

# 2010-2023 历年广东省梅州市曾宪梓中学度 高二下学期月考

## 第 1 卷

### 一. 参考题库(共 25 题)

1.

Once you get \_\_\_\_\_ something, it is very hard to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. addicted to; rid yourself of it
- B. used to; rid yourself of it
- C. accustomed to; be got rid of it
- D. addicted to; get away with it

2.

第二部分：语言知识及应用 (共两节，满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

Many years ago, I owned a service station and roadhouse on the main road between Melbourne and Adelaide.

One very cold, wet night at about 3:30 a.m., there was a 11 on the front door of our house. A young man, wet from head to toe, explained that he had 12 out of petrol about 30 km up the road. He had left his *pregnant*(怀孕的) wife and his two

children 13 at the car and said that he would *hitchhike*(搭便车) back.

Once I had filled a can with petrol, I took him back to his car where his two-year-old and four-year-old children were both 14, saying that they were cold. Once the car had started, I suggested that he 15 me back.

Before leaving, I had turned the heater 16 in the roadhouse, so that when we went in, it was nice and 17. While the little ones played and ran around, I prepared bread and butter for the children, and hot chocolate for the 18.

It was about 5 a.m. before they left .The young fellow asked me how much he 19 me and I told him that the *petrol pump*(加油泵) had shown \$15.He offered to pay “call-out fee”, but I wouldn’t accept it.

About a month later, I received a 20 from Interstate, a large bus company that we had been trying to 21 to stop off at our roadhouse for a long time. It 22 out that the young fellow I had helped was its general manager, the most 23 person in the company.

In his letter, he thanked me again and 24 me that, from then on, all their buses would stop at my service station. In this 25 , a little bit of kindness was rewarded with a huge amount of benefits.

- |                |               |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 11. A.kick     | B. hit        | C. beat        | D. knock      |
| 12. A.driven   | B. used       | C. come        | D. run        |
| 13. A.away     | B. behind     | C. over        | D. out        |
| 14. A.sleeping | B. crying     | C. quarrelling | D. fighting   |
| 15. A.allow    | B. ring       | C. lead        | D. follow     |
| 16. A.on       | B. off        | C. in          | D. over       |
| 17. A.neat     | B. hot        | C. warm        | D. attractive |
| 18. A.drivers  | B. guests     | C. customers   | D. adults     |
| 19. A.gave     | B. paid       | C. owed        | D. offered    |
| 20. A.call     | B. letter     | C. check       | D. notice     |
| 21. A.get      | B. force      | C. require     | D. hope       |
| 22. A.pointed  | B. turned     | C. worked      | D. found      |
| 23. A.generous | B. successful | C. serious     | D. powerful   |
| 24. A.praised  | B. persuaded  | C. informed    | D. convinced  |
| 25. A.lesson   | B. business   | C. aspect      | D. Case       |
- 3.

第二节：语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分）

We eat for many different reasons but not always for the right reason. Most people choose to eat something just 26 the food tastes delicious. 27 , if we choose based 28 taste alone, regardless of nutrition(营养) or healthy eating habits, then gaining weight is inevitable. Changing your eating habits means 29 you need to look

at the nutritional value as well as the amount of fat.

Healthy eating habits come from eating foods that are low 30 fat. Learn to read labels so that you can make good decisions; every 31 (package) food product has a label that tells you the nutritional value, 32 number of calories and fat content.

Eating habits usually stay the same as we grow from childhood to

adulthood. 33 (fortune), our metabolism (新陈代谢) tends 34 (slow) down as we get older. If you are raised on sugar and high-fat foods, the amount of fat keeps building as you get older 35 the cycle is broken by good eating habits or exercise, and perfectly both.

4.

第五部分：写作（共 2 小题，满分 40 分）

第一节：基础写作（共 1 小题，满分 15 分）

根据下面表格内容写一篇短文，介绍 Stephen Hawking.

姓名

Stephen Hawking

出生年份

1942

出生地

England

主要

经历

1.21 岁时得了脑病，走路经常摔倒

2.没有被疾病打倒，坚持研究和写作工作。

3.在关于太空、物质(matter)和时间的起源的研究上取得了成功。

4.1988 年他写了《时间简史》（On history of time）一书，该书成为畅销书。

个人

观点

[写作要求]

只能使用 5 个句子表达全部内容。

【评分标准】

句子结构准确，信息内容完整，篇章结构连贯。

5.

第四部分：单项选择（共 10 小题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

\_\_\_\_\_ for our teachers, we'd never have been able to enter this university.

A. Had it not been

B. Had it not

C. If it was not

D. If he had not been

6.

The boy was lucky enough \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to escape to be punished
- B. escaping to be punished
- C. to escape being punished
- D. to escape punishing

7.

- Bob still performing?

--I'm afraid not. He is said \_\_\_\_\_ the stage already as he has become an official.

- A. to have left
- B. leaving
- C. to leave
- D. to be leaving

8.

B.

My secret for staying young is simple. Put all attention to the part of you---your brain and keep it young and growing. Keep your mind awake and you'll stay young all over.

These are exciting time. Take an interest in the world around you, and stick to(坚持)

learning at least one new thing every day.

No matter how old you are, it's not too late to make your life more interesting. I know a housewife with no knowledge before who made herself into a famous industrial

engineer(工业工程师).I know a retired(退休) electrical engineer who has become a

highly-paid ceramin (陶器的) artist.

Get over the idea that you are ever too old to go back to school. I know a man who entered a medical college at 70.He got his degree with honor and became a doctor.

Another man went to law school at 71 and now is an active lawyer(律师).Staying

young is easy for those, old or young, who live in the future. You can do it if you care enough to try. Keep you mind awake and active: that's the only elixir(万验灵丹)

41.The statement that brain to people of all ages, remains young and growing is\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.impossible
- B.a scientific fact(科学事实)
- C.supposed(或许) to be true
- D.a wrong conclusion( 错误结论)

42.It is wrong to\_\_\_\_\_.

think oneself too old to go back to school B.keep one's mind awake  
try to stay young D.get one's degree with honors

43.The passage tells that the man who entered college at 70 became\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.an active lawyer
- B.an electrical engineer
- C.a famous doctor
- D.a highly-paid ceramic artist

44.The only youth elixir is\_\_\_\_\_.

to go back to school

B.not to think about one's age

to live in the future

D.to keep one's mind awake and active

45.According to the writer,you should\_\_\_\_\_learning at least one new thing every day.

A.take care of

B.start

C.begin

D.keep on

9.

## 第二节读写任务（共 1 小题，满分 25 分）

阅读下面的短文，然后按照要求写一篇 150 词左右的英语短文。

A little boy is telling his Grandma how "everything" is going wrong, school, family problems, severe health problems, etc.

Meanwhile, Grandma is baking a cake. She asks her grandson if he would like a cake, which, of course, he does.

"Here, have some cooking oil."

"Terrible!" says the boy.

"How about a couple raw eggs?"

" Terrible! Grandma!"

"Would you like some flour then? Or maybe baking soda?"

"Grandma, those are all awful!"

To which Grandma replies:“Yes, all those things seem bad by themselves, but when they are put together in the right way, they make a wonderfully delicious cake!

“Life works the same way. Many times we wonder why it would let us go through such bad and difficult times. But life knows that when it puts these things all in its order, they always work for good!

“The trials（考验）of life serve a meaningful purpose in making us stronger. Do not

lose heart if life is not easy for you right now, but encourage yourself and know you will be much stronger mentally and physically because of the trials of life.”

[写作内容]

1. 以约 30 个词概括这段短文的内容；

2. 然后以约 120 个词以“Facing the Trials of Life”为题进行议论，内容包括：

(1) 你阅读短文后的感受；

(2) 简述你经历过的一次困难或考验；

(3) 你认为应当如何看待生活中的考验。

[写作要求]

1. 在作文中可以使用自己亲身的经历或虚构的故事，也可以参照阅读材料的内容但不得直接引用原文中的句子；

2. 作文中不能出现真实姓名和学校名称。

[评分标准]

概括准确，语言规范，内容合适，篇章连贯。

10.

第三部分：阅读理解（共 20 小题，每题 2 分，满分 40 分）

第一节：（共 15 小题，满分 30 分）

Police in the Russian city of St. Petersburg were today searching for a rare missing leopard which was stolen yesterday when thieves attacked a TV producer and drove off in his luxury Mercedes 4×4.

The amur leopard, which was in the boot, is one of the world's most highly endangered species, with fewer than 45 left in the wild in Russia's remote far east. About 300 others are captive in zoos around the world.

According to its owner, Mikhail Barakin, the thieves were wearing masks. They attacked him and his driver, throwing both of them out of the vehicle, shortly after, they drove to St. Petersburg with leopard from Moscow.

"She's a female leopard cub and she's incredibly tame," Barakin told the Guardian this morning. "She's just over a month old. The leopard was brought up in captivity."

He went on, "We had been driving all night with the leopard in a travel cage. The plan was to take her to the vet. My driver and I were in the process of setting the leopard in the trunk of my Mercedes...when three masked assailants attacked us. They managed to get away with the car. My suspicion is the theft was done to order."

Barakin said the leopard, a present from a Moscow businessman, was far more valuable than the stolen Mercedes. He has offered a £ 85,400 reward for its safe return, and says he is prepared to drop all charges if the thieves bring the animal back.

The leopard was to have been housed in a purpose-built enclosure on a country estate outside St. Petersburg, he added. Barakin said he had hired a specialist to look after it, and was planning to use the cub in TV commercials.

36. We can infer from the passage that the three assailants \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. probably came for the leopard  
B. would return the leopard safely  
C. didn't know there was a leopard in the car  
D. were known to Mikhail Barakin

37. The leopard was believed to be more valuable because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. it was already tamed  
B. it could be kept as a pet  
C. it would be used in TV commercials  
D. it was an endangered species

38. Mikhail Barakin drove the leopard to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. put her in a bigger place  
B. use it in TV commercials  
C. put her in better care  
D. keep her in the zoo

39. If the thieves brought the leopard back, Mikhail Barakin would \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. send them to prison  
B. give them a reward  
C. give them the car as a reward  
D. not charge them

40. The underlined word “boot” in Paragraph 2 probably refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a special cage  
B. a type of shoe  
C. the trunk of a car  
D. a kind of camera

11.

第二节：信息匹配（共 5 小题，满分 10 分）

Here are five letters from readers listed in 1-5. All the greetings and signatures are left out. Suppose you are a secretary of the magazine CR (Crazy English Reader), for each one find a suitable reply from A-F. Mark the correct letter (A-F) on your answer sheet. There is one extra reply which you don't need to use.

51. I am a reader of CR. Recently I found students translate some articles of CR. I appreciate your offering an opportunity to us beginners to practice using English. So I want to ask how they can obtain these articles and translated them for you, and what qualities you require. Thank you.

52. I love your Crazy English Reader magazine! It provides valuable data for work in our English teaching. My wife and I are teaching Conversational English so I've been giving you a bit of a plug at our middle school. I told the students to “get a copy!” It's good stuff! Fantastic!

53. I'm one of Yao's fans from Guangzhou. I have read the Yao Ming articles in No.7 Crazy English Reader. I want to know his correspondence address and the official website. Could you please tell me? Thank you very much indeed.

54. First of all, I must say thank you very much to all the CE Reader editors who gave us a really good English magazine. Secondly, I want to give you a piece of advice. In each passage, you gave us some new words with their Chinese translation. However, as far as my knowledge, I think you should give us not only the Chinese meaning but also the English meaning so as to know the words more accurately. Thank you!

55. I am an editor of the English Monthly of our school. I have a question that is how to say the position of the paper e.g. and so on. I hope you can help me to tell me the word in English. The more the better. Thank you so much! I love the book very much. Now, I do this work, I need study more information about this work, if you have time, please email me. Thank you.

A. Thank you for your suggestion. We may try that in some future issues of CR. I think the best way to improve your reading vocabulary is to be able to guess the meaning of the word from the other words around it. Also, if you have an English dictionary, it's good to look up the words and then mark them down in a notebook and review them later on. Then if you really want to learn how to use the words, try using them in conversation or in writing. Hope this helps.

B. The best way for you to learn the different positions in a newspaper or magazine is to get a copy of an all-English magazine or newspaper and then copy down the different positions. There are also titles such as Managing Editor, reporter, Copy Editor, Photo Editor and Layout Editor. I hope this helps. If you have some more specific questions, you can send them to me and I'll try to answer.

C. The best way to reach Yao directly is through his home team, the Shanghai Sharks. You can write him at 2570 Xietu Road, Shanghai. For more information on

Yao, you can look at the sports section in sina. com. I hope this helps. Another idea is that you can try to write Yao while he's living and playing in Houston. You can try to reach Yao in the US at: Yao Ming Compaq Centre 10 Houston, TX 77046

D. Thank you for being such a careful reader of CR. Yes, you're right we made a mistake in the writing of that Chinese word. Each issue we try to read very carefully each article and its translation to make sure there are no mistakes, but unfortunately a few mistakes always get by. But you encourage us to keep improving, so thank you.

E. Yes, we do have several students who help us translate some of the articles in our magazine. We contact these translators directly after interviewing their translation work. Afterwards we assign the articles to them for translation. If you are interested in being one of our translators you can send us some information about yourself and a sample of your translation work.

F. Thank you for helping us to promote CR. We're glad it's helpful to your students. We always try to include articles that reflect real life. It's our hope that CR will not only improve student's English but also open up a different worldview.

12.

I have never dreamed of \_\_\_\_\_ such a good hotel in this town.

- A. there was
- B. there is
- C. there being
- D. there have

13.

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