

04-1 语法填空考前冲刺练(有无提示词 6+4)-决战 新高考

(题目序号仿新高考 I 卷)

Passage 1

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

(2023 山东枣庄统考二模)Jacopo Della Ragione was born and raised in Florence, Italy. While ____56____ student of Medieval History at Milan University, he also learned graphic design and printing. In 2001, his passion for China's traditional and modern art brought him to Beijing, and he ____57____(work)there ever since.

In July 2001, Ragione was in China ____58____ Beijing won the right to host the 2008 Olympic Games. He witnessed this historic moment and shared in the ____59____(happy)of the Chinese people. He has worked in many companies in China and also married a girl in Beijing, ____60____ has allowed him to know China better.

When ____61____(talk)about how he carries out his work, Ragione said he designs the picture in his mind first, and then follows the instincts(本能)of his body ____62____(finish)the job. “It's a bit like China's calligraphy and Kung Fu, which has brought me much inspiration,” he said.

Ragione is now deeply attached ____63____ China. He has witnessed the great changes that have taken place here: streets have become more lively, buses are more advanced, and traveling by subway has become more convenient...

“I have visited many cities in China, and Beijing is the one I love ____64____(much). I fell in love with it ____65____(gradual). Italy is where I was born, and Beijing is my home now,” he said in fluent Chinese.

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述意大利人 **Jacopo Della Ragione** 喜欢中国传统艺术和现代艺术，来到中国工作并爱上中国的经历

56. 【答案】a

【解析】考查冠词。设空处修饰名词，表泛指，应用冠词，**student** 以辅音音素开头，故填 **a**。句意：在米兰大学学习中世纪历史时，他还学习了平面设计和印刷。

57. 【答案】has been working/has worked

【解析】考查动词的时态。设空处为谓语，根据时间状语 **ever since**，可以用现在完成时和现在完成进行时，主语 **he**，谓语第三人称单数，故填 **has been working/has worked**。句意：2001 年，他对中国传统艺术和现代艺术的热情将他带到了北京，从那时起他就一直在那里工作。

58. 【答案】when

【解析】考查状语从句。分析可知，设空处连接时间状语从句，故填 **when**。句意：2001 年 7 月，当北京获得 2008 年奥运会主办权时，**Ragione** 正在中国。

59. 【答案】 **happiness**

【解析】考查词性转换(名词)。设空处为宾语，应用名词形式，故填 **happiness**。句意：他见证了这一历史性时刻，分享了中国人民的幸福。

60. 【答案】 **which**

【解析】考查定语从句。分析可知，设空处引导非限制性定语从句，关系代词指代前面的句子，在从句中做主语，故填 **which**。句意：他在中国的许多公司工作过，还在北京娶了一个女孩，这让他更加了解中国。

61. 【答案】 **talking**

【解析】考查状语从句的省略或非谓语动词。当主句和从句的主语一致时，从句可以省略主语和 **be** 动词，所以从句完整形式应为 **When he was talking about how he carries out his work**，设空处应填现在分词，故填 **talking**。

62. 【答案】 **to finish**

【解析】考查非谓语动词。**follow sb./ sth. to do** 跟随某人/某事去做，故填 **to finish**。句意：当谈到他如何完成他的工作时，**Ragione** 说他首先在脑海中设计画面，然后跟随身体的本能完成工作。

63. 【答案】 **to**

【解析】考查动词短语中的介词。动词短语 **be attached to** 附属于，喜爱，故填 **to**。句意：**Ragione** 现在深深地依恋着中国。

64. 【答案】 **most**

【解析】考查副词的比较等级。句意：我去过中国的很多城市，而北京是我最爱的城市。根据句意可知表示最喜欢北京，应用副词最高级修饰动词 **love**，故填 **most**。

65. 【答案】 **gradually**

【解析】考查词性转换(副词)。设空处修饰谓语动词，应用副词，故填 **gradually**。句意：我渐渐爱上了它。

Passage 2

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

(2023 湖南岳阳统考二模) Texas, the second most populous US state, embraced Lunar New Year celebrations last month, ____56____ were more fabulously than ever before, in places ranging ____57____ public libraries to children's museums, local bars and Asian restaurants in both big cities and some small towns.

Post Houston, a downtown entertainment and cultural center in the state's largest city, ____58____ (host) a massive Lunar New Year festival on Sunday with eye-catching performances, a carnival-like Asian pop-up market ____59____ (feature) food vendors, games, crafts and other cultural activities, as well as a grand party in the night. Lion and dragon dances, ____60____ (accompany) by the booming, rhythmic beating of drums and gongs, whipped up a festive atmosphere, gaining thunderous applause and cheers from ____61____ crowd of more than 1,000 spectators.

"We didn't have a lot of activities in the past. But ____62____ (thankful), times are changing" said Brooks. "It is a great representation of the culture ... It's just a great way for people to accept it, respect it, ____63____ also embrace it." Getting into the spirit of Lunar New Year, the woman said her hope for the Year of the Rabbit is "health, happiness, prosperity and peace for everyone, and ____64____ (equal) for everybody and every culture. It's what everybody deserves ____65____ (have) in this world, in America and everywhere."

【语篇导读】本文是一篇新闻报道。文章报道了德克萨斯州休斯顿的农历新年庆祝活动。

56. 【答案】which

【解析】考查定语从句。分析句子可知，空格处为非限制性定语从句，修饰先行词 Lunar New Year celebrations，关系词代替先行词在定语从句中作主语，应使用关系代词 which 引导该定语从句，故填 which。

57. 【答案】from

【解析】考查固定搭配中的介词。from...to...从……到……，故填 from。句意：美国人口第二多的州德克萨斯州上个月迎来了农历新年庆祝活动，从公共图书馆到儿童博物馆，从当地酒吧到大城市和一些小城镇的亚洲餐馆，庆祝活动比以往任何时候都更加精彩。

58. 【答案】hosted

【解析】考查动词的时态。分析句子可知，host(主办，主办)是句中谓语动词，与主语 Post Houston 之间是主动关系，结合句中时间状语 on Sunday 可知，应使用一般过去时态，谓语动词用过去式，故填 hosted。

59. 【答案】featuring

【解析】考查非谓语动词。分析句子可知，feature(以……为特色)作后置定语修饰名词 pop-up market，

是非谓语动词，与其逻辑主语 **pop-up market** 之间是主动关系，应用现在分词表示主动，故填 **featuring**。句意：休斯顿是该州最大城市的市中心娱乐和文化中心，周日举办了一场盛大的农历新年活动，表演引人注目，还有一个类似嘉年华的亚洲快闪市场，包括食品摊贩、游戏、工艺品和其他文化活动，以及夜间的盛大派对。

60. 【答案】 **accompanied**

【解析】考查非谓语动词。分析句子可知，**accompany**(伴随)作后置定语修饰名词 **Lion and dragon dances**，是非谓语动词，与其逻辑主语 **Lion and dragon dances** 之间是被动关系，应用过去分词表示被动，故填 **accompanied**。

61. 【答案】 **a**

【解析】考查冠词。可数名词 **crowd** 在句中表示“一群……”，泛指，**crowd** 发音以辅音音素开头，用不定冠词 **a** 修饰；**a crowd of...** “一大群；许多的”，故填 **a**。句意：舞狮和舞龙，伴随着轰隆的、有节奏的锣鼓声，激起了节日的气氛，赢得了 1000 多名观众雷鸣般的掌声和欢呼声。

62. 【答案】 **thankfully**

【解析】考查词性转换(副词)。句意：但值得庆幸的是，时代正在改变。根据句意，提示词作评注性状语，表示“庆幸的是”，应用副词 **thankfully**，故填 **thankfully**。

63. 【答案】 **and**

【解析】考查连词。分析句子可知，动词“**accept it**”，“**respect it**”和“**embrace it**”是并列关系，应用并列连词 **and** 连接，故填 **and**。句意：这是一种让人们接受、尊重并拥抱它的好方法。

64. 【答案】 **equality**

【解析】考查词性转换(名词)。根据句意和连词 **and** 可知，提示词与名词“**health, happiness, prosperity and peace**”是并列关系，也应用名词形式 **equality**，且抽象名词不可数，故填 **equality**。

65. 【答案】 **to have**

【解析】考查非谓语动词。**deserve to do...**用不定式作宾语，故填 **to have**。句意：在谈到农历新年的精神时，这位妇女说她对兔年的希望是“每个人都健康、幸福、繁荣与和平，每个人和每种文化都平等。这是在这个世界上、在美国和在其他地方，每个人都应该拥有的”。

Passage 3

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

(2023 山东潍坊统考模拟预测)Whenever Song Jing visits a museum, she never fails to check out the section on ancient books. In addition to appreciating the wisdom hidden in those historical volumes, she focuses on ___56___ they were joined and presented. Song ___57___(work)in the restoration division for ancient books at the National Library of China in Beijing for eight years.

The seasons come and go outside her workshop, but time is relative for Song and her fellow restorers. Their work is calculated not through “years” ___58___ “lifetimes”. The flow of time may be hardly felt except through the yellowing pages and the graying of hair.

The primary objective of ancient book restoration is ___59___(extend)the life period of the document. The ___60___(high)the similarity between the original and the restoration materials, the more consistent their rate of aging will be, and thus the better the ancient books can ___61___(preserve).

As a child, Song was fascinated by ___62___(documentary)about the world’s cultural relics and became deeply interested in antique restoration. She spent hours researching cultural relics, ___63___(frequent)local museums and reading related books.

It usually takes at least two to three years from learning and following a master ___64___ one can independently lead a restoration project. “Ancient Chinese civilization has left behind a vast number of books, many of ___65___ require restoration,” Song says. “Hopefully, I can inspire more young people to find their lifelong passion in the field of cultural heritage preservation.”

【语篇导读】 本文是新闻报道。介绍了宋静为什么从事文物修复，以及它的意义所在。

56. 【答案】 how

【解析】 考查名词从句。分析句子结构可知，空处引导宾语从句，从句中句意完整，所以应该用连接副词引导，根据句意应该用 **how** 引导，故填 **how**。句意：除了欣赏隐藏在这些历史卷中的智慧，她还关注它们是如何连接和呈现的。

57. 【答案】 has been working/has worked

【解析】 考查动词的时态。分析句子结构可知，本句缺少谓语动词，所以 **work** 作本句谓语，根据时间状语 **for eight years**，因不知是否还在继续工作，所以既可以用现在完成时，也可以用现在完成进行时，故填 **has been working/has worked**。句意：宋在北京中国国家图书馆古籍修复部工作了 8 年。

58. 【答案】 but

【解析】 考查连词。分析句子结构可知，根据前文的“years”和后文的“lifetimes”可知两者是转折关系，应用 **but** 连接，故填 **but**。句意：他们的工作不是用“年”而是用“一生”来计算的。

59. 【答案】 to extend

【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意：古籍修复的首要目标是延长文献的生命周期。分析句子结构可知，本句已有谓语动词 is，所以 extend 应该用非谓语形式，根据句意，此处是表目的，应该用不定式作表语，故填 to extend。

60. 【答案】 higher

【解析】考查特殊句型(形容词比较级)。分析句子结构可知，此处考查固定句型：the 比较级，the 比较级意为“越……就越……”，故填 higher。句意：原始材料与修复材料的相似性越高，其老化速率越一致，古籍的保存也就越好。

61. 【答案】 be preserved

【解析】考查动词的语态。分析句子结构可知，本句缺少谓语动词，所以 preserve 作本句谓语动词，主语是 books，两者间是被动关系，应该用被动语态，空前是情态动词，所以空后应填动词原形，故填 be preserved。句意：原始材料与修复材料的相似性越高，其老化速率越一致，古籍的保存也就越好。

62. 【答案】 documentaries

【解析】考查词形转换(名词复数)。分析句子结构可知，空前后都是介词，所以空处应填名词，documentary 为名词，意为“纪录片”，为可数名词，根据句意可知，此处应填用复数形式，故填 documentaries。句意：小时候，宋静就被关于世界文物的纪录片迷住了，并对古董修复产生了浓厚的兴趣。

63. 【答案】 frequenting

【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意：她花了很多时间研究文物，经常逛当地博物馆，阅读相关书籍。分析句子结构可知，本句是排比，考查固定搭配：spend time(in)doing sth.空处和 researching 一起作宾语，所以空处应填动名词形式，故填 frequenting。

64. 【答案】 before

【解析】考查特殊句型或状语从句。分析句子结构可知，此处考查固定句型：It takes +一段时间 + before 引导的时间状语从句，意为“过了多久才……”，故填 before。句意：从学习和跟随大师到能够独立领导修复项目，通常需要至少两到三年的时间。

65. 【答案】 which

【解析】考查定语从句。分析句子结构可知，空处引导的是非限制性定语从句，先行词是 **books**，在从句中作宾语，用 **which** 引导，故填 **which**。句意：“中国古代文明留下了大量的书籍，其中许多需要修复，”宋说。

Passage 4

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

(2023 广西柳州统考三模)Dogs have joined to help students with exam-related stress and home ___56___ (sick). Five Labrador dogs have been trained ___57___ “teaching assistants” to reduce stress and prevent students from ___58___ (drop)out of university. The dogs have even been given their own ID badges to ensure they ___59___ (see)as part of the teaching all the university.

Fiona Suthers, head of clinical skills at the University of East Anglia, said, “It’s hard to describe the impact ___60___ just having a dog lying down in the corner of a class. You can really feel stress levels reducing. It’s amazing and we want to continue ___61___ we’re doing. “It came after the university ___62___ (recent)offered students the chances to take a dog for ___63___ walk to deal with stress during the exam season. Last month, Sir Anthony Seldom, University of Buckingham’s headmaster, ___64___ (say)that every school should have a dog or another pet to reduce stress in the classroom. Education secretary Damian Hinds added that more schools seem ___65___ (have)well-being dogs and the pets can really help.

【语篇导读】这是一篇说明文。文章主要说明了 5 只拉布拉多狗被训练为“助教”，以减轻压力，防止学生辍学。这些狗狗甚至还被授予了自己的身份徽章，以确保它们被视为大学教学的一部分。

56. 【答案】sickness

【解析】考查词性转换(名词)。作宾语，表示“思乡”应用名词 **sickness**，故填 **sickness**。句意：狗狗帮助学生应对考试带来的压力和思乡之情。

57. 【答案】as

【解析】考查动词短语中的介词。动词短语 **be trained as** 被训练为，故填 **as**。

58. 【答案】dropping

【解析】考查非谓语动词。作介词的宾语，应用动名词，故填 **dropping**。句意：5 只拉布拉多狗被训练为“助教”，以减轻压力，防止学生辍学。

59. 【答案】are seen

【解析】考查动词的时态和语态。句意：这些狗狗甚至还被授予了自己的身份徽章，以确保它们被视

为大学教学的一部分。主语与谓语构成被动关系，陈述客观事实用一般现在时的被动语态，主语为 **they**，谓语用复数，故填 **are seen**。

60. 【答案】 **of**

【解析】考查介词。后跟动名词作宾语，表示“……的影响”与 **impact** 构成所属关系，应用介词 **of**，故填 **of**。句意：很难描述让一只狗躺在教室角落里的影响。

61. 【答案】 **what**

【解析】考查名词从句。引导宾语从句，从句缺少宾语，指事情应用 **what** 引导，故填 **what**。句意：这太神奇了，我们想要继续我们正在做的事情。

62. 【答案】 **recently**

【解析】考查词性转换(副词)。修饰动词 **offer** 应用副词 **recently**，作状语，故填 **recently**。

63. 【答案】 **a**

【解析】考查冠词。短语 **take...for a walk** 表示“散步”，故填 **a**。句意：在此之前，该校最近为学生提供了在考试季带狗散步的机会，以缓解压力。

64. 【答案】 **said**

【解析】考查动词的时态。根据上文 **Last month** 可知应用一般过去时，故填 **said**。句意：上个月，白金汉大学校长安东尼·塞尔顿爵士表示，每所学校都应该养一只狗或其他宠物，以减轻教室里的压力。

65. 【答案】 **ot have**

【解析】考查非谓语动词。**seem to do sth** 似乎……，故填 **to have**。句意：教育部长达米安·海因兹补充说，越来越多的学校似乎有健康狗，这些宠物真的很有帮助。

Passage 5

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

(2023 湖南郴州统考三模)Dream of the Red Chamber, ___56___ epic masterpiece in Chinese literature, ___57___(stage)as an original ballet show by the National Ballet of China(NBC)this coming Friday, according to the troupe at a media event.

Considered as one of the four great classical ___58___(novel)of Chinese literature, the Dream of the Red Chamber, through the perspective of Jia Baoyu, narrates a story about the fall of his large wealthy family and

___59___(he)complex relationship with Lin Daiyu and Xue Baochai. It shows the beauty of women and complicated ancient Chinese society from all angles, ___60___ has a far-reaching influence and world-renowned reputation.

The ballet dance drama will present this Chinese classic novels through a romantic Western-style narration, ___61___(offer)a visual feast with carefully designed winter snow stage setting and the costumes of the characters. By integrating Chinese silk into the ballet skirts, the designer Yang Donglin commits himself ___62___ achieving a “combination of Eastern and Western aesthetics(美学)” .

”You can imagine ___63___ appealing it is to see the use of Western ballet to tell a classic Chinese story,

“NBC has done ___64___(remarkable)in adapting this wonderful classic into a ballet. It’ll definitely help the story gain much ___65___(wide)recognition around the world,” commented Zhang Qingshan, president of Chinese Society of Dream of the Red Chamber.

【语篇导读】这是一篇新闻报道。中国文学巨作《红楼梦》将以原创芭蕾舞剧的形式上演。

56. 【答案】an

【解析】考查冠词。分析句子可知，设空处在句中限定后面的 **epic masterpiece**，泛指一部中国文学巨作，应用不定冠词，**epic** 为元音音素发音的单词，应用不定冠词 **an**，故填 **an**。

57. 【答案】will be staged

【解析】考查动词时态语态。分析句子可知，设空处在句中作谓语，应用动词；主语为 **Dream of the Red Chamber**，与动词 **stage** 之间为被动关系，应用被动语态 **be done** 结构，结合时间状语 **this Friday** 可知，此处应用一般将来时的被动语态 **will be done** 结构，故填 **will be staged**。句意：据中国国家芭蕾舞团在一场媒体活动上透露，中国文学巨作《红楼梦》将于本周五以原创芭蕾舞剧的形式上演。

58. 【答案】novels

【解析】考查词形转换(名词复数)。分析句子可知，设空处在句中受形容词 **classical** 的修饰，应用名词；根据前面的 **one of the four great classical** 可知，此处应用名词复数形式，故填 **novels**。

59. 【答案】his

【解析】考查词形转换(形容词性物主代词)。分析句子可知，设空处在句中限定后面的短语 **complex relationship with Lin Daiyu and Xue Baochai**，应用形容词性物主代词，故填 **his**。句意：《红楼梦》被誉为中国文学四大经典小说之一，它以贾宝玉为视角，讲述了贾宝玉豪门的没落以及

【答案】 which

【解析】考查定语从句。分析句子可知，设空处在句中引导一个非限制性定语从句，修饰代词 **it**，关系词代替先行词在从句中做主语，先行词表示物，应用 **which** 引导，故填 **which**。句意：它从各个角度展现了女性的美丽和中国古代社会的复杂，影响深远，享誉世界。

61. 【答案】 offering

【解析】考查非谓语动词。分析句子可知，设空处在句中作非谓语，逻辑主语 **The ballet dance drama** 与动词 **offer** 之间为主动关系，应用现在分词，故填 **offering**。句意：芭蕾舞剧将以浪漫的西式叙事呈现这部中国经典小说，精心设计的冬雪舞台背景和人物服装为观众带来一场视觉盛宴。

62. 【答案】 to

【解析】考查动词短语中的介词。动词短语 **committed to** 致力于……，故填 **to**。句意：设计师杨东林将中国丝绸融入芭蕾舞裙中，致力于实现“东西方美学的结合”。

63. 【答案】 how

【解析】考查名词从句。分析句子可知，设空处在句中引导一个从句，整个从句作动词 **imagine** 的宾语，这是一个宾语从句，从句中不缺主干成分，结合句意可知，此处表示“多么有吸引力”，应用连接副词 **how**，故填 **how**。句意：“你可以想象用西方芭蕾来讲述一个经典的中国故事是多么吸引人，”总编舞童瑞瑞周四在接受《环球时报》采访时表示。

64. 【答案】 remarkably

【解析】考查词性转换(副词)。分析句子可知，设空处在句中作状语，修饰动词 **done**，应用副词；**remarkable** 的副词形式为 **remarkably** 表示“惊人地、不同寻常地”，故填 **remarkably**。句意：NBC 在将这部经典作品改编成芭蕾舞剧方面做得非常出色。

65. 【答案】 wider

【解析】考查形容词比较等级。分析句子可知，设空处在句中修饰后面的名词 **recognition**，应用形容词；设空处位于 **much** 后，**much** 后面可接形容词比较级，表示比较程度的加深，此处表示“更广泛的认可”，应用比较级 **wider**，故填 **wider**。句意：“这肯定会帮助《红楼梦》在世界范围内获得更广泛的认可，”中国红楼梦研究会会长张青山评论道。

Passage 6

个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

(2023 江西鹰潭统考一模)If you have been to the cinema and watched the popular movie “The Wandering Earth II” recently, you might ____56____(impress)by the intelligent quantum computer MOSS. It has no cognitive limitations, removing the perceptual(感性)thinking consciousness and left with the rational algorithm only. In fact, such strong AI like MOSS, does not exist in reality for ____57____ time being.

Nevertheless, weaker AI, ____58____ replaces human processing in a specific field, has already been imperceptibly(不知不觉)integrated into our daily life. At present, most of the global AI level exists also at this stage. For example, Robotic Process Automation(RPA), an office software that relieves employees by doing repetitive human tasks, simulating a range of human ____59____(operate)such as on the keyboard and mouse.

Furthermore, Open AI ____60____(release)the language model ChatGPT(Chat Generative Pre-Trained Transformer)lately, making human-machine interaction much more humanized and ____61____(intelligence)than ever before. Thanks to its revolutionary user experience, ChatGPT obtained more than one million users just five days after ____62____(it)release. As to ____63____ ChatGPT became such a hit, users think it can display simple results content according to searching keywords.

Far from being a Chatbot only, ChatGPT can also realize article creation, code generating and other functions only by requesting. ChatGPT even has the ____64____(capable)to write code just like a professional programmer. It also presents the strong ability in content continuation, literary creation, music creation etc. It is so powerful ____65____ New York City public schools have banned it from their networks and school devices.

【语篇导读】这是一篇说明文。文章讲述了人工智能，已经不知不觉地融入了我们的日常生活。

56. 【答案】be impressed

【解析】考查动词的被动语态。空处在句中为谓语，表示“你可能会被智能量子计算机 MOSS 所吸引”，be impressed by “被……所吸引；对……印象深刻”，所以此处用被动，结合空前情态动词 might，所以用 be impressed，故填 be impressed。句意：如果你最近去过电影院并且看过流行电影《流浪地球 2》，你可能会对智能量子计算机 MOSS 印象深刻。

57. 【答案】the

【解析】考查介词短语中的冠词。for the time being “暂时”，故填 the。句意：事实上，像 MOSS 这样强大的人工智能，暂时在现实中是不存在的。

58. 【答案】which

【解析】考查定语从句。空处及之后的内容为非限制性定语从句，先行词为 weaker AI，在从句中作主语，所以用关系代词 which，故填 which。句意：然而，较弱的人工智能，在某一特定领域取

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