

2022-2022 年七年级下册英语 3 月考卷（广
东广州番禺区六校教育教学联合体）

单选题

选出划线部分读音不同的一项

A.poor

B.tour

C.care

D.sure

【答案】 C

【解析】 A. poor [ɪ]; B. tour [tʊ]; C. care [eə]; D. sure [ʃ] 答案为 C。

单选题

选出划线部分读音不同的一项

A.deer

B.cheerful

C.near

D.bear

【答案】 D

【解析】 A. deer [dɪ]; B. cheerful [tʃɪ]; C. near [nɪ]; D. bear [eə] 答案为

D。

单选题

选出划线部分读音不同的一项

A.beach

B.Christmas

C.French

D.change

【答案】 B

【解析】A. beach [tʃ] ; B. Christmas [k] ; C. French [tʃ]; D. change [tʃ] 答案为 B。

单选题

选出划线部分读音不同的一项

A.beds

B.students

C.apples

D.mountains

【答案】 B

【解析】A. beds[z]; B. students [ts]; C. apples [z]; D. mountains[z] 答案为 B。

单选题

选出划线部分读音不同的一项

A.drive

B.trap

C.travel

D.street

【答案】 A

【解析】 A. drive [dr] ; B. trap [tr]; C. travel [tr]; D. street[tr] 答案为 A。

单选题

The little boy likes playing _____ tennis and playing _____ the guitar.

A./, the

B./, /

C.the, the

D.the, /

【答案】 A

【解析】 句意：小男孩喜欢打网球，弹吉他。弹打某种乐器前用

定冠词 **the**, 球类前不用冠词。所以答案是 **A**。

单选题

We should be strict _____ ourselves _____ our studies.

A.with, about

B.about, about

C.with, with

D.about, with

【答案】 A

【解析】句意：对于学习我们应该严格要求自己。be strict with sth 对某人要求严格。about 关于。依据句意理解，答案为 **A**。

单选题

Sara lived in _____ expensive hotel last holiday. _____ hotel is in the city centre.

A.an, An

B.a, The

C.the, A

D.an, The

【答案】 D

【解析】句意：去年假期萨拉住在一个昂贵的酒店，这个酒店在市中心。expensive [ˈkɪspensɪv]以元音音素开头，前面应该用不定冠词 an，第二次出现用定冠词 the。故为 D。

单选题

The visitors _____ the railway station at 7 o'clock last night.

A. arrived in

B. arrived at

C. got

D. got in

【答案】 B

【解析】句意：游客们在昨天晚上七点钟到达火车站。到达有三种表达方法：arrive in/at； get to； reach。arrive in 到达大地方，arrive at 到达小地方。所以答案是 B。

单选题

? I will be free tomorrow. Any plan?

? Why not _____ to the cinema with me this afternoon?

A. going

B. to go

C.goes

D.go

【答案】 D

【解析】句意：?我明天有空。有什么计划吗? ?今天下午为什么不和我去看电影呢? Why not 后跟动词原形，是提建议的一种表达方式。所以答案是 D。

单选题

_____ National Day, people usually raise our national flag in front of the house.

A.On

B.At

C.In

D.Of

【答案】 A

【解析】句意：在国庆节，人们通常会在房子上面挂上我们的国旗。具体到某一天用介词 on。答案为 A。

单选题

?Jane, I like singing, what about you?

? I prefer _____ to _____.

A.to dance, singing

B.dancing, singing

C.to dance, to sing

D.dance, sing

【答案】 B

【解析】句意：简，我喜欢唱歌，你呢？比起唱歌来，我更喜欢跳舞。**prefer doing to doing** 比起做某事来，更喜欢做某事。**to** 为介词。依据句意，答案为 B。

单选题

?In this photo, who is your English teacher?

?She is the lady_____ a pink dress.

A.dressing

B.in

C.wears

D.puts on

【答案】 B

【解析】句意：?在这张照片中，谁是你的英语老师？她是穿粉红色的裙子的那位女士。此句缺少后置定语，**dress** 后面不能直接跟衣服；**in+颜色**，表示穿什么衣服的人。所以答案是 B。

单选题

I took part in the summer camp last year. My classmate did it _____.

A.as well as

B.also

C.as well

D.either

【答案】 C

【解析】句意：去年我参加了夏令营。我的同学也去了。too,as well 和 also 用于肯定句和疑问句。too 和 as well 多用于口语，一般放在句末，而 also 多用于书面语，一般放在句中与动词连用，either 用于否定句和否定的疑问句，往往放在句末。所以答案是 C。

单选题

Crossing the street is very dangerous, _____ remember to look both sides.

A.and

B.but

C.or

D.so

【答案】D

【解析】句意：穿过马路是非常危险的，因此记住要看两边。A. and 而且， B. but 但是； C. or 否则； D. so 因此。结合句意理解，答案为 D。

完型填空

完形填空

In America, the school day usually starts at 9a.m. and 1at about 4 p.m. The school subjects are different from 2. In China, we always have Chinese, maths, English, P.E. and so on. But in America, students have more lessons, such as 3 and driving lessons. Their school life isn't just about study. They have 4things to do than the Chinese students do. There 5 many clubs in American schools, too. If the students are6in sports, they can join different sports clubs. From 2:30 p.m.74 p.m., they do different things in different clubs.

Maybe you think English is very popular in the world,8 American students don't need to learn any 9 language. But that's not true, American children from the age of seven 10 learn a foreign language. For example, they learn French or Chinese.

(1) A.finish B.finished C.finishes D.finishing

- 2) A.we B.us C.our D.ours
- (3) A.cooking B.cooks C.cook D.cooked
- (4) A.many B.much C.more D.most
- (5) A.is B.are C.was D.were
- (6) A.interest B.interets C.interesting D.interested
- (7) A.in B.for C.to D.of
- (8) A.so B.but C.when D.or
- (9) A.another B.other C.others D.the other
- (10) A.need to B.must C.have to D.should

【答案】 (1)、 C

(2)、 D

(3)、 A

(4)、 C

(5)、 B

(6)、 D

(7)、 C

(8)、 A

(9)、 B

(10)、 C

【解析】 本文叙述了美国的教育和中国的不同，中国的学校的学生只学习功课，而美国的学生可以根据自己的爱好参加各种形式的俱乐部，可以在学校学习烹饪和驾驶等。他们从7岁开始学习外语。

1) 考查动词的时态及语境理解。句意：在美国，每天的上课时间通常在9点开始，并在下午4点结束。A. finish动词原形；B. finished动词过去式；C. finishes动词三单形式；D. finishing动词分词。and为并列连词，连接前后的时态保持一致。应该用一般现在时态。答案为C。

(2) 考查代词及语境理解。句意：学校的功课不同于我们的功课。A. we我们，主格；B. us我们，宾格；C. our我们的；D. ours我们的，名词性物主代词。放在句末的是名词性物主代词。依据句意，答案为D。

(3) 考查分词及语境理解。句意：例如烹饪课和驾驶课，A. cooking动词分词；B. cooks动词三单形式；C. cook动词原形；D. cooked动词过去式。such as例如，as为介词，后跟分词形式。故答案为A。

(4) 考查比较级及语境理解。句意：他们比中国的学生有更多的事情要做。A. many许多；B. much许多；C. more更多的；D. most最多的。根据后面的比较连词than可知这里应该用比较级，故选C。

(5) 考查主谓一致及语境理解。句意：在美国的学校也有。many clubs许多的俱乐部，为名词的复数形式，故be动词用复数形式，整篇文章都是用一般现在时态来完成的。答案为B。

(6) 考查形容词及语境理解。句意：如果学生对运动感兴趣，他们可以参加不同的体育俱乐部。be interested in对……感兴趣。答案为D。

(7) 考查介词及语境理解。句意：从下午两点半到下午四点钟，

A. in 在……里; B. for 为了;

C. to 到; D. of 属于; ……的。from…to 从……到。故答案为 C。

(8) 考查连词及语境理解。句意: 也许你认为英语在世界上很受欢迎, 因此美国学生没有必要学习其他的语言。A. so 因此; B. but 但是; C. when 当……时候; D. or 或者, 否则。前后句表示因果关系。故答案为 A。

(9) 考查形容词及语境理解。句意: 因此美国学生没有必要学习其他的语言。A. another 另一个; B. other 别的, 其它的; C. others 其余的; D. the other 另一个。any other + 单数名词, 意思是其它任何的。依据句意理解, 故答案为 B。

(10) 考查情态动词及语境理解。句意: 美国的孩子从 7 岁必须学外语。A. need to 需要; B. must 必须; C. have to 必须, 不得不; D. should 应该。must 侧重于说话者的主观看法, have to 侧重指客观需要, 含有“不得不”或“被迫”之意。结合语境理解, 答案为 C。

完型填空

完型填空

Tom is four years old now. his father works in a middle school and 1
P.E. there. His mother works in a shop and his grandma looks after him 2.
The boy is clever and always 3 that he knows more than his little friends
do.

One morning Tom's father 4 earlier. His school was going to hold a sports meeting that day. Of course, he was going to be 5 than the other teachers in his school. About two hours later, Tom's grandma 6 sick. Her head hurt but she couldn't go to see a 7 by herself. She called her son, but 8 answered. So she asked the little boy to go to tell his father about it.

As soon as Tom went out, he 9 his friend Henry. And he asked him to go there with him. The boys wanted to watch the sports meeting, and they 10 went there happily. When they got to school, they stopped to watch the games and didn't remember his grandma.

- 1) A.studies B.teaches C.talks about D.watches
- (2) A.at school B.in the zoo C.in the shop D.at home
- (3) A.tells B.wants C.shows D.likes
- (4) A.left B.stayed C.came D.ate
- (5) A.faster B.later C.more free D.busier
- (6) A.wanted B.felt C.guessed D.hoped
- (7) A.teacher B.policeman C.doctor D.worker
- (8) A.nobody B.somebody C.everybody D.anybody
- (9) A.met B.hit C.heard D.listened to
- (10) A.all B.some C.many D.both

【答案】 (1)、 B

(2)、 D

3)、C

(4)、A

(5)、D

(6)、B

(7)、C

(8)、A

(9)、A

(10)、D

【解析】这篇短文描述了聪明的小男孩汤姆的奶奶生病了，让他去找自己的父亲。结果却和自己的朋友看起了比赛。

(1) 考查动词及语境理解。句意：他的父亲在学校工作，教体育。A. studies 学习；B. teaches 教；C. talks about 谈论；D. watches 观看。联系上文他的父亲在学校工作，可知他教体育，故选 B，教。

(2) 考查介词词组及语境理解。句意：他的妈妈在一家商店上班，他的奶奶在家照顾他。A. at school 在学校；B. in the zoo 在动物园；C. in the shop 在商店；D. at home 在家。联系上文，可知他的奶奶在家照顾他。故选 D，在家。

(3) 考查动词及语境理解。句意：这个男孩很聪明，总是表现的比他的小朋友知道的多。A. tells 告诉；B. wants 想；C. shows 表明，出示；D. likes 喜欢。联系上下文可知这个男孩总是表现的比他的小朋友知道的多。故选 C。

(4) 考查动词及语境理解。句意：一天早晨，汤姆的爸爸动身

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/886214101221010211>