

## Module 1 Unit 1 It's more than twenty thousand kilometers long.

## 一、英汉互译。

1. 超过 \_\_\_\_\_
2. 2000 个苹果 \_\_\_\_\_
3. kilometre \_\_\_\_\_
4. 某种东西 \_\_\_\_\_
5. million \_\_\_\_\_

## 二、用所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. Daming \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) America now.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) me more about the Great Wall .
3. China and Japan \_\_\_\_\_ (be) in the east and Mexico \_\_\_\_\_ (be) in the south.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) got an English book and she \_\_\_\_\_ (have) got a Chinese book.
5. This \_\_\_\_\_ (be) Shanghai, it \_\_\_\_\_ (have) got many people.

## 三、选择填空。

( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ is the river?

A. How long

B. How big

C. How many ( ) 2. Do you

want to go to England? \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. Yes, I did.

B. No, I do.

C. Yes, I do. X 3. The

postcards \_\_\_\_\_ so great!

A. am

B. is

C. are

( ) 4. Please look \_\_\_\_\_ this one.

A. at

B. in

C. / ( ) 5. Here are

two \_\_\_\_\_ the Great Wall.

A. pictures

B. picture

C. pictures of

## 四、翻译句子。

1. 西湖在哪儿?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. 这条蛇有两米长。

\_\_\_\_\_

3. What a big map of the US!

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Where is San Francisco?

五、根据短文内容判断对错；对的写T，错的写F。

Do you know the Great Wall? The Great Wall is very famous, It's more than twenty thousand kilometres long. It is the longest wall in the world. And it's very old. It's more than two thousand years old. Now the Great Wall is a famous building. Many people from all over the world visit the Great Wall every year. We all love it.

- ( ) 1. The Great Wall is more than twenty thousand kilometres long.  
 ( ) 2. The Great wall is two hundred years old.  
 ( ) 3. I don't like the Great Wall.  
 ( ) 4. No people visit the Great Wall.  
 ( ) 5. The Great Wall is a famous building.

Module 1 Unit 2 It's in the west.

一、按要求完成下列各题。

1. west (对应词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. write (同音词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 3. country (复数) \_\_\_\_\_  
 4. where is (缩写形式) \_\_\_\_\_  
 5. map (复数) \_\_\_\_\_

二、英汉互译。

1. in the east \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. 一个大国 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3. 在中国南部 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4. a lot of animals \_\_\_\_\_  
 5. 西湖 \_\_\_\_\_

三、单项选择。

- ( ) 1. This is a map \_\_\_\_\_ Qingdao.  
 A. of      B. to      C. in  
 ( ) 2. Harbin is \_\_\_\_\_ the north of China.  
 A. on      B. to      C. in  
 ( ) 3. — \_\_\_\_\_ is Linda?  
 — She is in the bedroom.  
 A. What      B. Where      C. How

( ) 4.—I'm going to the park. What about you?

—  
\_\_\_\_\_

- A. I'm a student.  
B. I like playing basketball.  
C. I'm going to the library.

( ) 5. There are \_\_\_\_\_ books on the desk.

- A. a lot of B. a lot C. much

四、给下列句子选择正确的答语。

( ) 1. Where's Shanghai?

( ) 2. Is it in our town?

( ) 3. How big is it?

( ) 4. Are you a student?

( ) 5. How long is it?

A. Yes, it is.

B. It's in the east of China.

C. It has got five million people.

D. It's five thousand kilometres long.

E. Yes, I am.

五、选择合适的选项完成对话。

A: 1 a nice picture!

B: Yes, it is. It's 2 of Kunming.

A: Tell me more 3 it. 4 is it?

B: It has 5 more than seven million people.

A: 6 is it?

B: It's 7 the south of China.

- ( ) 1. A. How B. What C. Where  
( ) 2. A. map B. city C. picture  
( ) 3. A. about B. to C. in  
( ) 4. A. What about B. How long C. How big  
( ) 5. A. got B. have C. get  
( ) 6. A. What B. Where C. How  
( ) 7. A. on B. to C. in

## Module 2 Unit 1 There' s Chinese dancing.

一、选择每组中不同类的单词，将其序号填入题前括号内。

- ( ) 1. A. Chinatown      B. dancing      C. swimming  
 ( ) 2. A. often            B. time            C. sometimes  
 ( ) 3. A. shop              B. there            C. restaurant  
 ( ) 4. A. famous          B. high             C. tell  
 ( ) 5. A. strong          B. long             C. river

二、据句意及汉语提示写出单词。

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (有时) go to school by bike.  
 2. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ (商店) near my home.  
 3. The Great Wall is very \_\_\_\_\_ (坚固的).  
 4. —There isn't any food to eat.  
    — \_\_\_\_\_ (那么) let's eat outside.  
 5. There is Chinese \_\_\_\_\_ (舞蹈).

三、用 is或 are 填空。

1. There \_\_\_\_\_ many children in the park.  
 2. There \_\_\_\_\_ twenty desks in the classroom.  
 3. There \_\_\_\_\_ a book, two pens and three pencils on the desk.  
 4. There \_\_\_\_\_ a tall tree in front of our classroom.  
 5. There \_\_\_\_\_ some meat on the table.

四、单项选择。

- ( ) 1.—What \_\_\_\_\_ Linda doing?  
       —She \_\_\_\_\_ a book.  
       A. is; is reading    B. does; is reading    C. does; reads  
 ( ) 2. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ to the park tomorrow.  
       A. going              B. to go                C. go  
 ( ) 3. Do you want to send an email \_\_\_\_\_ your friend?  
       A. in                    B. to                    C. at  
 ( ) 4. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ in Beijing.  
       A. shop                 B. shops                C. shoppes  
 ( ) 5. \_\_\_\_\_ there any books on the desk?  
       A. Do                    B. Is                    C. Are

## 五、阅读理解。

It's a sunny day today. My mother and I will have a picnic in the park. There are many people in the park.

There are some women flying kites. And there are some Young Pioneers (少先队员). (Two boys are playing with a ball. A girl is drawing.

Look at the big tree. There are many birds in it. They are singing. There is a man under the tree. He is sleeping.

- ( ) 1. It's a \_\_\_\_\_ day today.  
A. sunny                      B. cloudy                      C. windy
- ( ) 2. What are the women doing?  
A. They are playing cards.  
B. They are singing a song.  
C. They are flying kites.
- ( ) 3. Two boys are \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. playing with a cat    B. playing cards    C. playing with a ball
- ( ) 4. What's in the tree?  
A. A cat.                      B. Many birds.                      C. A boy.
- ( ) 5. Who is under the tree?  
A. A boy.                      B. A man.                      C. A girl.

Module 2 Unit 2 There are lots of beautiful lakes in China.

## 一、选出下列单词不同类的一项。

- ( ) 1. A. long                      B. strong                      C. wall
- ( ) 2. A. are                      B. do                      C. is
- ( ) 3. A. famous                      B. shop                      C. lake
- ( ) 4. A. hundred                      B. kilometer                      C. thousand
- ( ) 5. A. go                      B. late                      C. like

## 二、用 there be 句型完成下列各句。

1. \_\_\_\_\_ a boy in the classroom.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ lots of water in the bottle.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ many beautiful flowers in the park.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ some people in the shop.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ an egg in my bag.

## 三、连词成句。

1. is, New York, a, there, Chinatown, in )

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2. go, do, to, the, you, park, want, do

---

3. from, are, postcards, China, my, these )

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4. postcard, like, hope, you, this, do

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5. go, let's, to, now, restaurant, the

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## 五、阅读理解。

This is Jim's bedroom, It's new and nice. There is a bed and a chair in it. There is a desk on the floor. There are some flowers on it. There is a bookshelf (书架) behind the bed. Some English books are on the bookshelf. There is a picture on the wall. Some people are in the picture. The man is his father. The woman is his mother. Who is the boy? Do you know?

- ( ) 1. There are some flowers \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. on the desk      B. on the floor      C. on the chair
- ( ) 2. The bookshelf is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. on the chair      B. behind the desk      C. behind the bed
- ( ) 3. There is \_\_\_\_\_ on the wall.  
 A. a picture      B. a book      C. some books
- ( ) 4. The woman is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. Jim's sister      B. Jim's teacher      C. Jim's mother
- ( ) 5. Is that boy Jim?  
 A. Yes, he is.      B. Yes, she is.      C. No, he isn't.

## 五、书面表达。

以“My School”为题写一篇小短文。要求：语句通顺，书写工整。50 词左右。

参考词汇：big, clean, classroom, playground, play, beautiful

Module 3 Unit 1 Collecting stamps is my hobby.

## 一、按要求完成下列各题。

1. have (第三人称单数) \_\_\_\_\_
2. hobby (复数形式) \_\_\_\_\_
3. collect(动名词形式) \_\_\_\_\_
4. these (对应词) \_\_\_\_\_
5. I've (完全形式) \_\_\_\_\_

二、用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. \_\_\_\_\_ (read) is his hobby.
2. Our \_\_\_\_\_ (hobby) are different.
3. Collecting stamps \_\_\_\_\_ (be) my hobby.
4. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (have) got a new bicycle.
5. I like \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) my bicycle.

三、单项选择。

- ( ) 1. Those stamps are \_\_\_\_\_ Canada.  
A. to                      B. for                      C. from
- ( ) 2. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ got a doll.  
A. have                      B. has                      C. there
- ( ) 3. \_\_\_\_\_ is her hobby.  
A. Running                      B. Runs                      C. Runing
- ( ) 4.— Have you got any bread?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. Yes, I am.                      B. Yes, I do.                      C. Yes, I have.
- ( ) 5. Are there \_\_\_\_\_ boys in the classroom?  
A. any                      B. some                      C. much
- ( ) 6.— Is there a book for me?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. Yes, there isn't.                      B. Yes, there is.                      C. No, there is.

三、按要求完成句子，一空一词。

1. Have you got a stamp from China? (作否定回答)  
No, \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. What's that? (改为复数句)  
What \_\_\_\_\_ ?
3. I have got some stamps from Canada. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ you got \_\_\_\_\_ stamps from Canada?

4. There's a letter for you.(改为般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ a letter for me?

5. I've got some toy dogs. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ have you got?

五、阅读理解。

Everyone has his or her hobbies, collecting stamps is my hobb. I collect many kinds of stamps. Now there are many stamps in my room. I like stamps very much, because the stamps are beautiful and I can learn many things from these stamps. I plan to have many pen pals and I will often write to them. Then I will colleet more stamps from the letters.

( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ is my hobby.

A. Collecting stamps B. Playing basketball C. Writing a letter

( ) 2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ stamps in my room.

A. a little B. no C. many

( ) 3. I can \_\_\_\_\_ from the stamps.

A. get some money B. learn many things C. have some friends

( ) 4. I plan to have many \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. pen pals B. pens C. money

( ) 5. I want to collect \_\_\_\_\_ from the letters.

A. friends B. money C. stamps

### Module 3 Unit 2 What's your hobby?

一、单项选择。

( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ is my hobby.

A. Collecting stamps B. Collecting stamp C. Collect stamps

( ) 2.— Have you got a kite?

— \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. No, I don't. B. No, I am not. C. No, I haven't.

( ) 3. All of us love our \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. hobby B. hobbys C. hobbies

( ) 4. Have you got any cars \_\_\_\_\_ the US?

A. with B. on C. from

( ) 5.—Is there \_\_\_\_\_ milk in the bottle?

—Yes, there is \_\_\_\_\_ in the bottle.

- A. some; any                      B. any; some                      C. some; some

二、给下列句子选择正确的答语。

( ) 1. Have you got a new bicycle?

( ) 2. Are there any boys in the classroom?

( ) 3. Do you like apples?

( ) 4. What toys have you got?

A. Yes, there are.

B. Yes, I do.

C. I have got toy cars.

D. No, I haven't.

三、连词成句。

1. hobby, is, your, what (?)

\_\_\_\_\_

2. kites, my, flying, is, hobby (. )

\_\_\_\_\_

3. from, these, China, are, stamps (. )

\_\_\_\_\_

4. got, a, you, have, bicycle

\_\_\_\_\_

5. got, toys, you, what, have

四、阅读理解。

Lin Tao: I like collecting stamps. What about you, Mary?

Mary: Me, too.

Lin Tao: How many stamp albums (集邮册) have you got?

Mary: I've got three.

Lin Tao: Do you want to have a look at my stamps?

Mary: Sure.

Lin Tao: These stamps are from China. These are from Canada.

Mary: Have you got any stamps from the US?

Lin Tao: Yes, I have. But not so many.

Mary: I can give you some.

Lin Tao: Thank you, I can give you some Chinese stamps.

- ( ) 1. Mary likes \_\_\_\_\_, too.  
A. collecting toy cars B. collecting stamps C. collecting kites
- ( ) 2. How many stamp albums has Mary got?  
A. One. B. Two. C. Three.
- ( ) 3. Has Lin Tao got any stamps from China?  
A. Yes, he has. B. No, he has not. C. I don't know.
- ( ) 4. Lin Tao hasn't got many stamps from \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. China B. Canada C. the US
- ( ) 5. Lin Tao wants to give Mary some \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. postcards B. Chinese stamps C. letters

#### 五、书面表达。

以“My Hobby”为题写一篇小短文。要

求：50 词左右，书写工整、语言流畅。

Module 4 Unit 1 thanksgiving is my favourite festival.

#### 一、从方框中选择适当的词填空。

on	watch	think	tell	say
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1. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ me more about the Great Wall?
2. What do you do \_\_\_\_\_ Thanksgiving Day?
3. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ "thank you" to ydog?
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ it's a good idea.
5. We usually \_\_\_\_\_ football games on TV after dinner.

#### 二、单项选择。

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Thanksgiving Day, we say " \_\_\_\_\_ " for oufood.  
A. On; thank you B. In; sorry C. On; hello
- ( ) 2. It \_\_\_\_\_ great!  
A. sound B. sounds C. sounding
- ( ) 3. Christmas is my \_\_\_\_\_ festival.  
A. like B. love C. favourite
- ( ) 4. \_\_\_\_\_ ! The girl is \_\_\_\_\_ a football game.

A. Look; looking    B. Look; seeing    C. Look; watching

(    ) 5.—How often do you go to the park?

— I \_\_\_\_\_ go to the park.

A. like                      B. always                      C. don't

三、给下列句子选择正确的答语。

(    ) 1. What do you do on Flag Day?

(    ) 2. Can you tell me more about Thanksgiving?

(    ) 3. Do you have a special meal on Thanksgiving Day?

(    ) 4. What is your favourite festival?

A. Christmas.

B. We fly the flag and sing songs.

C. Yes, we do.

D. On Thanksgiving Day we say "thank you" for our food, family and friends.

四、完形填空。

In America, Thanksgiving Day is 1 the fourth Thursday in November. On that day, people always 2 a special meal, It's a big family 3 . People say "thank you" 4 their food, family and friends.

After Thanksgiving dinner, people 5 a big football game on TV. It's a very important festival in America. And it's my favourite festival.

(    ) 1. A. in                      B. on                      C. at

(    ) 2. A. talk                      B. drink                      C. have

(    ) 3. A. breakfast    B. lunch                      C. dinner

(    ) 4. A. of                      B. for                      C. at

(    ) 5. A. look                      B. see                      C. watch

五、阅读理解。

The Mid-Autumn Festival is a very important Chinese festival. It used to be as important as the Spring Festival. It is on the 15th of August in the lunar calendar (农历). A few days before the festival, everyone in the family will help to make the house clean and beautiful. Lanterns will be hung in front of the house. On this day, people usually get together with their families and have a nice meal. After that, people always eat delicious moon cakes, and watch the moon. The moon is always very round on that day, and makes people think of their relatives and friends. It is a day of

pleasure and happiness. Hope you have a wonderful Mid Autumn Festival!

- ( ) 1. The Mid Autumn Day is on \_\_\_\_\_ in the lunar calendar.  
A. the 15th of August    B. the 5th of August    C. the 25th of August
- ( ) 2. We will hang \_\_\_\_\_ in front of the house.  
A. lanterns                      B. flowers                      C. moon cakes
- ( ) 3. People usually \_\_\_\_\_ at the Mid- Autumn Festival.  
A. get together with their families  
B. go out with their friends  
C. go shopping
- ( ) 4. People always eat \_\_\_\_\_ on that day.  
A. chicken                      B. duck                      C. moon cakes
- ( ) 5. On that day people are \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. happy                      B. sad                      C. cry

Module 4 Unit 2 Our favourite festival is the Spring Festival.

一、选择每组中不同类的单词，将其序号填入题前括号内。

- ( ) 1. A. football    B. basketball    C. race
- ( ) 2. A. moon cake    B. yuanxiao    C. soy milk
- ( ) 3. A. fly    B. lantern    C. hang
- ( ) 4. A. we    B. him    C. her
- ( ) 5. A. breakfast    B. dinner    C. meal

二、单项选择。

- ( ) 1. Lin Tao plays basketball very \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. good                      B. nice                      C. well
- ( ) 2. I am \_\_\_\_\_ my pen. I can't find it.  
A. looking at    B. looking for    C. looking in
- ( ) 3. We eat moon cakes \_\_\_\_\_ the Mid- Autumn Festival.  
A. in                      B. for                      C. at
- ( ) 4.—What do you eat at the Dragon Boat Festival?  
—  
\_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. We eat zongzi.  
B. We watch the dragon boat race.  
C. We like the festival.

( ) 5. My parents and I \_\_\_\_\_ like the Spring Festival.

- A. all                      B. both                      C. too

三、从方框中选择适当的词填空。

always    fun    festival    have    presents

My favourite 1. \_\_\_\_\_ is the Spring Festival. Families get together. We \_\_\_\_\_ a special meal at night. It's a big family dinner. We 3. \_\_\_\_\_ eat dumplings. Children wear new clothes. And they can get some 4. \_\_\_\_\_. We don't sleep at night, and we watch TV. We have lots of 5. \_\_\_\_\_.

四、根据短文内容判断对错；对的写T，错的写F。

Children's Day is on June 1st. On that day, all children are very happy. We don't go to school. Most of the children go to the park. In the park, some children are flying kites, some are playing football, and some are playing a game. In the sky, there are a lot of kites. Once a year we will have this happy festival. I think Children's Day is the most important holiday for children. Because every child has fun on ~~the~~ that!

- ( ) 1. Children's Day is on June first.  
 ( ) 2. Children don't like Children's Day.  
 ( ) 3. We don't go to school on Children's Day.  
 ( ) 4. Every child has fun on Children's Day.

五、写作。

假设你是 Daming，你要给美国朋友 Mike 写一封信，信中你要给他介绍你最喜欢的中国节日。

要求：

1. 条理清晰，意思连贯，语句通顺，标点准确。
2. 不少于 50 词。

Dear Mike,

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Yours,

Daming

Module 5 Unit 1 Can you be my Chinese pen friend?

一、英汉互译。

1. 我的中国笔友 \_\_\_\_\_
2. my address in China \_\_\_\_\_
3. 说英语 \_\_\_\_\_
4. write in English \_\_\_\_\_
5. 踢足球 \_\_\_\_\_

## 二、单项选择。

- ( ) 1. My sister can \_\_\_\_\_ pictures.  
A. draw                      B. draws                      C. drawing
- ( ) 2. I often \_\_\_\_\_ after school.  
A. play basketball    B. play the basketball    C. play a basketball
- ( ) 3. My father will come back tomorrow, I am \_\_\_\_\_ to hear this news.  
A. please                      B. pleasing                      C. pleased
- ( ) 4. I want to send an email to you. Please give me your \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. home address    B. email address    C. school address
- ( ) 5. Please say it \_\_\_\_\_ English.  
A. in                      B. on                      C. at
- ( ) 6. The new classmate \_\_\_\_\_ from the US.  
A. are                      B. come                      C. comes

## 三、从方框中选择适当的词补全对话。

pen	Pleased	address	write	speak
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A: Hello, Linda. This is my cousin Xiaoling. She's from China.

B: Hello, Xiaoling. 1. \_\_\_\_\_ to meet you. Can you 2. \_\_\_\_\_ English?

C: Yes, I can.

B: Can I 3. \_\_\_\_\_ to you? You can be my Chinese 4. \_\_\_\_\_ friend.

C: Of course. This is my 5. \_\_\_\_\_ in China.

B: OK. Goodbye.

## 四、根据短文内容判断对错；对的写T，错的写F。

I have a good friend. Her name is Lisa. She isn't Chinese; she is from the US. She likes studying in China. She likes Chinese food very much. She spent the Spring Festival in Beijing last year. She was very happy. She watched TV on the eve of the Spring Festival. She ate dumplings that night. Her father is a worker and her mother is a teacher. They love China very much. They think Chinese people are very friendly.

- ( ) 1. Lisa is a Chinese girl.
- ( ) 2. She spent the Spring Festival in Beijing last year.
- ( ) 3. She ate noodles on the eve of the Spring Festival last year.
- ( ) 4. Her mother is a worker.
- ( ) 5. They think Chinese people are friendly.

五、情景交际。

- ( ) 1见到新朋友时，你想表示自己很高兴，应说：
  - A. How are you?
  - B. What's your name?
  - C. Pleased to meet you.
- ( ) 2你应该如何介绍你的朋友给别人认识？
  - A. Her name is Wang Hong.
  - B. This is Wang Hong.
  - C. She is Wang Hong.
- ( ) 3你想知道 Jack 是不是可以成为你的笔友，可以这样问：
  - A. Can you be my pen friend?
  - B. Are you my pen friend?
  - C. Do you like me?
- ( ) 4你想知道林涛是不是会画画时，应该说：
  - A. Can you draw?
  - B. Do you like drawing?
  - C. What can you do?
- ( ) 5你向别人介绍你来自哪里的时候，要说：
  - A. I'm from Beijing.
  - B. I like Beijing.
  - C. My name is Zhang Ling.

Module 5 Unit 2 I can speak French.

一、选出下列单词不同类的一项。

- ( ) 1. A. Chinese B. French C. US
- ( ) 2. A. playing B. sing C. doing
- ( ) 3. A. can B. write C. dance
- ( ) 4. A. story B. address C. speak

( ) 5. A. well      B. good      C. nice

二、单项选择。

( ) 1.— Can you sing English songs?

—

A. Yes, I can.      B. Yes, I do.      C. Yes, I am.

( ) 2. Jack likes playing \_\_\_\_\_ football and Lin Tadike likes playing \_\_\_\_\_ piano.

A. the; the      B. the; \      C. \; the

( ) 3.— Can you \_\_\_\_\_ English?

—Yes. I often \_\_\_\_\_ with my cousin \_\_\_\_\_ English.

A. say; talk; on      B. speak; talk; in      C. speak; say; in

( ) 4.—What do you like?

—I like \_\_\_\_\_.

A. sing      B. sings      C. singing

( ) 5. Lin Tao can \_\_\_\_\_.

A. draw      B. draws      C. drawing

三、用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. He likes singing and \_\_\_\_\_ (draw).
2. Lin Tao can \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) his bicycle.
3. I can write some \_\_\_\_\_ (story).
4. \_\_\_\_\_ (they) names are Sam and Amy.
5. I have three \_\_\_\_\_ (pen friend) from the US.

四、根据短文内容判断对错；对的写T，错的写F。

I have some pen friends from different countries and areas (地区). Tingting is from Hong Kong. She is 13. She can write emails and stories in English. She likes music and painting. Mike is from Australia. He is 12. He can sing English songs. He likes dancing and playing basketball. Jack is from New York. He is 11. He likes Chinese. He likes playing computer games.

- ( ) 1. I have two pen friends.
- ( ) 2. Tingting is from Beijing.
- ( ) 3. Tingting can't write emails or stories in English.
- ( ) 4. Mike likes dancing and playing basketball.
- ( ) 5. Jack is 13.

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