一、阅读理解

文章大意：本文主要介绍了五种中国古代的儿童游戏：踢石子、放风筝、捉迷藏、看皮影戏和放鞭炮。

1. 阅读下面短文，从短文后选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余项。

Children's Games in Ancient China

Unlike the children nowadays, the children during ancient times didn't have smart phones, iPads or computers to enjoy themselves. __1__. Let's take a look.

Kicking stone balls

During the Qing Dynasty, kicking a stone ball around was a popular sport in the northern part of China, and it was often played in winter to keep warm.

Flying kites

Kites have quite a long history. The earliest kites were made of wood, instead of paper. Nowadays, the three most famous kites are the Beijing kite, Tianjin kite and Weifang kite. Each of them has special features.__2__.

Playing hide-and-seek

Hide-and-seek is a traditional game for children. Even nowadays, many children like playing it. There are two ways to play. One way is covering a child's eyes while other kids run around to tease him.__3__.

__4__

The closest thing to watching a film or television for entertainment during ancient times was going to see a shadow play. Folk artists manipulate puppets behind the screen, narrating stories and accompanied by music.

Setting off fireworks

Fireworks have a history of more than 2,000 years. It is said that there was a beast named Nian in ancient China __5__. After gunpowder was invented, it gradually replaced the bamboo joints. Fireworks are still set off during Chinese Spring Festival.

A. Watching shadow plays
B. For example, the swallow-shaped kite is a well-known Beijing style
C. Shadow plays were the popular entertaining form in ancient times
D. To scare off the beast, people burnt bamboo joints to make them explode(爆炸)
E. The other way is that one child must try to find those who have hidden
F. Instead, they came up with interesting games to play in their childhood
G. People were all afraid of the beast

2. 根据短文内容，从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项。

Today is Saturday, January 9. Many children from No.1 Middle School are at the Old People's Home. __1__

Look! Li Min and Zhang Ran are cleaning the house. Ma Lan and Liu Qian are washing clothes. __2__ Many old people are clapping their hands for her. Oh, she's singing for them. Her song is really beautiful. __3__ He is helping an old woman wash hair over there. He likes helping others and he often comes here. Listen! __4__ It's Tom. He's teaching two old people to speak English.

All the children and the old people are very happy. "__5__" says Tom.

A. What's Linda doing?
B. We are happy when we help others.
C. They are having a party there now.
D. Who's speaking English?
E. Now, they're helping the old people.
F. We think they are very delicious.
G. And where's the American boy Dale?

文章大意：本文主要介绍了春分的一些有趣的事情。

3. 阅读短文，从短文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项。

The countdown (倒计时) to the 24 solar terms (节气) at the opening ceremony of the Beijing Winter Olympics shows "Chinese romance" and gives the world the Chinese wisdom of the 24 solar terms.

The traditional Chinese lunar calendar divides a year into 24 solar terms. The Spring Equinox (春分) is the fourth of them. It starts on March 20

and ends on April 4 this year. __1__

Swallows fly back

__2__ As the old saying goes, swallows fly back to the North in the first hou (候), thunder cracks (裂开) the sky in the second one, lightning appears frequently in the third.

Fly kites

It is a good time to fly kites. In ancient times, people did not have good medical resources. So to pray (祈祷) for health, they wrote their medical problems on paper kites. When the kite was in the air, people would cut off the string to let the paper kite float away, symbolizing the flying away of diseases. __3__ People write nice words on the kite and hope that their friends far away would see them.

__4__

Eating spring vegetables during it is a commonly practiced custom in many regions of China. And it's said that it will bring people good luck. In fact, "spring vegetables", refers to seasonal vegetables that are different from place to place. And people eat seasonal foods to help keep healthy.

Reward farm cattle

This practice is popular in the south of the Yangtze River. As it comes, farm work starts and farmers and cattle (牛) start to have lots of work to do. __5__

A. Later flying kites developed into a popular spring game.
B. It is the first solar term.
C. Here are interesting things about it.
D. As a Chinese saying goes, "The whole year's work depends on a good start in spring."
E. Farmers will reward and thank cattle with sticky rice balls.
F. The ancient Chinese divided the fifteen days into three "hou"s, each has five days.
G. Eat spring vegetables.

文章大意：本文主要介绍了亚马逊热带雨林面临的处境，分析了其背后的原因以及将会造成的后果。

4. According to a new study, the Amazon rainforest may become grassland in a few years.

The Amazon is the world's biggest rainforest. Climate change and human activities make it "sick". Usually, the rainforest can fix itself. __1__. The trees may die and the rainforest could turn into a hot, dry grassland.

__2__?

The Amazon is one of the world's wettest places. But since 2005, three droughts (干旱) have hit the rainforest. They were caused by climate change. The trees don't have enough water to grow. What's worse, as they become dry, __3__.

On top of this, people cut down rainforest trees for wood. They burn the forest to make farmland. They clear trees to find minerals (矿产). __4__.

What will happen if we lose it?

The Amazon is like the lungs (肺) of our planet. The rich plants there take carbon dioxide out of the air and make oxygen（氧气）. They make more than 20 percent of the planet's oxygen. If the Amazon "dies", there will be more CO_2 and our Earth will become even hotter. __5__. Many of them can't live anywhere else. They would very likely just disappear.

Let's do something to protect the Amazon rainforest!

A. they can easily catch fire
B. The Amazon is also home to over 3 million animals and plants
C. **Why is the Amazon "sick"**
D. **Why is the Amazon important**
E. But now, it feels too "tired" to get better
F. All these activities have caused about 17 percent of the rainforest to disappear
G. they cause fewer forest fires every year

5. Have you ever seen black smoke out of factories, turning the sky a dirty gray? __1__ Cars, trucks, buses pollute the air too. Smoke from fires pollutes the air.

Land pollution, water pollution, and even noise pollution are also big problems. Both factories and common families may thoughtlessly dump（倾倒）rubbish and waste on land or in water. When farm chemicals（化学品）that help crops grow sink into the ground and water, they pollute too. __2__

Ocean life isn't safe from pollution. Ships carrying oil sometimes have accidents that dump their oil into the ocean.

__3__ Dirty air, or smog, is hard to breathe and makes people and animals sick. Dirty water makes people and animals sick when they drink it or wash or live in it. It also kills plants. If land takes in too much waste, nothing will grow on it, and it becomes unfit to live on.

__4__ Most people find it hard to change the way they live, even if they want to. And governments and big factories find it even harder to change, since the changes are often unpopular or costly（代价高的）.

Even small changes help, however. Reusing things instead of throwing them away helps. __5__ So does recycling. And perhaps the future will find people using cleaner forms of energy, such as wind power and solar energy.

A. This is air pollution.
B. Stopping pollution isn't easy.
C. Using less water each day helps.
D. Dirty air, water and land are dangerous.
E. Everyone must do something to reduce pollution.
F. You should stay at home to keep away from dirty air.
G. And noise pollution is created by loud machines and cars.

6. 

In Yingxiu Town of Wenchuan, Qi Jianfeng attended the 10th anniversary（周年纪念日） of Wenchuan Earthquake with hundreds of doctors and volunteers, __1__.

Wenchuan was hit by a strong earthquake on May 12th, 2008. At least 69,000 people were killed and more than 375,000 were hurt.

__2__ Soldiers and doctors quickly arrived in the area At that time, they were saving people and rebuilding （重建） homes. __3__ he wanted to help those who had lost their families or homes. Qi Jian feng worked as a volunteer after the earthquake. He also listened to the local people carefully so that they had someone to talk to.

Qi's job lasted （持续的）for three years. __4__ but Qi kept on staying here. He saw the destroyed （毁坏的） place become a new town. The beautiful mountains and friendly people made him prefer to work here. He got a job and bought an apartment in Wenchuan. __5__ He hopes to help people specially the young receive earthquake training.

Although the earthquake broke many things apart, it brought everyone closer together.

A. It was easy enough to save the people under the buildings.
B. He never imagined what a big difference an earthquake made to his life.
C. Most volunteers have left Wenchuan.
D. He has remained in Wenchuan ever since then.
E. As soon as Qi Jianfeng heard the news.
F. Many people became homeless.
G. Qi Jianfeng was on his way to Wenchuan.

文章大意：本文介绍人们发明一个安装在水龙头或门上的智能装置，用来时刻关注独居老人的情况。

7. Months ago community workers on Jiangsu Street in Shanghai fixed smart devices (装置) on taps (水龙头) for old people living alone there.

If an old person uses less than 0.01 m^3 of water in about 12 hours, the smart device will send an alarm to the community workers. __1__

It's said that the community workers also plan to set up devices on the doors of old people living alone. The alarms will go off if the doors are closed for a long time.

__2__ Many people see it as a great example of technology serving people and call for its use across the country.

__3__ But something better about the shanghai experience is not technology, but the human touch.

__4__ However, one needs to make sure that a worker is waiting at the other end of the system to hear the alarm. In order to make the system work well, several community workers have to be at work 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Of course, we shouldn't forget those people coming up with the idea. __5__

A. The move (行动) has won much praise on the Internet.
B. Many people think the human touch is useless without the help of technology.
C. In fact, it's not very difficult to fix smart devices on taps and doors.

D. Smart devices do make our lives easier and more comfortable.
E. Community workers find it hard to fix smart devices for old people.
F. It might be a better idea to give them prizes so that they can do even better to help old people.
G. They will then try to find out if the old person is OK.

8. We've heard about several "poor students" in the past year. Cui Qingtao, a student from Yunnan, working with his parents on a building site when he got an admission letter (录取通知书) from Peking University. ___1___ She is a student from Hebei. She was doing her part-time job in a different city when her family got her admission letter from Peking University.

___2___ For example, they are all strong and optimistic (乐观的). Li hui said in an interview, " As long as we are alive, there are no problems that cannot be solved, and many people don't have my experiences. ___3___ " Such an idea makes many adults feel embarrassed. He refused to accept donation money and decided to make money by himself. This is also the common thing that " poor students " have.

Whatever kind of values you hold, such personalities are necessary for growth. ___4___ Not everything goes well all the time. Only being strong and optimistic can one go through difficulties. In fact, living in poor families doesn't promise such good personalities, and living in happiness doesn't promise optimistic attitudes (态度). We like such "poor students "because they are strong and optimistic.

For them, few can choose their lifestyles. ___5___ That's why they are highly praised. Every one of us should learn from them.

A. Life is full of ups and downs.
B. A girl named Wang Xinyi is another example.
C. "Poor students" are usually hard-working and caring.
D. And these experiences make me grow and become better.
E. Born in poor families, these students have a lot in common.
F. However, all of them can choose their attitudes towards life .
G. We can learn a lot from these "poor students".

文章大意：本文主要讲述了瑞士如何通过保护环境成为山清水秀的国家。

9. I love Switzerland. It is a beautiful country with tall mountains and clean blue streams. However, we can only keep it this way by protecting the environment. ___1___

In Switzerland, people separate rubbish into different types. Things such as cans, glass, plastic and paper are separated into different bins and then recycled. ___2___ I have learned about an organization for recycling clothes. It collects old clothes from all over the country. Some of the clothes are sold in charity stores, some are given to the poor, and others are sent by truck to factories for recycling. My family often send our old jeans and T-shirts to this organization.

In my country, laws（法律）have also been passed to help protect the environment. ___3___ If you cut down a tree, you will be punished and will have to plant another tree in its place.

Now, new ways have been found to produce electricity from the sun, wind and water. These new types of energy will not run out and cost very little. ___4___

___5___ The natural environment is the earth's greatest treasure（财富）. I hope all of us will try our best to keep our home clean and green.

A. Even old clothes can be recycled!
B. Other plastic products are often recycled.
C. What's more, they produce little pollution.
D. For example, cutting down trees is not allowed.
E. Today is June 5, World Environment Day.
F. There are many things we can do to save the earth.
G. That is why people here take active steps to live a greener life.

10. Before there was the written word, there was the language of dance. Dance expresses love and hate, joy and sad, life and death, and everything else in between.

___1___ We dance from Florida to Alaska, from north to south and sea to sea. We dance at weddings, birthdays, office parties and just to fill the time.

"I love dancing," says Lester Bridges, the owner of a dance studio (工作室）in Iowa. "I can't imagine doing anything else with my life." Bridges runs (开设）dance classes for all ages."Teaching dance is wonderful. ___2___ It's great to watch them. For many of them, it's a way of meeting

people and having a social life."

__3__"I can tell you about one young couple," says Bridges. ‘‘They're learning to do traditional dances. They arrive at the class in low spirits and they leave with a smile. __4__"

So, do we dance in order to make ourselves feel better, calmer, healthier? Andrea Hillier says, "Dance, like the pattern of a beating heart, is life. Even after all these years, I want to get better and better. __5__ I find it hard to stop! Dancing reminds me I'm alive."

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，其中有两项为多余选项。（共5个小题，）

A. So why do we dance?
B. Dance in the USA is everywhere.
C. If you like dancing outdoors, come to America.
D. My older students say it makes them feel young.
E. I keep practicing even when I'm extremely tired.
F. Dancing seems to change their feeling completely.
G. They stayed up all night long singing and dancing.

二、阅读理解

文章大意：本文主要介绍了去海滩旅游的建议。

11. 请阅读下面的短文，并从文后的六个选项中选择五个还原到原文中，使原文的意思完整、连贯。

Beach is a relaxing place to catch waves, get some sun, enjoy picnic, spot wildlife and go exploring. Here are tips from experts on how to be a better beachgoer.

Use safer sunscreens

Many sunscreens say that they are "environmentally-friendly", which has no firm definitions (定义), and their usage isn't controlled by governmental bodies. __1__ Only buy mineral-based sunscreens so that they won't do harm to the sea environment.

Clean up rubbish

__2__ If you forget to bring one, find a used bag at the beach. It may seem a little gesture, but it will help remove rubbish. By working together, people can really make a big difference.

Thoughtful toys for kids

It's fun for your little ones to play with plastic toys in the sand. __3__ They end up polluting the environment and can be accidentally eaten by animals, causing them serious harm or even killing them. Pack metal or wooden toys instead.

Read the signs

Signs at the beach are must reading. They tell you where you can't go and what you can't do, so you don't mess with the local ecosystem. __4__ They are storm barriers (屏障) and home to many animals.

Destroy what you build

It doesn't matter how much time and effort your children spent building sand castles or digging tunnels: if you are on a beach marked as a sea turtle habitat (栖息地), knock down the structures. Sea turtles have heavy bodies and they can die if they fall into a hole and get trapped. __5__

A. So it's best to read the fine print carefully.
B. Beachgoers are usually advised to stay off sand hills.
C. However, plastic toys break easily, leaving behind bits and pieces.
D. Sand structures also can prevent them from reaching birthing areas.
E. Bring a reusable bag to clean up while you're walking on the shore.
F. Have your children pick up rubbish with you when walking on the beach.

文章大意：本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了人工智能的发展给我们带来的诸多便利。

12. The Internet is shaping our lives. We already have online shopping services and mobile payment. However, this is just a start. The world's leading tech companies are planning to build smarter online communities. __1__ It was held in Wuzhen, Zhejiang in 2018. The development of artificial intelligence(AI，人工智能) was a hot topic at the meeting. If a machine can learn and solve problems as humans do, it can be called AI.

The company Alibaba uses AI technology in its unmanned supermarket in Wuzhen. There is no salesperson in the supermarket, just a tablet on a desk that says "please smile". __2__ The bigger your smile is, the more discounts(折扣) you will get. When you first enter the supermarket, the supermarket's AI recognizes(识别) your face and your account.

There is also AI that can read lips(嘴唇). __3__ It recognizes your mouth's movements and turns them into voices or text messages. This could be very useful when you are trying to talk to someone on your phone in a noisy place. Police could also use the technology to help them find criminal suspects by lip-reading recordings from video cameras.

__4__ Microsoft's chatbot Xiaoice can not only provide useful information, but also chat with people like a real friend. Xiaoice has a WeChat account. After following the account, users can start talking with her. __5__ She keeps improving herself by talking with users.

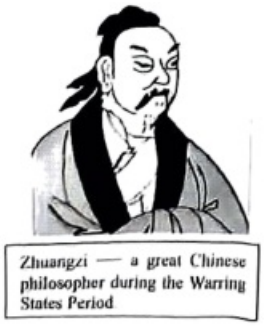
These technologies are being put into wider use. We may see a smarter world and better lives in the near future.

根据短文内容，从下面的选项中，选出能填入文中空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

A. She knows when to comfort you or tell jokes.
B. They discussed this at the World Internet Conference(会议).
C. Another type of AI focuses on understanding human emotions.
D. Sougou brought its lip reading system to the conference.
E. If you smile, it will give you a special discount for your goods.
F. Everyone likes to use WeChat to pay for things.

文章大意：本文主要介绍了中国文化中的"天人合一"的思想。

13. 阅读短文，根据短文内容，从其后所给的六个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有一项为多余选项。



The Unity (和谐) of Man and Nature

The "unity of man and nature" is necessary and important in the cultural tradition of China. The Chinese believe in the unity of man and nature, a basic way to their philosophy(哲学) of life. __1__ They are also celebrated for nature.

__2__ Zhuangzi , for example, believed "Heaven (天) and earth are parents to all things in the world". The beauty of nature is to "give birth to all things" and "let all things grow", while the duty of humans is to "make all things perfect". Heaven, earth, and humans should be one in unity. __3__ They are necessary to each other, so they should treat each other with kindness.

The idea of unity of man and nature has been in the heart of Chinese people. __4__ In most provinces of China, some rules have been made to reduce pollution. Many power stations that produce and provide safe and clean electricity have been built. __5__

Most of the Chinese, especially the young, are willing to protect the natural environment. China is now working with all other countries to make the earth a better place to live.

A. Each of the three has its own way.
B. The power is from water, wind, and sunlight.
C. There are plenty of great people in the history of China.
D. The ancient Chinese never placed themselves above nature.
E. It encourages modern Chinese to take action to protect natural environment.
F. Most traditional Chinese festivals build a right order of relationships among humans.

14. Why Recess (课间休息) is So Important for Children?

Recess used to be a daily thing—if you drove past your local school after lunch, you'd see hundreds of children running, playing and just being children. __1__. Recent researches have found that recess is important for more than just keeping children healthy and fighting children fatness—it also helps improve cognitive (认知) skills. __2__.

Social Benefit (利益)

Children start learning social skills as soon as they start communicating with their parents. Once they reach the school age, their communications turn into with other children. __3__. These skills will carry them through childhood and into their adult lives.

__4__

Besides the social benefits, recess also has some cognitive benefits that are just starting to be developed. Science has shown that recess helps children to get information better, learn new things faster and improve creativity. Recesses from the school day are good for both the body and mind, and they help keep children more active in their studies and get the information they're taught in class.

Physical Benefits

__5__. At present, about 18.5 percent of children in the United States are considered fat. Much of this problem can be caused without recess. Kids might spend their time on computer games at least 30 minutes a day, recess can help them run, jump, play and just be kids. Now it's summer time, get them to spend some time in the swimming pool to get their weekly exercise.

A. Cognitive Benefits
B. Behavioral Benefits
C. Here are 3 ways that recess benefits children
D. But now the push toward good test grades has changed that
E. Childhood fatness is a growing problem in the world
F. Recess helps to build and improve social skills in a way that can never be taught in the classroom

15. Once upon a time, there was a lazy man who always tried to look for an easier way to feed himself.

One day, while he was searching for something to eat, he saw a fruit farm. __1__ But as soon as he walked into the farm, a farmer saw him and started running to him with a stick. The lazy man got afraid and ran towards a nearby forest to hide himself.

After some time, he felt it was safe to come out. __2__ He thought, "How can this fox stay alive in such a condition? "

Suddenly, he saw a lion coming towards the fox with a piece of meat in its mouth. All the animals ran away. The fox, however, stayed there alone. __3__ The lion put the meat on the ground for the fox and then left!

The lazy man thought that God must have had something planned for him too. So he left that place and sat down somewhere, waiting for someone to feed him. __4__ Finally, he was so hungry that he stood up to look for food. On the way, he met a wise man and told everything to him. The man gave him some food. After finishing everything, he asked the wise man, "God is so kind to the fox, but why is God so cruel to me? "

The wise man said with a smile, "It's true that God has a plan for you, but you took his sign in a wrong way. He didn't want you to be like the fox. __5__"

A. He quickly decided to steal some fruit.
B. He wanted you to be like the lion.
C. What happened next surprised the lazy man.
D. The lion killed the fox and ate it.
E. He waited there for two days without eating anything.
F. While walking, he saw a fox with only two legs.

16. We know many great inventions which have changed the world. Have you ever had a wonderful idea and thought it would make a great invention, but didn't know what to do next? __1__ They will help you make your dreams come true and become a famous inventor.

The first thing that you should do is to do some research on the Internet to see if anyone else has invented it. If not, you should search through the US Patent (专利) information to see if a patent was ever created for your type of invention. __2__.

The easiest thing to do is working with a company that can help you to make your dreams a reality. It can help you present your ideas and get your product to the right companies. One company that is very reputable (声誉好的) is "Lambert and Lambert in Minnesota". __3__ If they think your product is marketable (有销路的), they will help you to get it to the right company.

Call the company and make an appointment. You will want to bring in a model of your invention and a complete description of your ideas. __4__ Then when you meet with them, you can present it and they will tell you how marketable it is. If they decide to help you, they will work to present it to different companies and help you to go to the next step.

Once your invention has been sold to a large company, get ready to get the benefits of becoming the next great inventor.

__5__ But the benefits are worth the wait.

A. It may take a year Or two.
B. Write down-exactly about your invention.
C. If there is no patent, go to the next step.
D. You will find something new on the Internet.

E. Here are some steps that you can take.

F. They offer free advice for good ideas.

文章大意：本文介绍了中国传统节日——龙抬头的习俗。

17. 根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳答案。(选项中有一项为多余选项)

China is a country with many colorful days and festivals. The Dragon Head Raising Day *(Longtaitou)* is one of them.

This special day is on the second day of the second month in the Chinese lunar calendar. __1__ This year, the day fell on March 10.

__2__ We Chinese people call ourselves the "descendants (传人) of the dragon". Therefore, people celebrate the Dragon Head Raising Day with many customs about dragons.

On the day in ancient times, people put ashes (灰) in the kitchen. This was to "lead the dragon into the house". __3__

Also, people eat special foods on that day. __4__ For example, people eat "dragon whisker (细须) " noodles and dumplings called "dragon teeth"

Today, many customs have faded away (消退). __5__ It was said that a haircut during the first lunar month may bring bad luck to the mother's brothers. So many people have their hair cut on the Dragon Head Raising Day.

A. The dragon is important in Chinese culture.
B. It stands for the start of spring and farming.
C. People believed that with the help of the dragon, they could have a good harvest in autumn.
D. Many people have their hair cut on that day.
E. The foods are usually named after dragons.
F. But one that has remained is the cutting of hair.

18. 根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

Have you heard about "Survival (生存) Holidays"? __1__ Now about 1,100 companies are allowed to take children into the great outdoors without their parents.

Why do people like "Survival Holidays"? It is because they think being close to nature is good for children. Many children in big cities spend all time watching TV and playing computer games. __2__

Is "Survival Holidays" a wonderful idea? Maybe it is. Children need more free time to play __3__ Parents care too much about their children. They like to see the children being busy with activities under the control of adults, but children don't know what to do when they are in danger. Even something like crossing a small river or falling down seems very terrible to them.

__4__ Even years later, they will still remember what they have learned. Some have learned to stay cool in different times. Some have learned how to keep safe __5__ All these skills will help them a lot in their lives.

A. They need to be left on their own, without adults troubling them.
B. Others have learned how to work in a team.
C. "Survival Holidays" is for children to go into the lonely place for exciting activities.
D. "Survival Holidays" gives them an important change.
E. Many people think the survival activities are good for children.
F. Children will be scared.

文章大意：本文主要介绍了AI聊天机器人ChatGPT的相关信息及教育界人士对ChatGPT的看法。

19. 根据短文内容，从短文后的A-F选项中，选出5个适当的选项补全短文。

Can you imagine an AI chatbot (聊天机器人) competing with you in an examination? Do you think you could get higher scores than it? A new AI chatbot called ChatGPT recently passed a law school exam! Sounds crazy? __1__

ChatGPT was developed by US company Open AI. __2__ You can ask it to write stories and emails, translate languages, and answer all kinds of questions. According to a US survey of more than 1000 students, over 89 percent of them have used ChatGPT to help with homework. __3__ For example, New York City public schools don't allow students and teachers to use ChatGPT on the district's networks and devices (设备).

The measure (措施) comes out of worries that the tool could make it easier for students to cheat on homework. __4__

"It does not develop thinking quality and problem-solving skills, which are necessary for studying and lifelong success," said Jenna Lyle. Apart from bans (禁令), teachers are making changes to their classes to prevent the use of ChatGPT. Some college teachers in the US try to include more speaking exams and handwritten papers instead of typed ones.

__5__ Some Canadian universities are making rules on its use, for both students and teachers. They have no plans to completely ban the tool so far. Some people said that bans on AI software like ChatGPT are not wise. “We have to know that AI is a tool people will use,” What we need to do is “change our learning, teaching and examinations”. In that way we can “have integrity (诚信) while recognizing the use of the tool”.

A. It is a powerful tool.
B. So it is very popular among students.
C. However, not all educators say “no” to ChatGPT.
D. Some schools in the US do not allow students to use it.
E. The use of ChatGPT has raised heated discussions in the education world.
F. Some also worry that ChatGPT could be used to spread incorrect information.

20. **Teahouse(茶馆)**

The play takes place in a typical old Beijing teahouse. The main characters are the teahouse’s owner, Wang Lifa and his customers, who all live in the same neighborhood.__1__

The play reflects (反映) changes in the lives of almost 70 characters. It includes three parts.__2__The second part jumps forward 20 years and the final part takes place in 1948.

In Teahouse, the writer Lao She says goodbye to the old Chinse society and hello to the new one. It’s about the changes Chat have taken place in Chinese society in almost 50 years.__3__Some come to do business, and others come just to sit and pass the time. There are some good people and there are also bad characters. They meet, they talk, they argue, and then go on with their lives.

__4__It is still one of the most popular plays in China. It is a favorite work by Lao She, one of China’s most well-known writers. Anyone who is interested in Chinese life and history should the play.__5__

A. The first part takes place in 1898.
B. They come in and out of the teahouse and talk to each other.
C. *Home, Spring and Autumn*are Ba Jim’s famous works.
D. It helps one to understand Chinese culture better.
E. *Teahouse*was first put on in 1958.
F. All kinds of people come to the teahouse in Beijing.

三、阅读理解

文章大意：本文主要介绍了人工智能ChatGPT的好处以及弊端，以及GPTZero是如何运作的。

21. Have you heard of the APP ChatGPT? _____1__ It offers private and group chats, emojis, stickers, images, and videos, and makes conversations more interesting and attractive. The dialogue format makes it possible for ChatGPT to answer questions, admit its mistakes and refuse improper requirements. __2__ However, an APP named GPTZero can help to prevent that.

Edward Tian is a computer science student at Princeton University. The 22-year- old created GPTZero in response to（作为回应） the widespread use of ChatGPT. According to the student, the software is able to respond quickly and correctly. In only a few seconds, it can tell you if a given text is written by AI or a human.

__3__ These texts help it to find out whether an article is the work of AI or not. To examine one article, the APP will check how familiar it is with the given article based on the texts he has seen during training. The less familiar it is, the more likely it is to be the work of a human. GPTZero then scans the article to see how different it is. A human-written article usually differs a lot. __4__

Mr. Tian is an AI supporter. __5__ He says that ChatGPT is useful in helping him to write computer code and solve other problems. At the same time, he adds, it is important to develop safeguards （防护措施） for new technologies.

A. After these two steps, it will give a final score.
B. GPTZero has been trained with different texts.
C. It is a free online chatbot that can perfectly write almost anything.
D. He believes that AI will surely be a great help to life and work if used properly.
E. Since its launch, it has been used by students and workers to cheat by creating written work for them.

文章大意：本文讲了中国武术在2022年第四届青年奥林匹克运动会亮相，详细地介绍了其发展情况和比赛项目等。

22. 从A—E五个句子中选择正确选项还原到文中，使短文内容完整、正确。

Wushu, also known as Chinese Kungfu, will make its first appearance as an official（正式的） sport at the 4th Youth Olympic Games in 2022.

__1__

The IWUF made applications（申请）to the International Olympic Committee（IOC）in 2001, 2008 and 2011, but failed. __2__ The third application made it to the final voting（投票）but missed out once again.

Over the years, both the IWUF and Chinese Wushu Association（CWA）have done a lot to make progress with strong support from the General Administration of Sport of China（国家体育总局）. The Administration offers technical support, often sending experts or teachers to help their Wushu training camps. __3__

Every year, many local Wushu groups are sent abroad to put on Wushu shows, trying to improve the influence of Wushu in foreign countries. __4__ Studies show that, today about 120 million people are interested in Wushu around the world.

Finally, China got Wushu accepted as an official Olympic sport in January, 2020, which helps to make it more international.

__5__ They're men's and women's Changquan and men's and women's Taijiquan.

A. The first two applications were refused at the very beginning.
B. A total of 48 athletes（运动员）from across the world will compete in four Wushu events.
C. It's a breakthrough（突破）for the International Wushu Federation（IWUF）.
D. It also provides a great deal of Wushu equipment（设备）for free.
E. Through their efforts, Wushu has become increasingly popular across the world.

文章大意：本文是一篇说明文，讲述了人类使用卫星发送和接收电视和无线电信号，以报告天气和其他许多事情。

23. In 1997, Lottie Williams was walking through a park in Oklahoma, USA, with her friends. __1__ She picked the object up. It was about as heavy as a tennis ball. Later, scientists told her it was a piece of a DeltaIIrocket that had been used to launch a satellite (发射卫星).

__2__ We use satellites to send and receive TV and radio signals (信号). to report the weather and for many other things. But when they become old or break down, we just leave them there. They become space junk.

Scientists think there are about 16. 000 objects larger than 10 centimeters wide flying around the Earth, and tens of millions of smaller objects too. __3__ That's fast! And it's their speed that makes these pieces of space junk really dangerous. If one small piece of space junk hits something at high speed, it can do a lot of harm. __4__ But in 2009, an old Russian satellite hit an American satellite and created 2,000 pieces of space junk!

Pieces of space junk enter the Earth's atmosphere (大气层). again. Lottie Williams is perhaps the only person who has been hit. Most space junk burns up and doesn't reach the Earth's surface. __5__ It made a hole in the ground 30 centimeters deep and over 3. 3 meters wide. Lottie was lucky she wasn't hit by it!

根据材料内容，从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项，使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

A. Luckily, that hardly ever happens.
B. They travel at around 7 kilometers a second(秒).
C. Many countries around the world have sent satellites into space.
D. Suddenly something fell on her shoulder and then to the ground.
E. But in 2011, a 35 - centimeter - wide metal ball fell to the Earth in Namibia, Africa.

文章大意：本文讲扇子在我们的日常生活中无处不在，详细地介绍了扇子的历史和发展情况。

24. 

China is called the Kingdom of Fans. Fans are everywhere in our daily life. __1__

It is said that fans were first used to cool the air during the Shang Dynasty. __2__ Some of them were round, while others were square.

Folding paper fans first became popular during the Song Dynasty. There were usually beautiful pictures on the fans. __3__ Many people, including Su Dongpo, a poet of the Song Dynasty, a scholar (学者) of the Song Dynasty, even painted and wrote poems on fans. __4__ Many rich and important people liked holding fans.

__5__ During the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games, folding fans were given to leaders and officials from other countries, as well as audience (观众), they were also experiencing Chinese culture.

A. Today, fans are popular gifts.

B. This made the fans into art works.
C. But how much do you know about them?
D. At that time, they were made of feathers, bamboo or silk.
E. Some were mountains and rivers, others were flowers and animals.

25. Have you ever thrown an old mobile phone? And do you know that there's a mobile phone throwing competition in Finland every year? __1__This sport has been around since 2000 though the first national championships took place in Norway in 2004.

In order to recycle old mobile phones, the town of Savonlinna in southeast Finland holds a Mobile Phone Throwing Competition every year. __2__

While competitors cannot throw their own phones, the competition organizers provide hundreds of mobiles to choose from. __3__ Last year's winner Ere Karjalainen set a world record with his 101.46m throw. As a prize, he got a chance of drinking and practiced again as his preferred training methods.

Those without a strong throwing arm can enter the freestyle competition. __4__ A three-person jury (评委) gives scores from one to six, and the thrower with the highest number of points wins.

Once all the day's phones have been thrown, they are taken to a recycling center. They will not be wasted as rubbish. __5__Anyone who offers his phone will have a free chance to take part in the competition while those who don't need to pay eleven dollars per person or five dollars for children of 12 and under.

阅读短文，把A-E五个句子填入文中空缺处，使短文内容完整。

A. So the organizers encourage people to give away their phones that can't work at all.
B. Then people throw as far as possible from the throwing area.
C. During the competition, the style of the throw are judged(判断) rather than the distance.
D. It may sound crazy to you, but it's actually been developed into a sport.
E. And people can have a little fun from the games.

文章大意：本文主要讲述了花鼓舞的历史，以及杨培杰为推广花鼓舞所做出的努力。

26. Flower-drum dance is a traditional folk art in China.It is popular in many places, such as Fengyang in Anhui, Guangshan in Henan and Haian in Jiangsu.

__1__ It became popular in the areas of the Yangtze River and the Huai River during the Ming Dynasty (1368-1644). People used it to show the peaceful lives of fisher women. Known for lively movements and gentle music, it is still popular in Haian today.

Yang Peijie is72 years old now. __2__ "It has become part of my life," he said.

In the 1960s, Yang joined an art team and learned the dance from older artists. At that time, people could only learn it this way. There were no textbooks about it. To fix this, Yang began to study the history of the dance in the 1980s. He visited many local artists and recorded their movements in detail (详细地). Later, he wrote a book. __3__

Yang also set up a team to teach the dance to more people. He leads the team members to visit about eight schools each year. __4__ So he goes to the local school to teach kids the flower-drum dance. "To make it easier for kids to learn, we break down the difficult movements into several simple ones," Yang said. __5__ "My wish is to let all age groups know how to perform the dance," Yang said.

In 2007, the Haian flower-drum dance was added to the list of Jiangsu's provincial intangible cultural heritage(非物质文化遗产).

根据材料内容，从下面五个选项中选出能填人文中空缺处的最佳选项，使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

A. The book helps more people learn about the dance.
B. Many schools have added the dance to break-time exercise.
C. They also go to communities and parks to teach older people.
D. The flower-drum dance dates back to more than 400 years ago.
E. He has been performing the flower-drum dance for more than 50 years.

文章大意：本文介绍了几个自我接纳的小技巧。

27. 阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项，使短文通顺、连贯，意思完整。

We all want it—to accept and love ourselves. But at times it seems too difficult and too far out of reach. ___1___ Here's a handful of ways that will set you in the right direction.

___2___ Do not follow the people who make you feel not good enough. Why do you follow them? Are you hoping that eventually you will feel empowered because your life is better than theirs? Know that it's your life and you are the only you in this world.

Forgive yourself for mistakes that you have made. We are often ashamed (羞愧的) of our mistakes and our failures. ___3___ You will make mistakes, time and time again. Rather than getting caught up in how you could have done better, why not offer yourself a compassionate (有同情心的) response? That didn't go as planned, but I tried my best.

Recognize all of your strengths (优势). Write them down in a journal. Begin to train your brain to look at strengths before weaknesses. List all of your accomplishments (成就) and achievements.

___4___ Now that you've listed your strengths, list your imperfections. Turn the page in your journal. Put into words why you feel unworthy, why you don't feel good enough. Now, read these words back to yourself. ___5___ Turn to the page that lists your strengths and achievements and see how amazing you are.

A. If you feel upset again?
B. Where do you start?
C. Nothing is too small to celebrate and feel good about yourself.
D. Remember, you are only human.
E. Stop comparing yourself with others.

28. High school life can be terrible if you get it all wrong. Find out how to survive high school with a few easy tips.

◆___1___.

High school is a fun time to make new friends and meet new people. Make friends with all kinds of people and not just a group which you are comfortable with. Socialize， but by judging who you can connect to. You will find friends， but stay away from the ones who don't want to be your friends.

◆Be yourself.

Do your own things， and don't just follow others.___2___. Just be yourself and create a strong self-image.

◆Be positive (积极的).

There is nothing better than having a smile on your face whenever you can.___3___. Just be brave enough to meet new people or do something you've never tried. Meanwhile， respect your teachers and classmates and try to be helpful if you want the same in return.

◆Be confident.

When you believe in yourself， others will believe in you.___4___. And people respect you for that. Make sure you won't easily get influenced by others.

◆Love high school.

___5___. Make the most out of it， and you will never get those moments back. Come up with funny ideas， top your class， make the best friends， drink， go to parties， but just make as many memories as you can!

A. Fall in love with it
B. Find friends around you
C. Practice positive thinking
D. Don't give in to anyone's wants
E. Confidence is a special gift in your life

29. **阅读填空**

It is winter now. Recently, I have been very busy with the monthly exams and preparing for the art festival. To be honest, I don't get enough sleep. ___1___.

At school, I like to nap (午睡) during break, and sometimes I fall asleep in class. Many of my classmates are the same . Why are we so tired in winter? ___2___ Once while I was having a nap at break time , someone said to me: "Don't sleep. Look! The weather today is so nice," ___3___. It was foggy，and I don't usually think foggy weather is nice. That day, however, I tried to enjoy the view. All of a sudden I started to see the day differently. The sun was shining through the fog: It was beautiful. ___4___. I felt happy. I understood the reason for my tiredness. It wasn't schoolwork; it wasn't the weather. It was because I wasn't optimistic enough. ___5___. If we learn to love this icy, foggy time of the year, it will be so

much easier to love the other seasons. If we stay awake, are optimistic and look at life with a fresh eye, we will find much beauty in winter.

A. I often look and feel tired.
B. I was so enjoying what I could see and forgot my tiredness.
C. Some say it's because of the cold weather, others say that the load of homework is too great.
D. I raised my head and looked outside.
E. If we can learn how to appreciate, winter can be beautiful, too.

文章大意：本文介绍了当你不认识某个生词时应该怎么做。

30. 阅读短文，选择合适的选项还原到短文中，使短文意思通顺、结构完整。

You've been learning words since you were a tiny baby. At first, you learned them only by hearing other people talk. Now that you're a reader, you have another way to learn words. What should you do when you come to a word and you think you don't know what it means? __1__ .

Say it

First sound it out. Then say it to yourself. __2__. Sometimes you know a word in your head but you don't know what it looks like in print. So if you match up what you know and what you read — you have the word!

Use context

If this doesn't work, take the next step: look at the context — the other words and sentences around it. Read this sentence: When it rained, the dog looked for shelter in the doorway. __3__. Rain and in the doorway might give you helpful information.

__4__

If the context doesn't help, look at the parts of the word. Does it have any parts you know? These can help you understand what it means. If you don't know the meaning of miner, try looking at parts of the word. You might know that a mine is a place underground where people get coal and other valuable things. A lot of times, *-er* at the end of a word means "a person who does something". So a miner might be someone who works in a mine.

Look it up

If the three steps above don't work, you can look it up. __5__ — either a book or online. Nobody knows the meaning of every word, but good readers know how to understand words they don't know.

根据短文内容，将下面的句子选项还原到文中空白处，使短文完整、通顺。其中有一项为多余项。

A. Use word parts
B. If the word shelter doesn't look familiar, look at the words around it
C. It might sound like a word you know
D. You can find the word in a dictionary
E. Following some easy steps can help you

四、阅读理解

31. Littering is a big problem in cities around the world. People know it does harm to the environment, but few do something for years to make a difference. However, "Butt Lady" sets an example to all.

The true name of "Butt Lady" is Sally Dawly. She lives in Auburn, a city in California, US.

__1__because she had spent most of her free time picking up cigarette butts (香烟头) from the streets of her city. After picking up one million cigarette butts in three and a half years, she has set a new goal for herself-two million cigarette butts.

Dawly got tired of going on her walks and seeing cigarette butts everywhere, so in 2014 she started to take action. Armed（装备）with a broom(扫帚), dustpan and a pair of tongs, the anti-littering activist walked down the streets in search of cigarette butts, picked them up and threw them in the trash can. To see how many butts she picks up, the Butt Lady has been using a counting device (装置). __2__ after picking up as many as 3,000 butts a day. She said she wanted to shout "Come on people. Don't throw your butts. __3__."Dawly knows it's not easy to completely solve her city's cigarette butt littering problem in no time, but she hopes her efforts will help smokers think twice before throwing away butts on the street. __4__ as she has got more and more supporters in the city.

A. She sometimes felt really tired
B. In fact, her efforts have paid off
C. Better yet, stop smoking
D. She was so great

E. She got a nickname(绰号）

32. Certain things you do at one place are totally OK and understood. While it may not be proper to do the same thing in another place or it might even be totally misunderstood.

Just take Finland (芬兰) as an example. You might have seen this funny picture already about Finns waiting at the bus stop. ___1___ If you are standing too close to someone while talking, you will notice that the other person is trying to get a bit further from you. You should notice and respect it so that he or she can feel comfortable.

Finns do not like to make eye contact (接触) with strangers. ___2___ It might be a sign of rudeness in other cultures not to look each other in the eye when talking -in Finland it is simply just the opposite.

Also, touching strangers while talking to them might feel embarrassed to the other person. In Finland, for most people, physical contact while talking even among friends is not so common. In more southern cultures it is acceptable. ___3___

___4___ It is very uncommon to ask even friends about how much money they make. It is simply considered a part of their personal space.

A. For example, to hit someone's shoulder lightly or hold his arm for a second as a sign of sympathy (同情).
B. Finns (芬兰人) respect the personal space of each other a lot.
C. People do not talk about their salaries (薪水).
D. Finland has a population of five million people spread over more than 130,000 square kilometers.
E. Even when talking to friends and family, continuous eye contact a not very common.

33. Typing（打字）is one of the most important and basic work skills of the 21st century. ____1___ Thumbing means using one or more thumbs（拇指）to press the keys.

Most people can type between 20 and 35 words a minute. Some typists, however, can work very quickly, at more than 110 words a minute. And people's left hand usually does 56 percent of the typing.

The most common international English keyboard is QWERTY.____2___ It is more than 140 years old. Other keyboards include QWERTZ (in Central Europe) and AZERTY (used by most French speakers in Europe). Languages with non-Roman alphabets（字母系统），for example, Arabic, Russian or Japanese, have their own keyboards.

The sentence "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog" is often used to practice typing.___3___

Thumbing and typing can hurt you. RSI (repetitive strain injury) is the name of a medical condition you get if you type too much. ___4___Anyone who uses a computer a lot is at risk and should know about RSI.

A. It gets the name from the first six letters on the top left side of the keyboard.
B. However, most people do not understand what . RSI is or how serious it can be.
C. Because mobile phones are now so popular, there is a new kind of typing - thumbing.
D. It seems that thumbing is much harder for us to learn.
E. That's because it uses every letter of the English alphabet.

文章大意：本文主要讲述了Gladys Kalema保护野生动物的善行义举。

34. 阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

When she was little, Gladys Kalema liked to play the piano. One day when she was at her piano, a monkey climbed up to join her.___1___It also planted the seeds of a dream in her mind. The girl wanted to work with animals when she grew up. This dream came true when Kalema was in her early twenties. She became a wildlife vet（兽医）in Africa.

___2___Since then, Kalema has never stopped caring for wild animals. She does her best to save the mountain gorilla（山地猩猩）. This animal is in great danger. But she doesn't just protect the individual（单个的）animals. She puts her focus on helping the local communities.

Many local people lived a poor life. Some of them made money by hunting wild animals. Kalema wanted to protect these animals from bullets (子弹). The key to doing so, she realized, was to improve the local people's quality of life. The woman provided these people with fast-growing crops. By growing the crops, the locals could feed themselves and make a living. They no longer needed to go hunting. Slowly, their attitude towards these wild animals began to change.___3___

So we can save animals by saving people.

Last month, Kalema received the Champions of Die Earth award for her work. It is the United Nations' highest environmental honour.___4___You can learn from Kalema and start by getting to the root of the problem.

A. The environment is much destroyed, and animals lose their home.
B. This became the most unforgettable moment of her childhood.
C. Now, many of these hunters of wildlife have become protectors of it.
D. Gladys Kalema not only likes playing the piano but also likes helping people.
E. That was three decades（十年）ago.
F. Do you want to help protect the wild animals in your area?

35. 

Do you ever wonder what your pet is thinking? Sometimes it seems that all dogs and cats look at us with true understanding. Most humans do not recognize that some animals are clever enough to understand!

For example, scientists believe the Capuchin monkey is the most clever monkey. ___1___ The BBC reported that people have even trained them to help the disabled.

But anyone with a Capuchin monkey should watch out. Scientists have found that they are even clever enough to judge you! __2__ According to scientists from the University of Stirling in the UK and Kyoto University in Japan, they now know that the Capuchin monkey is smart enough to recognize selfishness and unfairness in humans.

___3___ When the first actor tried to open a big box, the second actor wouldn't help. The two actors then each give the monkeys food. The monkeys would not take the food from the actor who acted selfishly and did not help.

__4__ They want to see if the monkey can also recognize a fairness in other animals.

根据短文内容，从下列选项中选出能填入文中空白处的最佳选项，选项中有一项多余。

A. Because they are so smart, people often keep them as pets.
B. The scientists put the monkeys in front of two actors.
C. Scientists will now do further study on the Capuchin monkey.
D. But they had no idea that the monkeys were smart enough to make such judgments about people.
E. Some people think some animals are clever.

文章大意：本文是一篇记叙文。文章介绍了Emily Cummins的成长故事以及她的发明创造。

36. When Emily Cummins was four years old, her grandfather gave her a hammer（锤子）. She loved using it, and started to learn how to make toys from old things that nobody used any more.

__1__ She always thought a lot about making inventions to help other people. Emily's grandfather had an illness. He had a lot of pain in his hands and fingers. One day, Emily saw that he had trouble getting toothpaste（牙膏）out of the tube. She made an invention that helped him with this, and won the Young Engineer for Britain Award for her toothpaste dispenser（挤牙膏器）.

A few years later, Emily learned about the serious water shortage（短缺）in some African countries. The women and children there often walk many kilometers a day to get water for their villages. They usually put the buckets（桶）on their heads, and they have to walk carefully in order not to spill（溅出）the water. ___2___ It makes it possible for the women to transport up to five buckets each time. Besides, it is easy for them to repair the water carrier when it is broken as it is made of wood.

Her latest project is a simple fridge that runs without electricity. ___3___ There are now thousands of families in villages in Zambia, Namibia and South Africa who use it to keep milk, food and medicine cool.

Emily is now a young woman. She is the winner of several prizes for her inventions. She is so successful. ___4___ As a great inventor, Emily often visits schools and talks to teenagers. She wants to encourage them to come up with new ideas that make the world a better place. She wants to use her skills to make a difference.

根据短文内容，从下面选出四个选项填入文中空缺处，短文内容通顺完整。有一项剩余。

A. She often gave her toys to children in need.
B. But it only needs the energy that comes from the sun.

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：https://d.book118.com/876241052145010055