

Revision module B (第一课时)

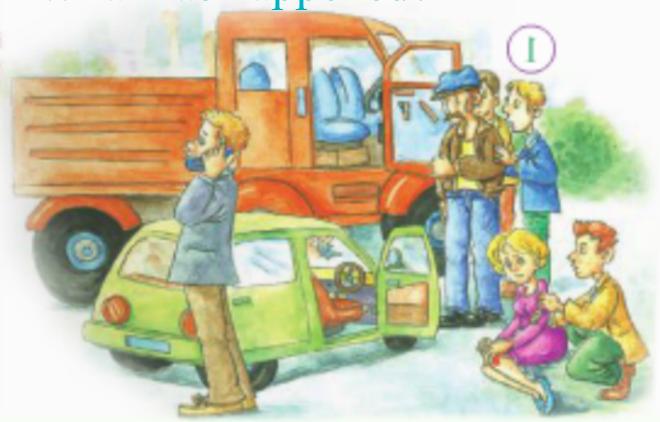
级:九年级 学 科:初中英语(外研版)



Grammar and speaking

Let's describe

What has happened?



Let's describe

car accident / happen

A car accident has happened.

- 1 driver / hurt —— The driver has been hurt.
- 2 someone / help / drive ——— Someone has helped the driver.
- 3 someone / phone / the hospital —— Someone has phoned the hospital.

Let's think

What will happen next?

1 driver / take / hospital

The driver will be taken to hospital.

2 driver / treat / doctors

The driver will be treated by doctors.

3 car/repair
The car will be

The car will be repaired.



Let's conclude

被动语态:强调动作的承受者

被动语态的结构:be+done

will be taken
will be treated
will be repaired

一般将来时的被动语态:will be done

am/is/are going to be done

The car will be repaired. — The car is going to be repaired.

Let's complete

- 1 Some of the world's greatest books were written (write) long ago.
- 2 It does not mean that great books are not written (not write) today.
- 3 The character Harry potter was created (create) by J.K. Rowling.
- 4 When the first book <u>came out</u> (come out), it was a big success. take place, break out

Let's conclude

被动语态:强调动作的承受者

被动语态的结构:be+done

will be taken 一般将来时的被动语态

will be done am/is/are going to be done

were written was created

一般过去时的被动语态 was/were done

aren't written一般现在时的被动语态 am/is/are done

Let's complete

Michael: Are you coming to the meeting this afternoon?

Susan: What meeting?

Michael: It's about environmental protection. More ways should

- (1) be found (find), so that the world
- (2) will be saved (save) in the future.

Susan: I agree. I think the environmental problems

(3) were not taken (not take) seriously in the past, and a lot of people still don't think it enough.

Michael: Yes, you're right. For example, look at all the lights that (4) are left (leave) on all the time!

Susan: And a lot of water (5) <u>is wasted</u> (waste) every day, just in our houses.

Michael: Exactly! These are all important things, but these is much more to do! Look around you. Why (6) <u>is</u> so much paper <u>thrown away</u> (throw away)? Put it in the special box, so that it (7) will be recycled (recycle)!

Susan: Oh, dear. I left my computer on all day today! Yes, I'm coming to the meeting, Michael ...

Let's review

定语从句的概念:从句在句子中作定语,用来修

饰名词或者代词

定语从句的结构:He's the boy who won the photo

competition last year.

先行词

引导词/ 关系词

定语从句

定语从句的引导词:

The photo which/that we liked best was taken by Zhao Min.

They wear special hats that/which keep the flies away.

It is a beautiful girl who/that is wearing a blouse and skirt.

Let's complete

The school (1) <u>that/which</u> Joe goes to is one of the best in the city and has over a thousand pupils. The pupils there wear red T-shirts and black trousers. The places (2) <u>that/which</u> the students like best at school are the computer room and the dining hall.

The games (3) <u>that/which</u> the boys enjoy most are football and basketball. Joe is best at football, and he is in the school team. The activity (4) <u>that/which</u> attracts the girls most is the dance, and the girls usually put on a show (5) <u>that/which</u> every student comes to with their parents at the end of term. The teacher (6) <u>that/who</u> the students like most is Mrs Black.

Let's make new words

-ful inter- -less outup- un- -ity

careful, careless, electricity, hopeful, hopeless, international, outside, upstairs, unusual, wasteful

B care electric hope national side stairs usual waste

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