

中考预测卷 01-简单难度

满分 100 分

一、单项填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

请认真阅读下面各题，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1. Chinese astronauts gave the third live science class in Tiangong Space Station _____ Wednesday afternoon, October 12th, 2022.

- A. on B. at C. in D. for

【答案】A

【解析】句意：2022 年 10 月 12 日星期三下午，中国航天员在天宫空间站上了第三堂科学直播课。

考查时间介词的用法。on 后跟具体某一天或某一天的上午、下午或晚上；at 指具体某一时刻；in 指某月、某季、某年、某个世纪、时代等大的时间或一天的早中晚；for 后跟时间段。根据“Wednesday afternoon, October 12th, 2022.”可知，此处是指具体某一天的下午，用介词 on。故选 A。

2. Try to be the master of your life. Life is a horse and _____ you ride it _____ it rides you.

- A. either' or B. neither, nor C. both, and D. not only, but also

【答案】A

【解析】句意：努力成为你生活的主人。生活是一匹马，要么你骑着它，要么它骑着你。

考查连词辨析。either...or 要么.....要么；neither...nor 既不.....也不；both...and 两者都；not only...but also 不但.....而且。根据“you ride it...it rides you”可知是要么你骑着它，要么是它骑着你。故选 A。

3. —_____ great surprise to see you here, Daniel!

—Yeah. We haven't seen each other for quite a long time.

- A. What a B. What C. How a D. How

【答案】A

【解析】句意：——丹尼尔，在这里见到你真是一个惊喜！——是的。我们好久没见面了。

考查感叹句。根据“... great surprise to see you here, Daniel!”可知，句子为感叹句，句子的中心词为 surprise，可数名词单数，且 great 是以辅音音素开头，所以对应感叹句结构为 What+a+形容词+名词+主+谓！故选 A。

4. _____ I admire Eric's courage, I don't think his way to solve this problem is suitable.

A. Since

B. Unless

C. Though

D. Whenever

【答案】C

【解析】句意：虽然我钦佩埃里克的勇气，但我认为他解决这个问题的方法不合适。

考查连词辨析。Since 自从；Unless 除非；Though 尽管；Whenever 无论何时。根据“I admire Eric’s courage, I don’t think his way to solve this problem is suitable.”可知前后句是转折让步关系，应用 though 引导让步状语从句，故选 C。

5. In the literature class, our teacher asked us to read the poem and _____ all the words that described the natural beauty.

A. find out

B. depend on

C. make up

D. hear about

【答案】A

【解析】句意：在文学课上，老师让我们读这首诗，找出所有描述自然美的单词。

考查动词短语。find out 弄清楚，查明，找出；depend on 依赖；make up 编造；hear about 得知。根据“all the words that described the natural beauty”可知是在诗中找出描述自然美的单词。故选 A。

6. Trips to the old towns are _____ valuable experiences that we can not only enjoy the beautiful sights but also learn more about the history.

A. too

B. so

C. quite

D. such

【答案】D

【解析】句意：老城区之旅是如此宝贵的经历，以至于我们不仅可以欣赏美丽的景色，还可以了解更多的历史。

考查结果状语从句。too 也，太；so 如此；quite 十分；such 如此。名词短语 valuable experiences 表示“宝贵的经历”，应用形容词 such 修饰，短语 such+形容词+可数名词复数+that 从句“表示”如此……，以至于……”。故选 D。

7. The TV dramas *The Road of Life* Chen Xiao acted in wins high praise from the public, I think it is well worth _____.

A. watched

B. to watch

C. watching

D. watch

【答案】C

【解析】句意：陈晓出演的电视剧《平凡之路》赢得了公众的高度赞扬，我认为它值得一看。

考查非谓语动词。根据“be worth doing sth.”可知，此处应填 watching。故选 C。

8. Over the past few years, Chinese COVID vaccines _____ in many other countries.

- A. arrived B. have arrived C. will arrive D. are arriving

【答案】B

【解析】句意：在过去几年中，中国的新冠疫苗已经到达许多其他国家。

考查谓语动词时态。根据“Over the past few years”可知在过去几年，应用现在完成时。故选 B。

9. —I haven't decided _____.

—We hope you can join us. It is a chance to learn history.

- A. if I will join the Reading Club B. that I will join the Reading Club
C. when will I visit Nanjing Museum D. whether I will visit Nanjing Museum

【答案】D

【解析】句意：——我还没有决定是否要参观南京博物馆。——我们希望你可以加入我们。这是一次学习历史的机会。

考查宾语从句。空格处处在“decided”的后面，可知是宾语从句。宾语从句用陈述句的语序，排除 C；根据“haven't decided”可知，此处引导词应用带有疑问的词，故排除 B；根据“learn history.”可知与南京博物馆有关。故选 D。

10. —Mr Wu, I'm sorry to make so many mistakes. I promise I will spend more time on English.

—Tom, remember that _____. You should really do what you say you will do.

- A. every dog has its day B. many hands make light work
C. it never rains but it pours D. actions speak louder than words

【答案】D

【解析】句意：——吴老师，我很抱歉犯了这么多错误。我保证我会花更多的时间在英语上。——Tom，记住行动胜于言语。你真的应该做你说你会做的事。

考查习语。every dog has its day 凡人皆有得意时；many hands make light work 人多好办事；it never rains but it pours 祸不单行；actions speak louder than words 行动胜于言语。根据I promise I will spend more time on English.”及“You should really do what you say you will do.”可知，此处是告诉 Tom 行动比言语更重要。故选 D。

二、完形填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

请认真阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

It was a cold and rainy day. I finished my work late and dragged home. I 11 myself deep into the sofa. I was too 12 to cook anything for myself, so I ordered a pot of chicken upon my phone. Half an hour later, a delivery worker 13 me that he'd arrived. I went out to pick up the food. I walked 14 because I thought he would leave the food at the gate of my community and leave in a hurry. As I went to the gate, I saw him 15 in the pouring rain without an umbrella. The rain kept falling down on his face, his foot, and his yellow uniform. He was in his twenties. He looked tired. "Chicken soup?" he asked. I nodded and he handed the food to me with shivering(颤抖的) and watery finger. "Why didn't you leave 16 to find some shelter from the rain?" I asked. "I work to bring food safely to our 17. For us, one of the most things is to 18 their needs." he said with a smile on his face. Then he turned around and disappeared in the rain. The cold rain kept falling, but a wisp(缕) of warmth rose in my heart. Around us there are many 19 people like him who do their jobs every day, even when their work is really tough. They never forget to bring us convenience and 20.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 11. A. sat | B. threw | C. stayed | D. kept |
| 12. A. amazed | B. afraid | C. tired | D. surprised |
| 13. A. told | B. reminded | C. called | D. made |
| 14. A. angrily | B. quickly | C. gently | D. slowly |
| 15. A. waiting | B. walking | C. running | D. leaving |
| 16. A. politer | B. later | C. faster | D. earlier |
| 17. A. passengers | B. customers | C. bosses | D. workmates |
| 18. A. see | B. satisfy | C. complete | D. remember |
| 19. A. unusual | B. common | C. hard | D. special |
| 20. A. kindness | B. happiness | C. carelessness | D. interest |

【答案】 11-15 BCCDA 16-20 DBBBA

【解析】本文是一篇记叙文。本文主要赞美了尽职尽责的外卖员。

【11 题详解】

句意：我把自己深深地扔进沙发里。

sat 坐；threw 扔；stayed 停留；kept 保持。根据“dragged

home.”可知，作者很累拖着身体回到家并把自己扔进沙发里。故选 B。

【12 题详解】

句意：我太累了而不能给自己做饭了，于是在电话上订了一份鸡。

amazed 惊讶的；afraid 害怕的；tired 疲劳的；surprised 吃惊的。根据“so I ordered a pot of chicken upon my phone.”可知，作者累到不能做饭，只能订外卖。故选 C。

【13 题详解】

句意：半小时后，快递员打电话跟我说他已经到了。

told 告诉；reminded 提醒；called 打电话；made 制作。根据上文“so I ordered a pot of chicken upon my phone.”可知，订外卖在手机上完成的，故联系也是通过电话。故选 C。

【14 题详解】

句意：我走得很慢因为我认为他会把食物放在社区的门口然后匆忙离开。

angrily 生气地；quickly 快速地；gently 轻柔地；slowly 缓慢地。根据“because I thought he would leave the food at the gate of my community and leave in a hurry.”可知，因为作者认为外卖员会把外卖放在门口，所以作者走得很慢。故选 D。

【15 题详解】

句意：当我到了大门那里，我看见他没有打伞在倾盆大雨中等我。

waiting 等待；walking 走路；running 跑步；leaving 离开。根据“The Rain kept falling down on his face, his foot, and his yellow uniform. He was in his twenties. He looked tired.”可知，外卖员没有离开而是在大雨中等我。故选 A。

【16 题详解】

句意：你为什么不早点离开去找躲雨的地方呢？

politer 更礼貌的；later 更晚的；faster 更快的；earlier 更早的。根据“to find some shelter from the rain?”可知，作者询问他为什么不早点走去找躲雨的地方。故选 D。

【17 题详解】

句意：我的工作就是为了把食物安全地带到我的顾客面前。

passengers 乘客；customers 顾客；bosses 老板；workmates 同事。根据“delivery worker...me that he'd arrived”可知，作者是顾客。故选 B。

【18 题详解】

句意：对于我们来说，最重要的一件事就是满足他们的需求。

see 看见; satisfy 满足; complete 完成; remember 记住。根据“I work to bring food safely to our...”可知，外卖员把食物安全带到顾客面前来满足顾客的需求。故选 B。

【19 题详解】

句意：在我们周围，有很多像他一样的普通人，他们每天工作，甚至在他们的工作非常艰辛的时候。
unusual 不同寻常的; common 普通的; hard 艰难的; special 特别的。根据“like him who do their jobs every day”可知，我们身边都是像他一样的普通人，每天认真工作。故选 B。

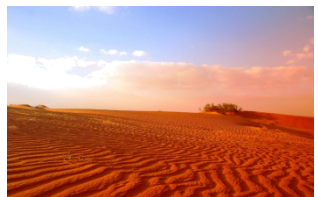
【20 题详解】

句意：他们从来没有忘记给我们带来方便和友善。
kindness 友善; happiness 快乐; carelessness 粗心; interest 兴趣。根据“he said with a smile on his face.”可知，这样的普通人给我们带来了便利和友善。故选 A。

三、阅读理解（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

 Antarctica Desert	Antarctica is a continent (大陆) of ice. There is hardly any rain in Antarctica, so the Antarctic Desert becomes the driest desert in the world. It is also the world's largest desert by area.
 Sahara Desert	The Sahara Desert is the hottest of all the deserts on the earth. It covers most parts of North Africa and is similar in size to the land area of the USA. The word “sahara” in Arabic means “desert”.
 Arabian Desert	The Arabian Desert is in Asia on the Arabian peninsula. It covers almost the entire Arabian Peninsula. The sand here has a red-orange color and the surface of the Arabian Desert is covered mainly by sand hills, some gravel plains (砾石平原) and rocky plains.

 Mojave Desert	The Mojave Desert is in the USA. It is the driest desert on the North American continent. Death Valley, one of the hottest areas in the world, is in the Mojave Desert. Mojave comes from the Spanish word for “beside the water”.
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21. Which is the driest desert in the world? _____

- A. The Antarctica Desert.
- B. The Sahara Desert.
- C. The Arabian Desert.
- D. The Mojave Desert.

22. What is the Sahara? _____

- A. It is the hottest desert in the world.
- B. It is the largest desert in the world.
- C. It is the coldest desert in the world.
- D. It is the driest desert on the North American continent.

23. What color is the sand in the Arabian Desert? _____

- A. Red.
- B. Orange.
- C. Red-orange.
- D. Red-yellow.

【答案】 21. A 22. A 23. C

【解析】 本文主要介绍了几个沙漠。

【31 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“so the Antarctic Desert becomes the driest desert in the world”可知南极沙漠成为世界上最干燥的沙漠。故选 A。

【32 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The Sahara Desert is the hottest of all the deserts on the earth”可知撒哈拉沙漠是地球上最热的沙漠。故选 A。

【33 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The sand here has a red-orange color”可知这里的沙子呈橙红色。故选 C。

B

A few years ago, I saw an exhibition (展览) of Pablo Picasso’s sculptures. Maybe, because he thought of himself as

a painter first, he was freer to play with the art of sculpture. For example, what can you do with a pair of bicycle handlebars (把手) and a saddle (车座)? The Spanish artist turned them into a “bull” (公牛). The exhibition brought to mind Picasso’s famous quote (引语), “Every child is an artist.”. The problem is how to remain an artist once we grow up.

I’m a writer and illustrator (插画画家) of children’s books. Sometimes, I go into schools and read my stories to children. I also draw with them. I show them how to draw the characters in my books. These children draw after me. Their drawings, however, always make mine seem lifeless. I’m always surprised by them. Children just put their ideas out there. They do not overthink. Adults worry about how other people judge (评价) them. They often think a lot before putting pen to paper.

Recently, I’ve been working with a primary school. I see six-year-olds expressing themselves freely through their drawings. However, when they leave at the age of eleven, many of them feel uncomfortable about the act of drawing. They have learned that there is a “right” way to draw, and a “wrong” way. There isn’t. The most important thing is to draw and to express yourself through your work.

Picasso painted and sculpted like a child. He expressed himself freely. He cared little about what other people thought of him. Perhaps this is why his paintings and sculptures are still popular today.

24. What was Pablo Picasso?

- A. painter. B. A sculptor C. A writer D. Both A and B

25. Which of the following opinions may the writer support?

- A. Every child will be an artist when he grows up.
B. Children should learn what is a “right” way to draw or a “wrong” way.
C. Every child is born to be an artist and we should stay true to the artistic talent.
D. When children are at the age of eleven, they will never draw well.

26. Why is the writer surprised by the children’s drawings?

- A. Because the children draw after him
B. Because the children’s drawings seem lifeless
C. Because the children worry about others’ judgement
D. Because the children just put their ideas out there without overthinking

27. Which of the following is true according to the passage

- A. Pablo Picasso was not free to play with the art of sculpture

-
- B. Pablo Picasso's works are not popular today
- C. There is a "right" way and a "wrong" way to draw
- D. It is important to express ourselves freely through our drawings

【答案】 24. D 25. C 26. D 27. D

【解析】本文主要论述了每个孩子生来就是艺术家，但是长大后如何保持艺术家的身份。

【24 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段“A few years ago, I saw an exhibition of Pablo Picasso's sculptures. Maybe, because he thought of himself as a painter first, he was freer to play with the art of sculpture.”可知，毕加索既是一个画家，又是一个雕塑家，故选 D。

【25 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段“The exhibition brought to mind Picasso's famous quote, ‘Every child is an artist.’. The problem is how to remain an artist once we grow up.”可知，作者认为每个孩子生来就是艺术家，我们应该忠于自己的艺术天赋，故选 C。

【26 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段“I'm always surprised by them. Children just put their ideas out there. They do not overthink.”可知，作家对孩子们的画感到惊讶是因为孩子们只是不假思索地把自己的想法表达出来，故选 D。

【27 题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段“The most important thing is to draw and to express yourself through you work.”可知，通过绘画自由表达自己是很重要的，故选 D。

C

One day Susie was unhappy when she came home from school. “what's the matter, my dear?” asked her mother, drawing her to her side and smiling.

“All our class must hand in compositions tomorrow. We must write 12 lines at least. But I can never write one. I'll have to go to school without a composition, for I won't copy one from a book, or ask you or papa to write one for me.”

“That's right,” said her mother. “You'll be happier with a poor composition, if it's your own, than with a fine one written by somebody else. But cheer up. Run into the garden and play. I'll call you in half an hour. Don't think about your composition now. Just have a good time.”

It seemed just a few minutes to Susie before she heard her mother calling her. She went into the house immediately-her hands full of sweet flowers, and her face red with exercise.

Then her mother asked her to sit by the window with a nice piece of paper and a pencil, and write something about what she could see. "Never mind your composition; do this to please me, and we'll talk about that later."

Although Susie thought her mother's request was strange, she knew she always had a good reason for everything she did. So she did as her mother requested.

As she looked out, she first saw the western sky and some bright, sunset clouds. "Oh, mother, what a sunset!"

"Don't talk. Just write."

The pencil began moving rapidly across the paper. She wrote about the sunset clouds, the look of the distant hills, the streets, the river, the garden with its flowers, and the birds flying past the window. She forgot all about the terrible composition!

Just as she had reached the bottom of the page, her mother came in and said with a smile, "Well, Susie, how does that composition come on?"

"Composition! You told me not to think about it, and I've never thought of it once. I've had such a nice time writing about what I could see from the window."

Mrs. Smith took the paper and read what Susie had written. She said, "There, Susie, that's a very nice composition, really."

"A composition! Is that a composition?" Susie asked in surprise.

"Yes, my dear, and a very good one, too, if we find a title for it," replied her mother. Then she added, "I'm sure it will please your teacher, as it does me. You see, it's easy enough to write a composition if you have anything interesting to write about."

28. Susie was unhappy when she came home because _____.

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. she was punished by her teacher | B. she couldn't write a composition |
| C. she forgot to take her composition home | D. she didn't get on well with her classmates |

29. From the story we can know Susie's mother _____.

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. had never understood her daughter | B. had never talked with Susie's teacher |
| C. knew how to write a good composition | D. wrote the composition for her daughter |

30. The title of Susie's composition might be _____.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. My Helpful Clever Mother | B. The Beautiful Sights at Sunset |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|

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