

考试备考资料

(习题试卷、考点)

《K0070 专转本英语综合技能操作》

第一章 写作

考点 1. 使用句型进行信息表达

1. ...has become a common phenomenon...

...已经成为一种普遍现象。。。

2. Some people think/deem/claim/believe that..., ...

有些人认为...

3.Others argue/claim that the opposite/reverse is true

其他人争辩/声称...相反 ...

4. It is very/more/most likely that..., ..

很可能.

5. ...have different attitudes towards ..., 对。。不同看法

6. ...gives rise to ..., 引起

7. ... some advantages/edges..., 一些优势/优点

8. ... some disadvantages/drawbacks..., 一些劣势/缺点

9. ... play an important role/part in.....

10. ... tend to 倾向于

11. With the development of... 随着.....发展.....
- 12...go hand in hand... 伴随：（两件事）密切相关地，同时并进地
- 13... is superior to... 比...更好。
- 14... recently, the phenomenon/problem of ... has become a heated topic... 最近，关于...的现象/问题。。。已经成为一个热门话题...
- 15... the issue has aroused great concern among... 这个问题引起了人们的极大关注
- 16... an increasing number of... 越来越多的
- 17... should attach importance to... 应该重视
- 18... we can draw the conclusion that... 我们可以得出这样的结论
19. It is high time that... 现在该是...的时候了
20. ... will be effective in ... 将在。。。方面有效

考点 2. 使用非谓语动词与不定式语法点进行信息表达（常考知识点，必须熟记★★★）★
★考试大纲要求内容★

非谓语动词与不定式语法点是专升本写作语法重点与难点，也是高频考点，写作中有大量带有非谓语动词与不定式的英语高级写作语法功能结构，这些固定结构可以用来表达信息，总结如下：

1) 主语+ cannot emphasize the importance /significance of ... too much.

(再怎么强调.....的重要性也不为过。)

2) There is least need for sb to do sth. for sth.(某人没有必要做.....)

For example:: There is least need for you to bring more snack/ food.

不需你拿来更多的零食/食物了。

3) By +doing..., 主语+can (借着.....,能够.....)

For example: : By taking more regular exercise, people can always stay fit and healthy.

借着做定期运动，人们能够始终保持健康好身材。

4) ... enable + sb.+ to + do.... (.....使.....能够.....)

For example: : Listening to music ,especially soft music , enables people to feel relaxed and released.

听音乐，特别是轻音乐，可以使人们能够感觉轻松。

5) On no account can people+ do.... (人们绝对不能.....)。

For example:: On no account can people ignore the value of knowledge/protecting our environment/honesty.

我们绝对不能忽略知识的价值/保护环境/诚信。

6) What will happen to sb...provided...? (假如。。。某人将会。。。?)

For example:: What will happen to the couple provided the horse fails to come?

假如那匹马没来，那对夫妇将会怎样？

7) For the past + 时间, 主语 + 现在完成式/现在完成进行时.... (过去.....时间来,一直.....)

For example:: For the past four decades, the CEO has been busy preparing for the investment overseas.

过去 40 年来，CEO 一直忙着准备海外投资。

8) It pays to + do....(.....是值得的。)

For example:: It pays to help others.

帮助别人是值得的。

9) 主语+ be based on....(以.....为基础)

For example:: The progress of the society/community is based on harmony.

社会/社区的进步是以和谐为基础的。

10) 主语 + do one' s best to do....(尽全力做.....)

For example:: We should do our best to achieve our goal in life.

我们应尽全力去达成我们的人生目标。

11) 主语+ be closely related to (与.....密切相关)

For example:: Taking regular exercise/work-out is closely related to health.

做定期运动/健身与健康密切相关。

12) 主语+ get into the habit of + V-ing = make it a rule to + V (养成.....的习惯)

For example:: We should get into the habit of keeping good hours.

我们应该养成早睡早起的习惯。

考点 3. 使用限制性定语从句和非限制性定语从句语法点进行信息表达（常考知识点，必须

熟记★★★）★考试大纲要求内容★

根据一个主题进行相关议论的作文，如果使用限制性定语从句和非限制性定语从句这一语法

结构功能来进行议论文写作信息表达，可以使文章更加地道纯正，结构也会更加高级，有效

表达信息。所以，限制性定语从句和非限制性定语从句语法点可以运用于此部分进行议论文

写作信息表达。

以下为范文，请注意里面的限制性定语从句和非限制性定语从句语法点。

【范文】 The Importance of Lifelong Learning

The saying , which goes "Learning is a daily experience and a lifetime mission" , is a proverb full of logic. Learning exerts a significant role in our life, which facilitates us to learn deeply. Those wise people who apply it to their life are more likely to benefit a great deal from.

There are numerous reasons which can explain this phenomenon. After graduation from university, graduates' life has been full of working pressure, which contributes to their decision of pursuing further education. More importantly, we can enrich our spare time life by learning.

There exist a number of examples which we can notice . Those college students who only usually spend two weeks learning the subjects smoothly pass the final exams. They tend to learn knowledge in a short time for a practical purpose, which ignores the essence of learning. However, it is lifelong learning that enables people to accumulate adequate knowledge, skills and experience for their future life. Apparently, more and more wise people have come to realize the significance and benefits of lifelong learning.

考点 4. 使用强调、倒装和虚拟语气等三大语法点进行信息表达（常考知识点，必须熟记★

★★）★考试大纲要求内容★

强调、倒装和虚拟语气等三大语法点高频出现于写作部分。

根据一个主题进行相关议论的作文，如果使用强调、倒装和虚拟语气等三大语法结构功能来

进行议论文写作信息表达，不仅可以使文章更加地道纯正，结构也会更加高级，还可起到强调和突出的有效表达信息。所以，强调、倒装和虚拟语气等语法点可以运用于此部分进行议论文写作信息表达。

以下为范文，请注意里面的强调、倒装和虚拟语气等语法点。

【范文】 Stated-owned business or Joint venture

University students confront the problem of the career choice upon graduation. What a tough choice it is! Many a student is in favor of this proposal that a graduate (should) work in SOE which guarantee his life after retirement. Nevertheless, some others are in favor of this proposal that a graduate (should) work in J.V. which provide higher income for employees.

From my humble perspective, I prefer the latter view. A J.V, especially a high-salary joint venture, casts a tremendous fascination on numerous individuals, with no exception to me. It is high-salary that is exactly what I need. As for me, our career choices largely depend on where we intend to stay for the rest of our life. As I hold the view that live in the moment, rather than the future, and also with an aim to financing myself in some aspects such as the transportation, the house-renting, or other social activities.

Only by working in a J.V. can my needs for the consumption that I mention above be satisfied efficiently.

In short, it is working in a J.V that is my preferable alternative.

考点 5. Do you agree or disagree? 文体格式（常考知识点，必须熟记★★★）★考试大纲要求内容★

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