Unit 7 Section A 3a

When I was a baby crying all night, my mom sang to me. In the 1. second (two) year of my birth, she kept me from danger. When I fell and hurt myself, she gave me a hug and 2. lifted (lift) me up. When I was seven coughing 3. **badly** (bad), she said no ice-cream for me. But I 4. talked back (回嘴; 顶嘴) loudly, "Give it to me now!" When I was nine watching scary 5. movies (movie), she said they would give me awful dreams. But I shouted back angrily,"I should be allowed to watch them! I'm not a baby! "

When I was a teen going out 6. <u>with</u> friends, she said, "Please be back by ten! " But I said angrily, "I want to make 7. <u>my</u> (I) own decision. I'm seventeen now! I'm free! "

Now I'm 8. <u>an</u> adult, thinking back to those times. She has always 9. <u>supported</u> (support) me. There are many 10. <u>regrets</u> (regret) in my heart. I should be thankful to her.

Unit 8 Section B 2b

Stonehenge is a mysterious historical place in Britain.

Historians believe Stonehenge was a temple where ancient 1. <u>leaders</u> (leader) tried to communicate with the gods.

Another popular idea is that Stonehenge might be 2. <u>a</u>______kind of calendar. Besides, other people believe the large stones have a 3. <u>medical</u> (medicine) purpose. And they believe the stones can prevent illness and help 4. <u>them</u>___(they) keep healthy. However, no one is sure what Stonehenge was 5. <u>used</u> (use) for. Some think it was a burial place or a place which was used for 6. <u>honoring</u> (honor) ancestors. But 7. <u>at the same time</u> (同时; 一起), others

think it was built to celebrate a victory over an enemy.

Most historians believe Stonehenge must be almost 5,000 years old. One of the

8. <u>greatest</u> (great) mysteries is how it was built. In 2001, English volunteers 9.

tried (try) to build another Stonehenge, but they failed.

Perhaps we never know it exactly, 10. <u>but</u> we know the builders must have been hard-working.

九年级(全) Units 7-8

■考点一 manage 的用法

【教材原句】This way, when they start working they can manage their own lives. 这样,当他们开始工作的时候,他们就能过好自己的生活。(人教 9 全 Unit 7 P52)

manage 意为"设法完成(困难的事);应付(困难局面)",常用搭配: manage to do sth. 设法做成某事。manage 还可以意为"经营;管理",其名词 形式为 management,意为"经营;管理";manager意为"经营者;经理"。 拓展 manage to do sth.表示"设法做成某事"(强调结果),相当于 succeed in doing sth.;而 try to do sth.表示"尽力做某事"(强调主观态度)。

九年级(全) Units 7-8

B. doing

返回目录

1. Many people say it is difficult to learn English, but you speak it very well. How did you manage <u>A</u> so? A. to do 2. After a three-hour operation, the doctors managed to save (save) the boy's life.

3. Learning <u>management</u> well can make you become a successful <u>manager</u> in the future. (manage)

C. to doing

D. do



■考点二 regret 的用法

【教材原句】I regret talking back, not listening to Mom. 我后悔顶嘴, 没有听妈妈的话。(人教9全 Unit 7 P51)

返回目录



九年级(全) Units 7-8



拓展 regret 作动词时,其过去式与过去分词均为 regretted;作名词时,可意为"痛惜,懊悔,遗憾,失望"。

如: She had few regrets in leaving the house.

离开这座房子时,她并无太多遗憾。

教材考点重难突破

- 1. —Did you talk back to your parents when you were a child?
- —Yes. But now I realize I was wrong. I really regret <u>doing</u> (do) that silly thing to them.
 - 2.—I deeply regret _____ I did!
 - —We need more time to see how things develop before we take action. (盲填)
 - 3. —Betty, would you like to come to my birthday party this Saturday?
 - —Sorry. I regret to tell (tell) you that I have to take care of my sister at home.
 - 4. never, I, any, hope, we, have, will, regrets (连词成句)
 - I hope we will never have any regrets



■考点三 suit 的用法

【教材原句】No, he's wearing a suit. 不,他穿着西装。(人教9全 Unit 8 P 61)

单词	词性	含义	例句
suit	名词	西服;套装	He wore a dove-grey suit. 他穿了一套鸽灰色西装。
	动词	适合	It's too expensive and anyway the color doesn't suit you.
			这个太贵,而且颜色也不适合你。

拓展 suit 的形容词为 suitable, 意为"适合的"。 suit 多指样式、花色适合或指 合乎某种条件(强调主观); fit 多指衣服尺码、大小、形状适合(强调客观)。

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