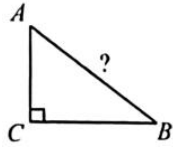


—No. A tall man stood _____ me. I couldn't see the players at all.

- A. next to B. across from C. in front of

11. —Look at the triangle on the right, if $AC=3$, $BC=4$, how long is AB ?

—It's _____.



- A. five B. seven C. twelve

12. —Have you ever _____ the Great Wall?

—Yes, I have. I went there on our last school trip.

- A. been to B. gone to C. been in

13. _____! It's not a big deal. Just believe yourself and everything will be OK.

- A. Give up B. Cheer up C. Stay up

14. —Could you tell me _____ people call these children "little oranges"?

—Because they wear cute orange clothing and oranges are famous in Guangxi.

- A. how B. when C. why

15. —Hello? This is Jenny. May I speak to Laura?

—_____.

- A. Have a good trip B. Sorry, she is not here C. Never mind

二、完形填空

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并涂在答题卡上相应的位置。



Tony is a little boy. One day, he told a _____ 16 _____ to his mother. That night he felt very upset and unhappy. He did not go out to play with his friends.

He sat on the doorstep with his head down. When he _____ 17 _____ in the sky, the moon was still big, round and bright. But it didn't smile at him as usual, it was laughing at him. Tony

thought the moon must know about his lie. He was so scared. He ran along the street to get away from it, but the moon kept _____ 18 _____ him. Finally, he rushed into the house and went to bed. The moon looked at him _____ 19 _____ the window. Tony pulled the quilt to cover his head, but he could not fall asleep. Then he hid under the bed and started thinking about the lie over and over again.

At last, he told his _____ 20 _____ all about it and promised her that he would never tell a lie. He went to bed again and fell asleep soon. The moon nodded to him with a big smile in his dream.

16. A. lie B. joke C. story
17. A. looked up B. looked down C. looked back
18. A. fighting B. helping C. following
19. A. inside B. through C. below
20. A. friend B. mother C. father



“Pure love, only for China.” When the host of the **Harbin Ice and Snow World** read out the words in a lost phone to find its owner, people all cheered for these _____ 21 _____ words on the wallpaper (屏保) of the phone. These words were written by Chen Xiangrong who lost his life for the safety of our country. The _____ 22 _____ of the lost phone is a student from Heilongjiang University. Her family name is Xie.

Xie knew Chen Xiangrong when she _____ 23 _____ in a high school. One day, she learned about Chen’s story from a newspaper and was deeply moved. Since then, Xie has regarded Chen as _____ 24 _____ and hoped one day she could also serve our country like him. She has kept Chen’s words “Pure love, only for China” in _____ 25 _____ phone together with a Chinese national flag as an inspiration.

To her surprise, the wallpaper _____ 26 _____ on the Internet suddenly. Even many people asked for the wallpaper. “I am very _____ 27 _____ that many young people hold the same dream as me. We all have a feeling of responsibility and big _____ 28 _____,” Xie said. “I believe that through


our hard work, our country will be stronger and stronger! We will 29 to create a better future for our country!”

We Chinese people are confident, ambitious and responsible. “Pure love, only for China.”
30 these words are simple, they show our strong respect, love and loyalty to our country.

- | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 21. A. funny | B. touching | C. scary |
| 22. A. owner | B. wallpaper | C. picture |
| 23. A. taught | B. played | C. studied |
| 24. A. a host | B. a student | C. an example |
| 25. A. his | B. her | C. our |
| 26. A. was broken | B. got lost | C. became popular |
| 27. A. excited | B. bored | C. sorry |
| 28. A. phones | B. dreams | C. problems |
| 29. A. try our best | B. feel free | C. write words |
| 30. A. So | B. Although | C. Unless |


三、阅读理解

First aid is important and necessary. It helps a person who gets ill or hurts suddenly. First aid knowledge sometimes means life or death.




Nosebleed

Have the person sit up and put the head down a little. Tell the person to press the sides of his or her nose for 10-15 minutes until the bleeding stops.




Broken bone

Do not move the hurt body part. Place an ice bag on the hurt area, and wait for a doctor to arrive.




Animal bite(咬)

Wash the bite area with soap and water. Take the person to a hospital. Tell the doctor what kind of animal bit the person as the doctor might need to use special medicine.



Being choked(噎)

Stand behind the person and put arms around him or her. Put one fist(拳头) on the person's stomach and place the other hand on the fist. Press his or her stomach with both hands continually until the thing comes out from the throat and the person can breathe again.



31. Which part should we press when we have a nosebleed?
 A. The nose. B. The arm. C. The stomach.
32. In which situation should we put an ice bag according to the passage?
 A. Nosebleed. B. Animal bite. C. Broken bone.
33. Which of the following can be put in the “_____”?

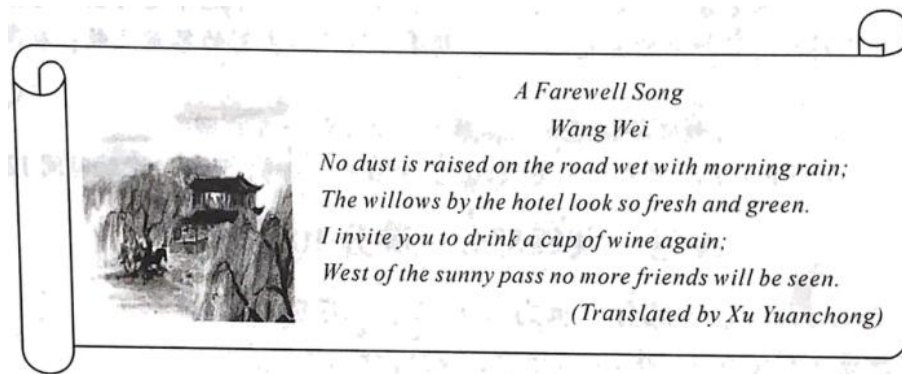


34. What can we infer (推断) from the passage?

- A. If you have a nosebleed, put your head up.
- B. If you are choked, do not move your body.
- C. If you are bitten by a dog, clean the bite area first.

35. What's the best title for the passage?

- A. Doctors and Patients.
- B. Health and First-aid.
- C. Animals and Humans.



Friends are important in our lives, but we sometimes have to separate from our friends. “A Farewell (告别) Song” is about saying goodbye to a friend. It is a famous poem by Wang Wei, a great poet, who lived in Tang Dynasty. He is good at writing poems and drawing. When talking about Wang Wei, people often say there are pictures in his poems and there are poems in his pictures. His poems are full of beauty and imagination.

“No dust is raised on the road wet with morning rain”, “The willows by the hotel look so fresh and green”, a picture of silence and peace gets into our eyes. After a morning rain in spring, the road, the willows (柳树) and the hotel are completely different. The hotel looks green. The willows look fresh. Everything is nice, gentle and silent. Willow branches are considered as a typical symbol of farewell in China. In ancient times, Chinese people often used them as gifts when they said goodbye to their friends.

“I invite you to drink a cup of wine again” is the poet’s warm and real way of not wanting to say goodbye to his friend. Having another drink together is like a symbol of their goodbye. Lastly, “West of the sunny pass no more friends will be seen” shows the feeling of being alone and

missing someone. It also shows his sincere love and care for his friend.

“*A Farewell Song*” creates a feeling of quiet sadness. It mixes beautiful pictures and human feelings to deeply express the common experience of saying goodbye.

36. Who is the writer of this poem?

- A. 李白 B. 王维 C. 杜甫

37. When did Wang Wei’s friend leave in the poem?

- A. In spring. B. In summer. C. In autumn.

38. What is considered as a typical symbol of farewell in China?

- A. A morning rain. B. A hotel. C. A willow branch.

39. Which of the following rhymes (押韵) are **RIGHT** for this poem?

- A. aa-bb. B. ab-ab. C. ab-cd.

40. What does Wang Wei want to show in this poem?

- A. To show his excitement after seeing his old friend.
B. To show his joy before separating from his friend.
C. To show a feeling of quiet sadness before farewell.

四、补全对话

根据对话内容，从下面方框中选出适当的选项补全对话，并涂在答题卡上相应的位置。

(Rose and Jack are talking about their weekend activities. Rose=R, Jack=J)

J: Hi, Rose. What did you do last weekend?

R: Nothing much. How about you?

J: _____ 41 _____

R: A field? What did you do in the field?

J: We grew some vegetables.

R: _____ 42 _____

J: Certainly. First, dig a hole, put a small plant into it. Then, put the earth back. Finally, water the plant.

R: Oh, sounds kind of difficult. Did you feel tired?

J: Yes, a little. _____ 43 _____

R: Great! What else did you do?

J: _____ 44 _____

R: Wow! How meaningful it was!

J: We plan to go there next weekend. Would you like to join us?

R: _____ 45 _____ I can't wait!

- A. Sure. I'd love to.
- B. Can you tell me how to grow vegetables?
- C. But we had fun and learned a lot.
- D. I worked in a field with my classmates.
- E. We also helped pick grapes and oranges.

五、单词拼写

46. —Is this your dictionary?

—No, maybe it's h_____. She is looking for it.

47. The old man lives by himself, but he doesn't feel l_____.

48. It's only five _____ (minute) walk from here, so you needn't take a bus.

49. Recently, *Tianshui malatang* is very popular. It's _____ (real) delicious.

50. On April 26, three astronauts from Shenzhou-18 _____ (succeed) in entering the space station and met the astronauts in Shenzhou-17.

六、选词填空

阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整，并将其答案写在答题卡上相应的位置。每词限用一次。

afford by everything easy information make only smart they w hen



With the development of science and technology, our life is becoming more and more convenient. It seems that 51 has been reinvented and greatly improved. But there is one thing unlike them. It's a blind walking stick. It was invented over 100 years ago and has been used 52 many blind people for a long time. However, it had remained unchanged until an engineer named Kursat decided 53 a change. Kursat is blind. He deeply understands the difficulties and challenges that the blind face. He put some technical knowledge into his invention and invented a 54 stick. He hoped his invention would help the blind.

The smart stick uses built-in speakers and different sensors (传感器) to warn about possible dangers. It helps blind people know about the environment around 55 by using modern technology. It makes their travel much 56 than before. The stick is priced at around \$500. It is less than half the price of most smart phones. Most people can 57 it.

In the future, this invention is going to make a big difference to more blind people. "It will not 58 change my life, but also the life of other people." Kursat said, "These days, we are talking about flying cars, but the blind have been using just simple sticks. As a blind person, 59 I am at the subway station, I don't know which is my exit. I don't know which bus is coming or which stores are around me. But now, the smart stick can provide a lot of 60 for the blind," he said, "I believe the life of the blind will be much more convenient and safer."

七、阅读理解

补全短文 根据短文内容，从短文后方框中的 A-F 选项中，选出适当的选项补全短文，并涂在答题卡上相应的位置。选项中有一项为多余选项。



Different countries have different manners about social situations. In Mexico, people shake hands when they meet for the first time. In Brazil, people sometimes kiss. In Korea, people usually bow. Do you know Chinese fist and palm salute (拱手礼)? It is one of classic greeting manners in China. ____61____

The occasions of making fist and palm salute

For centuries, China has been known as a “Liyi Zhibang”. Nowadays, Chinese usually shake hands when meeting others, but sometimes they also make fist and palm salute. ____62____ People make fist and palm salute when they visit someone during the Spring Festival or attend someone’s wedding ceremony, birthday party and so on.

The history of fist and palm salute

____63____ It stated in West Zhou Dynasty. If people met strangers, they would prepare for a fight if necessary, and hands were always ready for holding weapons (武器). Holding hands together pointed to themselves was a meaning of expressing kindness. Later it became one of traditional Chinese manners when meeting each other.

____64____

How do you make fist and palm salute properly? First, stand at attention. Then, if you are a man, right-hand half-fist, and then left-hand hold the right-hand in front of your chest. For a woman, left-hand half-fist, then right-hand put the left-hand on the top. Next, watch each other, raise both hands to brow (额头) and bend down. ____65____ Also, you could say some lucky greeting words to each other for three times.

- A. Now let’s learn more about it.
- B. The way to make fist and palm salute
- C. When and where do people use it?
- D. It is often widely used among western countries.
- E. Finally, shake hands towards each other for three times.
- F. Fist and palm salute has a history of more than 3000 years.

八、任务型阅读

完成表格 阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，完成表格中所缺的信息，并将其答案的完整形式

写在答题卡上相应的位置。每空一词。

Bring Nature Indoors



Indoor plants seem to just sit around without doing much, but in many ways they are the silent heroes of homes. Not only do they look beautiful, but they can lift our health in body and mind by making us feel good and taking away stress. What's more, indoor plants are easy to look after and are not very expensive.

What are indoor plants?

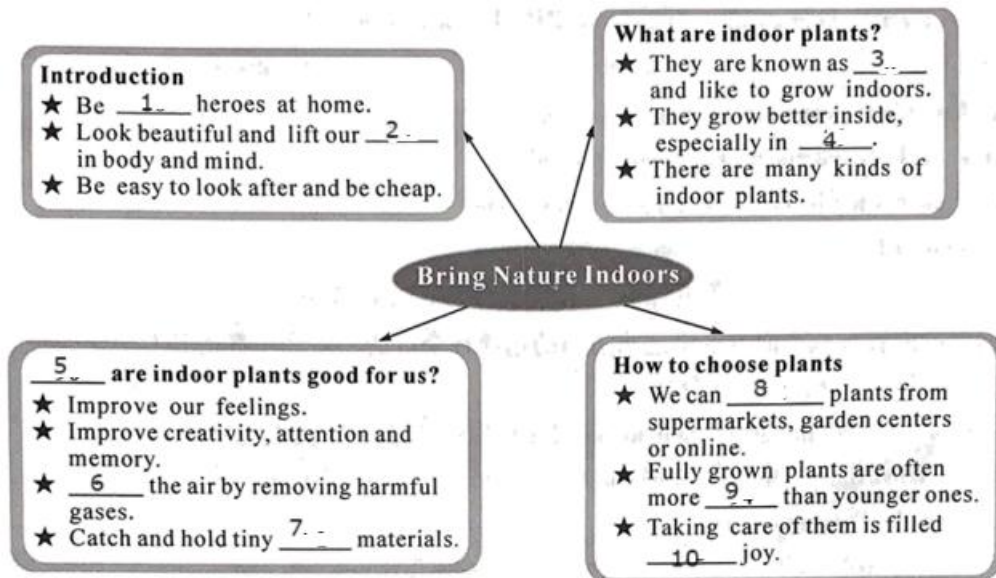
Indoor plants, also known as houseplants, are plants that like to grow indoors. Many of these kinds are not used to growing outside, especially in winter, they grow better inside because of the warmer condition. There are many kinds of indoor plants around us, such as peace lilies, spider plants and succulents.

Why are indoor plants good for us?

There are many advantages about growing plants indoors. Plants around houses can improve our feelings. Studies have supported this and found that indoor plants can improve our creativity, focus and memory. There is also research showing that houseplants can clean the air around them by removing some harmful gases, such as HCHO (甲醛). Dr Tijana Blanus said, "Plants catch and hold tiny polluted materials. They remove some harmful chemicals from cooking or painting. Peace lilies and devil's ivy are the best."

How to choose indoor plants?

We can get plants from supermarkets, garden centers or online. Younger plants are often cheaper than fully grown ones. Caring for them is always full of joy. You water them, talk to them, see them grow up... Learning about the habits of each plant can bring a new interest and attention into our lives and help to connect our homes with nature.



- 66. _____
- 67. _____
- 68. _____
- 69. _____
- 70. _____
- 71. _____
- 72. _____
- 73. _____
- 74. _____
- 75. _____

九、书面表达

76. “读万卷书，行万里路”。暑假将至，成都某中学计划组织学生来大美凉山开展研学之旅。假如你是李华，请根据以下内容提示，以“Welcome to Liangshan”为标题，写一篇英语短文，向即将到来的成都同学介绍一下你的家乡凉山。

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/766042031234010200>