

甘肃省酒泉市 2024-2025 学年高一上学期

1 月期末英语试题

第一部分 听力（略）

第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Toronto houses over 100 ethnic (民族的) groups that speak over 140 languages. Here're some things about visiting Toronto.

Best Months to Visit

The best times to visit Toronto are from late April to May and from September to October. The busiest time is in summer. But as it gets warmer, prices also go up. If you want to save money on hotels, bring a warm coat and visit in winter. If you want good prices and nice weather, spring or fall can be the best choice.

Culture and Customs

Though English and French are Canada's two official languages, you'll also likely to hear Spanish, Russian, Polish, Chinese (including Mandarin and Cantonese) and so on. This is all thanks to Toronto's ever-increasing immigrant (移民) population. There are a variety of cultures and customs here.

What to Eat

As one of the world's most multicultural cities, not only does Toronto have a Little Italy, but there's also Chinatown, and Greektown. There are so many foods worth exploring here that you may have to plan another trip or two.

Getting Around Toronto

The best way to get around Toronto is by using public transportation. The Toronto Transit Commission (TTC) has three types of transport: subway, streetcar, and bus. These run throughout the city and suburbs. If you don't want to use public transportation, you can walk or bike instead. To get to the Toronto Pearson International Airport, you can use the subway or take a taxi. Taking a taxi will cost much, but the subway is much cheaper.

高级中学名校试卷

1. When may prices of products rise in Toronto?

- A. In spring. B. In summer. C. In fall. D. In winter.

2. Which is the official language in Toronto?

- A. French. B. Spanish. C. Russian. D. Mandarin.

3. How many ways of getting around Toronto does the author mention?

- A. Three. B. Four. C. Five. D. Six.

【答案】1. B 2. A 3. D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要说明到加拿大多伦多旅游的有关事项，涉及最佳时间、语言、饮食和交通情况。

【1 题详 析】细节理解题。根据 Best Months to Visit 部分中的“The busiest time is in summer. But as it gets warmer, prices also go up.(最忙的时候是在夏天。但随着天气变暖，价格也会上涨。)”可知，夏季随着天气变暖，价格会上涨，由此可知，多伦多的商品价格会在夏季上涨。故选 B 项。

【2 题详 析】细节理解题。根据 Culture and Customs 部分中的“Though English and French are Canada’s two official languages, you’ll also likely to hear Spanish, Russian, Polish, Chinese (including Mandarin and Cantonese) and so on.(虽然英语和法语是加拿大的两种官方语言，但你也可能听到西班牙语、俄语、波兰语、汉语（包括普通话和广东话）等等。)”可知，英语和法语是加拿大的两种官方语言。故选 A 项。

【3 题详 析】细节理解题。根据 Getting Around Toronto 部分中的“The Toronto Transit Commission (TTC) has three types of transport: subway, streetcar, and bus. These run throughout the city and suburbs. If you don’t want to use public transportation, you can walk or bike instead.(多伦多交通委员会 (TTC) 有三种交通工具：地铁、有轨电车和公共汽车。它们遍布城市和郊区。如果你不想乘坐公共交通工具，你可以步行或骑自行车。)”以及“Taking a taxi will cost much, but the subway is much cheaper.(乘出租车要花很多钱，但乘地铁要便宜得多。)”可知，文中提到了六种交通方式：地铁、有轨电车、公交车、步行、骑自行车和出租车。故选 D 项。

B

“When I was young, I had so much energy and I loved building things. If I had an idea, I had to build something right now using what I could find around me,” says Danish artist Thomas Dambo. When Dambo was seven years old, he bought a mountain of cushions (垫子) from a nearby market

to build a game room in his parents' house. As a teenager, he built a "crazy" castle in his backyard.

Years later, 42-year-old Dambo is proudly showing his latest work: a giant (巨人) called Little Lui. Five meters tall, Little Lui is one of the six giants placed in the corners of Peel Region of Western Australia, which will be on show for at least a year. This work makes Dambo's giants up to 99 around the world. His gentle giants have found homes in many different countries, as far as the United States, Belgium, China, Denmark, South Korea and now in Australia.

"For me, giants represent the voice of nature," Dambo says. This deep respect for nature is the focus of Dambo's building works. Dambo's giants are made almost from local recycled wood: their faces from second-hand furniture and their hair from tree branches and leaves. It took about 750 hours to complete a giant. Each giant was built out in nature.

"I hope by visiting the giants, people will think of rubbish as a resource. I think it's really important that next generations are connected to nature," Dambo says. "That's why I tried to build the giants to attract young people. I want people to be inspired and to realize they don't need a lot to create something big and beautiful."

4. Which of the following can best describe young Dambo?

- A. Shy. B. Creative. C. Self-focused. D. Weak.

5. What can we know about Little Lui?

- A. It will be shown to the public. B. It's Dambo's first giant.
C. It is kept underground. D. It was built in Denmark.

6. What is Paragraph 3 mainly about?

- A. The cost of the giants.
B. The appearance of the giants.
C. What the giants stand for.
D. What people think of the giants.

7. What does Dambo plan to do with his giants?

- A. Inspire more people to take risks.
B. Help people spend less time playing games
C. Encourage the young to get close to nature.
D. Call on the young to keep our environment clean.

高级中学名校试卷

【答案】4. B 5. A 6. C 7. C

高级中学名校试卷

【语篇解读】本文是记叙文。文章主要叙述艺术家 Thomas Dambo 从小就喜欢搭建，现在通过利用回收的家具和树枝树叶搭建巨人造型，吸引年轻人接近自然，创造美好事物。

【4 题详 析】推理判断题。根据第一段中的“‘When Dambo was seven years old, he bought a mountain of cushions (垫子) from a nearby market to build a game room in his parents’ house. As a teenager, he built a “crazy” castle in his backyard.(当 Dambo 七岁的时候，他从附近的市场买了一堆垫子，在父母家里建了一个游戏室。十几岁的时候，他在后院建了一座“疯狂”的城堡。)’”可知，Dambo 小时候用垫子在父母家建游戏室，他还在后院建“疯狂”城堡，由此可推断，Dambo 很有创造力。故选 B 项。

【5 题详 析】细节理解题。根据第二段中的“‘Five meters tall, Little Lui is one of the six giants placed in the corners of Peel Region of Western Australia, which will be on show for at least a year.(5 米高的“Little Lui”是放置在西澳大利亚皮尔地区角落里的六个巨人之一，它将展出至少一年。)’”可知，Little Lui 将在西澳大利亚皮尔地区角落展出至少一年，由此可知，Little Lui 将向公众展出。故选 A 项。

【6 题详 析】主旨大意题。根据第三段中“‘For me, giants represent the voice of nature,’ Dambo says. This deep respect for nature is the focus of Dambo’s building works. “对我来说，巨人代表着大自然的声音，” Dambo 说。这种对自然的深切尊重是 Dambo 建筑作品的重点。)’”可知，该段主要讲述了巨人所代表的意义，即代表自然的声音，体现对自然的尊重。故选 C 项。

【7 题详 析】推理判断题。根据最后一段中 Dambo 的话“‘I think it’s really important that next generations are connected to nature.(我认为让下一代与自然保持联系非常重要。)’”和“‘That’s why I tried to build the giants to attract young people.(这就是为什么我试图建造巨人来吸引年轻人。)’”可知，Dambo 认为让下一代与自然保持联系很重要，所以他建造巨人吸引年轻人，由此可知，Dambo 想利用他的巨人造型鼓励年轻人接近大自然。故选 C 项。

C

A new trend called “praise groups” or “in-need-of-praise” chat groups has become popular on Chinese social media. In Chinese culture, where modesty (谦逊) is valued, openly seeking and giving praise is uncommon. These chat groups provide a platform for people to receive compliments (赞扬) and encouragement, which are often lacking in their daily lives.

To join a praise group, users can pay a fee on e-commerce sites, starting at 50 yuan for five minutes of compliments. The group members will then show the person with praises and kind words. The compliments can be designed for a friend or loved one as well. Participants have found that

being praised by strangers can help lift their spirits and improve their self-confidence.

For example, Meng Zha, a student at Shanghai's Tongji University, tried the service and found it amusing and helpful. She received compliments on her appearance and even some content from popular songs. Ms Meng couldn't help but laugh at the compliments and expressed her desire to post such high-quality praises in the future.

Praise groups have appeared as a way for people in China to seek and receive compliments and encouragement that may be lacking in their daily lives. It provides a positive and uplifting experience for participants, improving a sense of happiness and self-worth.

Those who support the groups, see them as a method of dealing with extremely bad moods (情绪) which are often related to things happening on the Internet. "At first, the purpose of this group is to make us learn to praise others and accept others' praises confidently. Here we can drop everything, and use our heart to praise and support others," one member said. "But the life journey is long and there are some unexpected situations that we can only depend on ourselves to face when there is no one out there to offer help."

8. What is the purpose of praise groups?

- A. To make ordinary people popular.
- B. To solve people's problems.
- C. To share common interests.
- D. To make others happy and confident.

9. What can we learn about Meng Zha from paragraph 3?

- A. She was not strong enough.
- B. She was satisfied with the service.
- C. She was under working stress
- D. She was a gifted singer in her area.

10. What does the underlined word "uplifting" in the fourth paragraph mean?

- A. Surprising and rare.
- B. Exciting and cheerful.
- C. Sad and unforgettable.
- D. Worrying and uncomfortable.

11. How does the group praise others in the last paragraph according the member?

- A. Honestly.
- B. Easily.
- C. Slightly.
- D. Informally.

【答案】8. D 9. B 10. B 11. A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要简述了夸夸群的含义以及给人们带来的好处。

【8 题详 析】推理判断题。根据第一段中“These chat groups provide a platform for people to receive compliments (赞扬) and encouragement, which are often lacking in their daily lives.(这些聊天群为人们提供了一个接受赞美和鼓励的平台，而这些在日常生活中往往是缺乏的)”

和第四段中“Praise groups have appeared as a way for people in China to look for and receive compliments and encouragement that may be lacking in their daily lives.(夸夸群的出现,是中国人寻求和接受日常生活中可能缺乏的赞美和鼓励的一种方式)”可知,这些群聊为人们提供了一个接受赞美和鼓励的平台,是人们寻求和接受日常生活中可能缺乏的赞美和鼓励的一种方式。由此推知,夸夸群的目的是给人们带来希望和幸福。故选 D 项。

【9 题详 析】细节理解题。根据第三段中的 Ms Meng couldn't help but laugh at the compliments and expressed her desire to post such high-quality praises in the future. (孟女士忍不住笑了起来,并表示希望以后也能发表这样高质量的赞扬)”可知,孟女士希望也能发表这样高质量的赞扬。由此可知,孟女士对夸夸群的服务是很满意的。故选 B 项。

【10 题详 析】词句猜测题。根据划线单词上文“It provides a positive(它提供了积极乐观的)”以及后文“improving a sense of happiness and self-worth. (提高幸福感和自我价值感)”可知,此处表示“它为参与者提供了积极的体验,提高了幸福感和自我价值感”,划线单词与 positive 为并列关系,由此可知,划线单词的意思应与 Exciting and cheerful(令人兴奋和愉快)的意义相近。故选 B 项。

【11 题详 析】细节理解题。根据最后一段中的“At first, the purpose of this group is to make us learn to praise others and accept others' praises confidently. Here we can drop everything, and use our heart to praise and support others,” one member said.(“起初,这个群的目的是让我们学会赞美别人,并自信地接受别人的赞美。在这里,我们可以放下一切,用我们的心去赞美和支持别人,”一位成员说)”可知,其中一个成员认为,在群里可以放下一切,用心去赞美和支持别人。由此可知,小组成员认为这类群真诚地赞美别人。故选 A 项。

D

A recent study carried out by using 28 years of data has proved the old saying: There's no such thing as a free lunch. In the study, scientists found that dolphin mothers that interact (互动) with boaters (乘船游乐者) have nearly twice as many babies as female dolphins that stay away. But those babies are nine times more likely to die before reaching adulthood. The number one cause of their death in Sarasota Bay is related to sport fishing. That high death rate brings about a problem for the population as a whole.

In the United States, feeding dolphins is illegal under the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, but it still happens often. Even though we might not mean to feed them, with just our presence, these animals are used to being around humans more. That closeness increases a dolphin's risk of

being struck by a boat, trapped in a fishing line, or caught by a fishing hook.

Dolphins are smart and social animals and their begging has motivations. Getting fish from people instead of hunting could allow female dolphins to save time and energy that they can instead put toward reproduction (繁殖). It makes sense that the dolphins eating up bait (诱饵), getting fish from a fisher's line, and approaching boats for food can have more babies. However, studies of other species around the world, such as green sea turtles in the Bahamas, show that animals that become dependent on human handouts stop hunting for food. This is true of Sarasota Bay's dolphins, and it's a preference that they pass on. Dolphins from one family have been approaching boats for four generations. That behavior is even more dangerous for the youngsters — little dolphins can be killed by boats or fishing equipment as they try to stay close to their moms.

For these dolphin mothers, losing babies one by one likely causes emotional suffering. Over time, this stress on female dolphins and the deaths of so many babies could cause population numbers to fall.

We can't stop the dolphins from interacting with humans. But we can teach people to enjoy wild animals from a safe distance. And for dolphins' own good, stop giving them food.

12. What can we learn about female dolphins interacting with humans?

- A. They can help increase the number of dolphins.
- B. They may suffer less from sport fishing.
- C. They may look for food move actively.
- D. They can have more baby dolphins.

13. Why do dolphins like being around people?

- A. To get food like fish from them.
- B. To hunt more fish on their own.
- C. To play with fishing lines or hooks.
- D. To teach their babies to swim faster.

14. What does the author suggestion people do?

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| A. Stop dolphins from following boats. | B. Stop raising young dolphins. |
| C. Stop feeding dolphins. | D. Stop sport fishing. |

15. What can be the best title for the text?

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. Dolphins' population | B. Enjoy wild animals closer |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|

C. Dolphins' interaction with boaters

D. Keep a safe distance from dolphins

【答案】12. D 13. A 14. C 15. D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。本文主要介绍的是一项研究表明，科学家发现与乘船游乐者互动的海豚妈妈是远离的雌性海豚生育孩子的两倍，但也随之带来许多严重的问题。

【12 题详 析】细节理解题。根据第一段中“In the study, scientists found that dolphin mothers that interact (互动) with boaters (乘船游乐者) have nearly twice as many babies as female dolphins that stay away.(研究发现，与乘船游乐者互动的海豚母亲所生的幼崽数量几乎是那些远离人类的雌性海豚的两倍。)”可知，与乘船游乐者互动的海豚母亲生更多的海豚宝宝。故选 D 项。

【13 题详 析】细节理解题。根据第三段中的“Getting fish from people instead of hunting could allow female dolphins to save time and energy that they can instead put toward reproduction (繁殖).(从人类那里得到鱼而不是自己捕猎可以让雌性海豚节省时间和能量，转而投入更多的精力到繁殖上。)”可知，从人类哪里得到鱼而不是自己捕猎可以让雌性海豚节省时间和能量，由此可知，海豚喜欢和人在一起是因为可以从人那里得到食物。故选 A 项。

【14 题详 析】细节理解题。根据尾段的“We can't stop the dolphins from interacting with humans. But we can teach people to enjoy wild animals from a safe distance. And for dolphins' own good, stop giving them food. (我们无法阻止海豚与人类的互动。但是我们可以教人们在安全的距离外欣赏野生动物。为了海豚好，不要再喂它们食物了。)”可知，作者认为，为了海豚自身的利益，停止给它们喂食，由此可知，作者建议人们停止给海豚喂食。故选 C 项。

【15 题详 析】主旨大意题。根据首段中的“In the study, scientists found that dolphin mothers that interact (互动) with boaters (乘船游乐者) have nearly twice as many babies as female dolphins that stay away. But those babies are nine times more likely to die before reaching adulthood.(在这项研究中，科学家们发现，与乘船游乐者互动的海豚妈妈的宝宝数量几乎是远离乘船游乐者的雌性海豚的两倍。但这些海豚宝宝在成年前死亡的可能性要高出 9 倍。)”可知，研究发现与乘船游乐者互动的海豚妈妈产更多的海豚宝宝，但这些海豚宝宝的活到成年的可能性较低，结合尾段的““We can't stop the dolphins from interacting with humans. But we can teach people to enjoy wild animals from a safe distance. And for dolphins' own good, stop giving them food. (我们无法阻止海豚与人类的互动。但是我们可以教人们在安全的距离外欣赏野生动物。为了海豚好，不要再喂它们食物了。)”可知，文章主要讨论了海豚与人类互动所带来的负面影响，特别是对幼年海豚的高死亡率，并建议人们应该保持安全距离并停止喂食海豚，所以题目“与海豚保持安全距离”符合文章主题，适合为最佳标题。故选 D 项。

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Nowadays, more and more people like going on trips during the holidays. ____16____. Do you still want to get away this summer but spend less money? If so, here's an idea: Camping. If you're interested in being out in nature, and don't mind dirty shoes and wet tents (帐篷), it might be the holiday for you. ____17____. Luckily, there's lots of advice online for the first-time campers.

Do some planning first

If it's your first time, you don't need to buy every piece of camping equipment — you may never go again! But do get the important things. Most experts say it's worthwhile spending money on a good tent. Mountain Warehouse is an outdoor equipment company. ____18____. For example, if there are two of you going camping, get a three- or four-person tent to have space for your bags and other items.

Check your tent and other things before you travel

____19____, or even place it inside your room, to see what it's like and how it works. There are lots of websites that give you lists of other things you'll need. But don't forget a first-aid packet and some “just-in-case” things. They include extra clothes, food and coats.

____20____

Check the facilities (设施) it has, and perhaps choose one close to some houses! But finally, the most important thing that you should care about is to be safe!

- A. However, you'll need to be prepared
- B. You can put the tent up in your garden
- C. Think about the place where you're heading
- D. But flights and hotels are often too expensive
- E. You can have a chat or do other amusing things in your tent
- F. Then you can pack up your things and clean up the place around your tent
- G. It suggests getting one that's a size or two bigger than the number of people using it

【答案】16. D 17. A 18. G 19. B 20. C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要给初次去野外露营的人提出几点建议。

【16 题详析】根据空前的“Nowadays, more and more people like going on trips during the

holidays.(现在,越来越多的人喜欢在假期去旅行)”可知,很多人喜欢假期去度假,结合空后的“Do you still want to get away this summer but spend less money? If so, here’s an idea: Camping.(今年夏天你还想出去玩,但要少花钱吗?如果是这样,我有个主意:露营)”可知,想要去度假,又希望花钱少,可以选择去露营,由此可推断,此空涉及到度假的费用问题,D选项“But flights and hotels are often too expensive(但机票和酒店往往太贵了)”与空前为转折关系,且提供了一个选择露营的原因,符合语境。故选D项。

【17题详析】根据空前的“If you’re interested in being out in nature, and don’t mind dirty shoes and wet tents (帐篷), it might be the holiday for you.(如果你对大自然感兴趣,并且不介意脏鞋子和湿帐篷,它可能适合你的假期)”可知,此处介绍了选择露营度假的特点,结合空后的“Luckily, there’s lots of advice online for the first-time campers.(幸运的是,网上有很多针对初次露营者的建议)”可知,初次露营需要一些建议,由此可推断,即使不介意露营存在的脏鞋子和湿帐篷的问题,也应该为此做一些准备,A选项“However, you’ll need to be prepared(然而,你需要做好准备)”与空前为转折关系,符合逻辑,且引出空后讲述的内容,从而引出下文要讲述的露营需要做的一些准备,符合语境。故选A项。

【18题详析】根据空后的“For example, if there are two of you going camping, get a three- or four-person tent to have space for your bags and other items.(例如,如果你们有两个人去露营,买一个三人或四人的帐篷,这样就有空间放你的包和其他物品)”可知,通过举例说明露营如何选择帐篷,G选项“It suggests getting one that’s a size or two bigger than the number of people using it(它建议买一个比使用它的人数大一两码的)”讲述的内容与空后所列举的例子内容吻合,符合语境。故选G项。

【19题详析】根据本段主题句“Check your tent and other things before you travel(旅行前检查你的帐篷和其他东西)”可知,本段建议旅行前检查一下帐篷,空后的“or even place it inside your room, to see what it’s like and how it works.(甚至可以把它放在房间里,看看感觉如何以及它是如何工作的)”可知,此处讲述的是将帐篷放置某地检查一下帐篷,确保帐篷的功能正常,B选项“You can put the tent up in your garden(你可以把帐篷搭在你的花园里)”讲述的内容与空后的“or even place it inside your room”内容一致,符合语境。故选B项。

【20题详析】此处为本段的主题句,与其他段落的主题句结构一致,应为祈使句,结合空后的“Check the facilities (设施) it has, and perhaps choose one close to some houses! But finally, the most important thing that you should care about is to be safe!(检查那里有什么设施,并且可以选择靠近房屋的地方!但最重要的是要注意安全!)”

高级中学名校试卷

可知，此处讲述的是考虑露营地点的选择，包括检查设施，并建议选择靠近房屋的地方以增加安全性，C 选项“Think about the place where you’re heading(考虑您的目的地)”为祈使句，且讲述的内容概括了本段的主题，符合语境。故选 C 项。

第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

My mother only has a fifth-grade education. Life is hard for her to _____21_____ me as a single mother in a foreign country.

Over the years, she has been a(n) _____22_____. When she worked, she used to spend up to nine hours in each client’s (客户) home. But few of her clients ever stopped to really speak to her, or to _____23_____ this woman who spent years cleaning every corner of their homes.

I knew the _____24_____ of my mom, so I studied _____25_____ to get as much knowledge as I could. Once, I published a story in a book. When she showed my front-page story to one client, she felt that someone began to care about _____26_____ in nearly forty years in this country _____27_____ what she helped me _____28_____ with rags (抹布) and soap. They were aware of her _____29_____.

Now, each time I reach a _____30_____, I’ll be really _____31_____ to share it with her.

The first time she set foot on my college campus, she brought a video camera. She walked around my campus for hours, _____32_____ every building and tree happily. Years later, when she returned for my _____33_____, she brought an old white rag, just like the ones she used to clean houses. I felt a bit _____34_____. But when the ceremony was over, I understood everything. She was so touched that she used the rag to wipe her _____35_____.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 21. A. raise | B. seek | C. favor | D. contact |
| 22. A. editor | B. cleaner | C. athlete | D. designer |
| 23. A. fall behind | B. crash into | C. apply to | D. learn about |
| 24. A. hardship | B. relief | C. image | D. shift |
| 25. A. frankly | B. seriously | C. officially | D. fluently |
| 26. A. him | B. her | C. another | D. each |
| 27. A. because of | B. instead of | C. in charge of | D. in place of |
| 28. A. organize | B. deliver | C. summarize | D. achieve |
| 29. A. schedule | B. system | C. strength | D. selection |

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30. A. button B. basis C. reality D. goal
31. A. confused B. afraid C. eager D. amazed
32. A. filming B. decorating C. marking D. drawing
33. A. discussion B. birthday C. wedding D. graduation
34. A. comfortable B. strange C. joyful D. stressed
35. A. chair B. glass C. tears D. hands

【答案】21. A 22. B 23. D 24. A 25. B 26. B 27. A 28. D 29. C
30. D 31. C 32. A 33. D 34. B 35. C

【语篇解读】本文为记叙文。主要讲述了作者在单亲妈妈的辛勤劳作中成长为大学生的故事。

【21 题详 析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：作为一个单身母亲，在异国他乡抚养我对她来说是很困难的。A. raise 抚养；B. seek 寻找；C. favor 偏爱；D. contact 联系。根据常识和下文“as a single mother in a foreign country.”可知，此处应表示作为一个单身母亲，在异国他乡把作者养大是很困难的。故选 A 项。

【22 题详 析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：多年来，她一直是一名清洁工。A. editor 编辑；B. cleaner 清洁工；C. athlete 运动员；D. designer 设计师。根据下文“this woman who spent years cleaning every corner of their homes.”可知，此处应表示母亲一直是个清洁工。故选 B 项。

【23 题详 析】考查动词短语辨析。句意：但她的客户很少停下来和她真正交谈，或者了解这个花了几年时间打扫他们家每个角落的女人。A. fall behind 落后；B. crash into 撞上；C. apply to 申请；适用于；D. learn about 了解。根据上文“But few of her clients ever stopped to really speak to her”提到她的客户很少停下来和她真正交谈，由此可知，此处应表示他们也很少了解这个花了几年时间打扫他们家每个角落的女人。故选 D 项。

【24 题详 析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：我知道我妈妈的辛苦，所以我认真学习，以获得尽可能多的知识。A. hardship 困难；B. relief 减轻；安慰；C. image 形象；D. shift 转变。根据上文“Life is hard for her to _____ me as a single mother in a foreign country.”可知，作为一个单身母亲，在异国他乡把作者养大是很困难的，由此可知，此处应表示作者知道母亲的辛苦。故选 A 项。

【25 题详 析】考查副词词义辨析。句意：我知道我妈妈的辛苦，所以我认真学习，以获得尽可能多的知识。A. frankly 坦率地；B. seriously 认真地；C. officially 正式地；D. fluently 流利地。根据上文的I knew the _____ of my mom, so...”以及下文的to get as much knowledge as I could.”可知，作者知道母亲的辛苦，所以认真地探索知识，符合语境。故选 B 项。

【26 题详 析】考查代词词义辨析。句意：当她把我在头版的故事给一位客户看时，这是她在这个国家近四十年来为数不多的几次感到自己被重视，因为这是她用抹布和肥皂帮助我取得了成就。A. him 他；B. her 她；C. another 另一个；D. each 每个。根据上文的“*But few of her clients ever stopped to really speak to her,*”可知，以前几乎没有客户真正的在意她，此处以上文的内容相呼应，所以应指的是“她”自己被重视。故选 B 项。

【27 题详 析】考查介词短语辨析。句意：当她把我在头版的故事给一位客户看时，这是她在这个国家近四十年来为数不多的几次感到自己被重视，因为这是她用抹布和肥皂帮助我取得了成就。A. because of 因为；B. instead of 代替；C. in charge of 负责；D. in place of 代替。结合语境和上下文的句意可知，上下文之间为因果关系，表示“因为”作者的成就是她用抹布和肥皂帮助作者取得的，从而引起客户的注意。故选 A 项。

【28 题详 析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：当她把我在头版的故事给一位客户看时，这是她在这个国家近四十年来为数不多的几次感到自己被重视，因为这是她用抹布和肥皂帮助我取得了成就。A. organize 组织；B. deliver 递送；C. summarize 总结；D. achieve 取得，实现。根据上文“*When she showed my front-page story to one client*”以及“*because of what she helped me*”和下文“*with rags and soap*”可知，作者上了头版，有了成就，由此可推断，此处应表示因为这是她用抹布和肥皂帮助作者取得了成就。故选 D 项。

【29 题详 析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：他们意识到她的力量。A. schedule 时间表 B. system 系统 C. strength 力量 D. selection 选择。根据上文的“*she felt that someone began to care about _____ in nearly forty years in this country _____ what she helped me _____ with rags (抹布) and soap.*”可知，作者取得的成就是靠她用抹布和肥皂帮助而取得的，由此可知，此处应表示他们意识到了她的力量。故选 C 项。

【30 题详 析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：现在，每次我达到一个目标，我都会非常渴望与她分享。A. button 按钮；B. basis 基础；C. reality 现实；D. goal 目标。根据上文的“*Once, I published a story in a book.*”可知，作者因此而上了头版出了名，母亲就展示给自己的客户看，为此而感受到别人的重视和自豪，由此可推断，现在作者应是每实现一个“目标”，就会与母亲分享，符合语境。故选 D 项。

【31 题详 析】考查形容词词义辨析。句意：现在，每次我达到一个目标，我都会非常渴望与她分享。A. confused 困惑的；B. afraid 害怕的；C. eager 渴望的；D. amazed 惊讶的。结合语境以及上文的“*Now, each time I reach a _____*”可知，作者能感受到母亲见到自己取得成就后的自豪感，所以每次实现目标后“渴望”与母亲分享，以此让母亲感到高兴。故选 C

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项。

【32 题详 析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：她在我的校园里走了几个小时，开心地拍摄每一栋建筑和每一棵树。A. filming 拍摄；B. decorating 装饰；C. marking 标记；D. drawing 绘画。根据上文的“The first time she set foot on my college campus, she brought a video camera.”可知，母亲第一次进入作者的大学校园时带着一个摄像机，由此可知推断，此处应表示母亲开心地拍摄每一栋建筑和每一棵树。故选 A 项。

【33 题详 析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：多年以后，当她回来参加我的毕业典礼时，她带来了一块旧的白色抹布，就像她用来打扫房子的那种。A. discussion 讨论 B. birthday 生日；C. wedding 婚礼；D. graduation 毕业。根据上文的“Years later”以及下文“But when the ceremony was over, I understood everything.”可知，作者在典礼结束时明白了一切，由此可推断，此处应表示母亲回来参加作者的毕业典礼。故选 D 项。

【34 题详 析】考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我觉得有点奇怪。A. comfortable 舒适的；B. strange 奇怪的；C. joyful 快乐的；D. stressed 紧张的。根据上文的“Years later, when she returned for my _____, she brought an old white rag, just like the ones she used to clean houses.”可知，参加作者毕业典礼那天，母亲带来了一块旧的白色抹布，结合下文的““But when the ceremony was over, I understood everything.”可知，作者觉得母亲拿着一块旧的白抹布参加毕业典礼有点奇怪。故选 B 项。

【35 题详 析】考查名词词义辨析。句意：她感动得用抹布擦眼泪。A. chair 椅子；B. glass 玻璃；C. tears 眼泪；D. hands 手。根据语境以及上文““She was so touched that she used the rag to wipe”可知，母亲如此的感到以至于用抹布擦眼泪，符合语境。故选 C 项。

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

It is the first time for Tom Jenkins to spend the Spring Festival in China with 36 (he) host family. The Spring Festival is 37 (high) valued by every Chinese family. A lot of good 38 (prepare) begin a week before the festival. First, the house is cleaned from the top to sweep away the dirt of 39 past year. Next, the Chinese character *Fu* is attached upside down 40 the front door. It is believed that when the character of *Fu* 41 (put) upside down, happiness arrives.

Xu Gang buys gifts for his parents and chats with them about the things 42 have happened. They usually have tasty hotpot. Xu Gang enjoys spending the festival with his family.

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Li Yang is a 43 (retire) grandma and she gets everything ready for her grandchildren and children. 44 (make) dumplings is great fun in their family. Although she thinks some original customs have changed, the 45 (spirit) of the festival remain unchanged.

【答案】36. his 37. highly 38. preparations 39. the 40. to 41. is put 42. that/which 43. retired 44. Making/To make 45. spirits

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。主要讲述的是外国人汤姆·詹金斯首次在中国体验春节，以及中国家庭如何庆祝这一传统节日。

【36 题详 析】考查代词。句意：这是汤姆·詹金斯第一次和他在中国的寄宿家庭一起过春节。空后为名词 *host family*，所以此处使用 *he* 的形容词性物主代词 *his*。故填 *his*。

【37 题详 析】考查副词。句意：春节被每一个中国家庭高度重视。此处为副词作状语修饰谓语动词，*high* 的副词形式 *highly* 意为“高度地”，表示程度。故填 *highly*。

【38 题详 析】考查名词复数。句意：很多准备工作在节日的一周前就已经开始了。此处为名词作主语，*prepare* 的名词为 *preparation* 意为“准备”，结合空后的谓语动词 *begin* 为动词原形可知，此处使用名词复数形式。故填 *preparations*。

【39 题详 析】考查冠词。句意：首先，从上到下打扫房屋，以扫除过去一年的尘埃。结合句意，此处特指过去的一年，所以使用定冠词 *the*。故填 *the*。

【40 题详 析】考查介词。句意：接下来，福字会倒贴在前门上。此处为固定搭配 *attach...to...* 意为“把……贴到……”符合句意，所以此处使用介词 *to*。故填 *to*。

【41 题详 析】考查谓语动词。句意：人们相信，当“福”字倒置时，幸福就会到来。此处为谓语动词，结合谓语动词 *is believed* 以及 *arrives* 可知，此处使用一般现在时，*put* 与主语 *the character of Fu* 之间为被动关系，所以此处使用一般现在时的被动语态，且主语为第三人称单数。故填 *is put*。

【42 题详 析】考查定语从句。句意：徐刚为父母买了礼物，并与他们聊天，谈论发生的事情。此处为关系词引导的定语从句，先行词 *the things* 指物，在从句中作主语，所以此处使用关系代词 *that* 或者 *which*。故填 *that/which*。

【43 题详 析】考查形容词。句意：李阳是一位退休的奶奶，她为她的孙子和孩子们准备一切。此处为形容词作定语修饰名词 *grandma*，*retire* 的形容词为 *retired* 意为“已退休的”符合句意。故填 *retired*。

【44 题详 析

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【考查非谓语动词。句意：包饺子在他们家里是非常有趣的活动。此处为非谓语动词作主语，可以使用动名词形式或者是动词不定式形式，位于句首单词首字母需大写。故填 Making/To make。

【45 题详 析】考查名词复数。句意：虽然她认为一些传统习俗已经改变，但节日的精神依然不变。此处为名词作主语，根据谓语动词 remain 为动词原形可知，此处使用名词复数形式。故填 spirits。

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

46. 假定你是李华，你的美国朋友 Tom 在你所在的城市做交换生，请你给他写一封电子邮件，邀请他参加“英语角”活动，内容包括：

- 1.地点：酒泉新世纪广场（the New Century Square of Jiuquan）；
- 2.活动时间：每周六上午 8:30~11:00；
- 3.活动的意义。

注意：1.写作词数应为 80 左右；
2.请按如下格式在答题卡相应位置作答；
3.参考词汇：英语角 the English corner。

Dear Tom,

Yours,

Li Hua

【答案】

Dear Tom.

I'm glad to learn that you are studying in my city as an exchange student, so I am writing to invite you to join us in the English corner.

This activity aims to provide an opportunity for students to communicate with each other. Besides, we hope to broaden our horizons and enrich our knowledge by organizing such kinds of

social events. In addition, students can practise their oral English. In this way, we students can improve our English level and learn more about other countries cultures and customs.

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：

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