

武昌区 2023-2024 学年下学期期末

七年级英语试卷

第 I 卷 (选择题共 80 分)

第一部分听力部分

一、听力测试 (共三节)

第一节 (共 4 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 4 分)

听下面 4 个问题。每个问题后有三个答语, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后, 你都有 5 秒钟的时间来作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

1. A. I'd like noodles, please. B. Soccer. C. There isn't any.
2. A. At school. B. On weekends. C. By bus.
3. A. About 20 minutes. B. Two kilometers. C. Every Tuesday.
4. A. In Beijing. B. Sunny. C. It's interesting.

第二节 (共 8 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 8 分)

听下面 8 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来作答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

5. What is the man doing?
A. Having cheese. B. Drawing a picture. C. Taking a photo.
6. Where is the Yellow Crane Tower?
A. At the second crossing. B. Across from a park. C. In front of a park.
7. What does Dingding look like?
A. It is very small. B. It has brown eyes. C. It has a black nose.
8. What did Dora do on the afternoon of June 1st?
A. She visited her cousin. B. She went to the zoo. C. She went to a museum.
9. Where are the two speakers probably?
A. In a cinema. B. In a bank. C. At home.
10. What would the girl probably say to the boy next?
A. Lucky you. B. That's all right. C. Sorry to hear that.
11. Which club are the speakers talking about?



A. *A reading club*



B. *A music club*



C. *An art club*

12. What do the two speakers mean?

- A. The pizzas are too expensive now.
- B. The restaurant is still one of the best.
- C. They don't like the restaurant so much now.

第三节 (共 13 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 13 分)

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间, 每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 完成第 13 至 15 三个小题。

13. How is Dave's neighborhood?

- A. Big.
- B. Quiet.
- C. Noisy.

14. How far does Dave live from the library?

- A. One kilometer.
- B. Two kilometers.
- C. Three kilometers.

15. When does Dave read in the library?

- A. On Saturday afternoons.
- B. On Sunday mornings.
- C. On Sunday afternoons.

听下面一段对话, 完成第 16 至 18 三个小题。

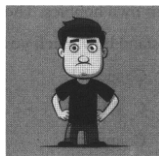
16. What does the woman probably do?

- A. A reporter.
- B. A nurse.
- C. A police artist.

17. Which of the pictures may show the real criminal?



A.



B.



C.

18. Which one is true according to the conversation?

- A. The man was the real criminal.
- B. The man saw the criminal just now.
- C. The police found the criminal just now.

听下面一段对话，完成第 19 至 22 四个小题。

19. Where are they talking?

A. In a classroom. B. On the phone. C. On the street.

20. What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?

A. Mother and son. B. Teacher and student. C. Friends.

21. How is Alice probably feeling now?

A. Excited. B. Bored. C. Tired.

22. What can you learn from the conversation?

A. Tom invites Alice to visit his city.

B. The weather is fine in Alice's city.

C. Tom is having fun with his friends.

听下面一段独白，完成第 23 至 25 三个小题。

23. What is the text mainly about?

A. A bike ride. B. A school trip. C. A boring experience.

24. How long did it take them to climb to the top of Mountain Mo?

A. 20 minutes. B. 40 minutes. C. An hour.

25. What did they do on the top of Mountain Mo?

A. They enjoyed the flowers. B. They rode bikes together. C. They relaxed themselves.

第二部分 笔试部分

二、选择填空 (共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

1. —Do you want to join me for dinner? We can eat out.

—_____.

A. Never mind B. Yeah, I'd love to C. Have a good time D. Yes, I would

【答案】 B

【解析】

句意：——你想和我一起吃晚饭吗？我们可以出去吃。——是的，我很乐意。

考查情景交际。Never mind 没关系；Yeah, I'd love to 是的，我很乐意；Have a good time 祝你玩得愉快；

Yes, I would 是的，我会的。根据“Do you want to join me for dinner?”可知，此处问是否愿意，B

选项符合，故选 B。

2. —How long does it take to get to the library?

—_____ ... about 10 minutes by bike?

A. Yes, it does B. Not at all C. See you D. I'm not sure

【答案】D

【解析】

句意：——去图书馆需要花费多长时间？——我不确定。骑自行车大概 10 分钟？

考查情景交际。Yes, it does 是的，确实如此；Not at all 不客气；See you 再见；I'm not sure 我不确定。根据“... about 10 minutes by bike?”可知，此处表示“不确定”，故选 D。

3. —Does your family have a pet?

—My mom _____. She has a big cat.

A. is B. has C. does D. likes

【答案】C

【解析】

句意：——你的家人有宠物吗？——我妈妈有，她有一只大猫。

考查助动词。is 是；has 有；does 助动词；likes 喜欢。根据“Does your family have a pet?”可知，此处应用助动词 does 来回答，故选 C。

4. —What are your _____ at school, Jenny?

— Well, we have to wear school uniforms every day.

A. rules B. uniforms C. clubs D. subjects

【答案】A

【解析】

句意：——珍妮，你们学校的规定是什么？——嗯，我们每天都得穿校服。

考查名词辨析。rules 规则；uniforms 制服；clubs 俱乐部；subjects 科目。根据“we have to wear school uniforms every day”可知，每天必须穿校服，这是学校的规定，故选 A。

5. —It's your first day at school. How is _____ going?

—Great, Ms. Liu. All teachers and classmates are nice to me.

A. something B. everything C. nothing D. anything

【答案】B

【解析】

句意：——这是你第一天上学。一切都好吗？——很棒，刘女士。所有的老师和同学都对我很好。

考查复合不定代词。something 某些事情；everything 一切事情；nothing 没有事情；anything 任何事情。根据“How is ... going?”可知，此处是询问在学校的一切事情进展如何，故选 B。

6. —The teacher was angry because Tom didn't finish his homework once again.

—He is not stupid, just _____.

A. popular B. terrible C. lazy D. lucky

【答案】C

【解析】

句意：——老师很生气，因为汤姆又一次没有完成作业。——他并不愚蠢，只是懒惰。

考查形容词辨析。popular 流行的；terrible 可怕的；lazy 懒惰的；lucky 幸运的。根据“Tom didn't finish his homework once again”可知，没有做作业说明汤姆懒惰，故选 C。

7. —What did you _____ for in front of your birthday cake?

—I can't tell you, or it will not come true.

A. wish B. miss C. blow D. turn

【答案】A

【解析】

句意：——你在你的生日蛋糕前许了什么愿望？——我不能告诉你，否则它不会实现。

考查动词辨析。wish 许愿；miss 想念；blow 吹；turn 转动。根据“in front of your birthday cake”及“I can't tell you, or it will not come true”可知，此处指“许愿”，故选 A。

8. —It's necessary to _____ a map while traveling.

—You are right. Or we may get lost easily.

A. describe B. practice C. follow D. enjoy

【答案】C

【解析】

句意：——旅行时跟着地图是必要的。——你是对的，否则我们可能很容易迷路。

考查动词辨析。describe 描述；practice 练习；follow 跟随；enjoy 享受。根据“Or we may get lost easily”可知，此处指“跟着地图”，故选 C。

9. —Tony, your toy cars are everywhere. Can you _____ and put them in the drawer?

—OK, I'll do it right away.

A. cut them up B. put them up C. wake them up D. pick them up

【答案】D

【解析】

句意：——托尼，你的玩具到处都是。你能把它们捡起来放进抽屉里吗？——好的，我马上去。

考查动词短语辨析。cut them up 把它们切碎；put them up 把它们举起；wake them up 叫醒它们；pick them up 捡起它们。根据“Tony, your toy cars are everywhere.”和“put them in the drawer”可知，应该是把玩具捡起来，故选 D。

10. —Do you know the story of Yu Boya and Zhong Ziqi?

—Of course. It tells us _____.

A. who is the best friend

B. how difficult it is to find a true friend

C. when we should find friends

D. what should people do for their friends

【答案】B

【解析】

句意：——你知道俞伯牙和钟子期的故事吗？——当然。它告诉我们找到一个真正的朋友是多么困难。

考查宾语从句和常识。who is the best friend 谁是最好的朋友；how difficult it is to find a true friend 找到一个真正的朋友是多么的困难；when we should find friends 我们什么时候应该找朋友；what should people do for their friends 人们应该为他们的朋友做些什么。根据“It tells us”可知，此处为宾语从句，用陈述句语序，D 选项错误；根据“the story of Yu Boya and Zhong Ziqi”及常识可知，俞伯牙和钟子期的故事告诉我们“找到一个真正的朋友是多么的困难”，故选 B。

三、情景交际。(每小题 1 分，共 5 分)

请你从 A-G 中选出 5 个句子来完成对话。其中有 2 个多余的选项。

A: Hello! May I speak to Molly?

B: Hi! This is Molly.

A: _____ 11 _____

B: I am reading a book about animals. I can learn about hundreds of animals.

A: It sounds interesting! _____ 12 _____

B: Elephants. They are smart. _____ 13 _____

A: Lions are kind of scary, but they are really strong. I like animals, too. Let's go to the zoo tomorrow.

B: Great! I hear the new zoo is a little far. _____ 14 _____

A: We can get there by subway.

B: _____ 15 _____

A: About 15 minutes. Let's meet at 9 o'clock at the subway station.

B: OK. See you then.

- A. Why not?
- B. What animals do you like best?
- C. What are you doing, Molly?
- D. How can we get there?
- E. How long does it take to get there?
- F. Do you like elephants?
- G. But I don't like lions.

【答案】 11. C 12. B 13. G 14. D 15. E

【解析】

【导语】 本文是一则关于讨论动物的对话。

【11 题】

根据下文“I am reading a book about animals.”可知，此处询问在干什么，C 选项“你在干什么，莫莉？”符合，故选 C。

【12 题】

根据答句“Elephants.”可知，此处特殊疑问句，B 选项“你最喜欢什么动物？”符合，故选 B。

【13 题】

根据下文“Lions are kind of scary, but they are really strong.”可知，此处与“狮子”有关，G 选项“但我不喜欢狮子。”符合，故选 G。

【14 题】

根据答句“We can get there by subway.”可知，此处问交通方式，D 选项“我们怎样才能到达那里？”符合，故选 D。

【15 题】

根据答句“About 15 minutes.”可知，此处问多长时间，E 选项“到那里需要多长时间？”符合，故选 E。

四、完形填空 (共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

One day, I heard my mum singing along to a Sandy Shaw song on TV.

“How do you know that song?”

“Oh, that song was quite 16 when I was in London. Many people knew it.”

“London? 17?”

My 12-year-old mind was confused (困惑的) by mum's 18. I never left my quiet little town in Ireland.

And I thought my parents were always here, too.

“Yes, in the 1960s, I worked in London.” Her face lit up as she talked about her 19 years. In the evenings, she liked to enjoy 20 in clubs and cinemas. She liked to follow the fashion (时尚) as the other young girls did.

“So. . . if it was so great, why did you come 21 here?”

“Why did I come back here? Well, to marry (嫁) your father and, of course, to have you!” My mum answered.

“If I 22 in London, you wouldn’t be born!”

Mum’s words made me realize that my mum was once 23, too. Just like me, she had many dreams and interests. In order to take good care of me, she had to 24 most of them.

When we are young, we want our mothers to be 25 there for us. When they are not around, we feel down. But they do have their own hobbies. They should have their own free time. Once you realize this, you will better understand how much your mum loves you.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| 16. A. terrible | B. popular | C. special | D. relaxing |
| 17. A. When | B. Why | C. Where | D. How |
| 18. A. question | B. problem | C. answer | D. song |
| 19. A. early | B. real | C. scary | D. easy |
| 20. A. themselves | B. myself | C. himself | D. herself |
| 21. A. in | B. from | C. back | D. out |
| 22. A. left | B. stayed | C. arrived | D. sang |
| 23. A. beautiful | B. smart | C. friendly | D. young |
| 24. A. think of | B. talk about | C. give up | D. run away |
| 25. A. sometimes | B. always | C. never | D. hardly |

【答案】 16. B 17. A 18. C 19. A 20. D 21. C 22. B 23. D 24. C 25. B

【解析】

【导语】 本文作者通过和妈妈谈论一首歌，明白了妈妈曾经也有自己的理想和爱好，但是后来妈妈为了照顾孩子放弃了很多爱好。

【16题】

句意：哦，我在伦敦的时候，那首歌很流行。

terrible 糟糕的；popular 受欢迎的；special 特殊的；relaxing 放松的。根据“Many people knew it”可知，许多人知道这首歌，说明歌曲很受欢迎，故选 B。

【17题】

句意：什么时候？

When 什么时候；Why 为什么；Where 在哪里；How 如何。根据下文“*Yes, in the 1960s,*”可知，问什么时候，故选 A。

【18 题】

句意：12 岁的我被妈妈的回答弄糊涂了。

question 问题；problem 问题；answer 答案；song 歌曲。根据上文“*Oh, that song was quite...when I was in London. Many people knew it*”可知，作者被妈妈的回答弄糊涂了，故选 C。

【19 题】

句意：到她的早年生活时，她的脸上露出喜色。

early 早的；real 真正的；scary 吓人的；easy 容易的。根据“*Yes, in the 1960s, I worked in London*”可知，妈妈早年在伦敦工作，故选 A。

【20 题】

句意：晚上，她喜欢去俱乐部和电影院玩。

themselves 他们自己；myself 我自己；himself 他自己；herself 她自己。此句主语是 she，反身代词用 herself，故选 D。

【21 题】

句意：你为什么又回来了？

in 在……里面；from 从；back 向后；out 向外。根据“*Why did I come back here?*”可知，是指回到这里，故选 C。

【22 题】

句意：如果我待在伦敦，你就不会出生了！

left 离开；stayed 待在；arrived 到达；sang 唱歌。根据“*you wouldn't be born*”可知，妈妈的意思是如果自己留在伦敦，就不可能有作者，故选 B。

【23 题】

句意：妈妈的话让我意识到妈妈也曾经年轻过。

beautiful 美丽的；smart 聪明的；friendly 友好的；young 年轻的。根据“*Just like me, she had many dreams and interests.*”以及上文介绍可知，作者的妈妈也年轻过，故选 D。

【24 题】

句意：为了照顾好我，她不得不放弃了大部分东西。

think of 认为；talk about 交谈；give up 放弃；run away 跑开。根据“*In order to take good care of me*”可知，为了照顾作者，妈妈放弃了很多，故选 C。

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/786202141151010154>