

2023-2024 学年度第二学期期末调研测试

八年级英语

答题注意事项

1. 本试卷共 8 页，满分 120 分，考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 请将答案全部写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。
3. 答选择题时使用 2B 铅笔，把答题卡对应题号的选项字母涂满、涂黑。如需修改，请用绘图橡皮轻擦干净再选途其他选项。
4. 答非选择题使用 0.5mm 黑色签字笔，在答题卡上对应题号的答题区域书写答案。注意不要答错位置，也不要超界。

第一卷（选择题，共 85 分）

一、听力（共 20 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 20 分）

略

二、单项选择（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

1. The old man is _____ active member of the singing club.
A. a B. an C. the D. /
2. Listen! The rain is beating _____ the window.
A. against B. across C. around D. above
3. —My father's new mobile phone can be used to send emails.
—Is he used _____ on such a small screen?
A. to write B. writing C. to writing D. write
4. All of us _____ follow traffic rules because safety comes first.
A. may B. could C. can D. must
5. —It's kind _____ him to help me with my English.
—Yes, he is not only kind but also smart.
A. for B. of C. to D. with
6. He never refuses _____ his classmates.
A. help B. helping C. helped D. to help
7. —Your T-shirt looks beautiful. When did you buy it?
—In June. I _____ it for two weeks.
A. had B. have had C. buy D. have bought

8. The book is quite difficult to understand, _____ for the children under 10.
 A. mostly B. finally C. especially D. hardly
9. —Which tie do you like best, sir?
 —Sorry, I can't decide _____.
 A. which one to buy B. to buy which one
 C. buy which one D. which to buy one
10. Our monitor David is _____ to organize the Charity Performance well.
 A. carefully enough B. enough careful C. enough carefully D. careful enough
11. Mount Santai National Forest Park is worth visiting. I have _____ there many times.
 A. been to B. been C. gone to D. gone
12. —Have you finished your project?
 —Not yet. I'll finish it if I _____ ten more minutes.
 A. give B. will be given C. am given D. will give
13. Which of the following sentences is an opinion?
 A. There was once a steel factory near the river.
 B. Many of Mr. Chen's friends have moved away.
 C. The park in Suqian looks beautiful and modern.
 D. Old people used to play Chinese chess together.
14. — Could you please look after my plants while I'm away on business?
 — _____. I'll water them on time.
 A. With pleasure B. Come on C. My pleasure D. You're welcome
15. If we do it together, it won't be long to clean the classroom. You know, _____.
 A. a friend in need is a friend indeed B. put all your eggs in one basket
 C. many hands make light work D. burn the candle at both ends

三、完形填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

One day, a little boy asked his father, "What does the word 'great' mean? Who are great people and do they become great?"

The father asked his son to bring _____ plants and then told him to plant one of them _____ the house and the other outside the house. The boy did as his father said.

The father asked his son, "Which one of the plants do you think will be _____? The boy replied, "The plant inside the house will grow bigger _____ it is safer, while the plant outside the house is not safe at all. No one will

be there to the plant. Animals may eat it.”

The father smiled and said, “Let’s wait . We will know the answer.”

Then the boy left for study and after four years he came back to his house. He said to his father, “Look, happens to this plant inside the house and it is safe.”

When the boy went outside, he was very to see a big tree. The boy couldn’t his eyes. He couldn’t understand how the plant outside was able to grow much bigger than the one inside. “The plant outside the house faced every season and many !” the father told his son why the plant outside was bigger. “The plant inside was safe. It didn’t weather changes. And it didn’t get sunlight, so it didn’t become big.”

How to be great? Here’s the : To become a great person, one must have failed many times, faced many difficulties and those difficulties. Only after that he is able to become great.

16. A. how B. what C. when D. where
17. A. five B. four C. three D. two
18. A. beside B. opposite C. inside D. outside
19. A. prettier B. bigger C. taller D. greener
20. A. if B. though C. before D. because
21. A. care for B. give up C. take away D. cut down
22. A. recently B. patiently C. quickly D. finally
23. A. something B. nothing C. everything D. anything
24. A. sad B. interested C. relaxed D. surprised
25. A. decide B. behave C. believe D. remember
26. A. interviews B. charities C. difficulties D. manners
27. A. stop B. break C. cause D. experience
28. A. soft B. hard C. little D. enough
29. A. answer B. dream C. meaning D. example
30. A. solved B. travelled C. considered D. lost

四、阅读理解（本大题共两节，第一节 51—65 小题，每小题 2 分，第二节第 66—70 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 35 分）

第一节阅读短文，从短文后每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

The summer holiday is coming. Here are three fun courses for you.

young people.

Baduanjin, also called “eight-section brocade (锦缎)”, is a kind of slow-moving qigong created over 800 years ago during the Song Dynasty (960-1276). It shows how the eight movements make the human body as fluid as silk.

The health of the body is achieved during exercise. It has many benefits (益处). By practicing Baduanjin, you can expect to improve your health, strengthen your spirit and live longer. “I have been doing Baduanjin for about four months and I am thankful for Baduanjin since it gives me a much healthier lifestyle,” a young man said.

Unlike more physically demanding (体力需求) sports such as the ball games, Baduanjin is slow and usually done with soothing music, so it used to be seen as the sport for the elders. In fact, it's perfect for office workers because they often have pains in back and neck due to sitting in front of the computer for hours. But not all people are fit for practicing Baduanjin. People who fall easily should not take up this exercise and people should always put safety first when doing Baduanjin.

34. According to Paragraph 1, it's _____ that Baduanjin becomes so popular among Chinese young people.

A. unfair B. silly C. unbelievable D. simple

35. The writer mainly talks about _____ in Paragraph 3.

A. the steps of Baduanjin B. the benefits of Baduanjin
C. the development of Baduanjin D. the history of Baduanjin

36. What does the underlined word “soothing” mean?

A. Exciting. B. Boring. C. Touching. D. Calming.

37. Baduanjin is not fit for _____.

A. a woman living in a small room B. a man busy with work
C. an office worker with a sore back D. an old man who falls easily

C

What would you like for lunch? Maybe, a battery (电池)? Although it sounds unusual, this has already been realized by scientists as they develop electronic (电子的) things you can eat.

Robofood, led by Dario Floreano from a Swiss Institute, has created a new drone (无人机) with scientists from Wageningen University, the Netherlands. Half of the parts inside can be eaten! The program aims to (旨在) make robots that can be eaten and foods that act like robots by mixing food science and robots in a new way.

The drone's wings are made from rice cakes glued together with oil and chocolate. It can find missing

people or animals in emergencies (紧急情况) and send food or medicine. Parts of the drone can be eaten because they meet food safety standards for emergencies set by the United Nations.

However, the main challenge is finding stronger edible (可食用的) materials for the drone's wings to prepare for bad weather and high temperatures—of course, the chocolate may melt (融化) easily.

Robofood also developed an edible sensor (感应器) to help monitor stomach sickness. It's eaten by the patient to check the conditions inside. It's different from other sensors because it's easy for your body to digest (消化), so it won't leave any remains inside the body.

The invention of Robofood also helps with environmental protection. There are batteries that you can fully eat. They are made from natural things like Vitamin B2 and elements found in fruits. This helps the environment because you won't have to throw them away like other batteries.

38. What is Robofood's main goal?

- A. To develop smart drones.
- B. To create edible electronic things.
- C. To help check stomach disease.
- D. To put sensors on drones.

39. What problem does Robofood's drone have?

- A. The drone can easily lose its way during flying.
- B. The drone cannot take off in bad weather.
- C. The materials are not strong enough.
- D. The materials cannot easily melt.

40. Compared to other sensors for checking the stomach, Robofood's sensors _____.

- A. can be easy to digest
- B. can check more carefully
- C. can stay in the human body longer
- D. can be taken as medicine

41. Why is Robofood's battery good for nature?

- A. It uses less power.
- B. It can be fully eaten.
- C. It uses solar power.
- D. It is made from food waste.

D

Luckily, the horses accepted me as a superior form of Yahoo and began to treat me kindly. The first thing they did was to teach me their language. As you know by now, dear reader, I am very good at languages. I soon learnt enough words to communicate quite well and I understood we were in Houyhnhnm Land.

The Houyhnhnms continued to be impressed by my wisdom and my clean and smart appearance. Many other Houyhnhnms came to visit me. All of them felt confused (困惑) because I was similar to the Yahoos But I did my very best to show how different I was from these disgusting creatures (令人厌恶的生物).

The first grey horse I saw became my master and teacher. Together we had many interesting conversations. I told my master that the greatest ambition for all Yahoos was to have as much money as possible to buy bigger and better things. I also added that it was very difficult to get that much money honestly. As a result, most of the people lived a poor life while a few people had lots of money.

You may think, dear reader, that my description of life in England and Europe was very unfair. But after living with the Houyhnhnms for some time, it became clearer to me how equal their society was. I felt I wanted to live in Houyhnhnm Land for the rest of my life. It was such a pleasant place.

Over time I even began to copy the appearance of the Houyhnhnms and made myself shoes like theirs. I was happy to live with the Houyhnhnms for the rest of my life but unluckily everything changed on one fatal day. The Houyhnhnms didn't think it was right that I lived like a Houyhnhnm.

—Taken from *Gulliver's Travels*

42. Where was Gulliver in this part?

- A. Lilliput. B. Brobdingnag. C. Houyhnhnm. D. The flying island of Laputa.

43. What does the underlined sentence mean in Paragraph 2?

- A. Gulliver thought he was better than the Yahoos.
B. Gulliver thought he was weaker than the Yahoos.
C. The Yahoos believed Gulliver was their own master.
D. The Yahoos hoped Gulliver could treat them differently.

44. What did Gulliver think of his life in Houyhnhnm Land?

- A. Tiring. B. Pleasant. C. Boring. D. Important.

45. What may happen after the last paragraph?

- A. Gulliver would leave for Laputa in a big boat.
B. Gulliver lived a good life in Houyhnhnm Land.
C. The Houyhnhnms would ask Gulliver to stay here.
D. The Houyhnhnms would ask Gulliver to leave.

读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Now, more and more people walk to keep healthy. Do you know why? 46

Walking makes your heart strong.

If you walk more, you can make your heart stronger. A 30-minute walk every day helps you to stay away from high blood pressure (高血压).

_____ 47 _____

If you walk two miles an hour, you will burn (燃烧) about seventy-five calories (卡路里). When you walk three miles an hour, you will burn about ninety-nine calories. So it's really a good way to keep thin.

Walking helps old people not forget things easily.

If old people can walk six miles or more every week, they will be able to remember things better.

Walking in the sun helps you get enough Vitamin (维生素) D.

_____ 48 _____ Taking a walk is a perfect way for you to do sports and get enough Vitamin D at the same time.

Walking gives you energy.

Walking makes you become stronger and have enough energy. _____ 49 _____

Walking makes you relaxed.

Walking makes you feel good. You can feel less worried and more relaxed if you walk. _____ 50 _____

- A. We all need to get enough Vitamin D to keep healthy.
- B. Why do you want to lose weight or get in shape?
- C. Here are some important reasons.
- D. So why not have a try now?
- E. But some people dislike go jogging.
- F. Walking helps you become thin.
- G. To get more energy, you can walk during your spare time.

第二卷（非选择题，共 35 分）

五、根据句意及所给中文、首字母或英文解释，写出句中所缺单词，每空限填一词。（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

- 51. I hope David will have great _____ (成功) in the future.
- 52. We should use English as often as we can in daily _____ (交流).
- 53. I used to stay up late, but I gave up a _____ (几个) of months ago.
- 54. She is so _____ (自豪的) of her son because he has won a prize in the competition.
- 55. Linda couldn't stop _____ (想念) her families when studying abroad.
- 56. Natural resources are important for us. And we should use them _____ (明智地).

57. The computer is beautiful but expensive. I can't a _____ to buy it.
58. The cake that my mother made was very d _____. Would you like some?
59. They built the green wall to _____ (try not to do something) soil being washed away.
60. Tom was _____ (make someone pay money because he/she has done something wrong) by the police because he parked his car in a wrong place.

根据短文内容，用括号内所给词的正确时态或形式填空使短文完整。

Friends are important in our life, because no one 61 (want) to be lonely. However, some people have difficulty in 62 (make) friends and they often feel lonely. What's the reason behind that? Some scientists from Chicago University say, the reason is that this kind of people have brains (脑) different from common people. And they often don't feel 63 (safety) when they meet strangers.

Does that mean they have no way to become happy again? No, don't worry.

Scientists of this study have thought up ways to help these people 64 (solve) this problem. They provided four 65 (step) for getting out of loneliness.

The 66 (one) step is to accept social invitations although you don't want to go. "It's not enough for people just to stay in touch with others online. That's because most people don't show 67 (they) true selves there," said Dr. Cacioppo, one of this study's scientists. Another step is to get an action plan. As "Actions speak 68 (loud) than words", people need to be active to communicate with others. They also need to meet people with the same interest. Also, they should try 69 (expect) the best from each activity. Anyway, "Tomorrow is another day". Who knows what good things are 70 (wait) for us?

七、书面表达 (满分 15 分)

71. 八 1 班的同学将举行演讲比赛，演讲的主题是一年来自己学习和生活上的成长与变化。假设你是 Daniel，请准备 90 字左右的演讲稿参加比赛，具体内容如下：

成长与变化	
学习	以前很少阅读，现在花时间读书，因为读书使我放松
环保	意识到环保的重要性，知道如何保护环境，举 2 例
礼仪	排队等车；在公交车上给老人让座
爱心	零花钱捐给贫困地区儿童

展望未来	越来越好.....
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要求：

- 1.表达清楚，语法正确，上下文连贯；
- 2.必须包括表格中所有要点内容，并适当发挥；
- 3.词数：90 词左右（开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数）；
- 4.不得使用真实姓名、校名和地名等。

Hello, everyone. I'm Daniel from Class 1, Grade 8. Back to the life in the last year, I think I have changed a lot and made great progress in some ways.

Thanks for your listening!

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