

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$$83 \times 7 =$$

$$60 \times 9 =$$

$$53 \times 2 =$$

$$50 \times 20 =$$

$$174 \times 4 =$$

$$311 \times 6 =$$

$$70 \times 8 =$$

$$76 \div 4 =$$

$$20 \div 2 =$$

$$10 \times 50 =$$

$$386 \times 8 =$$

$$210 \times 5 =$$

$$20 \times 7 =$$

$$360 \times 2 =$$

$$50 \times 5 =$$

$$334 \times 9 =$$

## 二、列竖式计算

$$700 \div 7 =$$

$$17 \times 14 =$$

$$240 \div 2 =$$

$$777 \div 7 =$$

$$934 \div 3 =$$

$$85 \times 11 =$$

$$370 \div 3 =$$

$$61 \times 11 =$$

## 三、脱式计算

$$25 \times 5 \div 5$$

$$10 \times 18 \div 10$$

$$261 \div 9 \times 23$$

$$10 \times 7 + 321$$

$$19 \times 4 - 22$$

$$(261 - 198) \div 9$$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$80 \times 6 =$	$484 \times 3 =$	$12 \div 2 =$	$80 \times 9 =$
$50 \times 2 =$	$210 \times 3 =$	$437 \times 5 =$	$275 \times 9 =$
$370 \times 9 =$	$85 \div 5 =$	$30 \times 9 =$	$416 \times 4 =$
$50 \times 20 =$	$10 \times 3 =$	$40 \times 20 =$	$17 \times 2 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$660 \div 3 =$	$72 \times 11 =$	$330 \div 3 =$	$35 \times 69 =$
$905 \div 5 =$	$502 \div 9 =$	$62 \times 11 =$	$809 \div 4 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$115 \div 5 \times 6$	$216 \div 9 \times 24$	$(156 - 137) \times 10$
$168 \div 7 \times 23$	$(1 + 12) \times 6$	$15 \times 5 - 62$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$$10 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$270 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$83 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$261 \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$10 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$496 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$81 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$459 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$18 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$50 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$180 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$430 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$46 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$80 \times 60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

## 二、列竖式计算

$$840 \div 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$29 \times 43 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$47 \times 11 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$440 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 11 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$330 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$532 \div 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$602 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

## 三、脱式计算

$$40 \div 2 - 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$23 \times 9 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$21 \times 7 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(86 - 46) \div 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(33 + 9) \div 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$140 \div 7 \times 13 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$88 \div 4 =$	$240 \times 5 =$	$50 \times 30 =$	$50 \times 7 =$
$349 \times 6 =$	$419 \times 4 =$	$52 \div 4 =$	$10 \times 20 =$
$245 \times 9 =$	$17 \times 3 =$	$210 \times 6 =$	$62 \times 4 =$
$199 \times 4 =$	$20 \times 5 =$	$30 \times 4 =$	$90 \times 7 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$660 \div 3 =$	$92 \times 11 =$	$46 \times 11 =$	$66 \times 24 =$
$551 \div 4 =$	$716 \div 3 =$	$360 \div 4 =$	$480 \div 4 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$(233 - 193) \div 2$	$162 \div 9 \times 14$	$230 \div 10 \times 19$
$198 \div 9 \times 4$	$(133 - 121) \times 2$	$160 \div 8 - 10$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$156 \times 3 =$

$420 \times 6 =$

$362 \times 7 =$

$69 \div 3 =$

$40 \times 6 =$

$70 \times 50 =$

$60 \times 4 =$

$50 \times 10 =$

$442 \times 4 =$

$10 \times 6 =$

$63 \div 7 =$

$400 \times 8 =$

$70 \times 3 =$

$25 \times 8 =$

$415 \times 7 =$

$99 \times 6 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$500 \div 5 =$

$618 \div 6 =$

$100 \div 2 =$

$91 \times 73 =$

$89 \times 11 =$

$982 \div 6 =$

$78 \times 11 =$

$725 \div 2 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$30 \times 7 \div 7$

$30 \times 4 \div 6$

$126 \div 9 \times 2$

$60 \div 3 - 10$

$(2+2) \times 4$

$19 \times 9 - 20$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$$208 \times 7 =$$

$$80 \times 8 =$$

$$60 \times 40 =$$

$$413 \times 4 =$$

$$80 \div 4 =$$

$$90 \times 3 =$$

$$10 \times 60 =$$

$$499 \times 8 =$$

$$40 \times 7 =$$

$$311 \times 8 =$$

$$350 \times 2 =$$

$$400 \times 3 =$$

$$80 \times 4 =$$

$$90 \times 6 =$$

$$79 \times 8 =$$

$$24 \div 4 =$$

## 二、列竖式计算

$$84 \times 36 =$$

$$720 \div 6 =$$

$$880 \div 8 =$$

$$81 \times 11 =$$

$$592 \div 8 =$$

$$83 \times 11 =$$

$$849 \div 2 =$$

$$699 \div 6 =$$

## 三、脱式计算

$$17 \times 8 \div 8$$

$$15 \times 9 \div 9$$

$$20 \times 9 - 40$$

$$19 \times 2 + 29$$

$$17 \times 8 - 44$$

$$126 \div 9 \times 16$$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$$51 \div 3 =$$

$$86 \times 2 =$$

$$20 \times 80 =$$

$$240 \times 6 =$$

$$90 \times 50 =$$

$$50 \times 7 =$$

$$210 \times 5 =$$

$$473 \times 2 =$$

$$76 \times 7 =$$

$$211 \times 5 =$$

$$36 \div 2 =$$

$$10 \times 5 =$$

$$445 \times 6 =$$

$$50 \times 6 =$$

$$10 \times 3 =$$

$$132 \times 8 =$$

## 二、列竖式计算

$$85 \times 64 =$$

$$94 \times 11 =$$

$$660 \div 3 =$$

$$73 \times 11 =$$

$$840 \div 6 =$$

$$834 \div 6 =$$

$$464 \div 3 =$$

$$610 \div 6 =$$

## 三、脱式计算

$$224 \div 8 \times 28$$

$$25 \times 10 \div 10$$

$$23 \times 5 \div 5$$

$$(11+5) \times 10$$

$$(7+8) \times 5$$

$$(4+92) \div 6$$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$$483 \times 6 =$$

$$30 \div 3 =$$

$$90 \times 30 =$$

$$77 \times 7 =$$

$$348 \times 9 =$$

$$150 \times 8 =$$

$$12 \times 3 =$$

$$70 \times 5 =$$

$$54 \div 9 =$$

$$50 \times 90 =$$

$$378 \times 3 =$$

$$240 \times 6 =$$

$$90 \times 9 =$$

$$10 \times 7 =$$

$$80 \times 5 =$$

$$406 \times 5 =$$

## 二、列竖式计算

$$71 \times 11 =$$

$$560 \div 8 =$$

$$33 \times 11 =$$

$$82 \times 36 =$$

$$750 \div 5 =$$

$$665 \div 5 =$$

$$798 \div 8 =$$

$$516 \div 5 =$$

## 三、脱式计算

$$19 \times 6 + 69$$

$$16 \times 12 \div 8$$

$$126 \div 7 \times 13$$

$$(2+22) \div 8$$

$$15 \times 14 \div 10$$

$$98 \div 7 + 15$$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$80 \times 6 =$

$120 \times 6 =$

$292 \times 9 =$

$14 \div 2 =$

$360 \times 5 =$

$10 \times 70 =$

$80 \times 40 =$

$398 \times 8 =$

$40 \times 9 =$

$30 \times 4 =$

$86 \times 9 =$

$488 \times 4 =$

$60 \times 3 =$

$92 \times 7 =$

$299 \times 6 =$

$36 \div 4 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$36 \times 11 =$

$550 \div 5 =$

$448 \div 4 =$

$74 \times 54 =$

$29 \times 11 =$

$860 \div 2 =$

$655 \div 2 =$

$657 \div 7 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$114 \div 6 \times 13$

$13 \times 9 \div 9$

$(114 - 101) \times 6$

$21 \times 6 \div 9$

$18 \times 9 - 26$

$30 \div 5 + 34$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$$80 \times 9 =$$

$$50 \times 50 =$$

$$48 \div 8 =$$

$$227 \times 2 =$$

$$460 \times 5 =$$

$$20 \times 9 =$$

$$319 \times 3 =$$

$$410 \times 8 =$$

$$113 \times 6 =$$

$$20 \times 30 =$$

$$488 \times 6 =$$

$$40 \times 8 =$$

$$90 \times 3 =$$

$$86 \times 5 =$$

$$69 \times 4 =$$

$$54 \div 2 =$$

## 二、列竖式计算

$$40 \times 11 =$$

$$800 \div 2 =$$

$$17 \times 11 =$$

$$62 \times 90 =$$

$$390 \div 3 =$$

$$346 \div 4 =$$

$$807 \div 3 =$$

$$796 \div 3 =$$

## 三、脱式计算

$$140 \div 7 \times 9$$

$$133 \div 7 \times 4$$

$$19 \times 10 - 25$$

$$150 \div 6 \times 9$$

$$15 \times 9 + 170$$

$$(136 - 122) \times 4$$

# 三年级数学下册计算题

姓名: \_\_\_\_\_ 成绩: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、直接写出得数

$80 \times 3 =$

$376 \times 2 =$

$480 \times 2 =$

$97 \times 9 =$

$90 \times 5 =$

$56 \div 8 =$

$46 \times 5 =$

$422 \times 5 =$

$20 \times 20 =$

$10 \times 3 =$

$140 \times 4 =$

$20 \times 4 =$

$36 \div 4 =$

$20 \times 10 =$

$365 \times 4 =$

$466 \times 3 =$

## 二、列竖式计算

$16 \times 16 =$

$380 \div 2 =$

$340 \div 2 =$

$702 \div 2 =$

$82 \times 11 =$

$63 \times 11 =$

$535 \div 2 =$

$783 \div 6 =$

## 三、脱式计算

$10 \times 13 \div 5$

$12 \times 21 \div 9$

$8 \times 6 + 12$

$140 \div 7 - 10$

$190 \div 10 \times 24$

$(1+7) \times 4$

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/757025040134006146>