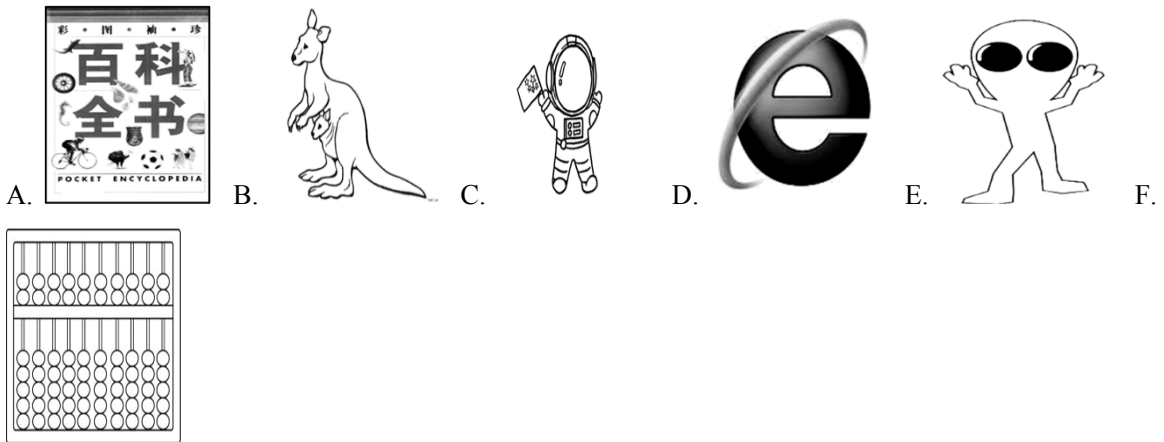


市北初级中学 2023 学年第一学期八年级英语期末练习卷

(完卷时间 90 分钟 满分 120 分) 2024.1

Part 1 Listening comprehension 第一部分 听力理解 (共 25 分)

1. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片。) 【此处可播放相关音频, 请去附件查看】



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

【答案】 ①. F ②. A ③. E ④. B ⑤. C

【解析】

【原文】 1. Some people still use abacuses to calculate nowadays.

2. You can get much information from the Encyclopaedias.

3. Do you believe that an Alien will land on our Earth one day?

4. There are a lot of kangaroos in Australia.

5. I'm interested in spaceships because my father is an astronaut.

II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案。共 5 分)

2. 【此处可播放相关音频, 请去附件查看】

A. 3 yuan.

B. 4 yuan.

C. 10 yuan.

D. 12 yuan.

【答案】 C

【解析】

【原文】 W: How much is the pencil with a smiling face on the top?

M: 4 yuan for one pencil, but if you buy three, they will only cost you 10 yuan in total.

Q: How much will the girl pay if she buys three pencils?

3. 【此处可播放相关音频， 请去附件查看】

A. By bus. B. By underground. C. By car. D. On foot.

【答案】 B

【解析】

【原文】 M: Shall we visit Shanghai Grand Theatre tomorrow?

W: Good idea. How are we going to get there?

M: Let's go there by underground. It's faster and cheaper.

W: OK.

Q: How are they going to Shanghai Grand Theatre tomorrow?

4. 【此处可播放相关音频， 请去附件查看】

A. Father and daughter. B. Doctor and patient. C. Waiter and customer. D. Teacher and student.

【答案】 D

【解析】

【原文】 W: Tim, you are late. You never come to school late. What's the matter?

M: I went over my lessons late last night. I was too tired this morning.

W: OK. Don't be late again next time.

Q: What is the relationship between the two speakers?

5. 【此处可播放相关音频， 请去附件查看】

A. She doesn't need help. B. She needs help. C. The luggage is not heavy. D. She agrees with the man.

【答案】 A

【解析】

【原文】 M: The luggage is very heavy. Let me give you a hand.

W: Thank you. But I can manage myself.

Q: What does the woman mean?

6. 【此处可播放相关音频， 请去附件查看】

two friends came to see me off.”

Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文，完成句子，每空格限填一词。)

【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

12. Someone who _____, _____ or sings is also an artist.
13. Architects plan schools, bus stations, and _____.
14. Architects draw pictures on paper to _____.
15. Architects make a model and then make a _____ when they are happy with their drawings.
16. Workers need to work with the architect to make sure that everything _____ with the plan.

【答案】12. ①. designs ②. draws

13. ①. office ②. buildings

14. ①. get ②. ideas

15. ①. final ②. plan

16. ①. goes ②. well

【解析】

【详解】 You know that a person who paints is an artist. Actually, someone who **designs, draws** or sings is also an artist. An architect is a person who plans what a building will look like. An architect is a kind of artist, too. Architects plan many kinds of buildings. They plan schools, bus stations, and **office buildings**. They planned almost every building you see!

First, architects ask questions about the building they will plan. What will the building be used for? Will it be a store? Will it be a hospital? Will the building be big or small? Architects draw pictures on paper to **get ideas**. When they are happy with their drawings, architects make a model and then make a **final plan**.

Workers should look carefully at the architect's plans. Then the workers follow the plans to make the building. Very often workers have to work with the architect to make sure that everything **goes well** with the plan.

Part 2 Vocabulary and Grammar 第二部分 词汇和语法 (共 40 分)

I. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案。共 16 分)

17. Maths is _____ useful subject for science and technology.

- A. / B. an C. a D. the

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：数学是一门对科学技术有用的学科。

考查冠词。A 选项是零冠词；an 一个，为不定冠词，修饰元音音素开头的单词，表示第一次出现或泛指；a 一个，不定冠词，修饰辅音音素开头的单词，表示第一次出现或泛指；the 这个，定冠词，表示特指。空前“subject”是单数可数名词，第一次出现，并且“useful”是辅音音素开头，所以用 a 修饰。故选 C。

18. Would you please do _____ a favour to pass the homework to the teacher?

- A. my B. me C. I D. myself

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：请你帮我把作业交给老师好吗？

考查代词辨析。my 我的，形容词物主代词；me 我，宾格；I 我，主格；myself 我自己，反身代词。根据“do...a favour”可知，此处为 do sb. a favour“帮某人忙”，do 是动词，其后面接宾格。故选 B。

19. Today is my birthday. My family will hold a big party for me _____ this evening.

- A. on B. in C. at D. /

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：今天是我的生日。我的家人将在今晚为我举办一个盛大的聚会。

考查介词辨析。on 在，后面接具体的一天；in 在，后面接年、月、季节；at 在，后面接时刻；/不填。根据“this evening”可知，此处表示今天晚上，前面不填介词。故选 D。

20. Her joke sounded _____, and it made all the people laugh a lot.

- A. sad B. sadly C. amusing D. amused

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：她的笑话听起来很有趣，这让所有人都大笑。

考查形容词的用法及形容词副词辨析。sad 形容词，悲伤的；sadly 副词，悲伤地；amusing 形容词，有趣的，通常修饰事物；amused 形容词，觉得好笑的，通常修饰人。sounded“听起来”是系动词，后面需加形容词作表语，排除选项 B；根据“it made all the people laugh a lot”可知此处指她的笑话很有趣，应用“amusing”。故选 C。

21. When people heard the roar, they immediately _____ from their chairs.

- A. spring B. stand C. sprang D. sprung

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：当人们听到咆哮声时，他们立刻从椅子上跳了起来。

考查动词辨析。spring 跳跃（原形）；stand 站立；sprang 跳跃（过去式）；sprung 跳跃（过去分词）。根据“*When people heard the roar*”可知，此处表达的是当人们听到咆哮声时，他们立刻有了反应，即从椅子上跳了起来。spring from 表示“从……跳起”，符合语境。且根据 heard 可知，此句时态为一般过去时，所以动词应用其过去式。故选 C。

22. Hurry up, _____ you can't finish the work on time.

- A. or B. so C. but D. and

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：快点，否则你不能按时完成工作。

考查连词辨析。or 否则；so 因此；but 但是；and 和。结合选项和题干可知，此处表示“快点，否则你不能按时完成工作”。故选 A。

23. There are three books on the shelf. One is an English book, _____ are French books.

- A. others B. the other C. another D. the others

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：书架上有三本书。一本是英语书，其余的是法语书。

考查代词辨析。others 表示泛指的其他；the other 表示两者中的另一个；another 表示三者或三者以上的另一个；the others 表示特指的其余所有。分析题干可知，此处特指架子上的其余所有书都是法语书。故选 D。

24. Mobile phones make _____ possible for us to talk to anyone from anywhere.

- A. that B. it C. this D. one

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：手机使我们有可能和任何地方的任何人通话。

考查 it 作形式宾语和代词辨析。that 那；it 它；this 这；one 一个人。分析题干可知，此处应用“make it+形容词+to do sth”结构表示“使做某事……”，其中 it 作形式宾语。故选 B。

25. _____ useful information he has given us! We all thank him.

- A. What an B. What a C. What D. How

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：他给了我们多么有用的信息啊！我们都感谢他。

考查感叹句。what 和 how 都能引导感叹句，what 修饰名词，how 修饰形容词或副词。分析题干可知，空处用于修饰名词 information，且 information 是不可数名词，其前不用不定冠词 a 或 an，所以空处应选 What 引导此感叹句。故选 C。

26. There are many new words in the text, so I would like to _____ in the dictionary.

- A. look up it B. look it up C. look up them D. look them up

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：这篇文章里有很多新单词，所以我想在字典里查找它们。

考查动词短语的用法。look up 查找，代词作宾语需放在中间，排除选项 A 和 C；根据“many new words”可知此处需用“them”代替。故选 D。

27. We _____ these new clothes to the children in the mountain villages next month.

- A. will send B. send C. sent D. will sent

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：下个月我们将把这些新衣服送给山村的孩子。

考查一般将来时。send 送（原形）；sent 送（过去式）。根据“next month”可知，时态是一般将来时，其结构是：will+动词原形。故选 A。

28. _____ they were totally strangers, they got along well with each other.

- A. Although B. As soon as C. When D. Until

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：尽管他们素不相识，但相处得很好。

考查连词辨析。Although 尽管；As soon as 一……就……；When 当……时候；Until 直到。分析句子，此处应用 although 引导让步状语从句，故选 A。

29. You can go to Yunnan Road _____ you want to try Shanghai local snacks.

- A. because B. although C. until D. if

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：如果你想尝试上海本地小吃，你可以去云南路。

考查连词辨析。because 因为；although 尽管；until 直到；if 如果。分析两句话的关系可知，“you want to try Shanghai local snacks”是“You can go to Yunnan Road”的条件，应用“if”引导条件状语从句。故选 D。

30. His diet is _____ than mine, because he eats too much fat and sugar.

- A. less healthier B. less healthy C. as healthy as D. more healthy

【答案】 B

【解析】

【详解】 句意：他的饮食不如我的健康，因为他吃太多脂肪和糖。

考查“less+形容词原级+than”结构和形容词辨析。less healthy 不那么健康；as healthy as 和……一样健康；less healthier 和 more healthy 是错误表达。less 不修饰形容词比较级，所以排除选项 A；healthy 的比较级是 healthier，more healthy 是错误表达，所以排除选项 D；根据“because he eats too much fat and sugar”可知，此处表示“他的饮食不如我的健康”，“less+形容词原级+than”表示“不如”，所以应用 less healthy than 表示“不如……健康”。故选 B。

31. You _____ help us with our group task because we can manage it by ourselves.

- A. need B. don't need C. needn't to D. don't need to

【答案】 D

【解析】

【详解】 句意：你不需要帮助我们完成小组任务，因为我们可以自己完成。

考查动词的用法。need 需要，实义动词或情态动词；don't need 不需要，用在句中需加 to；needn't to 错误表达；don't need to 不需要。根据“we can manage it by ourselves”可知，这里表示“不需要”帮助，排除选项 A 和 C，need 作实义动词时否定句需借助助动词，don't need to do sth.表示“不需要做某事”。故选 D。

32. —_____ did it take you to finish reading the book?

—About two weeks.

- A. When B. How long C. How soon D. How far

【答案】 B

【解析】

【详解】 句意：——读完这本书花了你多长时间？——大约两周。

考查特殊疑问句。When 什么时候；How long 多长时间；How soon 多久之后；How far 多远。根据回答“About two weeks.”可知此处对一段时间提问应用“How long”。故选 B。

Complete the following passage with the words in the box. Each word can only be used once. (选择适当的词完成短文。每词只能用一次，请填 A, B, C 或 D 等序号。)

A. looks like B. near C. because D. spaceship E. costs F. light G. takes

The moon is our nearest neighbour in space. It is the earth's satellite (卫星) and men have visited it already. It

is smaller than the earth. Plants can't grow on the moon 33 there is no air or water on it.

The moon doesn't have its own light. It shines back the 34 of the sun. When the sun is shining on the side of the moon which faces us, it 35 a great ball. We can't see the other side of the moon, because that side never faces the earth.

In fact, the moon isn't as 36 as it looks. It is three hundred and eighty thousand kilometres away from the earth. Of course, we can fly to the moon in a 37. A spaceship flies very, very fast, and it flies at about eleven kilometres a second, so it only 38 more than three days to get there by spaceship.

【答案】 33. C 34. F

35. A 36. B

37. D 38. G

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要介绍了月球的情况。

【33 题详解】

句意：植物不能在月球上生长，因为它上面没有空气和水。根据“Plants can't grow on the moon...there is no air or water on it.”及备选选项可知，此处是因果关系，because“因为”，符合语境。故选 C。

【34 题详解】

句意：它反射出太阳的光芒。根据“The moon doesn't have its own light. It shines back the...of the sun.”及备选选项可知，此处表示月球不发光，它反射出的是太阳的光，light“光”，符合语境。故选 F。

【35 题详解】

句意：当太阳照在月亮朝向我们的一面时，它看起来像个大球。根据“it...a great ball.”及备选选项可知，此处表示月球看起来像个大球，looks like“看起来像”，符合语境。故选 A。

【36 题详解】

句意：实际上，月球没有它看起来那么近。根据“It is three hundred and eighty thousand kilometres away from the earth.”及备选选项可知，此处表示月球没有它看起来那么近，near“近的”，符合语境。故选 B。

【37 题详解】

句意：当然，我们可以坐宇宙飞船飞到月球。根据“we can fly to the moon in a... A spaceship...”及备选选项可知，此处表示乘坐宇宙飞船飞到月球，spaceship“宇宙飞船”，符合语境。故选 D。

【38 题详解】

句意：宇宙飞船飞得非常，非常快，每秒大约飞行十一公里，所以乘坐宇宙飞船到那里只需要三天多一点。根据“it only...more than three days to get there by spaceship.”及备选选项可知，此处是 it takes some time to do sth.“花费时间做某事”，takes“花费”，符合语境。故选 G。

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