►第 09 讲短文填空(首字母提示+汉语提示+语境提示+综合填空)(讲义)

目录

一	复习目标	掌握目标及备考方向
二	考情分析	短文填空中考考情分析
三	短文填空的考向	1. 熟练掌握固定搭配、语法等知识 2. 掌握简单有效的解题策略和正确的解题步骤 3. 提升必考题型归纳
四	真题感悟	中考短文填空经典考题精选

【复习目标】

1. 熟练掌握固定搭配、语法等知识

2. 掌握简单有效的解题策略和正确的解题步骤

【网络构建】

【考情分析】

短文填空命题规律

短文填空是把语法知识测试全部放在语篇中进行，旨在考查考生在语篇中综合运用语言知识的能力。它不但要求考生有扎实的词汇、语法等基础知识和对句型结构的灵活运用能力，而且还要求考生有良好的语感和一定的阅读理解能力。包括短文首字母提示词填空、汉语提示填空、综合填空、语境提示填空等。语境提示填空（盲填）是中考短文填空中难度最大的，这种题目因题型的开放性和综合性而备受关注。试题特点是一篇短文挖空 8—10 个单词，且没有任何提示，让考生根据短文内容自由填词，难度较大，主观性较强，有时可能出现多种答案。

【名师解难】

解题步骤：

(1)快速浏览，了解大意. 对于简单把握的空，可以先填出来；

(2)上下求索，填出答案. 根据上下文及空格前后的逻辑关系，填出正确的词以及正确的形式；

(3)通读全文,检查确认.特别要注意,根据文章意思,有些空是否要加入否定前缀.

无提示词的空格一般需要填入冠词、代词、介词、连词(并列连词和从属连词)等虚词.

【解题三部曲】

读】跳过空格,通读短文,了解大意.

要重视首句,善于以首句的时态、语气为立足点,理清文脉,推测全文时态、主题及大意.

定与断】复读短文,确定语义,判断词形.

A.) 利用上下文的语境,结合所学过的知识,先确定空格处所需词语的意义.

B.)再根据空格在句子中的位置,判断其在句中充当的成分,从而确定所填词的词性,再依据词语搭配和语法规则,判断所填的词的正确形式.

验】读短文,上下参照,验证答案.

在短文的空白处分别填上一个词后,将完成的短文再细读一遍,上下参照,连贯思考.可从上下文内容是否协调一致、顺理成章,语法结构是否正确无误等方面进行综合验证,凡有

疑问必须重新推敲考虑.

【锦囊妙计】

第一招：金睛火眼(认真、细致地观察图画,就可以直接在图画中找到答案或信息.

第二招：有样学样(善于从下文或前文找一模一样的信息.)

第三招：放飞想象(答案可以在图画或文章中推测出来.)

第四招：姿势与实际并重(注意填写动词的时态、语态和名词的单复数)

短文填空解题技巧

夯基·必备基础知识梳理

首字母填空

首字母填空是根据句意和已给出的首字母,在句子的空白处填上适当的单词,使句子意思完整,语法正确的一种题型.该题型既考查学生的单词记忆和拼写能力,又考查学生对句子的理解和运用能力.

满分技巧

1. 跳过空格,不看选项,快速地阅读全文,从整体上感知全文,掌握大意,了解全篇的内容和要旨.

快速阅读时宁粗勿细,切忌只盯住一个句子仓促解题,这样势必因胸无全局而误入歧途.快速阅读时,还要注意找出关键词,这些词在文中起支撑骨架的功能,抓住了关键词就抓住了故事的线索.特别是要重视首句,善于以首句的时态、语气为立足点,理清文脉,推测全文时态、主题及大意.

2. 复读短文，确定语义，判断词形.

把握短文大意后再认真复读短文，利用上下文的语境，结合所学过的知识，先确定空格处所需词语的意义，再根据空格在句子中的位置，判断其在句中充当的成分，从而确定所填词的词性，再依据词语搭配和语法规则，判断所填词的正确形式. 如短文难度较大，尤其是难于选词时，从本句的前后观察中一时尚不得要领，就要进一步扩大到上下文中分析.

3. 三读短文，上下参照，验证答案.

在短文的空白处分别填上一个词后，将完成的短文再细读一遍，上下参照，连贯思考. 可从上下文内容是否协调一致、顺理成章，语法结构是否正确无误等进行综合验证，凡有疑问必须重新推敲考虑.

汉语提示词填空

此类短文填空题一般会给出汉语意思. 做此类短文填空题时，要准确理解语意，根据文中同样结构或类似结构确定应填词的词性和词形. 不可简单地都填原形词. 若空格内填的是名词，要考虑其单复数形式；若填的是形容词或副词，则要考虑其是否属于比较等级；如若填的是动词，则要特别注意考虑其时态和语态. 如在句首，还要考虑其首字母的大写.

综合短文填空

综合短文填空是指文章中有多种提示类型，如英语单词、汉语意思、音标或者不给提示词等. 这种题型主要考查考生的整体阅读能力、语言知识的运用能力、逻辑思维能力和书面表达能力，特别是单词和短语的拼写能力.

语境提示填空

无提示词的空格一般需要填入冠词、代词、介词、连词(并列连词和从属连词)等虚词.

(1)名词前面一般用冠词、代词或介词等.

(2)如果需要填入代词，就要考虑到是人称代词的主格、宾格或物主代词的变化、指示代词的用法；

(3)并列的两个或多个单词，短语，或句子之间设空，一般填入并列连词 and， but， or 等；

(4)两句之间，如果不是并列句，则很可能是主从句，因此需要填入从属连词(what，which， who， how，when 等). 或者是宾语从句，定语从句或者是状语从句的连接词. 这种空格需要同学们根据句子结构，分析到底是什么从句，从而选择合适的从属连词.

提升·必考题型归纳

(一)短文首字母提示填空

(2023·浙江·模拟预测)

根据短文内容,在每一空格内填写一词(首字母已给出),使短文完整连贯.

Life is not easy to most people, so when anything happens, be sure to believe in yourself. When I was young, I was so n____1____ that it was hard for me to talk to anyone. My classmates often l____2____ at me. Then I felt very frustrated.

I was really sad but could do n____3____. Later, something happened, which changed my life. It was an English speech contest. My mother a____4____ me to take part in it. What a terrible idea! It m____5____ I had to speak in front of all the teachers and students of my school!

"Come on, boy. Believe in yourself. You are sure to win." mother said to me.

Then, mother and I talked about many d____6____ topics. At last I chose the topic "Believe in yourself". I tried my best to remember all the speech and p____7____ it over a hundred times. W____8____ my mother's great help, I did well in the contest. I could h____9____ believe my ears when the news came that I had won the first prize.

Since then, things have changed for me. No matter what I do, I try to tell myself to be c____10____ and I will find myself. This is true not only for me but also for everybody, I think.

(2023·湖北武汉·统考模拟预测)

阅读短文,在其后空白处写出各单词的正确形式,单词的第一个字母已给出.

On the first day of my second grade, my father asked me if I could read well. "Yes, I can." I said. So he gave me a hand-painted map with street names and d____11____ on how to walk to school. He handed me the map with my lunch box and jacket, and simply said to me, "Everything you need to know is w____12____ on the map, so you should just read it carefully."

I was standing in d____13____, scared to death, but he just kissed me goodbye, s____14____ me out of the door. I didn't know how long it took me to get there, or how many fearful and a____15____ moments I had, but I did remember forever how I f____16____ when I came around the last corner, and saw my school. I laughed and was p____17____ with myself that I had made it! I wished I could tell him right then that I had made it. When I got home, I didn't see my father. I couldn't wait for him to come back and tell him what had happened. But

when he came back, he r___18___ silent.

Years later, I finally got the courage to ask him why he didn't care about what had happened since I was so young then. He said, "I didn't have to ask you. I knew. I followed you the whole way in the car, but f___19___ enough back so that you could not see me. I saw you jump up and down with e___20___. I felt what you felt."

At the moment, I understood everything. Then I couldn't help crying.

(2023·江苏镇江·统考一模)

短文填空

The English cultural and tourism magazine "Jiangsu Glimpses" has published a new one. It recommends beautiful museums, d___21___ food, fun routes and spring folk customs in Jiangsu.

What winter takes from here, spring will give it b___22___. After a winter of resting, the flowers in Jiangsu are budding(含苞待放) and the ducks can also f___23___ the warmth of the spring river.

It has become a habit for Chinese t___24___to come to Jiangsu to see flowers in spring. The city flower of Nanjing, plum blossom, now is all around on the Meihua Mountain. "Fure Flower Sea" in Zhenjiang i___25___ many flower fields which are like a colorful blanket. Spring comes and shines on the branches of these flowers in the south of the Yangtze River.

Tea is another g___26___ that comes with the spring of Jiangnan. Many teas with poetic and beautiful n___27___ are all from Jiangsu, such as Suzhou's Biluochun tea, Nanjing's Yuhua tea and Zhenjiang's Jinshancuiya tea. During this period, the tea field provides nice teas and p___28___ places for people to have fun. The tea has special taste b___29___ different tea trees are planted in different planting sites. Nowadays, people can look for tasty tea and enjoy the best s___30___ in Jiangsu, including transportation, accommodation(住宿), sightseeing, and food. In addition to the tea fields, tourists can also walk into the tea houses and museums or picturesque villages around them.

(二)短文汉语提示填空

(2022·浙江杭州·浙江师范大学附属杭州笕桥实验中学模拟预测)

根据短文内容和所给中文提示,在空白处写出单词的正确形式,每空限填一词.

With the help of a virtual reality headset and a three-minute video, people can step into the world of 76-year-old Harry, who ___31___ (生活) with midstage Alzheimer's disease (阿尔茨海默病). They can see how difficult everyday life can be—even doing something as simple as ___32___ (刷) the teeth. Harry mistakes toothpaste for medicine, forgets to lock the door and is continually ___33___ (感到困惑的) about what time it is.

The headset will allow ___34___ (使用者) to experience the special disconnect and sensory impairments (感觉障碍) that a person living with Alzheimer's disease experiences, said Christy Littlefield, an education program specialist and social worker.

Littlefield hopes the virtual reality experience will help caregivers, family and friends better understand what Alzheimer's patients go ___35___ (经历).

"When we launched it, we received different ___36___ (反应)," Littefield said. "Some people are sad because it let them remember ___37___ (所爱的) ones, but it gave them a good ___38___ (理解) of what it's like to live with this disease."

"We hope people will think of their ___39___ (自己的) experience and be more patient when they deal with Alzheimer's patients," she ___40___ (补充道).

【答案】

(2023·浙江金华·统考三模)

阅读下面短文,然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式.每空限填一词.

In ancient China lived an artist whose paintings were ___41___ (几乎) lifelike. The artist's influence had made him proud. One day the emperor wanted to get his image done, as a ___42___ (结果) he called all great artists to come and present their finest works, so that he could ___43___ (选择) the best. The artist was sure he would be chosen, but when he showed his painting to the emperor's chief minister, the old man laughed. The ___44___ (睿智的) old man told him to travel to the Li River, perhaps he could learn a little from the greatest artist in the world.

___45___ (充满了) with curiosity, the artist packed his bags and left. When he asked the villagers on the ___46___ (岸边) of the river where he could find the great artist, they smiled and ___47___ (指着) down the river. The next morning he hired a boat and set out to find the ___48___ (著名的) painter. As the small boat moved, gently ___49___ (沿着) the

river he was left speechless by the mountains being silently reflected in the water. He passed milky white waterfalls and mountains in many shades of blue. And when he saw the mists (薄雾) rising from the river and the soft ____50____ (云) surrounding the mountain tops, he was reduced to tears. The artist was finally humbled (谦卑) by the greatest artist on earth, Mother Nature.

(2023·浙江湖州·校联考三模)

根据短文内容和所给的中文提示,在空白处写出单词的正确形式,每空限填一词.

Now, it may be difficult to predict the future, but many people believe that we will live on Mars by the year 2100. Our own planet, Earth, is becoming more and more ___51___(拥挤的)and polluted. Well, what problems do we need to ___52___(解决)before we can get to Mars?

First of all, transport should be much better. At ___53___(目前;现在), humans need to spend several months going to Mars by spaceship. However, by 2100, spaceships may travel at half the speed of light. Then, it would only take us two or three ___54___(天;日)to get there! Without ___55___(疑问;疑惑), humans need food, water and air to live. Scientists should develop plants that can be grown on Mars. These plants will ___56___(生产;制造)the food, water and air that we need. However, there is no answer for all these problems right now. There is also a problem for us to live in the environment of Mars. Mars has less gravity than Earth. This is dangerous because we can easily jump too ___57___(高)and fly slowly away into space there. We will have to wear special shoes to make ___58___(我们自己) heavier.

Besides, I ___59___(推断;料想)food would not be the same—meals might be in the form of pills and will not be as delicious as they are today. Also, space travel will probably make many people feel very ____60____(不舒服的). In some ways, life on Mars would not be better than that on Earth today.

(三)短文语境提示填空

(2023·山西大同·模拟预测)

请阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 在空白处填入恰当的单词, 使短文通顺、连贯.每空一词.

The Great Wall isn’t China’s only man-made wonder that has been well-known all over the world. Another is the Grand Canal(大运河)—the longest man-made waterway in the world.

__61__ a length of about 2, 700 kilometers, the canal runs from Beijing to Zhejiang Province. __62__ is more than 2, 500 years old. During the Spring and Autumn period, Han Gou, was built in today's Jiangsu Province. It then became the Grand Canal during the Sui Dynasty.

The Grand Canal has an important role __63__ developing the country's economy(经济) and keeping it stable(稳定的). People in ancient China moved things by horse or __64__ foot. It was very slow. Large things, like bags of grain(谷物) and tea. __65__ did people solve the problems? It was the Grand Canal __66__ made things faster and easier to move across a long distance.

During the Sui Dynasty, for example, fine grains grew in the south. But they were kept in the capital, in the north. With the Grand Canal, people __67__ able to quickly send grain to the capital. The canal also made the economy grow fast. Thanks __68__ the canal, silk, tea and coal were all sent __69__ the north and south. The canal, in fact, played a big part in building the Forbidden City. Bricks were sent __70__ Shandong and Jiangsu, while wood was sent from Hunan.

"The Great Wall is the symbol of the firm backbone of China, while the Grand Canal is the bloodline that goes through the hearts of Chinese people." said Shan Jixiang

(2023·广东佛山·统考三模)

Sally is a 13-year-old middle school student. She enjoys __71__ and she has been to many places. Kunyu Mountain is one of the most wonderful places.

Kunyu Mountain is a place of __72__ near Sally's hometown. She went to climb it with her dad five years ago. At first, she thought it was such a high mountain that she could __73__ reach the top. When she looked up, she always saw that there were many white clouds around it. __74__ it was beautiful, she was not interested in looking at it. She felt very __75__ because of the 3-hour walk and she had a pain in her legs. However, she said to __76__ that she couldn't give up climbing because it was her dream to climb to the top. It was cold and the wind was very strong. Finally, she reached the top __77__ the help of her dad. Seeing the mountains from the top, she found the __78__ of the rocks were different. Some looked like humans, and some looked like wild animals. Sally was

79 ____ excited that she couldn’ t help shouting when getting to the top.

In our lives, the top is our dream. The climbing is difficult but worth your hard work. Just prepare more so that you can completely ____80____ to the top. Whatever the result is, at least we have tried our best. I believe that our dreams can come true.

【答案】

71. traveling 72. interest 73. not/never 74. Although/Though 75. tired

76. herself 77. with 78. shapes 79. so 80. get

【导语】本文讲述了 Sally 爬山的经历,这个故事告诉我们,人生中的顶峰就是我们的梦想,虽然攀登困难,但值得我们的努力,只要我们准备充分,就能实现梦想.

71. 句意：她喜欢旅行并且去了很多地方.根据"she has been to many places.”可知,她喜欢旅行,enjoy traveling"喜欢旅行”,故填 traveling.

72. 句意：Kunyu Mountain 是 Sally 家乡附近的名胜古迹.a place of interest"名胜古迹”,故填 interest.

73. 句意：起初,她认为这是一座如此高的山,她永远也不可能到达山顶.根据"it was such a high mountain”可知,她认为不可能到达山顶,故填 not/never.

74. 句意：虽然它很漂亮,但她没有兴趣去看它.根据"she was not interested in looking at it”可知,虽然它很漂亮,但是她没有兴趣看.though/although 引导让步状语从句,故填 Although/Though.

75. 句意：因为 3 个小时的步行,她感到非常累,而且她的腿疼.根据"because of the 3-hour walk and she had a pain in her legs”可知,她感到很累,故填 tired.

76. 句意：然而,她对自己说,她不能放弃攀登,因为爬到山顶是她的梦想.say to oneself"自言自语”,主语是 she,所以用 herself,故填 herself.

77. 句意：最后,在父亲的帮助下,她到达了山顶.with the help of"在某人的帮助下”,故填 with.

78. 句意：从山顶看群山,她发现岩石的形状不同.根据"Some looked like humans, and some looked like wild animals.”可知,石头的形状是不一样的,shape"形状”,根据"were different”可知主语是复数形式,故填 shapes.

79. 句意：Sally 如此兴奋以致于当她到达山顶时禁不住大叫起来.根据"that she couldn’ t help shouting when getting to the top”可知,考查句型 so…that…"如此……以致于……”,故填 so.

80. 句意：多做些准备,这样你就能完全到达顶峰.根据"I believe that our dreams can come true.”可知,梦想成真,到达山顶;根据"can”是情态动词后面用动词原形,到达用 get to sp.表达,故填 get.

(2023·河南濮阳·统考二模)

阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整.请将答案写在下面题号后的横线上.每空限填一词.

Chinese traditional culture has a long history. There ___81___ many folk art forms. Paper cutting is a typical one.

Paper cutting has been around for more than 1,500 years. Although nobody knows who it was invented by, it's still popular with people. In ancient times, people used paper cutting ___82___ decorate (装饰) and honor their ancestors (祭祀祖先). Now, it is a symbol of wishes ___83___ good luck and a happy new year. Paper cutting sounds very easy but ___84___ is difficult to make. The paper, usually red, is folded before it is cut with scissors. ___85___ most common pictures for paper cutting are flowers, animals, and things about Chinese history. Paper cutting in Shanxi is the most famous because the pictures in paper cutting are very beautiful.

Paper cutting has been inherited (继承) since ancient times. It's a symbol of Chinese culture. As teenagers, we also need to pass it on.

【答案】81. are　82. to　83. for　84. it　85. The

【导语】本文是一篇说明文,主要介绍中国的传统文化之一——剪纸.

81. 句意：有许多民间艺术形式.此处是 there be 句型,时态是一般现在时,主语"many folk art forms"是复数,故填 are.

82. 句意：在古代,人们用剪纸来装饰和纪念他们的祖先.use sth to do sth"用某物做某事",故填 to.

83. 句意：现在,它是祝福好运和新年快乐的象征.wishes for"对……的期望",故填 for.

84. 句意：剪纸听起来很简单,但做起来很难.此处指代"Paper cutting",用 it 代替,故填 it.

85. 句意：剪纸最常见的图案是花、动物和有关中国历史的东西.最高级前用定冠词 the 修饰,故填 The.

(四)短文综合填空

(2023·福建福州·福建省福州第十六中学校联考模拟预测)阅读下面短文,根据语境、音标或所给单词的提示,在每个空格内填入一个恰当的词,要求所填的词意义准确、形式正确,使短文意思完整、行文连贯.

Three-Character Classic had been one of the most popular texts for primary education in China for 700 years until the middle of last century. Almost all ___86___ (child) at school used to recite the text of 1,248 characters.

Most historians have attributed (归功于) this text to Wang Yinglin, ___87___ famous

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：https://d.book118.com/958031027133006122