# 福建省 2022 年中考英语真题试卷

		姓名	, 1 <b>:</b>	班级:		_考号:			
题号	_	=	Ξ	四	五	六	七	八	总分
评分									
-、选择:	填空,从	每小题所约	。 合的 A、 B、	C三个货	上 近 项 中, 进	出可以填	入空白处	的正确答	 案。(共 15
<b>亟;</b> 每小)	题1分,氵	<b>满</b> 分 15 分	)						
. —Jenny	, why not ۽	go for	picnic	this Saturd	ay?				
G	1 /								
—Sound	is great.								
A. a			B. a	1		С.	The		
	May 202	22 we held	many event	s to celebra	te the 100tl	n birthday o	f the Comm	unist Vout	h League of
China.	101u y 202	22, we nere	inany even	5 10 0010010		l oli ulduy o		lumst rout	il League of
JIIII <i>a</i> .									
A. At			B. Ir	1		С.	On		
. As the a	rt festival i	s coming, th	ney are prep	aring every	thing by				
		_							
A. you	rselves		B. 01	urselves		C.	themselve	S	
. Please	tł	ne lights wh	en you leav	e the room.	Be a green	er person.			
A. turn	off		B. tu	irn on		C	turn up		
71. tum	011		D. 11			0.	turn up		
. —Betty	, you'd bett	er follow th	e doctor's _	ar	nd do more	exercise.			
—I will.	. Thank you	1.							
			D			C			
A. advi	ice		в. а	greement		C.	informatic	n	
. —May	I	your pen?	I can't find	mine.					
—Sure.	Here you a	re.							
	j								
A. repa	nir		B. m	ake		С.	borrow		
. —	have y	you been a r	nember of t	he Helpers'	Club?				
Fort	NO NOOFO								
—ror tv	vo years.								
A. How	v soon		В. Н	ow long		С.	How ofter	ı	

8. It's important for us \_\_\_\_\_ hard in order to have a better life. A. work B. to work C. working 9. We are making a big cake \_\_\_\_\_\_ it's Dad's birthday today. B. until A. because C. once 10. Since 2021, our school all kinds of after-school services for students. A. provides B. is providing C. has provided 11. —Our class did well in the school singing competition. —Yes, you sang \_\_\_\_\_ of all. A. beautifully B. more beautifully C. most beautifully 12. As soon as the national hero came into the hall, everyone became \_\_\_\_\_\_ and stood up to welcome him. A. tired B. cheerful C. upset 13. Last month, the little girl well enough by the neighbors while her parents were volunteering. A. is cared for B. was cared for C. will be cared for 14. —China won third place in the men's 100-meter relay race at the 2020 Tokyo Olympics. --Wonderful! We \_\_\_\_\_ Su Bingtian and his teammates. B. are friendly to A. are proud of C. are strict with 15. —Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_? -In Fuzhou University. A. when your brother will start B. what your brother looks like C. where your brother is studying 二、完形填空(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分) 阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C 三个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。 At the age of nine, Kelly dreamed of being a basketball player. But one day when she was playing basketball, she

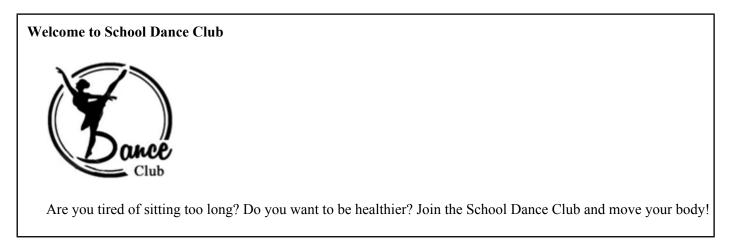
hurt her left leg <u>16</u>. The doctor told her she could no longer play basketball. What was worse, she needed help doing <u>17</u>. , including going to the bathroom. Thinking that her dream could never come true, Kelly was in low spirits and <u>18</u>. her studies at school. Her mother did all she could to cheer her up, <u></u>

<u>19.</u> Kelly refused to change. She even took out all her anger and <u>20.</u> on her mother. Then one day Kelly's friends introduced her to the gym. Kelly <u>21.</u> that she should turn her attention to what she could do, not to what she couldn't. Posting her story online, she got lots of kind and inspiring words, As she was <u>22.</u> by the kindness, she returned to school for two half days a week. And with the <u>23.</u> of a bodybuilding trainer, she trained hard and soon found herself on stage (舞台) performing—as a bodybuilder. Her mother was truly <u>24.</u> and proud. Today, Kelly is studying to be a life coach. She is at peace with what happened to her, not just physically, but mentally (精神上). "Sometimes you must experience <u>25.</u> things to come out stronger on the other side," said Kelly.

16. A.	badly	Β.	slowly	C.	easily
17. A.	something	В.	nothing	C.	everything
18. A.	talked about	В.	gave up	C.	thought of
19. A.	so	В.	but	C.	or
20. A.	pain	В.	fun	C.	love
21. A.	warned	в.	realized	C.	suggested
22. A.	disappointed	в.	surprised	C.	encouraged
23. A.	help	В.	need	C.	promise
24. A.	happy	в.	angry	C.	calm
25. A.	little	в.	nice	C.	difficult

## 三、阅读理解(共20小题;每小题2分,满分40分)

阅读理解



Choice of dances: fo	Choice of dances: folk, modern, pop, etc.						
Level of difficulty: Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3							
Teachers:							
Helen White	Helen White						
—13 years of teachin	—13 years of teaching experience						
—Graduated from In	-Graduated from International Master Dance School						
John Smith	John Smith						
—First prize winner of	-First prize winner of "Dancers on Stage" for 4 years starting from 2016						
Ken Power	Ken Power						
—Skilled in different	—Skilled in different kinds of dance, especially in "fusion (融合)" dance						
Who to join: Aged 1	Who to join: Aged $12 \sim 15$						
If you would like to be one of us, please kindly fill in the form and send it to Maria Cooper's office before 18th March.							
26. The Dance Club best suits those who want to							
A. be healthier		B. be quiet					
C. sing folk songs		D. learn pop music					
27. How many levels of difficulty does the Dance Club offer?							
A. 1.	B. 2.	C. 3.	D. 4.				
28. If you want to learn "fusion" dance, you can choose							
A. Helen White	B. John Smith	C. Ken Power	D. Maria Cooper				
29. Who can join the Dance Club?							
A. Teachers with rich	experience.	B. Teachers good at d	B. Teachers good at dancing.				
C. Students aged 10.		D. Students aged 13.	D. Students aged 13.				
30. The text is probably a							
A. poster	B. diary	C. poem	D. report				
		Λ					

Anna Brown was an artist who believed that it was important to help others. When she heard of a summer camp for children with serious illnesses, she came up with an idea. It cost money for these kids to go to camp, so Anna decided to see what she could do to help. It was impossible for her to donate (捐赠) a lot of money, so she had to think of another way.

She wanted to take advantage of her love of art. So she started making and selling beautiful cards to raise money for these kids. Because these cards were all handmade, it would take her a long time to make a lot of them. So Anna had another idea. She started inviting friends to her house to help her make the cards. At first her friends were **hesitant**. Many said that they were not artistic and didn't know how to make cards. But once they saw the beautiful materials that she had in her workroom, her friends felt more comfortable doing things such as drawing and cutting in order to make a new card.

But the materials were expensive. To make money without spending money, Anna asked for and got donations of paper, glue, scissors, and other things from nearby stores. She sold her cards for three dollars each in different art markets during the year. Anna raised more than \$30,000 in her 10 years making cards.

31. What was Anna?

A. An artist.	B. A doctor.	C. A worker.	D.	A teacher.		
32. What did Anna invite her friends to do?						
A. Sell cards.	B. Make cards.	C. Buy materials.	D.	Donate materials.		
33. What does the underlined word "hesitant" in Paragraph 2 mean in Chinese?						
A. 坐立不安的	B. 犹豫不决的	C. 兴高采烈的	D.	心甘情愿的		
34. Where did Anna sell her handmade cards?						
A. In her house.	B. In her workroom.	C. In nearby stores	D.	In art markets.		
35. Which of the following can best describe Anna?						
A. Kind-hearted.	B. Polite.	C. Brave.	D.	Humorous.		

阅读理解



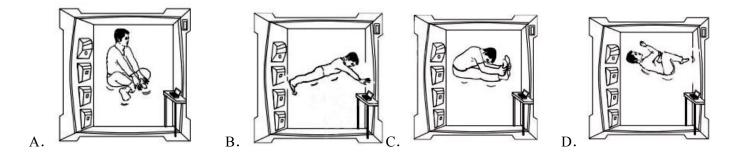
On the afternoon of March 23, 2022, Chinese astronauts on board China's Tiangong space station gave a science lesson 400 kilometers above Earth. It was a great success. Do you still remember the first space lesson hosted by Wang Yaping in 2013? Helped by the other two astronauts, she gave the lesson to more than 60 million school children all over the country.

While watching the science lesson from the Tiangong-1 on the morning of June 20, 2013, Wang Lutian, a 10year-old disabled student at a special school in downtown Beijing, was drawing a colorful rocket with crayons in his classroom. "Moo...stars...a rocket to the sky," Wang explained his work in a cheerful voice. At that time, he and more than 100 other disabled students were enjoying the lesson given by Wang Yaping, who talked about movements in micro-gravity (微重力) environments. "Zero gravity!" Qian Shaohong, another student at the school, shouted when he saw astronaut Nie Haisheng making a show of crossing his legs in mid-air. "Scientific knowledge has helped open a window for the children to know about the world," said Zhang Yini, a teacher at the school.

The lesson also increased interest in space science among teenagers living on the "roof (屋脊) of the world." "I was most interested in the presentation of the 'water ball' in a gravity-free environment. It's really amazing," said Rigzin Jigme Doje, a high school student in Lhasa, Tibet. Describing himself as a lover of physics, Doje said the lesson helped him stay true to his dream of becoming a physicist.

The lesson also encouraged other Tibetan school children to relate the mysterious world of outer space to their hometown.

- 36. The space lesson in 2013 was for \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Chinese astronauts B. Chinese teachers C. school children in China D. scientists all over China
- 37. Which picture shows Nie Haisheng's body movement according to the text?



38. What is Paragraph 2 mainly about?

- A. Wang Yaping's talk on micro-gravity environments.
- B. The influence of the space lesson on the disabled students.
- C. The efforts of the disabled students in a special school.
- D. A 10-year-old student's dream of sending a rocket to the sky.
- 39. What do we know about Rigzin Jigme Doje?
  - A. He liked drawing stars.
- B. He talked a lot about his work.
- C. He was a primary school student. D. He was fond of physics.

40. After watching the space lesson, the Tibetan students \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. had a new view of their high schools B. got an amazing "water ball" in space

C. increased an understanding of the roof of the world D. developed a deep interest in the world of outer space

#### 阅读理解

Success is often considered to be the opposite of failure. To teenagers, it is the achievement of a goal or completion of something they really need, such as good grades and the ability to get along well with their classmates. Some schools used to agree with most parents who measured(判断) the success of their children according to grades, but now <u>they</u> pay special attention to moral(道德的) education and character-building to make sure teenagers achieve success in building human relationships.

Schools give chances to students to discover their hidden ability so that they can enjoy some form of success. For example, those good at speaking skills are advised to take part in speech competitions while those interested in arts are expected to perform in front of their classmates. Teenagers also get the pleasure of success when they join their favorite clubs.

Teenagers are often told that success is not easy to achieve and that success lies in hard work. Great efforts have to be put into project work. Doing things much later than planned should be avoided as this will lead to a mountain of work which finally makes them nervous. Another good quality(品质) is a sense of responsibility which makes them remember that a task has to be completed.

Sticking to moral values is the key to success too. Honest teenagers will win the trust of friends leading to good relationships. Self-motivation (自我激励) is another quality to be developed, for self-motivated teenagers will have the strong will and drive to perform a task and finally get to enjoy a sense of achievement.

41. What does the underlined word "they" in Paragraph 1 refer to (指代)?

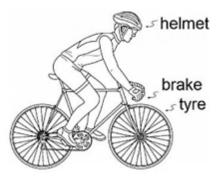
- A. Their classmates. B. Some schools.
- C. Most parents. D. Their children.
- 42. Why are students given chances to take part in activities?
  - A. To get good grades. B. To improve speaking ability.
  - C. To express their love for arts. D. To get the pleasure of success.
- 43. What can we learn from Paragraph 3?
  - A. Project work makes teenagers nervous. B. Good qualities will lead to a happy life.
  - C. Teenagers are advised to complete tasks in time. D. Taking responsibility will make work much easier.
- 44. What is important for making students strong-minded?
- A. Honesty. B. Self-motivation. C. Communication. D. Friends' trust.

45. What can be the best title for the text?

- A. The Value of Moral Education B. The Key to Discovering Hidden Ability
- C. The Meaning of Success to Teenagers D. The Way to Communicate with Others

### 四、任务型阅读(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项,使短文通顺、连贯,意思完整。



Cyclists need to be more careful than other road users, as it's much easier for you to get hurt. Remember that when you are on a cycle, you have no protection from dangers around you. <u>46.</u>

Don't use your mobile phone while cycling. This is because you need to look out for the road and other traffic.

You should always wear a helmet as this can cut down the risk of getting hurt on the head in an accident.

Do not change your direction suddenly. <u>47.</u> Always look carefully before you start, stop or turn. Let drivers know you have seen them.

<u>48.</u> If not, why not? Brakes must work well in all conditions: dry and wet. Are the tyres in good condition to make sure of the safety of your trip?

Traffic laws apply (适用) to you as a cyclist, as well as other road users. <u>49</u>. It is against the law for them to take the following actions.

• Jump red lights, including lights at pedestrian (行人) crossings, unless there's a sign showing that cyclists are allowed to do this.

• 50.

• Cycle the wrong way up a one-way street, unless there's a sign showing that cyclists can do so.

A. Cyclists must obey traffic laws.

B. Is your bike checked from time to time?

C. Here are some suggestions on how to keep safe.

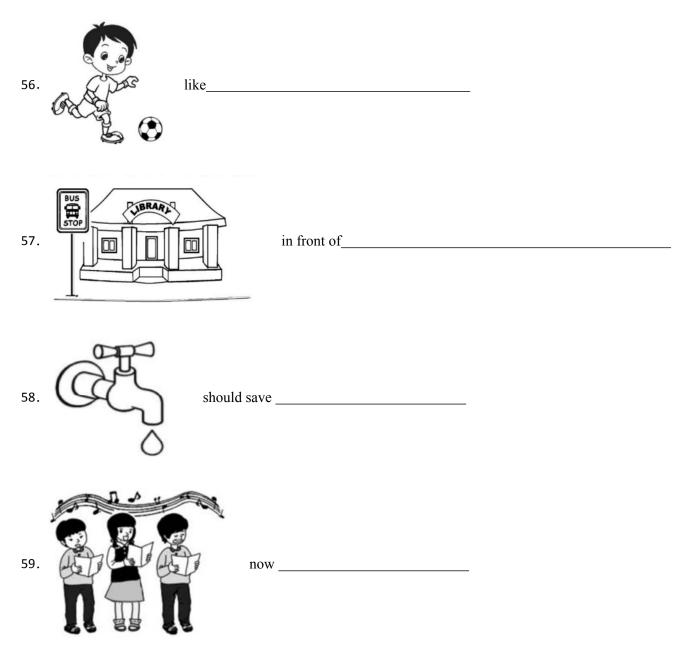
D. Show drivers what you plan to do in plenty of time.

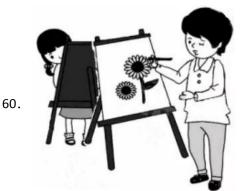
E. Ride across pedestrian crossings, unless you are allowed to.

五、情景交际,根据情景提示,用英语完成下列各题。(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

51.	当有人用"Nice to meet you."跟你打招呼,你可以这样应答:		
52.	你想知道对方的名字,可以这样问:	your name?	
53.	你想询问书包的价格,可以这样问:		is this schoolbag?
54.	你想感谢英语老师,可以这样说:		
55.	你觉得同学做得很好,可以这样夸奖:		!

六、看图写话,根据每小题所提供的图画情景和提示词,写出一个与图画情景相符的句子。(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

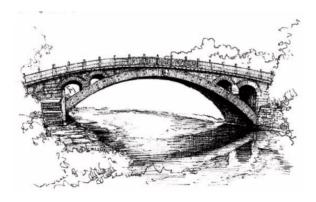




have, class, yesterday \_\_\_\_\_

### 七、短文填空(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

阅读下面短文,根据语境、音标或所给单词的提示,在每个空格内填入一个恰当的词,要求所填的词意义准确、形式正确,使短文意思完整、行文连贯。



In the closing years of the Sui Dynasty, a terrible flood (洪水) happened on the Xiao River outside the city of Zhaozhou. \_\_\_\_\_\_ flood brought down a large stone bridge.

People had rebuilt the bridge many <u>62</u>. (time). But it was still washed away over and over again. "What's wrong <u>63</u>. it?" Li Chun, the most famous local engineer at that time, asked himself. He <u>64</u>. (work) day and night at the drawing of the bridge and found out that the stone supports (支柱) couldn't stand the force of the flood.

One day, an idea came into his mind! He thought of <u>65</u>. (build) bow-shaped arches ( $\ddagger$ ) instead of stone supports. And there would be only one big arch, supported at each end by two small ones. When floods came, the waters would run through the <u>66</u>. /fo:(r)/ small arches, bringing little influence on the bridge. He was <u>67</u>. (great) excited by the idea, and danced happily right at his desk.

A new Zhaozhou Bridge was built. It was safe <u>68</u>. beautiful. The local people of Zhaozhou were very <u>69</u>. /glæd/ that the problem of the stone bridge was finally worked out. Now, this great stone bridge

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