人大附中 2023-2024 学年度第二学期初二年级英语期中练习

2024年4月

考

1.本试卷共 8 页,九道大题,55 道小题,满分 100 分。考试时间 90 分钟。

生

2.请在答题纸上粘贴条形码,在密封线内正确填写个人信息。

须|

3.请将答题纸按题目顺序填涂或填写在答题纸上,请在答题区域内

知|作答。

4.选择题用 2B 铅笔作答,其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。

听力理解(27分)

一、听后选择(共12分,每题1.5分)

请听 4 段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有两道小题,请从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听下面一段对话,完成第1至第2小题。

1. What day docs Dad suggest about invitation?

A. This Friday. B. This Saturday. C. This Sunday.

2. What will the girl ask her brother to do?

A Sweep the floor. B. Do the dishes. C. Clean the living room.

听下面一段对话,完成第3至第4小题。

3. What's the matter with the man?

A. He has a cold. B. He has a fever. C. He has a toothache.

4. How often should the man take the medicine?

A. Once a day. B. Twice a day. C. Three times a day.

听下面一段对话,完成第5至第6小题。

5. What's the possible relationship between the speakers?

A. Teacher and student. B. Grandma and grandson.

- C. Classmates.
- 6. What will the boy do tomorrow?
- A. Attend a class. B. Send an e-mail. C. Help Tim take notes.

听下面一段对话,完成第7至第8小题。

- 7. What can we learn from the talk?
- A. Many of us eat well to fight illness.
- B. Sour food is bad for the stomach.
- C. Eating some childhood food can be helpful.
- 8. Why does the speaker give this talk?
- A. To advise us to eat properly when falling ill.
- B. To introduce what food can keep us healthy.
- C. To explain the relationship between food and health.
- 二、听后回答(共10分,每题2分)听对话,每段对话后有一个或两个问题,请根据对话内容,

笔头回答问题。	每段对话你将听两遍。		
请听一段对话,完	成第9小题。		
9. What does the bo	y plan to do during the vaca	tion?	
请听一段对话,完	成第 10 小题。		
10. What's wrong w	rith Peter?		
请听一段对话,完	成第 11 小题。		
11. What was the w	oman doing at 9 pm last nig	ht?	
请听一段对话,完	成第 12-13 小题。		
12. What needs to b	e fixed?		
13. How will the gir	rl get Jack to help her?		
2. Matter: having trouble I've got some inform	T听内容和提示信息,完成 4. Their promise: 2s Talk with Parents too shy mation about	武转写。短文你将听三遍。第 一 可识运用(共 29 分)	短文的开头已经给出。
·	y two. He is too young to di	ress	
A. he	B. him	C. his	D. himself
【答案】D			
【解析】			
句意:我的弟弟仅	仅两岁。他太小而不能自	己穿衣。	
考查反身代词。he	他,主格; him 他,宾格	; his 他的,形容词性物主体	代词; himself 他自己,反身代词。该
句中主语"He"发出	的动作反射到自己身上,	所以用 he 的反身代词 hims	self,故选 D。
2 April 2	26, 2003, Aron Ralston foun	d himself in a difficult situat	ion when climbing in Utah.
AIn	B. On	C. Upon	D. At
【答案】B			

【解析】					
句意: 2003 年 4 月 26 日,阿隆·拉尔斯顿在犹他州登山时发现自己处境艰难。					
考查介词辨析。In 在年/月]/季节等; On 在具体的某一	一天,Upon 在上面,A	t 在具体时刻。根据"April		
26, 2003"可知此处是在具	体的某一天。故选 B。				
3. —What would you like,	tea or coffee?				
—, thanks. I just	prefer a glass of water.				
A. All	B. Both	C. Neither	D. Either		
【答案】C					
【解析】					
句意: ——你想要什么,	茶还是咖啡?——都不要,	谢谢你。我只是更想要一	杯水。		
考查不定代词。All 三者或	以上都 Both 两者都 Neith	er 两者都不, Either 两者中的	的任何一个。根据'I just prefer		
a glass of water."可知,茶	和咖啡都不要。故选 C。				
4. —I think I am the shyest in my class. What should I do?					
—Be more active in class _	you can improve yo	our ability to express yourself			
A. or	B. so that	C. although	D. unless		
【答案】B					
【解析】					
句意: ——我想我是班上	最害羞的。我该怎么办? —	——在课堂上更加活跃,这	样你就可以提高自己的表达		
能力。					
考查连词辨析。or 否则, so that 以便 although 虽然 unless 除非。根据"Be more active in class you can improve					
your ability to express yourself." 可知在课堂上更加活跃的目的是提高自己的表达能力, 故用 so that 引导目的					
状语从句,故选B。					
5. My father was reading a newspaper while my mother dinner when I came home last night.					
A. is cooking	B. cooks	C. was cooking	D. will cook		
【答案】C					
【解析】					
句意: 昨晚我回家时,父亲正在看报纸,而母亲正在做饭。					
考查时态。根据"My father was reading a newspaper while my mother"可知此处表示两个动作同时进行,故此					
处用过去进行时 was/were doing。故选 C。					

C. treated

D. treat

6. When I was young, my parents taught me _____ older people kindly.

B. to treat

A. treats

【答案】B			
【解析】			
【分析】			
句意: 当我小的时候,	我的父母教我要善待老年	三人。	
考查动词不定式。trea	ts 第三人称单数; to treat 云	协词不定式: treated 过去式	或过去分词; treat 动词原形。teach
sb to do sth. "教某人做	文某事",固定搭配,故选	B。	
7. —I have difficulty	the new word. Wha	at should I do?	
—You can look it up in	the dictionary.		
A. understanding	B. to understand	C. understand	D. understood
【答案】A			
【解析】			
句意: ——我在理解这	这个生词方面有困难。我应	Z该做什么?——你可以在	词典里查找它。
考查非谓语动词。hav	e difficulty (in) doing sth.是	固定搭配,意为"在做某事	事方面有困难"。故选 A。
8. —What are you going	g to do this summer vacation	n?	
—I to Univer	rsal Beijing Resort as soon a	s I finish my schoolwork.	
A. went	B. was going	C. has gone	D. will go
【答案】D			
【解析】			
句意:——这个暑假你	尔打算做什么?——我一完	E成作业就去环球北京度假	村。
考查动词时态。根据	"as soon as"可知,该句为	的时间状语从句,遵循"主	:将从现"原则,主句用一般将来
时,从句用一般现在时	寸。故选 D。		
9. Tom wants his parent	ts to a few of his a	after-school activities. He no	eeds more free time.
A. cut out	B. cut up	C. cut off	D. cut in
【答案】A			
【解析】			
句意:汤姆想让他的分	父母减少他的一些课外活动	力。他需要更多的空闲时间	
考查动词短语。cut ou	t 删去,停止;cut up 切碎	; cut off 切断,中断; cut	in 插嘴。根据"He needs more free
time."可知,汤姆的空	闲时间不够,所以应该停	止一些课外活动,故选 A。	
10. —Could you go sho	pping with me tomorrow?		
— My father	and I will leave for Wuhan	early in the morning.	
A. I think so		B. Yes, I hope so.	

【答案】D

【解析】

句意:——你明天和我一起去购物吗?——对不起,我恐怕不能。我和爸爸明天一大早就要动身去武汉。 考查情景交际。I think so 我认为是这样; Yes, I hope so 是的,我希望如此; I'm afraid so 恐怕如此; Sorry, I am afraid I can't 对不起,我恐怕不能。根据下文"My father and I will leave for Wuhan early in the morning."可知我父亲和我明天要去武汉,不能去购物。故选 D。

通读短文,根据句意,选择合适的单词,用所选词的适当形式填空。<u>有一个词是多余的</u>。(共 5 分,每空 1 分)

spend; leave; kind; sleep; pay; for;

Wang Ya, a university student in Kunming received 5,000 *yuan* after ordering some takeout food for a homeless man. One night, in the heavy rain, Wang saw a homeless man _____11___ under a bridge, wearing his summer clothes. Wang felt sorry _____12___ him, so he went online and ordered him some food. Wang also _____13___ a message for the restaurant. It said "Please make sure that the homeless man gets the food as soon as possible. It's cold outside and I don't know if he's had anything to eat. He has stayed there since noon." The restaurant owner was so moved that he added some food to the order. The homeless man got the food less than half an hour later.

【答案】11. sleeping

- 12. for13. left
- 14. kindness
- 15. to spend

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了一名大学生因为为无家可归的人订餐而获得 5000 元,他没有把钱花在自己身上,而是把钱捐给了慈善机构。

【11题】

句意: 一天晚上,在大雨中,王看到一个流浪汉穿着夏装睡在桥下。根据"Wang saw a homeless man...under a bridge"可知是在桥下睡觉,sleep"睡觉",此处用结构 see sb. doing sth."看见某人在做某事"。故填 sleeping。

【12题】

句意: 王为他感到难过,于是上网给他点了一些食物。feel sorry for"为……感到难过"。故填 for。

【13题】

句意:王还为餐厅留言。leave a message"留言",句子用一般过去时,动词用过去式。故填 left。

【14题】

句意: 王的故事在网上大受欢迎,一家慈善基金会为他的善举捐赠了 5000 元。根据"gave him 5,000 yuan for his"可知是因为他的善良而奖励他,kindness"善良"。故填 kindness。

【15题】

句意: 但他拒绝把钱花在自己身上,而是把钱捐给了慈善机构。根据"the money on himself"可知是把钱花在自己身上,spend"花费",refuse to do sth."拒绝做某事"。故填 to spend。

六、完型填空(共12分	,每小题 1.5 分)					
Almost everyone has a	Almost everyone has a dream job, and for Susan, it is being a whale trainer at her city's aquarium (水族馆).					
Last year, Susan finally had a(n) to get close to her dream, but it was more than just signing up. People						
who wanted this job had to	who wanted this job had to take part in a competition. They need to show how far they could go down into the					
seven-metre-deep pool that housed the whales and how long they could stay there. The one who could reach the						
deepest and stay the longest	underwater would get the jol	b.				
Susan signed up to try	out, and everything went	17 at first. But then, a	s she went down to about five			
metres under the icy water, l	her legs stopped working. The	e cold water caused a huge pa	ain in her legs. She was unable			
to swim back to the surface	. She was in great18	and couldn't think. This o	nly caused her to19			
farther into the pool. Just as Susan20 hope, she suddenly felt herself being pushed to the surface.						
It was Mila, a whale in the pool. She noticed Susan's trouble, held her leg in her mouth and21 Susan						
up to the surface. Susan was saved, thanks to Mila's quick action. The aquarium spokesperson said Susan was really						
lucky, because Mila had real	lized Susan needed help	22 any of the working gr	roup did, which saved valuable			
time.						
"Whales are 23	animals—they live and pl	ay together. In the wild, they	show great interest in humans			
and often swim close to boa	ts and divers."					
16.						
A. chance	B. job	C. dream	D. idea			
17.						
A. close	B. deep	C. late	D. well			
18.						
A. excitement	B. silence	C. fear	D. surprise			
19.						

C. jump A. drop B. swim D. search 20. C. gave out A. gave away B. gave up D. gave in 21. B. pushed C. took D. placed A. carried 22. A. since B. when C. after D. before 23. A. funny B. lonely C. social D. strong

【答案】16. A17. D18. C19. A20. B21. B22. D23. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文,主要介绍 Susan 参加水族馆鲸鱼训练员比赛时在水下遇到意外,幸运的是她被一头鲸鱼救了。

【16题】

句意: 去年苏珊终于有一个机会, 但它不仅仅只是报名。

chance 机会; job 工作; dream 梦想; idea 主意。根据"but it was more than just signing up"可知,是等来了机会,但是不仅仅是报名那么简单。故选 A。

【17 题】

句意: 苏珊报名了, 去参加选拔。一切事情一开始都进展得很顺利。

close 密切的, deep 深的, late 迟到的, well 顺利地。根据"But then, as she went down to about five metres under the icy water, her legs stopped working."可知,后文转折,说明刚开始一切很顺利。everything went well"一切进展顺利"。故选 D。

【18题】

句意:她非常害怕,大脑不能思考了。

excitement 兴奋, silence 沉默, fear 恐惧, surprise 惊讶。根据"The cold water caused a huge pain in her legs. She was unable to swim back to the surface."可知,她在水下,腿没有知觉,不能游回水面,所以应该是处于恐惧中。故选 C。

【19题】

句意: 这导致她掉到泳池更深的地方去了。

drop 下降; swim 游泳; jump 跳跃; search 搜找。根据"She was...couldn't think."可知,她在水下,腿没有知觉,故会沉下去。故选 A。

【20题】

句意:正当苏珊放弃了希望时,她突然感到她自己被推向水面。

gave away 赠送; gave up 放弃; gave out 分发; gave in 投降。根据"...hope"可知,是放弃希望。故选 B。

【21 题】

句意:它注意到苏珊的麻烦,把她的腿含在嘴里,并且把苏珊推向了水面。

carried 携带; pushed 推; took 拿; placed 放置。根据"she suddenly felt herself being pushed to the surface"可知,是被鲸鱼推到了水面上。故选 B。

【22题】

句意:水族馆的发言人说苏珊真的很幸运,因为 Mila 已经在任何其他工作组之前意识到苏珊需要帮助,这节约了宝贵的时间。

since 自从; when 当······时候; after 在······之后; before 在······之前。根据后文" which saved valuable time"可知,鲸鱼是在工作组之前意识到。故选 D。

【23题】

句意: 鲸是社交性动物,它们在一起居住和玩耍。

funny 有趣的; lonely 孤单的; social 社交的; strong 强壮的。根据"they live and play together."可知,鲸鱼是社交性动物。故选 C。

阅读理解(共 26 分)

七、阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的 A, B, C, D 四个选项中,,,选择最佳选项。(共 26 分,每题 2 分)

信息匹配 左栏是三名同学当前的心情或计划,右栏是四首英文歌曲的简介。请为每位同学选择适合他们心情或计划的歌曲,并将相对应的序号 A,B,C 或 D 填写在相对应的位置上。

24

Jimmy is having a hard time learning physics. Sometimes he even wants to give up.

Now he needs to cheer himself up.

25

Under the stress from her parents and teachers, Cathy often feels helpless and worries about her scores. She expects to enjoy some peaceful music when she doesn't know what to do.

26

Joe is going to attend a graduation party.

He wants to show his best wishes to all the classmates through a song. He expects all his friends to have a bright and wonderful future.

- A. When You Believe tells you that when you meet difficulties in life, you can make it as long as you believe it. Whenever you want to give up, it provides you with strength and love.

 B. Auld Lang Syne is a poem at first, and later changed into a song. Students like to sing it at the farewell (告别) party to recall the old times and show their best wishes for the future.
- C. Sugar is a song full of a sweet feeling of love. It gives its fans a pleasantly surprising gift, with its light music style and the wonderful MV by Maroon 5.
- D. *Sounds of Silence* is a 1960s folk song sung by Simon & Garfunkel. The melody (旋律) is slow and the lyrics are beautiful. The song may comfort you when you're helpless.

【答案】24. A25. D

26. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是根据三名学生的心情或计划选择适合他们的歌曲。

【24题】

根据"Jimmy is having a hard time learning physics. Sometimes he even wants to give up. Now he needs to cheer himself up."可知,Jimmy 遇到了困难,有时他甚至想放弃,现在他需要振作起来。选项 A"《当你相信》告诉你,当你在生活中遇到困难时,只要你相信,你就能成功。每当你想放弃的时候,它都为你提供力量和爱。"与之匹配。故选 A。

【25题】

根据"Cathy often feels helpless and worries about her scores. She expects to enjoy some peaceful music when she doesn't know what to do."可知,Cathy 经常感到无助,担心自己的分数。当她不知道该做什么的时候,她希望欣赏一些平静的音乐。选项 D"《寂静之声》是西蒙和加芬克尔乐队演唱的一首 20 世纪 60 年代的民歌。

旋律很慢,歌词很美。当你无助时,这首歌可能会安慰你。"与之匹配。故选 D。

【26题】

根据Joe is going to attend a graduation party. He wants to show his best wishes to all the classmates through a song. He expects all his friends to have a bright and wonderful future."可知,Joe 要去参加一个毕业晚会。他想通过一首歌向所有的同学表达他最美好的祝愿。他希望他所有的朋友都有一个光明而美好的未来。选项 B"《友谊地久天长》起初是一首诗,后来变成了一首歌。学生们喜欢在告别晚会上唱这首歌来回忆过去的时光并表达他们对未来的美好祝愿。"与之匹配。故选 B。

(二)阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从各题所给的 A,B,C 和 D 四个选项中,选择最佳答案。 (B)

On the night of August 24, 2001, my last night of freedom before I started my high school, everything changed when my friend's car hit a guardrail (护栏) with me inside. I lost most of my right leg. At the hospital, I just kept telling myself to hold on. Weeks later I made a deal with the hospital workers that as long as I could roll onto my side, I could be discharged (出院). I am proud to say that just one short week later, I was going home. The day I left the hospital, I made a promise to myself to never give up and to always live life to the fullest.

In February of 2013, my life was forever changed when I attended the Executive Assistant Organization's Behind Every Leader event. During the meeting, a sweet lady by the name of Alisson Frew dared to ask me why I did not wear a prosthesis (假肢). My short and simple answer was, "I don't have sixty thousand dollars." The next morning, I was in tears as I learned that Alisson, Jeff Hoffma, founder of Priceline, and some other people, had bought a prosthesis for me. From the first step, it was apparent to me just how much this would mean to me.

For a year I adjusted (适应) to the leg and settled into everyday life, until one day I realized I was making a life but not living one. After almost 13 years of thinking that I was confident, I had an unfamiliar feeling sweeping over me. For the first time in my life, I was not confident but I was empowered! I desired to help those around me, to have them feel confident about themselves.

In April of 2014, I started modeling. My dream is that one day a little girl will see me on a poster at her favourite clothing store and say, "Wow, she is amazing, and she only has one leg. I could do that too someday, even though I have a disability."

- 27. Why was the author's life changed forever in 2013?
- A. She took part in an important meeting.
- B. She met some famous people.

C. She joined an organization.

- D. She got a valuable gift.
- 28. How will the author help those around her?
- A. By inspiring them.

B. By entertaining them.

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