



关于初中英语课件现在完成时

Present perfect tense 现在完成时

❖ 构成:

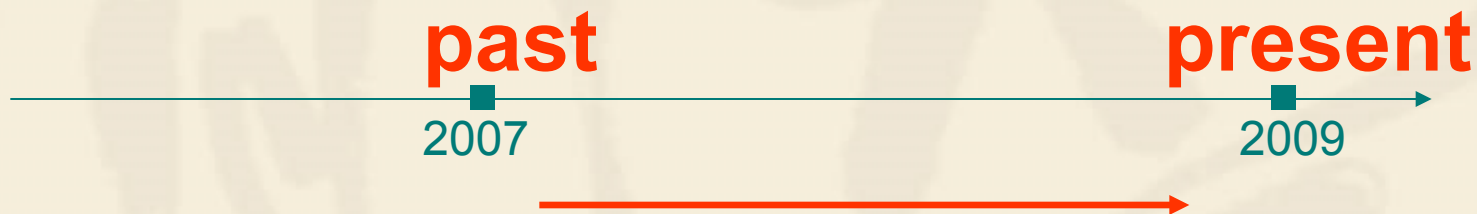
have/has + 过去分词

❖ 用法一:

动作发生在过去，对现在有影响。

和过去时态的区别及联系：

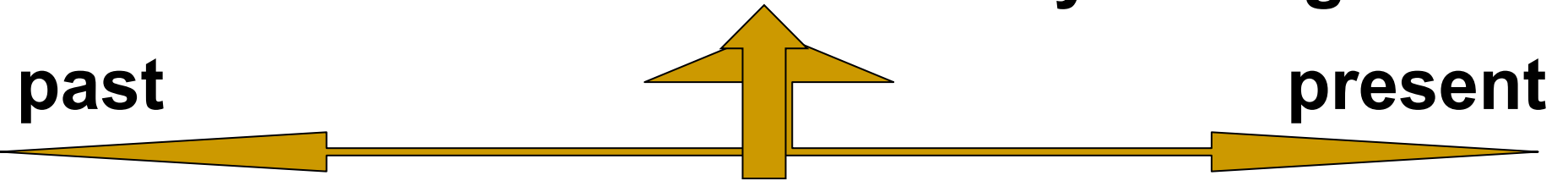
I lived there 2 years ago



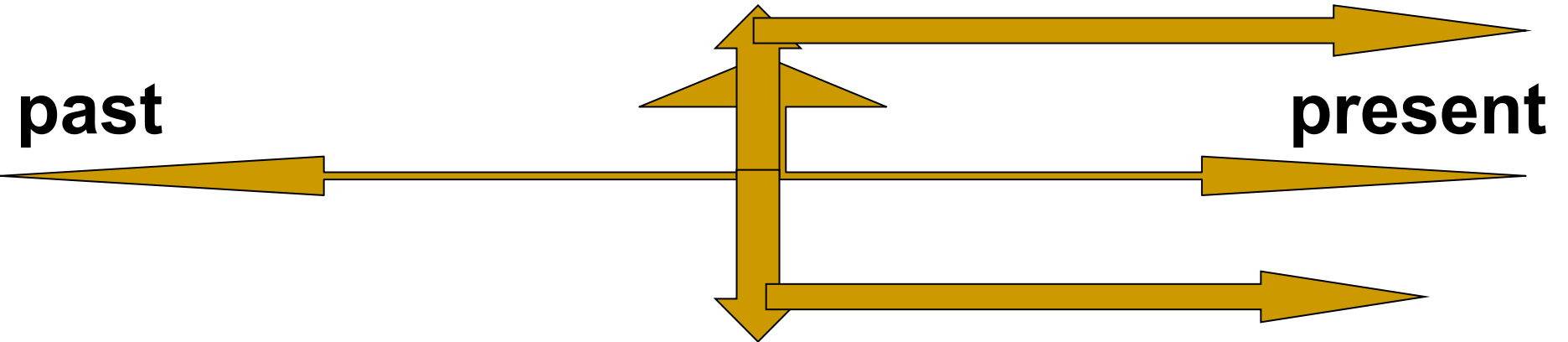
I have lived here for two years

- ❖ 1.都表示过去发生的事
- ❖ 2.现在完成时强调过去和现在的联系，不能和具体的时间状语连用；
- ❖ 3.一般过去时强调过去发生的事或状态与表示过去的具体时间连用（last, ago, yesterday, etc.）

Eddie **was** born four years ago.



Eddie **has lived** with Millie **since** he was born.



Eddie **has lived** with Millie **for** four years.

We use **the present perfect tense** to talk about things that **started in the past and continue to the present.**

We also use **the present perfect tense** to talk about things that happened **in the past and have connection with the present.**

写出下列动词的过去式和过去分词:

visit	visited	visited	
repair	repaired	repaired	→ verb + ed
watch	watched	watched	
finish	finished	finished	
move	moved	moved	
live	lived	lived	→ 以e结尾 + d
love	loved	loved	
like	liked	liked	

写出下列动词的过去式和过去分词

stop stop**ped** stop**ped**

mop mop**ped** mop**ped**

trap trap**ped** trap**ped**

plan plan**ned** plan**ned**

→ 双写+ed

注:以一个辅音字母结尾的重读闭音节词,
双写最后一个辅音字母+ed

study stud**ied** stud**ied**

hurry hur**ried** hur**ried**

→ 去y+ied

注:以辅音字母加y结尾的词,去y+ied.

写出下列动词的过去式和过去分词：

be	was/were	been
give	gave	given
see	saw	seen
make	made	made
put	put	put
come	came	come
write	wrote	written

eg.1. He had his breakfast at 6:00

He has had his breakfast.

2. When did you come here?

I watched the football match on TV at 9:00.

Adverbs of time



before,

by now (so far),

once, twice....,

just,

recently

yet(否/疑), already(肯),

ever, never,

all one's life ,

in /during the past /last 5 years,

Exercises

- ❖ 1. I have had (have) lunch already.
- ❖ 2. Has the train arrived (arrive), yet?
- ❖ 3. Tome has never been to (be to)
China. has seen
- ❖ 4. The twin _____ just _____ (see) my
father. saw _____
- ❖ 5. The twins _____ (see) my father just now.

❖ 用法二：表示过去某个时间开始的动作或存在的状态，一直持续到现在并可能还将持续下去。动词使用延续性动词。常与for或since引导的时间连用

for+段时间

since+点时间

since+句子（过去时）

E.g. Kate has lived here for 3 years.

Kate has lived here since 3 years ago.

Kate has lived here since she came to China.

since 和 for:

- 1) Eddie has lived with Millie since 2001.
Eddie has lived with Millie since 4 years ago.
Eddie has lived with Millie since he was born.

小结: **since + 时间点** (词、词组或句子)

- 2) Eddie has lived with Millie for four years.

小结: **for + 时间段**

- 3) 对以上句子划线部分提问:

How long has Eddie lived with Millie?

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