

广东省广州市 2023 年中考英语模拟试卷及答案汇总四

一、完形填空（本大题共 25 小题，共 25.0 分）

完形填空

Waving her 5 year-old daughter goodbye, Wang Yaping was about to set off. She together with Zhai Zhigang and Ye Guangfu, went into space aboard the Shenzhou XIII 1. Oct 16.

The 41-year-old Wang became the first female astronaut to enter Tiangong space station. During their six-month stay, Wang alongside Zhai and Ye will do experiments and set up robotic arms. 2. Wang will also do the first spacewalk by a Chinese woman, reported Xinhua.

Wang's space dream started in 2003, when China sent its first astronaut Yang Liwei into space. She told 3. "China now has a male astronaut. When will there be 4. female one? "At that time, Wang was a pilot in the Chinese army.

After 5. safe flights for 1, 600 hours over nine years, Wang was a strong candidate（候选人）to become an astronaut in 2010. She knew 6. she should do so. She was very strict with herself, getting the same training as men, including the pull-ups and barbells. "The space environment won't change 7. you are a woman, "she told Xinhua.

The most difficult part is the high-G training. Sitting in a spinning machine, Wang would become blind for a while because her brain was short of blood. "There's a red button, "said Wang, "If you can't bear it, you can press it 8. . "Wang never used it. "There is no such red button in my heart. "

That strong spirit 9. led to realizing her dream in 2013. She 10. to be a member of the Shenzhou X mission.

Wang said that as astronauts, women had their own advantages. "Women tend to be more patient and 11. better deal with loneliness. Women's hearts are also 12. to adapt to the weightless environment making them more suitable for long-term missions. "

Retired NASA astronaut Catherine Coleman 13. a greeting to Wang before the Shenzhou XII trip. Coleman said, "When you look out of the window and see the stars and the Earth, 14. women will look out of that window with you. Wang carries the spirit of every young woman 15. dreams of something big. "

1. A. in B. on C. for D. at

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 2. A. And | B. But | C. So | D. Or |
| 3. A. she | B. her | C. hers | D. herself |
| 4. A. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
| 5. A. has | B. have | C. having | D. had |
| 6. A. how | B. that | C. what | D. whether |
| 7. A. because | B. unless | C. while | D. until |
| 8. A. stop | B. stopped | C. stopping | D. to stop |
| 9. A. success | B. succeed | C. successful | D. successfully |
| 10. A. chooses | B. chose | C. was chosen | D. is chosen |
| 11. A. need | B. can | C. must | D. would |
| 12. A. easier | | B. the easiest | |
| | C. more easily | | D. most easily |
| 13. A. send | | B. sends | |
| | C. sent | | D. was sending |
| 14. A. billion | | B. billions | |
| | C. billion of | | D. billions of |
| 15. A. whose | B. that | C. whom | D. which |

完形填空

Little George lived in a poor village. One summer day, George's mother sent him to the field to pick up some dried 16. for the fire.

It was not easy for him to find it. By the time the sun was high, he felt very hot and wished for a 17. place to rest and have some food. As he walked along, he found some shade, and there were some fine and wild strawberries.

"How 18. these will be with my bread and butter!" thought George. He picked up all of the strawberries. As he was 19. the first strawberry to his mouth he remembered his sick mother, who was

alone in her dark cold room in the village.

With this in mind, he put the strawberry back again. "Shall I ____ 20. ____ them for my mum?" he asked himself.

He thought these strawberries would raise her spirits. However, he was still ____ 21. ____ them with a longing eye.

"I will eat half, and take the other half to her." he said. He ____ 22. ____ them into two parts, but each part looked so small. He put them together again.

"I will only eat one." he thought.

However, as he again lifted it to his mouth, he found that he had taken the finest, and he put it back.

When the sun was beginning to sink, George set out for home happily with all his strawberries for his sick mother.

He heard his mother's weak ____ 23. ____ calling him "Is that you George? I am glad you have come back. I am thirsty and longing for some tea."

George ran to her and ____ 24. ____ offered his wild strawberries. "You saved them for me, didn't you?" she said, laying her hand fondly on his head with tears in her eyes.

Could eating the strawberries give George half the ____ 25. ____ he felt at this moment?

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|
| 16. A. strawberries | B. wood | C. soil | D. fuel |
| 17. A. cool | B. warm | C. quiet | D. noisy |
| 18. A. terrible | B. excellent | C. interesting | D. annoying |
| 19. A. lifting | B. climbing | C. growing | D. waving |
| 20. A. plant | B. protect | C. serve | D. save |
| 21. A. looking for | B. looking up | | |
| C. looking at | | D. looking after | |
| 22. A. compared | B. searched | C. changed | D. divided |
| 23. A. noise | B. sound | C. voice | D. cry |

24. A. sadly B. angrily C. curiously D. joyfully

25. A. sadness B. happiness C. kindness D. illness

二、补全对话-填空（本大题共 1 小题，共 5.0 分）

补全对话-填空

During summer vacation, I went on a three-day camping expedition（远足）. We had to carry all of our own clothes and food as well as tents cooking pots and first aid kits.

On the first day, our instructor taught us how to read maps. 26. However walking with a 13-kg backpack under the burning sun was not the most ideal situation. Each of us had to carry two liters of water to drink as well. 27. My group set off at 9: 00 a. m. full of confidence but soon found ourselves lost on a farm! Luckily, each group had a tracker（跟踪器） that allowed our instructors to see where we were. 28. We finally got to camp at 7 p. m. Having walked 25 km over 10 hours, my body was aching.

The third day was a bit easier. 29. You couldn't imagine how excited we were although we were very exhausted.

30. It is not just about learning to read maps but also teamwork and how to deal with emergency situations. It pushed me to achieve something I never thought I could do and gave me important life experience.

A. I learned so much from this expedition.

B. It's not too difficult to understand the maps.

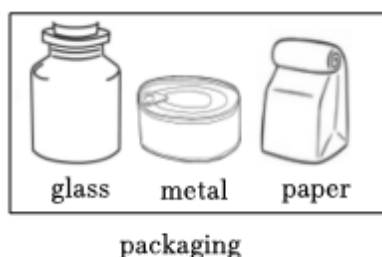
C. We were quickly found and got back on the right path.

D. On the second day, we had to find our own way to the next campsite.

E. We successfully made it back to the car park where our coach was waiting.

三、阅读理解（本大题共 11 小题，共 22.0 分）

阅读理解



What does it mean to be green? Green is more than just a color. It also means taking special steps to protect the environment. Buying a green product is a small step everyone can take. Deciding whether a product is green, however, isn't always easy. We need to consider the whole life cycle of the product, even after it's of no use. Here is what we may keep in mind.

The materials of a product are usually our first focus. What is it made of? Are there any harmful chemicals in it? Green products are made of more natural materials which are free from harmful chemicals. so they can be good for our physical health.

Packaging is important. How is a product packaged? Is it over packaged? We'd better choose glass, metal and paper packaging, as these can be reused or more easily recycled. We can also look for less packaging or even choose bagged products whenever possible.

Location matters. Where was a product produced? Where are we buying it? Think about how much energy was used to get it to us. Try to choose local products. When it comes to food, it is a good idea to order directly from local farmers, shop at markets and buy fruits in season. Buying from stores near our houses is also a good choice, because we can go there without driving a car.

Look into what the company tells us about their products. It's easy to say that a product is "green" or "all natural", but the words may be too good to be true. So we should pay attention to the information about a product carefully. After all, companies try to make us believe that their products are environmentally responsible.

The greenest thing is certainly the one we don't buy. Things like food and clothing are necessary for life. But many others are not. Better than buying is choosing to leave an unnecessary product in the store. It sends a message to the producer, keeps money in our pockets, reduces waste and keeps the planet healthy.

31. When we go shopping in the supermarket, we'd better buy some green packaging products, such as ____.

① a glass of honey

② a plastic bag of chips

③ an over-packaged gift

④ a paper box of chocolate

⑤ fruit without packaging

A. ①②③

B. ①④⑤

C. ③④⑤

D. ①②⑤

32. What can we learn from the passage

- A. We should only buy products near our houses.
- B. We should know all the information about a product.
- C. We should have fewer unnecessary products in our life.
- D. We should pay little attention to the materials of a product.

33. What is the purpose of this passage?

- A. To teach us how to tell different materials.
- B. To tell us how to save money for ourselves.
- C. To tell us all the companies should be green.
- D. To give advice on how to be a green consumer.

阅读理解

The traditional Chinese Longtaitou Festival or Dragon-Head-Raising Festival falls on the second day of the second lunar month every year and recognizes the start of spring and farming. This year, it falls on February 21st.

Ancient people believed that after this day rainfall increases because the rain brings Dragon King has awakened from his winter sleep.

A well-known phrase goes, "Er yue er, long tai tou, " meaning "On the second day of the second month, the dragon lifts his head. "

The festival celebrates ancient farming Chinese culture and while some of the traditional ways to celebrate it are no longer practised others persist.

The most well-known tradition is getting a haircut. Some believe that going to the barber on this day help them stay away from bad luck while others believe getting a haircut during the first month of the lunar calendar brings bad luck.

Another saying warns that cutting your hair in the first month will cause your uncle to die. Although today few pay attention to it, it was once a tradition to line up outside barber shops on the day of Longtaitou, having avoided haircuts for the preceding month.

The food traditions of Longtaitou Festival is another ancient celebration still practised today.

People eat tofu balls in East China's Fujian Province during the festival, which means the first fortune of the year, and often make tofu and vegetable balls to pray for family and business. Fried beans are the traditional festival fare for people in parts of Shandong Province.

Eating chengyao cakes, which are made with sticky rice is a tradition in Suzhou Zhejiang Province during the festival, following the saying, "If you eat chengyao cakes on Longtaitou, your waist won't hurt all year. "

Meanwhile, other food like dumplings spring rolls and popcorn are named after dragon body parts to mark the day. Noodles are dragon's beard (long xu) dumplings are dragon's ears (long er), spring rolls are dragon's scales (long lin), and popcorn dragon seeds (long zi) .

34. Why do Chinese people celebrate Longtaitou Festival?

- A. Because the dragon lifts his head on this day.
- B. Because it recognizes the start of spring and farming.
- C. Because it falls on the second day of the second month.
- D. Because it can help everyone stay away from bad luck.

35. The underlined word "persist" in paragraph 4 means ____.

- A. stop
- B. forget
- C. continue
- D. improve

36. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Longtaitou Festival usually falls on February 21st".
- B. Having a haircut during the Festival is a well-known tradition.
- C. Eating tofu balls is a tradition in Zhejiang during the festival.
- D. If you eat chengyao cakes on Longtaitou your body won't get hurt.

37. The passage is probably from ____.

- A. a news report
- B. a science report
- C. a comic strip
- D. an online encyclopedia

阅读理解

Dear Daniel,

Recently, I found a dog that followed me. I was very excited and brought the dog home, but my mom was very angry. She told me to let the dog go. I left it outside in the darkness and I feel very sad now.

Animal lover

Dear Animal Lover,

I think many kids and adults have been in your situation. I admire your big heart! I think you and I can agree that all animals deserve love kindness and respect from humans.

I don't think your mother should have been angry. However, I agree with her. It's not easy bringing an animal into your home and this one was a surprise. An animal needs to learn how to behave. It costs money to feed and care for. It also needs lots of your time and attention. Will you wake up early to take the dog outside? Or will your mother?

Your mother may also know that animals can be dangerous. Last fall, I was walking with my friend when she saw a kitten on the street. "Leave it alone," I said. However, she insisted on taking it home and said "Cats are little killing machines. It will be fine. " That very same night, the kitten bit her finger seriously! The bite was so deep that she had to visit a hospital. There they gave her rabies (狂犬病) tests. She didn't come home for three days!

Homeless animals can survive just fine on their own. They might need love, but they don't all need us to take them into our homes. That kitten now lives with my friend and her husband in a tiny apartment. It used to live with its brothers and sisters free to roam the world.

We can be kind and respectful by leaving animals to the lives they know how to live. If you see that dog again, give it a snack and say"

Sincerely, Daniel

38. How did the writer feel after he sent the dog away in the first letter?

- A. Angry. B. Cheerful. C. Proud. D. Upset.

39. What problem may an animal cause to a family?

- A. Family members will always be angry.
B. Everyone has to walk the dog every morning.
C. All the family members should get rabies tests.
D. Keeping an animal requires lots of time and money.

40. What does the underlined word "it" refer to?

- A. The dog.
- B. The kitten.
- C. The love.
- D. The apartment.

41. In the last paragraph, the animal lovers probably will say " ". _____

- A. See you tomorrow!
- B. Come with me, little one!
- C. Go away now!
- D. Why not take it home?

四、阅读判断（本大题共 4 小题，共 8.0 分）

阅读判断

This is an ordinary day for Yang Jinlong.

At 9 a. m, he drives to primary schools and middle schools in Xian Shanxi Province, to teach students about Shanxi kuaiban. It is a traditional Chinese form of storytelling to the rhythm of bamboo clappers（响板）which the art form is named after. Sometimes, he helps students prepare for competitions. Usually his classes run until about 6 p. m. and then he returns home to prepare classes for the next day.

On June 10 the Ministry of Culture and Tourism announced 325 national intangible cultural heritage（非物质文化遗产）items in Beijing increasing the list to 1, 557 items. Shanxi kuaiban, which appeared during the late Qing Dynasty, has been included. It has been introduced to local schools as part of their art education.

Yang has been teaching young people the art form since 2003 after graduating from the National Academy of Chinese Theatre Arts in Beijing. He studied quyi there. Quyi is a general term for Chinese folk art forms including storytelling crosstalk and clapper talk.

"Art education is important for students in China. Just as many students learn to play western musical instruments like the piano and violin there are many people learning traditional Chinese folk arts, including Shanxi kuaiban, which I'll work for my whole life," he said.

Kuaiban is popular in northern China, including Beijing and Tianjin. According to Yang, Shanxi kuaiban was influenced by the art of different areas. The art form can be played by a group of players or only one. With one or two pairs of kuaiban of different sizes in hand the players speak in the local dialect（方言）while telling stories, which are usually about heroes. The player tells stories while playing kuaiban and it's easy for the watchers to remember the stories since all the lines have rhymes.

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