV is too noisy, Jim?

W: Yes, I'll ask her to turn it down.

5.

M: I don't think people will need radios any more in the future.

W: I don't quite agree with you.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 Harry meets his classmate Sally at the bus stop.就能得知,他们在一个班。应填 same。
2. Harry 问两个提包是不是 Sally 的,她说是的。由此可见,该空应填 two。

3. 从 Harry 说的 You can't carry them two. Let me help you.可以看出, Sally 提不动两个提包。故应填 can't。
4. 由 There's nothing in it.可以看出, 那个大包是空的。因此, 此空应当填 empty。
5. 从 Harry 所讲的话就能得知, 他要提那个重的提包。该空应当填写 heavy。

Lesson 59-60

一. 词汇听写资料

chalk	/tʃɔ:k/	n. 粉笔
change	/tʃeɪndʒ/	n. 零钱, 找给的钱
else	/els/	adj. 别的
envelope	/ˈenvɪləʊp/	n. 信封
glue	/glu:/	n. 胶水
ink	/ɪnk/	n. 墨水
pad	/pæd/	n. 信件簿
shop assistant		售货员
size	/saɪz/	n. 尺码, 尺寸, 大小
stationer	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)nə/	n. 文具商
writing paper		信纸

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: Which animal do you like best?

W: You can guess. It has black and white eyes. It likes eating bamboo.

2.

W: Would you go to the park by bus or on foot?

M: I would rather go there on foot than by bus. You see. it's Sunday today and it is very crowded on the bus. Besides, it is a fine day today.

3.

W: Excuse me. How can I get to the museum?

M: Walk along this road and turn right at the second crossing. It's

Lesson 61-62

beside the hospital.

4.

M: Can I help you?

W: Yes. I'm looking for a dress.

M: What color would you like?

W: I like blue best..

5.

W: Will you be free tomorrow?

M: Yes.

W: How about seeing a movie together?

M: Great! When and where shall we meet?

W: Outside Wanda Cinema at twenty to ten in the morning.

M: That would be fine.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. favourite。在句子 People like swimming in summer because water makes them feel cool.中可以分析得知，在夏天，游泳是人们最喜爱的运动。
2. dangerous。从 If you swim in a wrong place, it may not be safe. 可以看出，在不适当的地方游泳是很危险的。
3. lives。从 Some people died while they were enjoying themselves in the water. Most of them were students. But some people are still not careful in swimming.看出，有些游泳好手在游泳时失去了生命。
4. swim。从 So don't get into water when you are alone.可见，在你独自一人时最好不要去游泳。
5. sign。从 If there is a "No Swimming" sign, don't get into water, either.可以得到答案。

一. 词汇听写资料

bad	/bæd/	adj.坏的，严重的
call	/kɔ:l/	v.叫，请 n.电话
cold	/kəʊld/	n.感冒
doctor	/ˈdɒktə/	n.医生，博士
feel	/fi:l/	v.感觉
ill	/ɪl/	adj.生病的
look	/lʊk/	v.看（起来）
mouth	/maʊθ/	n.嘴
must	/mʌst/	v.必须
news	/nju:z/	n.消息
remember	/rɪ'membə/	v.记得，记住
telephone	/ˈtelɪfəʊn/	n.电话
tongue	/tʌŋ/	n.舌头
week	/wi:k/	n.周，星期
aspirin	/ˈæspərɪn/	n.阿司匹林
dentist	/ˈdentɪst/	n.牙医
earache	/ˈɪəreɪk/	n.耳痛
flu	/flu:/	n.流行性感冒
headache	/ˈhedɪk/	n.头痛
measles	/ˈmi:zlz/	n.麻疹
medicine	/ˈmedɪsɪn/	n.药
mumps	/mʌmps/	n.腮腺炎
stomachache	/ˈstʌməkeɪk/	n.胃痛

temperature	/ˈtempərətʃə/	n. 温度
toothache	/ˈtuːθeɪk/	n. 牙痛

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: What's John wearing today?

M: He's wearing a white shirt and blue pants.

2.

W: What's your hobby, Jack?

M: I like reading.

3.

W: I prefer sports shows to TV plays.

M: Me, too.

4.

W: Oh, it's raining. How long has it rained?

M: It began to rain at 3: 00. Now it's five o'clock.

5.

W: Which would you like, beer or wine?

M: Neither. I want a soft drink.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 It's very hot in the rooms and he can't stay in it. 我们可以得知, 由于天气很热, Nick 才出来的。故应答作: Because it's very hot in the rooms.
2. Nick 出来的时候, 手里拿着一本书, 他出来是看书的。该句的答案是: He comes out to read the book.
3. 文中的 He sits under a tree and puts his feet in the water. 已经告诉我们, 他坐在河边的树下。该句的答案是: He sits under the tree near by the river.

4. 从 Nick doesn't want to stop reading. 我们能够得知, 他是想看书, 才不游泳的。应到这样回答: Because he wants to read the book.
5. Becky 认为, Nick 住在河边, 就应当学会游泳。当她听到他说不会游泳时, 就觉得奇怪。故应回答: Because she hears Nick can't swim.

Lesson 63-64

一. 词汇听写资料

better	/ˈbetə/	adj.较好的
certainly	/ˈsɜːtənli/	adv.当然
food	/fuːd/	n.食物
remain	/rɪˈmeɪn/	v.保持, 继续
rich	/rɪtʃ/	adj.富有的
rich food		油腻食品
yet	/jet/	adv.还, 仍
play	/pleɪ/	v.玩
match	/mætʃ/	n.火柴 v.匹配
talk	/tɔːk/	v.谈话 n.交谈
library	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	n.图书馆
drive	/draɪv/	v.开车
quickly	/ˈkwɪkli/	adv.快地
break	/breɪk/	v.打破 n.缝隙
noise	/nɔɪz/	n.喧闹声
lean out		身体探出

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: Is your watch made in Japan?

M: No, it's made in Shanghai.

2.

W: How much is the skirt?

M: 200 yuan.

W: 200 yuan! Are you kidding?

3.

W: Excuse me, where is the nearest supermarket?

M: Sorry, I'm new here. You may ask that policeman.

W: Thank you all the same.

4.

W: Look! There are so many black clouds in the sky.

M: Yes. I think it's going to rain soon.

5.

W: Tomorrow I plan to go for a picnic with Joan.

M: Great. May I go with you?

W: Of course.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. C. 该题的设计颇具匠心。第一句话 It's Saturday today 给人一个印象, 在电话响的时候, Jim 还在床上, 而且卧室里还是黑的, 好像他不起床是由于这是星期六, 不上学, 或者是由于天还没有亮(冬季的时候七点天还是黑的), 其实这都不是正确的理由。而在一般情况下, 学生不会在早上五点就起床, 才是真正的原因。
2. D. 所给的四个选项都是 ring 的词义。但从 Jim 去接电话来看, 是他听见电话铃响了以后才去的。因此, 该词的意思应当是“响”。
3. B. 从 It's dark in his bedroom and he doesn't know what time it is. 我们可以看出, 他无法看钟, 就不知道时间。
4. A. 短文当中并没有告诉我们, 两个孩子之间是什么关系。但从他们的对话之中和所给的四个选项来进行比较就能看出, 他们是朋友。
5. B. Bill 在电话中说, 他们要吃晚饭, 这说明他所在的地方的时间在下午六点以后, C、D 不能选; 悉尼和伦敦之间的时差是十个小时, 所以应当是七点。
6. D. 这一个题实际上是在考查学生的地理知识。英国的首都是伦敦。

Lesson 65-66

一. 词汇听写资料

baby	/ˈbeɪbi/	n. 婴儿
Dad	/dæd/	n. (儿语) 爸
enjoy	/ɪnˈdʒɔɪ/	v. 享有
hear	/hɪə/	v. 听见
key	/ki/	n. 钥匙
mum	/mʌm/	n. 妈妈
ourselves	/aʊəˈselvz/	pron. 我们自己
yourself	/jɔːˈself/	pron. 你自己
herself	/hɜːˈself/	pron. 她自己
himself	/hɪmˈself/	pron. 他自己
myself	/maɪˈself/	pron. 我自己
themselves	/ðəmˈselvz/	pron. 他们自己

二. 对话理解原文

1.

M: What do you think of yesterday's football match?

W: It was wonderful.

2.

W: Shall we go swimming?

M: I'm afraid I can't. My mother is ill today.

3.

M: Hello, Mr. White here.

W: Good morning, this is Alice. Is Helen there, please?

M: Sorry, she has gone to Beijing. She will return before Wednesday.

4.

W: Tea or coffee, Bob?

M: Neither. I'd like a glass of milk.

5.

W: Tomorrow is Women's Day. Let's give our mother a surprise.

M: That's great.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. The traffic goes or stops on the left. 从 the traffic keeps to the left. 表明, 在英国, 车辆总是靠左行。
2. In the morning and in the evening when people back from work. 从 In the morning and in the evening when people go to or back from work, The streets are very busy. 可知, 在早上和晚上, 人们下班回家的时候, 街道繁忙, 车辆易于发生危险。
3. Yes, it's different. 我们都知道, 有些国家的车辆是靠右行。
4. We must remember to walk to the left in the street. 从 Always remember the traffic moves on the left. 看出, 车辆靠左行, 人也要靠左行。
5. Two. 从 there are big buses with two floors. 可判断出, 英国的大公共汽车有两层。

Lesson 67-68

一. 词汇听写资料

absent	/ˈæbsənt/	adj. 缺席的
country	/ˈkʌntri/	n. 乡村
Friday	/ˈfraɪdi/	n. 星期五
greengrocer	/ˈɡriːnɡrəʊsə/	n. 蔬菜水果零售商
keep	/ki:p/	v. 处于 (状况)
lucky	/ˈlʌki/	adj. 幸运的
Monday	/ˈmʌndi/	n. 星期一
Saturday	/ˈsætədi/	n. 星期六
spend	/spend/	v. 度过, 花费
Sunday	/ˈsʌndi/	n. 星期日
Thursday	/ˈθɜ:zdi/	n. 星期四
Tuesday	/ˈtju:zdi/	n. 星期二
Wednesday	/ˈwenzdei/	n. 星期三
weekend	/wi:k'end/	n. 周末
baker	/ˈbeɪkə/	n. 面包师傅
church	/tʃɜ:tʃ/	n. 教堂
dairy	/ˈdeəri/	n. 乳品店
grocer	/ˈgrəʊsə/	n. 食品杂货商

二. 对话理解原文

1.

W: Hi, Tom. Do you and Alice like physics?

M: Yes, of course. It's very interesting. But April learns it best in our class.

2.

W: Supper is ready, Mike.

M: All right, Mum. I'm coming.

3.

W: Can I help you?

M: I'd like to buy a pair of shoes.

W: Here are some nice shoes. Have a look, please.

4.

M: I saw Lily at the hospital yesterday. Is her mother ill?

W: Oh, yes, her mother is ill.

5.

W: Which season do you like best, Tom?

M: Winter, because I like skating.

三. 阅读理解参考答案

1. 从 Sally 说的 You have to clean our classroom. 说明他们在同一班。因此,她是 Peter 的同班同学。该句的答案是: She's Peter's classmate.
2. Sally 见 Ann 拿不动篮子, Peter 也说 Sally 拿不动, 要帮助她。由此看来, 只有 Peter 可以拿动。所以, 该题的答案是: Peter can.
3. 从 Miss White? Our English teacher? 能够得知, Miss White 是一个英语教师。该题应当这样回答: She's an English teacher.
4. She's too old. She can't carry the basket. 告诉我们, 这是老太太的篮子。故应这样回答: It's the old woman's.
5. 从对话内容能够看出, Ann, Sally 和 Peter 帮老太太提篮子。所以, 该题的答案是: Three children help her.

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