英语专项测试名词复数（总分 100 分）

一、请写出以下词的复数形式。 (1’*50=50 ’)

city _____ _____ zoo _____ _____country _____ _____ tooth _____ _____

mouse _____ _____boy_____ broom _____car _____ _____

tree _____ _____horse _____ _____ bus_____ fox _____ _____

branch _____ _____ baby _____ _____ family _____ _____ dish _____ _____

radio _____ _____ photo _____ _____ piano _____ _____ knife _____ _____

leaf _____ _____ _____life _____ _____ thief _____ _____ _man _____ _____

woman _____ _____ child _____ _____ foot _____this _____

watch_____ diary_____ day_____ book_____

dress_____ sheep_____ tea_____box_____

strawberry_____ peach_____ sandwich_____ paper_____

juice_____ water_____ milk_____ rice_____

people _____CD _____ox_____deer_____ fish_____

二、单项选择 (1 ’*10=10 ’)

( )1. The __ in our yard are very beautiful.

A. cloth B. water C. flowers

( )2. Tom is one of the Chinese _____ in our school.

A. boy B. boys C. boies

( )3. A cat has four ____ , doesn't it?

A. foots B. feet C. feets

( )4. There are three ____ and five _____ in the room.

A. American, Japanese B Americans, Japanese C. American, Japanese

( )5. Can you see nine ____ in the picture?

A. fish B. book C. horse

( )6. The _____ has two_____.

A. boy; watch B. boy; watches C. boys; watch

( )7. The _____ are flying back to their country.

A. Germany B. Germanys C. Germans

( )8. The girl brushes her _____ every day before she goes to bed.

A. tooths B. teeth C. teeths

( )9.I saw many _____ in the street.

A. peoples C.people ’s

( )10.The green sweater is his _____.

’s

三、选择填空 (1’*10=10’)

1

( )1. They come from different _____

A. country B. countries C. a country D. countrys

( )2. How many _____ do you see in the picture?

A. tomatos B. tomatoes C. tomato D. the tomato

( )3. They are_____.

A . woman teachers B. women teachers

C. women teacher D. woman teacher

( )4. Would you like _____ ,please?

A. two glass of water B. two glasses of water

C. two glass of waters D. two glasses of waters

( )5. Most of _____ live in _____.

A. Germans, German B. German, Germen

C. Germen, Germany D. Germans, Germany

( )6. There are some _____ in these _____.

A. knifes pencil-boxes B. knives pencils-box

C. knives pencil-box D. knives pencils-boxes

( )7. _____ like _____ by air.

A. Greens, travelling B. The Green, traveling

C. The Greens, travel D. The Greens, traveling

( )8. I wonder why _____ are interested in action films(武打片).

A. the people B. people C. peoples D. the peoples

( )9. There is no _____ in the plate.

A. apples B. oranges C. rice D. eggs

( )10.My uncle has three _____.

四.填入所给名词的正确形式(2 ’*10=20’)

1. I have two_____ (knife)
2. There are many _____ here. (box)
3. There are many _____ on the road. (bus)
4. A few _____ are drawing on the wall. (boy)
5. The _____ are playing football now. (child)
6. Please take two _____ for me. (photo)

7. I like the red _____.(tomato)
8. Would you please clean your _____ now? (tooth)
9. Do you want some _____? (milk)
10. There are ten _____ _____in our school. (woman teacher)

2

作业

I. 写出第三人称单数：

wash_____ match _____guess_____ study_____ finish_____ go_____ snow_____ carry_____

II. 用所给动词的适合形式填空：

1. He_____ TV every evening. (watch)

2. We always _____ to school on foot. (go)

3. Tom, with his classmates, often _____ football after school. (play)

4. Your shoes _____ under the bed. (be)

5. _____ here and _____ by me. (come, stand)

6. His uncle usually _____ to work by bus. (go)

7. I always _____ up at six in the morning.(get)

8. John _____ like his father. (look)

III. 达成句子

依据所给中文意思，在空白处填入适合词语达成句子。每空一词，请直接在答题纸上达成在此页上作答。

1．该吃晚餐了。

it’s time to _____ _____.

2．你想来点儿面包吗?

would you _____ some _____ ?

3．安娜太小，还不可以上学。

ann is _____ young _____ go to school.

4．约翰跑得和我同样快。

john runs _____ fast _____ me.

5．布莱克太太常常在英语上帮助我们。

mrs. black often _____ us _____ our english .

6．老师让我们每日说英语。

the teacher tells us _____ _____ english every day.

7．为何不让孩子们做他们喜爱的事情 ?

_____ _____ let the children do what they like?

（答案：二、1. watches 2. go 3. plays 4. are 5. come, stand 6. goes 7. get, got 8. looks

三、1. it ’s time to have supper. 2. would you like some bread?

3. ann is too young to go to school. 4. john runs as fast as me.
5. mrs. black often helps us with our english.
6. the teacher tells us to speak english every day.
7. why not let the children do what they like?)

3

一般此刻时态

一、一般此刻时的用法 ：

1、表示常常或许频频发生的动作 . 如: 我每日吃午餐 . I have lunch every day.

2、还表示此刻存在的一种状态 . 如：我姐姐是一位老师. My sister is a teacher.

3、客观真谛，客观存在，科学事实。比如：The earth moves around the sun. 地球绕着太阳

般此刻时态常常 与often （常常）sometimes （有时）always （老是）usually （往常）等

用，也常常与every day （每日）, every week （每周）, every month （每个月）, every ter

（每学期）, every year （每年） , once a week （一周一次）， twice a year （一年两

时间的词连用。

三、第三人称单数问题

一般此刻时中，当主语是第三人称单数时，即常在动词原形后加 -s 或-es 。

四、一般此刻时分类：

1．一般此刻时态分为 be 动词的一般此刻时。

1）be 动词包含am ，is ，are. 中文为 " 是 " ， 这三个词的用法要跟着主语的变化而变化

于第一人称单数 （I ）; "is" 用于第三人称单数（ he， she ，it ） ; "are " 用于第一人称复

第二人称单数和复数(you) , 第三人称复数（ they ）。 能够记着以下顺口溜： am 管" 我

她，它，他" ，are 管" 大家" 。

一般疑问句和否认句 ：把be 动词"am ，is ，are" 放在句首 ，回答时也要使用 be 动词；

时，把表示否认的not 放在"am is are" 的后边 ，此中能够简写为： is not---- isn't ；

aren't ；am not 没有简写形式。

注意：假如are not, is not 放在句尾时，不可以使用简写，一定写出整个单词。 .

Am I a teacher? Yes, I am. (No, I am not.)

Are you his friend? Yes, you are. (No, you are not.)

Is she a nurse? Yes, she is. (No, she is not.)

否认句为：I am not a teacher. You are not his friend. She is not a nurse.

2）实义动词的一般此刻时假如句子的动词不是 be 动词"am is are" 而是其余实义动词

否认句要借助于助动词 "do" 或许"does" ， 也就是说be 动词和实义动词原形不可以同时使

的"do" ，"does" 自己没有什么意义，不过帮助组成疑问句和否认句. 一般疑问句读时一定用降

调."do" 和"does" 的使用要跟着人称的变化而变化。

请看下边两组句子，注意划分他们的共同点和不一样点。

I go to school every day. ---------- I don't go to school every day.

He goes to school every day. ----------He doesn't go to school every day.

Do you go to school every day? ----------Does he go to school every day?

Yes, I do. (No, I don't) ----------Yes, he does. (No, he doesn't)

当主语是第三人称单数时，

必定句为：主语+ 动词的s 形式+ 宾语

否认句为：主语+ 助动词doesn't+ 动词原形+ 宾语

疑问句为：Does+ 主语+ 动词原形+ 宾语

必定回答和否认回答也要使用助动词 does.

注：1 ）第三人称单数用了 does 后边就不用动词的 s 形式了，而用动词原形.

2）变为疑问句，要在句首加"do"； 变为否认句 ，要在动词前方加 "do not"， 能够简写为

讲堂练习

4

一、把以下句子改成一般疑问句并做必定、否认回答。

1．I usually get up at six o ’ clock.

_____?

Yes, _____ . /No, _____ .

2. We usually write e-mails to each other on Saturday evening.

_____
_____?

_____ / _____
__ .

3. They have the same hobby.

_____ ?

_____ ./ _____.

4.Suhai and Su yang like listening to music after school.

_____ ?

_____ _____ . / .

5.Helen usually watches TV in the evening.

_____ ?

_____ _____ . /

二、用词的适合形式填空。

1.What time_____ his father_____(do) the work?

2.He _____(get) up at five o ’ clock.

3._____ you _____(brush) your teeth every morning.

4.What _____ (do) he usually _____(do) after school?

5.Tom _____ (study) English, Chinese, Maths, Science and Art at school.

6. Kitty sometimes _____(go) to the park with his sister.

7.At eight at night, she _____(watch) TV with her parents.

8. _____ Mike_____(read) English every day?

9.How many lessons_____ your classmates_____(have) on Monday?

10.We often_____ (play) football in the playground.

三．选择

(　　) 1. _____ you have a book?

A. Do　　B. Are　　C. Is　　D. Have

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：https://d.book118.com/796101044030010043