

2022-2023 学年重庆一中八年级（上）期末英语试卷

1. --- What do you want to be when you grow up, Ted?

--- I'm interested in space. So I want to be _____ astronaut like Yang Liwei. ()

A. an B. a C. the D. /

2. I don't know why we can't have our English class outside in _____ fine day.

A. such a B. so a C. so D. such

3. My teacher is _____ with me because my laziness made me fall behind my classmates.
()

A. afraid B. worried C. angry D. careful

4. It is necessary for China and the US to have some _____ about the trade problems. ()

A. information B. invitations C. discussions D. decisions

5. I have two best friends, and _____ of us go to the concert every week together. ()

A. no one B. not everyone C. both D. all

6. I'm sure half our class _____ to study in a good high school. ()

A. is going B. are going C. goes D. go

7. When you stay with your families, _____ your smart phone and enjoy talking with them. ()

A. turning off B. turn off C. turning on D. turn on

8. I wonder if he _____ jeans to the party tonight. If he _____, the teacher won't let him in. ()

A. wears; does B. will wear; do

C. will wear; does D. wears; do

9. --- Don't _____ too late because you may feel tired in class.

--- OK, mom. ()

A. wake up B. get up C. stay up D. pick up

10. --- Do you think everything will be free in the future?

--- I'm not sure. We never know _____. ()

A. how will the future be B. how the future will be like

C. what the future will happen D. what will happen in the future

Laura did not have any friends and she often felt sad. All the girls in her class were in pairs with a best friend or in groups, and she always felt left out. She wanted to seesaw (跷跷板), (11) that is something you need to do with a friend. (12), she expected to play on the swing but there is no one to push (推) her to get her started.

One day, the teacher, Mrs. Mills, walking up and put her arm around Laura, _____, Laura?

Why don't you play with(13) children?

Laura answered, (除了) , ,
____ , ____ ?

Mrs.Mills answered,
____ , but she was afraid that others would (16) .She wasn't(17)
if she could do it.

(18) one P.E.class, Laura was taking a walk by herself on the playground.To her surprise, she found there
was a dark-haired girl(19) alone (独自)
you want to play with me? _____,

Laura found out that the girl's name was Ling.Her family had just moved from Japan and she also needed
a friend.
_____ ?

Laura finally had a friend!

- | | | | | |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 11. | A. and | B. so | C. but | D. because |
| 12. | A. Also | B. Though | C. However | D. Finally |
| 13. | A. another | B. other | C. others | D. any other |
| 14. | A. lose | B. to lose | C. be | D. to be |
| 15. | A. Who | B. What | C. When | D. How |
| 16. | A. accept | B. invite | C. reply | D. refuse |
| 17. | A. sure | B. able | C. ready | D. possible |
| 18. | A. For | B. During | C. From | D. On |
| 19. | A. sit | B. sat | C. sits | D. sitting |
| 20. | A. farm | B. swing | C. bike | D. phone |

L

Mind Your TableManners[礼仪]！ Table manners are different in different countries. How to be o good guest Here is something for each one of us, Before Dinner 1 Come to the table with your face and hands clean. 2 Stay seated and sit up straight. 3 Don't bring your phone to the table. ,	 DuringDinner 1 Start eating when everyone else does. 2 No talking with your mouth full. you with something. After Dinner 1 Give thanks for the food and to the host (主人) . 2 Help with cleaning the table.	
---	---	---

21. You can't bring your _____ to the table before dinner.
- A. food B. drinks C. dog D. phone
22. According to the passage if you want to talk during dinner, you should _____ .
- A. finish the food in your mouth first
- B.
- C. start talking when everyone else does
- D. talk to the host
23. After dinner, it's polite to say thanks to the _____ .
- A. guest B. host C. friend D. cleaner

M

During the Western Jin Dynasty(西晋), there was a man named Zhou Chu.He was very strong - stronger than any other man in the village.

People were scared of him because he often bullied (欺负) villagers.At that time, a man-eating tiger and a deepwater monster (深水怪兽) lived near the village.They often made trouble.People called them, along with Zhou, (三害) .

One day, some villagers asked Zhou to help them kill the tiger and the monster.Zhou killed them after three days of fighting.The villagers thought he was dead, too.So they celebrated his death.When Zhou finally came back, seeing this, he realized how much people hated him and decided to change.

He visited a famous person named Lu Yun.Lu told him,

From then on, Zhou became a good person and stopped bullying others.Later he became a great soldier and died saving his country.

In fact, it's not easy for us to see our own mistakes.It was good that Zhou was able to look at himself and make changes.

We all make mistakes.But it's never too late to correct (改正) them.We just need some courage and efforts.

24. According to the passage,

A. Zhou Chu B. Lu Yun C. the monster D. the tiger

25. The villagers were _____ when they thought Zhou Chu was dead.

A. happy B. sad C. worried D. surprised

26. The underlined sentence in Paragraph 4 probably means _____ .

A. 朝如青丝暮成雪 B. 朝闻道，夕死可矣
C. 古人贵朝闻夕改 D. 晨曦朝露去，披星戴月归

27. The story tells us that _____ .

A. a strong man should die saving his country
B. it's never too late to correct our mistakes
C. a good beginning makes a good ending
D. you should believe in yourself and then you can make it

N

In Lagardo, people built a special college for inventors (发明家) ! There were hundreds of rooms, and there was an inventor working hard in each one.

In the first room I met a man who had a wonderful plan for getting the sunlight out of cucumbers (黄瓜) and then keeping it in a bottle (瓶子) .When it was cold weather, people could open the bottle to let the sunlight out to keep warm.

Oh, in the next room, a man was using a machine to write really wonderful books by putting words together in different orders.He expected to have just one book that can be useful enough for culture and science study.What a clever invention it is!

There were so many inventors that I couldn't describe them all, but_____.He tried starting to build the house with the roofs (屋顶) .He said bees and spiders, the smartest animals, built their houses in this way.

One inventor made special cookies for students.Boys and girls learned things by eating the cookies (饼干) with their lessons on them!To let the cookies work their magic, however, the students couldn't eat anything before having the cookies.And after having them, students could only have bread and water for

the following three days.Students either felt uncomfortable or hungry.That really worried me.I wonder if it was necessary to have such cookies.

There were hundreds of more inventors in the college, but I decided to make my way home.

28. When the weather was _____ , people would open the bottle to let the sunlight out.

- A. cold B. warm C. cool D. hot

29. Which sentence can we put to _____ in paragraph 4?

- A. all these inventors are interesting and wonderful only
B. there was one man I had to talk about
C. some of them were really creative
D. I don't like each of them

30. Which of the following is NOT TRUE? _____

- A. People built special college for inventors in Lagardo.
B. An inventor got sunlight out of cucumbers.
C. Someone invented a machine that could read books.
D. An inventor tried building the house by learning from spiders and bees.

31. According to paragraph 5, we can know that the writer _____ the special cookies.

- A. loves B. doesn't mind C. isn't sure of D. can't stand

O

recognition（面部识别） can help a visitor enter the park in two or three seconds.Fingerprint collecting（指纹收集） sometimes doesn't work, especially when the fingerprints are hurt or when the fingers are

However, some people are worried that facial recognition can bring safety problems.According to China Daily, many people feel uncomfortable using facial recognition.

They worry that their information could be stolen（被偷）.

A face-swapping（换脸） app called Zao allowed users to imitate（模仿） famous people through the use of facial recognition.Users worried that the app was collecting personal information too much.

Sometimes people can refuse to use some apps if they don't want to put their personal information in danger, but sometimes people don't have a choice.

Zhao Zhanling, a teacher at China University of Political Science and Law, said it's easy to understand people's growing worries over facial recognition.Once information is stolen, it's hard to stop it.

（管控） the use and collection of facial information, _____ ,
adding that companies and local governments should be careful to stop the over use of technology.

32. The park wanted to change the way to enter the park because _____ .

- A. facial recognition is faster
- B. fingerprint recognition is faster
- C. people feel uncomfortable
- D. people worry about their safety

33. The writer starts the passage by _____ .

- A. showing a picture
- B. listing numbers
- C. giving an example
- D. telling stories

34. Zhao Zhanling is mentioned to _____ .

- A. explain why some users want to imitate famous people
- B. explain why users have the worry over facial recognition
- C. give users a way to steal personal information through apps
- D. give companies a way to stop the over use of technology

(4) We may read this article in the column (栏目) of _____ in a magazine. A.history B.education C.travel D.technology

P

Do you find when lining up (排队) at the supermarket, other lines always seem to be moving faster than yours? Now a report by The New York Times looks into the math and psychology (心理学) of lining up. It also gives ways on picking the fastest line, either in a supermarket, a bank or anywhere else.

Pick someone with a full basket

US mathematician (数学家) Dan Meyer believes that a basket full of items (物品) doesn't tell the whole story. _____, pay, say goodbye and leave,

said. Each item in the basket only takes 3 seconds.

This means if there are ten people in front of you, each with 1 item in their baskets, the waiting time will be 440 seconds. But if there is only one person in front of you, with 50 items in the basket, the waiting time will be 191 seconds. You do the math.

Study the customers

It's important to know who the customers are. For example, if they are elder people, they might move slower. At the same time, the items in their baskets are also important. For example, four bottles of the same milk will go faster than four different items.

Go left

According to US science writer Robert Samuel, about 90 percent of people are right-handed. That means they will naturally choose lines on the right. So standing on the left will give you a better chance of finding a faster line.

35. If there are 5 people in front of you, each with 10 items in their baskets, it will take you _____ .

A. 355 seconds B. 205 seconds C. 150 seconds D. 410 seconds

36. From the passage, _____ may move faster.

- a. a line with three elder people.
- b. a line with three young people.
- c. basket with the same items.
- d. a basket with different items.

A. ac B. bc C. ad D. bd

37. Robert Samuel thinks _____ is a better chance of finding a faster line.

- A. picking someone with a full basket
- B. studying the customers
- C. picking lines on the left
- D. studying the items customers bought

38. The best title of this article may be _____ .

- A. Math in everyday life
- B. Advice on picking the fastest line
- C. Customers lining up
- D. The importance of picking the fastest line.

39. A: Hi, Lily. What are you going to do this weekend?

B: I'm going to stay at home and cook some food for my mother.

A: Sounds great!What will you cook?

B: I will cook tomato egg noodles, but I don't know how to cook it. (1)

A: Sure. (2)

B: What's next?

A: Stir (搅拌) the eggs, fry (煎) them and put them in a bowl. Then, put the tomato in a pot and add some water.

B: (3)

A: Yes, it's easy. Next, put the noodles in the pot.

B: How long does it take?

A: (4) Remember to add some salt. Finally, you can mix the noodles with the eggs in a bowl.

B: (5) My mom will be happy.

A: I think so.

A. Wow, it must be delicious.

B. About 5minutes.

- C. I have no idea.
- D. Can you help me?
- E. How do you like it?
- F. First, buy some noodles, two eggs and a tomato.
- G. Sounds easy!

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)
- (5)

40. I went to visit my grandfather in a small town near London. On a cold morning, my friend Peter invited me to a famous coffee shop. When we enjoyed our coffee, a tall man with a pair of glasses came in and sat down near us. He called the waiter and ordered, _____, and one of _____, the _____, _____,

two other women had two cups of coffee but paid for three. Again, the waiter did the same thing. It seemed that this was common at this place. However, it was something strange for us.

About 30 minutes later, an old man came in. The way this man dressed didn't match the style of this coffee shop. He looked thin and poor. When he sat down, he looked at the wall and said, _____,

_____, showing him the same respect (尊重) as the other customers. The man had his coffee and left without paying. The waiter took off a piece of paper from the wall and threw it into the dustbin.

After that, I knew anybody could take a cup of coffee from that wall if he wanted. He didn't have to lose face to ask for a free cup of coffee. Without asking or knowing who was giving him this cup of coffee, he only looked at the wall, ordered, enjoyed coffee and left. It was a really beautiful thing—probably the most beautiful wall anywhere in the world.

- (1) Did the old man pay for his coffee? _____
- (2) When did Peter and I enjoy the coffee in the coffee shop? _____
- (3) Why did people put another cup of coffee on the wall in this coffee shop? _____
- (4) If you are in the coffee shop, will you buy another cup of coffee for the poor you don't know? Why or why not? _____

41. It's best _____ (not hang) out with friends too late.
42. One of his favorite _____ (hobby) is swimming.
43. Nick says the earth will be more polluted in the future, but many people _____ (agree).
44. He got up late this morning, but he still _____ (catch) the early bus.

45. Mr. Smith looks _____ (sad) than yesterday because something worse happened to him.
46. _____ (improve) his English, he got up very early to practice speaking.
47. Mark walked into the restaurant and ordered food without _____ (look) at the menu.
48. Helen didn't accept the _____ (invite) for the dinner because she had the flu.
49. Next month, Ben and his parents _____ (travel) to Beijing and visit the Great Wall.
50. When parents are away from home, the children have to take care of _____ (they) .
51. My sister has to get up early to catch the school bus. (变否定句)

My sister _____ to get early to catch the school bus.

52. We need one cup of yoghurt. (对划线部分提问)

_____ yoghurt do you need?

53. If he doesn't have a good habit, he won't live healthily. (同义句转换)

He won't live healthily _____ he _____ a good habit.

54. 我盼望收到你的来信。 (完成译句)

I look forward to _____ you.

55. 迈克尔昨晚一直没有吃晚餐直到完成家庭作业。 (翻译句子)

Michael _____ have dinner _____ he finished his homework last night.

56. Smart phones are playing a more and more important role in our life. There are many useful apps on smart phones, and one of (1) is WeChat. It first (2) in January, 2011 and later became one of the most popular apps. The following are the basic uses of WeChat:

Messaging 

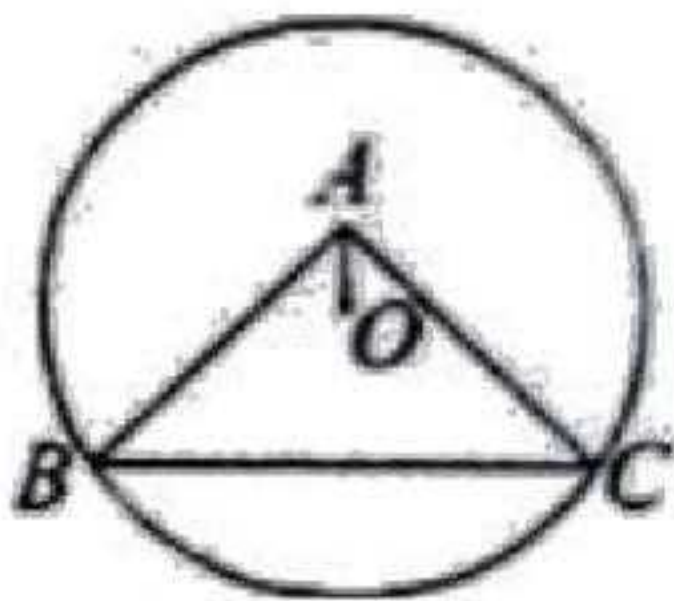
You can not only send text (文字) messages to your friends, but also voice messages, videos, pictures and so on. If your friends live in (3) city and you can't meet each other, you can make a video call (视频) on WeChat.

Moments 

In WeChat Moments, you can see your friend's pictures, read articles, and listen to music. You can (4) share your own moments on WeChat. It's a good way to let your WeChat friends know what is (5) to you. If they like your moments,

WeChatPay 

WeChat Pay is changing people's ways of life. In many cities, you don't need to take money with you when you go out. That's (6) it's getting more and more convenient (方便的) to pay online with WeChat. In Chinese tradition, Hongbao is a red paper bag with lucky money in it. It is a (7) of good luck and best wishes. Nowadays, when people say Hongbao, they usually think of the Hongbao on WeChat Pay, not the traditional Hongbao.



- A、 $\sqrt{10}$ B、 $2\sqrt{3}$
- C、 $3\sqrt{2}$ D、 $\sqrt{13}$

考点：垂径定理；勾股定理。

剖析：依据等腰三角形三线合一的性质知：若过 A 作 BC 的垂线，设垂足为 D ，则 AD 必垂直均分 BC ；由垂径定理可知， AD 必过圆心 O ；依据等腰直角三角形的性质，易求出 BD 、 AD 的长，从而可求出 OD 的值；连结 OB 依据勾股定理即可求出 $\odot O$ 的半径．

解答：解：过 A 作 $AD \perp BC$ ，由题意可知 AD 必过点 O ，连结 OB ；

$\because \triangle BAC$ 是等腰 $Rt \triangle$ ， $AD \perp BC$ ，

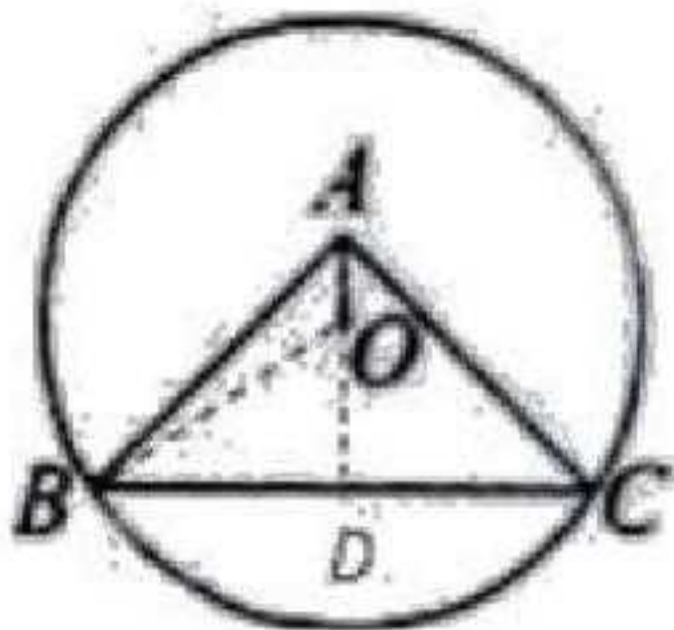
$\therefore BD=CD=AD=3$ ；

$\therefore OD=AD - OA=2$ ；

$Rt \triangle OBD$ 中，依据勾股定理，得：

$OB= \sqrt{BD^2 + OD^2} = \sqrt{13}.$

故选 D.



评论：本题主要考察了等腰直角三角形的性质，以及垂径定理、勾股定理的应用．

9、 下边两个多位数 **1248624** 、 **6248624** ，都是依据以下方法获得的：将第一位数字乘以 **2**，若积为一位数，将其写在第 **2** 位上，若积为两位数，则将其个位数字写在第 **2** 位．对第 **2** 位数字再进行如上操作获得第 **3** 位数字 ，后边的每一位数字都是由前一位数字进行如上操作获得的．当第 **1** 位数字是 **3** 时，仍按如上操作获得一个多位数，则这个多位数前 **100** 位的所有数字之和是（ ）

A、 495 B、 497

C、 501 D、 503

考点：规律型：数字的变化类。

专题：规律型。

剖析：多位数 **1248624** 是怎么来的？当第 **1** 个数字是 **1** 时，将第 **1** 位数字乘以 **2** 得 **2**，将 **2**

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/736014125045010045>