前一次作业详情

你已经完成: 45 题 (共有 46 题,客观题 45 道)

(注意: 若有主观题目,请按照题目,离线完成,完成后纸质上交学习中心,记录成绩。在线只需提交客观题答案。)

本次作业是本门课程本学期的第1次作业,注释如下:大学英语 I 第1单元 作业题

- 一、单项选择题(只有一个选项正确, 共40 道小题)
- 1. Hi, Tom. How is everything going?

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- (A) No, I don't.
- (B) Yes, please.
- (C) Thank you a lot.
- (D) Not bad.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: D

解答参考: [第一单元]D 当对方问"你最近怎么样"的时候, 你应该直接回答, 不能用 yes 或 no 来回答, 一般也不直接道谢。

2. – Long time no see. How are you?

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- (A) Yes, how are you?
- (B) Thank you.
- (C) Fine, thank you.
- (D) I'm glad to see you.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: C

解答参考: [第一单元]C 当对方说: "好久不见,你好吗?"的时候,你应该回答自己的状况。

3. -Nice to meet you.

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- (A) I'm ok.
- (B) Nice to meet you, too.
- (C) Thank you.

(D) Not too bad.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: B

解答参考: [第一单元]B 当对方说: "很高兴认识你"的时候, 一般用同样的句子回答: "我也很高兴认识你"。

4. – How is life?

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- (A) Same as ever.
- (B) Thanks. And you?
- (C) I hope all goes well with you.
- (D) It is nice meeting you!

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: A

解答参考: [第一单元]A 当对方问"最近怎么样"的时候, 你应该根据自己的真实情况作答, 而不是道谢或言他。

5. – How are you doing?

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- (A) You're welcome.
- (B) Just so-so.
- (C) I don't know.
- (D) I don't like it at all.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: B

解答参考: [第一单元]B 当对方问"你好吗"的时候, 你应该根据自己的真实情况作答。

6. – How are you getting on with your study?

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- (A) Thanks. And you?
- (B) I hope all goes well with you.
- (C) Terrible.
- (D) Not at all.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: C

解答参考: [第一单元]C 当对方问"最近你学习怎么样"的时候, 你应该告诉对方你的真实情况, 而不是道谢或言他。

- 7. How are you getting on
- _
- (A) Very well. Thank you.
- (B) You're welcome.
- (C) Not at all.
- (D) I don't know.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

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正确答案: A

解答参考: [第一单元]A 当对方问"你好吗"的时候,你可以直接回答后再道谢。B的意思是"不用谢",C的意思是"没关系",D的意思是"我不知道"。

8. – How do you do?

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- (A) How do you do?
- (B) Ok.
- (C) No, thanks.
- (D) Nice to meet you, too.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: A

解答参考: [第一单元]A 当对方问"你好吗"的时候,你可以直接回答后再道谢。B的意思是"不用谢",C的意思是"没关系",D的意思是"我不知道"。

9. – Haven't seen you for ages. How's it going?

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- (A) Haven't seen you for ages.
- (B) Yes, long time no see.
- (C) How are you?
- (D) Everything is all right.

你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: D

解答参考:[第一单元]D 当对方说: "好久不见。你好吗"的时候,我们一般根据真实情况作答。

10. – Hello. I'm Susie.

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- (A) You're welcome.
- (B) It's so kind of you.

(C) Hi. I'm Jack. Nice to meet you, Susie.
(D) Fine, thank you.
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元]C 当对方说: "你好,我是苏珊"的时候,你也应该
很有礼貌地告诉对方你的姓名并问候对方。A 的意思是"不用谢",B 的意
思是"你真是太好了", C 的意思是"你好, 我叫杰克。很高兴认识你, 苏
珊", D 的意思是"我很好,谢谢"。
11. When we learn a foreign language, we should hold that no cultur
e is inferior the others.
(A) for
(B) to
(C) as
(D) under
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: B
解答参考: [第一单元] B 固定搭配 be inferior to 的意思是"比低等
,低级"
12. Can you turn down the of the radio? I have a bad headache
and want to have a sleep.
(A) voice
(B) noise
(C) volume
(D) amount
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元] C Volume 意为"音量",相当于 amount of the so
und。A. voice 声音,B. noise 噪音,D. amount 量
13. The academic achievements are always the students' con
cern.
(A) minor
(B) major
(C) less
(D) inferior
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]

正确答案: B

解答参考: [第一单元] B 本题从意义上来选择: 学生主要关注的当然是成绩
,所以选 B: 主要的。A. minor 次要的,C. less 较少的,D. inferior 较低
级的
14. The employee requires that he the right to know the situ
ation of the company.
(A) have
(B) has
(C) having
(D) had
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: A
解答参考:[第一单元] A require 之后的宾语从句要求用"(should +)
动词原形"的形式
15. The kids behave themselves their parents' presence.
(A) with
(B) at $(C) in$
(C) in
(D) on 你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元] C 固定搭配 in one's presence 的意思是"当着某
人的面"
) CH 4 EM
16. In the first class in this semester, the teacher started
a story she experienced during the summer holiday.
(A) as
(B) at
(C) in
(D) with
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: D
解答参考: [第一单元] D 固定搭配 start with 的意思是"以开始"
17. When she got home after school, she turned on the TV did
her homework.
(A) but

(C) than
(D) rather than 你选择的答案:[前面作业中已经做正确][正确]
正确答案: D 解答参考: [第一单元] D rather than 相当于 but not 。句子的意思是: 她放学回家后没有做作业,而是打开了电视
18. Human beings aren't mistakes. And I decided to forgive him.
(A) with
(B) above
(C) without
(D) within
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: B 解答参考: [第一单元]B" 人都会犯错, 所以我决定原谅他。"其中 be above mistakes 的意思是"不会犯错的"
19. The three working telephone lines are quite busy following the earthquake. (A) remaining (B) remained (C) having remained
(D) remains
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: A 解答参考: [第一单元]A remain 是不及物动词, remaining 是形容词, 意为"剩下的"
20. Nobody can deny that success in study in the flexible me thod and positive attitude.
(A) lay
(B) lie
(C) lies
(D) lain
你选择的答案,「前面作业中已经做正确」「正确」

正确答案: C 解答参考: [第一单元]C 固定搭配 lie in 的意思是"取决于"

21. Not until they got married that he is a rude man.
(A) she knew
(B) had she known
(C) she had known
(D) did she know
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: D
解答参考: [第一单元] D not until 引导的时间状语从句提到句首时,主句
要进行部分倒装,系动词、助动词和情态动词提到主语之前。此句型的主句
谓语一般不用完成时态
22 W/4 1 1/11 1/2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
22. With her children living abroad, she has her house every December.
(A) painted
(B) paint
(C) be painted
(D) to be painted
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: A
解答参考: [第一单元] A havedone 的意思是"请某人做某事"
MADON EN TOIJITHUVEGOILE HINNAX HINNAY
23. To my surprise, I found the classroom is at 8:00 in the
morning.
(A) bare
(B) blank
(C) empty
(D) nothing
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元]C empty 表示"教室里面没人", bare 表示"没有被
覆盖的,没有应该有的东西的",blank 表示"两维空间的缺空"
24. Whenever an earthquake occurs, see to it that the and ga
s are turned off.
(A) electric
(B) electrical
(C) electronic

(D) electricity
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: D
解答参考: [第一单元] DA, B, C 都是形容词, electricity 是名词, 意为"电"
25. With user- computer, people with little education can als
o learn how to use it.
(A) friend
(B) friendly
(C) friendliness
(D) friendship
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: B
解答参考: [第一单元]B 此处需要形容词, B是形容词, user-friendly 的意思是"方便用户使用的, 友好的"
26. His devotion this country made him support 20 poor child
ren to finish school.
(A) in
(B) for
(C) at
(D) to
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: D
解答参考: [第一单元] D devote / devotion 只与介词 to 搭配使用,表示"对奉献"
27. Their dormitory is ours in decoration.
(A) likely to
(B) similar to
(C) familiar to
(D) intended to
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
解答参考: [第一单元]BA 的意思是"可能做",B的意思是"与
相似", C 的意思是"与熟悉", D 的意思是"打算做"
28. This method is which saves us half of the time and effor

t.
(A) efficient
(B) effective
(C) influential
(D) fruitful
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
解答参考:[第一单元]AA的意思是"有效率的",B的意思是"有效果的
", C 的意思是"有影响的", D 的意思是"有成效的"
29. The students' preference learning online urge the teach
ers to learn more about computer and network.
(A) with
(B) to
(C) in
(D) for
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: B
解答参考: [第一单元] B prefer / preference 通常与 to 搭配使用,表示
"对的青睐"
30. In one aspect, the seven-day National Day Holiday the st
udents' distraction from study.
(A) as a result
(B) as a result of
(C) results from
(D) results in
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: D
₩答参考: [第一单元]D 句子缺少谓语, 所以只能在动词短语 C 和 D 中选择
,C的意思是"由原因导致的",D的意思是"导致(结果)"
31. Good communicative skills are importance to a good leade
r. (A) with
(B) at
(C) of
(C) 61 (D) by
(D) by

[前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元] C 固定搭配 be of importance 的意思是"对至
关重要"
32. Beat in the eggs, one
(A) at a time
(B) at any time
(C) at times
(D) at one time
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: A
解答参考: [第一单元] A at a time 意为"每次,一次"; at any time 意
为"任何时候(都可能会发生)"; at times 意为"有时"; at one time
意为(过去)有个时期;曾经,一度;同时
33. dripping of water wears away a stone.
(A) constancy
(B) constant
(C) inconstant (D) inconstancy
(D) inconstancy 你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: B
邢
再按句意"滴水穿石"看,只能选择 B
34. We'd better focus on the program that caters the needs
of children.
(A) on
(B) with
(C) for
(D) in
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元]C cater for 为固定搭配,表示"迎合,投合"
35. This MP3 is that one.
(A) as twice expensive as

(C) twice as expensive as
(D) twice expensive as
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元]C 表示倍数用 twice as as
26 11-1
36. I had my car Would you please pick me up tomorrow morning?
(A) repair
(B) repairing
(C) to be repaired
(D) repaired
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: D
解答参考:[第一单元] D have sth. done 的意思是"请某人做某事"
37. There is no reason for you her honesty.
(A) not believe
(B) not believing
(C) not to believe
(D) to not believe
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元] C there is no reason for sb. to do sth. 是特殊
句型, 意思是"某人没有理由做某事"
38. Whenever he meets with a new word, he willa dictionary.
(A) look it up
(B) look it in
(C) look it up in
(D) look it with
你选择的答案: [前面作业中已经做正确] [正确]
正确答案: C
解答参考: [第一单元]C look sth. up in a dictionary 是固定结构,表示"查字典"
39. I didn't realize he was a famous film star he took off

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