## U1 The written word 单元测试(2)

I.	单项选择(共	<b>共20</b> 小题;每4	<b>卜题 1 分,共</b> 2	20分)		
1. His plan was such a good one we all agreed to accept it.						
	A. as B.	that C.	so l	O. after which		
2.	Mary finally	Bruce as her	life-long compa	anion.		
	A. received	B. accepted	C. mad	de D. l	honoured	
3.	If this dictionar	y is not yours,	can it be			
	A. what else	B. who e	lse C.	which else's	D. who else's	
4.	I must be gettin	ng fat - I can	do my trouse	ers up.		
	A. fairly	B. hardly	C.	nearly	D. seldom	
5.	I'd like you to r	meet David, a	cowboy.			
	A. dark ugly tal	ll B. tall ugl	y dark C. u	gly dark tall	D. tall dark ugly	
6.	With a lot of ho	omework to do th	is evening, Tom	's mother will a	llow him to watch TV	•
	A. in no time	B. at one	time C	at no time	D. at a time	
7.	The film comp	pany plans	the film before	Christmas.		
	A. releasing	B. comin	g out C. to	be published	D. to release	
8.	I prefer	it at once rather	than delaying	it tomorrow.		
	A. do	B. to do	C. done	D. do	ing	
9.	Everyone had	an application	form in his han	d, but no one l	knew which office ro	om
	·					
	A. to send it	B. to be sent	to C. to s	end it to D.	to have it send	
1(	O. The heart is _	intell	igent than the s	tomach, for the	ey are both controlled	l by
	the brain.					
	A. not so	B. not much	C. much mos	re D. no m	ore	
11	1. The thief bro	ke in, trying to o	open the safe, b	ut	<u>_</u> ·	
	A. in no way	B. in vain	C.	without effect	D. at a loss	
12	2Are you	satisfied with th	e result?			
	Not at all	1. It couldn't be	<b>5</b>			

A. any worse	B. any better	C. good	D. bad	
13. Compare yourself	now with	and try to exce	ed(超越) past achievements	
so that you can mal	ke progress step by	y step.		
A. what you used to	o be B. what	you used to do		
C. you used to do	D. you u	sed to be		
14 had they	than they got m	arried. No wonder	they often quarrel with each	
other.				
A. Only; made the	acquaintance	B. No sooner; ma	de the acquaintance	
C. Rarely; made kn	nown	C. Scarcely; make	known	
15 the pair of b	rand new sneakers	s, Tom jumped with	joy. Which of the following	
is wrong?				
A. Seeing B.	At the sight of	C. On seeing	D. Caught sight of	
16. Having paid off al	ll their, the S	Smiths are now	_ financial problems.	
A. debts; free of	B. money;	free of		
C. debts; free from	D. money; f	free for		
17. It's for people to have shortcomings. What is important is that one should				
know his Shortcomings are and makes effort to overcome them.				
A. common; how	B. comm	non; what		
C. uncommon; how D. uncommon; what				
18Sorry to have taken your umbrella by				
You are This isn't my umbrella; it's Henry's.				
A. mistaken; mistal	ken B. mistak	e; mistake		
C. mistake; mistake	en D. mista	ken; mistake		
19. They were accused(被告) of their power to keep prices too high.				
A. abuse	B. abusing	C. abused	D. being abused	
20. You must face the	reality and know	the environment _	·	
A. that you get	B. where you hav	e C. you are in	D. when you stay	
II. 完形填空 (共 20	) 小题;每小题1	.5 分,满分 30 分	)	
I did very badly	at school. My head	dmaster thought I w	vas 21 and when I was	
14 he said, "You're no	ever going to be	22 but a failur	e."	

After five years of jobs, I fell in love with a very nice middle-class girl. 23 It was the bit 24 that could have happened to me. I 25 ! I wanted to do something positive with my life because I wanted to prove to 26 that what people said about me was 27. Especially her mother, who had said to me, "Let's it, you've failed at everything you've ever done." So I tried hard with my and went to college. My first novel 30 while I was at college.

After college I taught during the 31 in high schools and attended evening classes at London University, where I got a 32 in history. I became a lecturer at a college and was thinking of 33 that job to write full time 34 I was offered a part-time job at Leeds University. I began to feel proud of myself — 35 was a working-.class boy who'd 36 school early, now teaching at the university.

My writing career took off when I discovered my own style. Now I'm rich and 37, have been on TV, and met lots of film stars. 38 what does it mean? I 39 wish all the people that have put me down had 40: "I believe in you. You'll succeed."

21. A. bright	B. useless	C. simple	D. hopeful
22. A. anything	B. something	C. everything	D. nothing
23. A. low	B. poor	C. good	D. useful
24. A. support	B. happiness	C. surprise	D. thing
25. A. admitted	B. decided	C. planned	D. told
26. A. me	B. them	C. her	D. it
27. A. wrong	B. right	C. stupid	D. faulty
28. A. see	B. know	C. understand	D. face
29. A. experiment	B. practice	C. writing	D. composition
30. A. came on	B. came in	C. came out	D. came back
31. A. day	B. night	C. month	D. year
32. A. graduation	B. pass	C. degree	D. success
33. A. giving in	B. giving back	C. giving out	D. giving up
34. A. while	B. if	C. when	D. or
35. A. there	B. here	C. it	D. that
36. A. left	B. attended	C. changed	D. graduated

37. A. tired	B. calm	C. nervous.	D. famous	
38. A. And	B. But	C. However	D. Well	
39. A. just	B. exactly	C. so	D. very	
40. A. praised	B. said	C. answered	D. advised	
III. 阅读理解 (共 20 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 40 分)				
${f A}$				
A study of a university in Shanghai had found that many of the students there are				
using a quote (引语) from the Italian poet Dante as a kind of motto. The study of Fudan				
University, one of China's top universities, of 489 students, found that 82 had chosen				

Students also expressed a common hope for greater understanding and care and said they were always ready to give a hand to those in need.

Dante's "Follow your own path and don't worry about what others say" as their motto,

out of 278 people who said they had a motto. This was followed by "Believe yourself"

and "Self-improvement without stop."

Some researchers think that mottoes can play an important part in children's

growth and they say that a good motto can help children develop a better character.				
41. The study shows				
A. which university should have mottoe	B. what poems are popular			
C. how many students like the motto "Believe yourself."				
D. the majority of the students like to choose their favorite mottoes				
42. The motto "Self-improvement without stop" shares the similar meaning with				
A. going on to improve rapidly	B. growing by oneself continuously			
C. making oneself better and perfect continuously				
D. becoming better without having a break				
43. The best title for the passage should be				
A. Mottoes and Character Developing	B. Students and Poet			
C. Mottoes and Learning	D. Understanding Care			
В				

The passage comes from a novel called "The Chrysalides" by John Wyndham. In this novel, the storyteller is a boy named David.

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