Unit 7 Films

Reading

知识精讲

知识点 01　loss　　教材 P94

【用法详解】

loss　　n. 丧失，损失，丢失，常与 of 连用。

I want to report the loss of a package. 我要报告丢失了一个包裹。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

loss of blood 失血　　weight loss 体重减少

When she died I was filled with a sense of loss . 她去世后我心里充满了失落感。

at a loss 不知所措，困惑

I am at a loss what to do next. 我对下一步做什么很困惑。

【典例讲解】

We have _____ a lot of wild animals because of the _____ of their living areas.

A.lose; loss　　B.lost; lose　　C.lost; loss　　D.lose; lost

【答案】C

【解析】

句意：由于野生动物居住地的减少，我们已经失去了很多野生动物。考查词义辨析。现在完成时构成：has/have +过去分词；根据 have 和语境及句意可知此句时态是现在完成时，lose 的过去分词是 lost，故第一个空填 lost；because of 由于，因为，后面跟代词，名词或名词性短语，或动名词；of…的，属于，构成名词所有格，of 前后一般用名词形式，结合句意可知用 lose 的名词 loss；故选 C。

知识点 02　catch one's attention　　教材 P94

【用法详解】

attention　　n. 注意，注意力

catch one's attention = draw one's attention = attract one's attention　吸引某人的注意力

An article in the newspaper caught my attention . 报上一篇文章引起了我的注意。

She tried to attract the waiter's attention . 她试图引起服务员的注意。

I tried not to draw attention to the weak points in my argument.

我尽量使人不察觉到我论证中的弱点。

【典例讲解】

School violence(暴力) _____ much attention of the whole society, and people are calling on the government to make laws against it as soon as possible.

A.caught B.has caught C.was catching D.will catch

【答案】B

【解析】

句意：校园暴力已经引起社会的诸多关注。而且人们正呼吁政府尽可能早的制定法律抵制它。考查时态。由句子 people are calling on the government to make laws against it as soon as possible 人们正呼吁政府尽可能早的制定法律抵制它。可知用现在用完成时表示校园暴力已经引起关注。故选 B。

【拓展】

give one's attention to 注意，关注 pay attention to doing sth 注意

知识点 03 insist 教材 P94

【用法详解】

insist v. 坚持，坚持认为 insist on doing sth 坚持做某事

I didn't really want to go but he insisted. 我并不真的想去，但他硬要我去。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

'Please come with us.' 'Very well then, if you insist .'

"请和我们一起来吧。""那也好，你一定要我去，我就去。"

They insist on playing their music late at night. 已是深夜，他们却依然在放音乐。

【典例讲解】

—My father insists_____. That's harmful.

—You should try your best _____ him.

A.on smoking; to prevent B.to smoke; preventing

C.smoking; prevent　　D.smoke; to prevent

【答案】A

【解析】

句意：--我的父亲坚持吸烟。那是有害的。---你应该尽力阻止他（吸烟）。insist on doing sth, 坚持做某事；try one's best to do sth,尽力做某事。结合句意，故选 A。

知识点 04　lead role　　教材 P94

【用法详解】

the lead role 主角　　play the lead role 扮演主要角色

She got the lead role in the popular TV series Suits in 2024. ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

2024 年，她在热门电视剧《金装律师》中担任主角。

However the lead role is a comedian by the name of Frankie, and he plays himself. ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

然而主角是一个名叫弗兰基的喜剧演员，并且他是本色出演。

【典例讲解】

I would _____a business and _____ a team.

A .run, leading　　B. run, lead

C. to run , to lead　　D .ran, leading

【答案】B

【解析】

句意：我想经营商务，并且领导一个团队。would 后加动词原形，and 连接并列结构，故选 B。

【拓展】**lead 作为动词用法**

1.带路；领路；引领

He led us out into the grounds. 他领我们进了庭园。

I tried to lead the discussion back to the main issue. 我试图把讨论引回到主要问题上。

2. 通向；通往

A path led up the hill. 有一条小路通往山顶。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

Which door leads to the yard? 哪扇门通向庭院？ ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

The track led us through a wood. 我们沿着那条小道穿过了树林。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

3. lead to 导致，造成（后果）

Eating too much sugar can lead to health problems. 食用过多的糖会引起健康问题。

4. 过（某种生活）

to lead a quiet life/a life of luxury/a miserable existence 过宁静／奢侈／悲惨的生活

5.最擅长于；处于首位；处于领先地位

The department led the world in cancer research. 这个系在癌症研究方面走在了世界前列。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

We lead the way in space technology. 我们在航天技术方面处于领先地位。

知识点 05 base 教材 P94

【用法详解】

1.base v. 以…为据点（或总部等）；把（总部等）设在

They decided to base the new company in York.

他们决定将新成立的公司总部设在约克郡。

We're going to base ourselves in Tokyo and make trips from there.

我们将以东京为据点到各地旅行。

2.base on v. 以…为基础（或根据）

What are you basing this theory on? 你这种理论的根据是什么？

【典例讲解】

She plays a role in a film_____ a true story.

A.is based on　　B.base upon

C.was based upon　　D.based upon

【答案】D

【解析】

句意：在这个电影中，她扮演的角色根据一个真实的故事改编。分析选项：is based on 基于；base upon 根据；was based upon 根据；based upon 根据。分析：修饰名词 film, 用形容词短语，因此明确为第四项正确。故选 D

【拓展】

basic　　adj. 基础的，基本的

basic information/facts/ideas 基本信息／事实／思想

the basic principles of law 法律的基本原则

Drums are basic to African music. 鼓是非洲音乐的基本乐器



知识点 06　major　教材 P94

【用法详解】

major　　v. 主要的；重要的；大的

a major road 一条大马路

major international companies 大跨国公司

to play a major role in sth 在某事中起重要作用

We have encountered major problems. 我们遇上了大问题。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

【典例讲解】

Tom is _____university student and he majors _____management at college.

A.an, in　　B.a, in　　C.an, /　　D.a, at

【答案】B

【解析】

major in 表示主修，为固定词组搭配。再根据 university 的首个音标为辅音，故选 B

知识点 07　mark　教材 P94

【用法详解】

mark 作为动词的用法

1. ~ A (with B) 做记号；做标记

Prices are marked on the goods.　价格标在商品上。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

The teacher marked her absent.　老师在她的名字旁做了个缺课的记号。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

Do not open any mail marked 'Confidential'. 不要打开任何标有"机密"的邮件。

2. 留下痕迹；弄污；使有污点

A large purple scar marked his cheek. 他的面颊上有一块大紫疤。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

The surfaces are made from a material that doesn't mark. 这些台面是由不会留下污渍的材料做的。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

3.是…的迹象；成为…的征兆；表明

This speech may mark a change in government policy. 这篇演讲表明政府的政策可能会有变化。

The agreement marks a new phase in international relations. 这一协议标志着国际关系新时期的到来。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

4. （给学生作业）打分，评分，评成绩

I hate marking exam papers. 我讨厌阅卷。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

I spend at least six hours a week marking. 我每周至少要花六个小时批改作业。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

【典例讲解】

Winter Solstice（冬至）_____ the arrival of the coldest season in the year.

A.mark　　B.marks　　C.will mark　　D.marked

【答案】B

【解析】

句意：冬至标志着一年中最冷的季节的到来。A. mark 标记（动词原形）；B. marks　　标记（动词第三人称单数形式）；C. will mark 将标记（一般将来时）；D. marked 标记（动词过去式），根据句意：冬至标志着一年中最冷的季节的到来，是客观事实，要用一般现在时，排除 C 和 D，由主语 Winter Solstice 是第三人称单数，谓语动词要用第三人称单数形式，排除 A，故答案选 B。

【拓展】**mark 作为名词的用法**

1. 污点；污渍；斑点；疤痕

The children left dirty marks all over the kitchen floor. 孩子们把厨房的地板弄得污渍斑斑。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

Detectives found no marks on the body. 侦探没有在尸体上发现任何痕迹。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

2.（人或动物身上有助于识别的）斑点，记号，色斑

a horse with a white mark on its head 头上有块白斑的马

3. 符号；记号；（显示质量、所有者等的）标记

Any piece of silver bearing his mark is extremely valuable. 带有他的印记的每一件银器都极有价值。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

I put a mark in the margin to remind me to check the figure. 我在页边做了个记号来提醒我核对一下这个数字。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

4.（品质或情感的）标志，迹象，表示

On the day of the funeral businesses remained closed as a mark of respect .

葬礼那天，各行业都停业以示敬意。

5.成绩；分数；等级

to get a good/poor mark in English 英语得分高／低

to give sb a high/low mark 给某人高／低分

I got full marks in the spelling test. 我在拼写测验中得了个满分。

知识点 8　final　　教材 P95

【用法详解】

final 作为形容词的用法

1. 最终的；最后的

The referee blew the final whistle. 裁判吹响了终场的哨声。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

The project is in its final stages. 这个项目到了最后阶段。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

I'd like to return to the final point you made. 我想再谈谈你所说的最后一点。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

2.（指结果）最终的，最后的

the final product 成品

No one could have predicted the final outcome. 谁也没有预想到最终结果会是这样。

【典例讲解】

It was their_____ argument. They_____ realized the whole thing.

A.final; finally　　B.finally; final

C.final; final　　D.finally; finally

【答案】A

【解析】

句意：这是他们最后的争论。他们终于意识到整件事。final 最后的，是形容词；finally 最终，是副词。第一空修饰名词 argument，故用形容词 final。第二空修饰动词 realized，故用副词 finally。故选 A。

【拓展】**final 作为名词的用法**

1. 决赛

She reached the final of the 100m hurdles. 她取得了 100 米跨栏的决赛权。

The winner of each contest goes through to the grand final . 每场比赛的胜者进入最后的决赛。

2. 大学毕业考试，期终结业考试；期终考试

to sit/take your finals 参加大学毕业考试

知识点 9　　appearance　　教材 P95

【用法详解】

1. appearance　　n. 公开露面；演出；出庭

The Dutch player will make his first appearance for Liverpool this Saturday.

这名荷兰球员将于本星期六在利物浦队中首次亮相。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html#/javascript:;

The singer's first public appearance was at the age of eight.

这位歌手八岁时初次登台演出。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html#/javascript:;

2. appearance　　n. 外貌；外观；外表

She had never been greatly concerned about her appearance. 她从来不怎么注重外貌。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html#/javascript:;

Judging by appearances can be misleading. 单凭外表判断可能出错。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html#/javascript:;

3.appearance　　n.　抵达，到来

The sudden appearance of a security guard caused them to drop the money and run. 保安人员突然出现，他们丢下钱就跑了。 ../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html#/javascript:;

I don't want to go to the party, but I suppose I'd better put in an appearance 我不想去参加这个聚会，不过我认为最好还是去露个面。

4. appearance　　n. 起源；出现；首次使用

the appearance of organic vegetables in the supermarkets 有机蔬菜在超级市场上市

【典例讲解】

This is his first _____ on the stage, but he hasn't _____ by now.

A.appear ; appearance　　B.appearance; appear

C.appearance; appeared　　D.appeared; appearance

【答案】C

【解析】

句意"这是他第一次在舞台上出现，但到目前为止，他都没有出现过"。根据空前的 first 可知，空处用名词 appearance。By now 要与现在完成时 have done 连用。第二空前有 has，填过去分词 appeared。故选 C。

【拓展】

1. **appear** *v.*　　显得；看来；似乎

../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

She appeared to be in her late thirties. 看样子她快四十岁了。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

They appeared not to know what was happening. 他们似乎不知道正在发生的事。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

It appears that there has been a mistake. 看来有一个差错。

It would appear that this was a major problem. 看来这是个主要问题。

2. appear *v.*　　出现；呈现；显现

A bus appeared around the corner. 一辆公共汽车出现在拐角处。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;

Smoke appeared on the horizon. 地平线上升起了烟雾。../../../../Administrator/AppData/Local/youdao/dict/Application/8.10.3.0/resultui/html/index.html - /javascript:;



知识点 10　beyond　　教材 P95

【用法详解】

beyond 作为介词的用法

1. 超出；除…之外

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