

锦绣育才教育集团 2023 学年第二学期三月月评

八年级英语问卷（人教版）

第 I 卷

第一部分听力（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面 5 段小对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What's the matter with Tom?

A. He has a fever.

B. He has a headache.

C. He has a sore back.

2. What should the boy do first?

A. Watch TV.

B. Clean the room.

C. Do the homework.

3. What chores does the boy like doing?

A. Cooking

B. Cleaning the car.

C. Sweeping the floor.

4. What's Miss Liu's advice?

A. To be a teacher.

B. To work in a shopping center.

C. To work as a tour guide.

5. What does the man sometimes do in his free time?

A. He watches TV.

B. He hangs out.

C. He stays at home.

第二节（共 10 小题，第 6-10 题，每小题 1 分，第 11-15 题，每小题 2 分，满分 15 分）

听下面 3 段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面段对话，回答第 6 至第 7 两个小题。

6. What's wrong with the woman?

- A. She has a cold.
- B. She has a toothache.
- C. She has a cough.

7. What does the doctor ask her to do?

- A. Stay in hospital.
- B. Take a rest.
- C. Take some medicine.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。

8. How often does Bil go to the old people's home?

- A. Once a week.
- B. Twice a week.
- C. Three times a week.

9. What does Bill usually help do?

- A. Look after pets.
- B. Clean the houses.
- C. Read the newspapers.

10. How does Bill usually get to the old people's home?

- A. By bus.
- B. By bike.
- C. By subway.

听下面一段独白，回答第 11 至第 15 五个小题。

11. What does the girl like playing?

- A. Basketball.
- B. Football.
- C. Baseball.

12. What was the weather like yesterday afternoon?

- A. It was sunny.
- B. It was snowy.
- C. It was rainy.

13. What's the matter with the girl this morning?

- A. She had a cold.
- B. She had a fever.
- C. She had a headache.

14. What did the doctor advise the girl to do?

- A. Stay at home.
- B. Take some medicine.
- C. Have a good rest.

15. How many days does the girl want to ask for leave?

- A. Two days.
- B. Three days.
- C. Four days.

第二部分阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A,B、C 和 D)中选出最佳选项。

A

What if you hurt your leg or a pet hurts you by mistake? Unexpected things happen to everyone. Small wounds need loving care and enough time to get better again. Luckily, you can take care of most small wounds without visiting a hospital; that's why it's a good idea to have simple first-aid tools on hand at home.

The first thing to do is to stop bleeding quickly. Small cuts usually close up on their own. If not, cover the wound with a clean cloth or bandage. Then press on it until the bleeding stops.

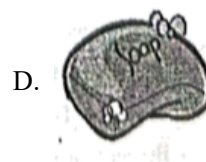
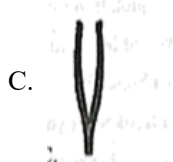
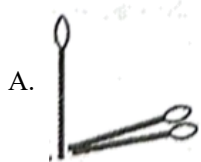
Next, it's important to clean the wound with running water so as not to get bad germs (细菌). Use warm water and soap to carefully wash the wound until the dirt is off. If needed, wet some cotton gauze pads (纱布垫) with alcohol (酒精) and clean again. After that, dry the wound completely.

Then, cover the wound to keep out bad germs using a bandage, gauze pads, or other kinds of clean cover.

Finally, be kind to your wound. Try not to hit it. When the bandage gets wet or dirty, replace it. After a scab (痂) forms, let the wound get some fresh air so that it can get better as soon as possible.

All in all, you can deal with small cuts quickly by first aid at home. Actually, there's more you can learn about the first aid.

1. What can we use to clean the wound first according to Paragraph 3?



2. What's the right order of the first aid for cuts?

a. Dry the wound. b. Clean the wound. c. Cover the wound.

d. Stop bleeding quickly. e. Be kind to your wound. f. Leave the wound in fresh air.

A. dbacef

B. acfedb

C. cbafide

D. ebafdc

3. What will the passage probably talk about next?

A. What to do with serious wounds.

B. Other kinds of first-aid knowledge.

C. How to prepare for first-aid tools.

D. The importance of first-aid knowledge.

【答案】 1. D 2. A 3. B

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要讲述了在家里准备一些医疗用品的必要性，并针对如何处理一些小伤提出了一些建议。

【1 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Use warm water and soap to carefully wash the wound until the dirt is off.”可知，需要用温水和肥皂冲洗伤口。故选 D。

【2 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The first thing to do is to stop bleeding quickly.”可知第一步是 d；根据“Next, it's important to clean the wound with running water so as not to get bad germs (细菌).”可知第二步是 b；根据“After that, dry the wound completely.”可知，第三步是 a；根据“Then, cover the wound to keep out bad germs using a bandage, gauze pads, or other kinds of clean cover.”可知，第四步是 c；根据“Finally, be kind to your wound.”可知，第五步是 e；根据“After a scab (痂) forms, let the wound get some fresh air so that it can get better as soon as possible.”可知，第六步是 f。由此得出正确的顺序是 d-b-a-c-e-f，故选 A。

【3 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Actually, there's more you can learn about the first aid.”可推断，接下来会再谈论其它急救方法。故选 B。

B

When I had something difficult to do, I used to ask my mom for help. But she always said, “Do it yourself, my

dear.” I would get so angry. I thought she was the laziest mother in the world!

For example, one day, I decided to invite some friends to my home. My bedroom was in a mess. Books, clothes and shoes were all over the table and ground. I didn’t make my bed, either. I asked, “Could you please help me clean the room, Mom?” But she said seriously, “Do it yourself, my dear girl. I’m busy. You should do it yourself.”

Because of my “lazy mom”, I have to do many chores, such as washing my clothes and cleaning my room. I have to help my parents and my little sister. And I also have to go to the dentist by myself.

It is really hard for me to do everything on my own, but I have learned a lot. As time goes by, I understand my mother. Thanks to her “laziness”, I become clever and hard-working. Just as my mom always says, “A lady can’t be lazy, or she’ll be crazy. Work can make you sunny!” What a great mother! Don’t you think so?

4. What would her mother do when the writer asked her for help?

- A. She would ask the writer to do it herself.
- B. She would help the writer when she was free.
- C. She would get angry with the writer.
- D. She would ask others to offer help.

5. Why does the writer write the example in Paragraph 2?

- A. To show readers that she could do many chores.
- B. To show readers that her mother was lazy.
- C. To tell readers that she seldom cleaned her room.
- D. To tell readers that her mother was too busy to do chores.

6. How does the writer’s feeling about her mother change?

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| A. angry→worried | B. surprised→pleased |
| C. angry→thankful | D. surprised→sorry |

7. Why does the writer use double quotation marks (双引号) when she calls her mother a “lazy mom”?

- A. Because she wants to show that her mother is really lazy.
- B. Because it’s a phrase from a book or a movie.
- C. Because in fact she doesn’t think so anymore.
- D. Because she doesn’t want to get her mother mad.

【答案】4. A 5. B 6. C 7. C

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了作者“懒惰的母亲”对她的教育和影响。

【4 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“I used to ask my mom for help. But she always said, ‘Do it yourself, my dear.’”可知，作者有困难向母亲求助时，母亲总是要求她自己去做。故选 A。

【5 题详解】

写作意图题。根据“I thought she was the laziest mother in the world!”及第二段内容可知，作者首先表达了“她是世界上最懒惰的母亲”的观点，然后下文举“母亲不帮忙整理房间”的例子是为了让读者更直观地理解她的观点。故选 B。

【6 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“I would get so angry.”和“Thanks to her ‘laziness’, I become clever and hard-working.”可知，作者一开始不理解母亲，心情是生气的，到后来长大后开始感恩，是母亲的“懒惰”使他聪明努力，所以作者对母亲的感情变化是 angry→thankful。故选 C。

【7 题详解】

推理判断题。通读全文可知，作者在说“懒惰的母亲”时带有调侃和幽默的意味，她已经知道母亲拒绝帮助，并不是因为懒，而是为了锻炼她的能力。选项 C“因为实际上她不再这样认为”符合原文。故选 C。

C

Can one paper bag change the world? Sarah Murphy believes it can and she tries to do something about it.

The seventh grader from the United States, decorates (装饰) lunch bags for the homeless.

She wants to bring hope to those people. She fills each bag with a lunch and gives them away to homeless people in the town, through a charity program.

Sarah Murphy has a great interest in charity. She used to donate money to charities at her school. Then she heard about the charity program from her friends. So she wanted to do something special, too.

To attract the help of more children, she reached out to a local library and made a program. They set up a coloring station in the library. Children may take a bag, draw and write a message of hope. They can leave it on the front desk. They can also take it home and return it after coloring.

In the past three months, Sarah Murphy has bought 100 brown lunch bags and put them in the library. Children at the library have colored them. She will happily buy more. She once joined a summer reading program with the theme “Build a Better World”. Sarah Murphy believes what she does could make a difference. She also believes that love and kindness would make the world a better place.

8. Who is Sarah Murphy?

A. A super girl who can change the world.

B. A rich girl who teaches how to color bags.

C. A homeless girl who lives in the US.

D. A kind girl who cares about the homeless.

9. Why does Sarah Murphy go to the local library?

A. To borrow some books for charity.

B. To join a library program.

C. To ask other children to join her activity.

D. To send lunches to children there.

10. What can children do if they join the coloring program?

A. Buy lunch bags from the library station.

B. Take the bags back home without returning them.

C. Color bags at the library or at home.

D. Get money if they draw pictures on bags.

11. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

A. A Kind Girl and the Homeless People

B. A Kind Girl and the Lunch Bag Program

C. A Kind Girl and Other Helpful Children

D. A Kind Girl and a Summer Reading Program

【答案】8. D 9. C 10. C 11. B

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了 Sarah Murphy 通过慈善活动，制作午餐袋来帮助无家可归的人。

【8 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The seventh grader from the United States, decorates (装饰) lunch bags for the homeless.”以及“She fills each bag with a lunch and gives them away to homeless people in the town, through a charity program.”可知，她是一个关心无家可归的人的普通美国女孩，故选 D。

【9 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“To attract the help of more children, she reached out to a local library and made a program.”可知，她去图书馆是为了让孩子们参与到慈善项目中。故选 C。

【10 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Children may take a bag, draw and write a message of hope.”以及“They can also take it home and return it after coloring.”可知，他们可以在图书馆给午餐袋涂色，也可以把午餐袋带回家涂色。故选 C。

【11 题详解】

标题归纳题。文章介绍了一个热衷于慈善事业的女孩 Sarah Murphy，重点讲述了她发动许多孩子参与午餐袋计划，帮助许多无家可归的人获得食物的故事，因此标题为“一个善良的女孩和午餐袋计划”。故选 B。

D

Malaria (疟疾) has been a big problem for humans since ancient times. Usually, people get malaria when infected mosquitoes (被感染的蚊子) bite them. Many people have died from the disease. Luckily, Chinese scientist Tu Youyou found an effective drug (药) called qinghaosu (青蒿素).

In 1969, Tu became the director of a national project to develop the medicine to treat malaria. They studied books about classical Chinese medicine. After reading more than 2,000 old remedies (药方), Tu and her team collected over 600 plants and listed almost 380 possible remedies for malaria.

One remedy, which is 1,600 years old, uses sweet wormwood (青蒿) as a treatment. Tu found it worked and tried to extract (提取) the qinghaosu from it to make a drug. The extraction failed at first, so Tu returned to the classical books again and finally found a way.

She used a low-temperature method to extract the qinghaosu and finally succeeded in 1972. After her team showed that qinghaosu could treat malaria in mice and monkeys, Tu and two of her coworkers decided to test the drug on themselves before trying it on human patients. It turned out that qinghaosu was safe, and all patients in the test got better. Gradually, qinghaosu became the first-line treatment for malaria recommended (推荐) by the World Health Organization (WHO), saving millions of lives around the world.

In 2015, when Tu was given the Nobel Prize in physiology or medicine, she refused to take all of the praise. Instead, she praised her coworkers and Chinese traditional medicine. She once said, “Every scientist dreams of doing something that can help the world.”

12. Which of the following might be the cause of malaria in the past?

- A. Many animals were infected.
- B. They drank polluted water.
- C. People knew nothing about it.
- D. They were bit by infected mosquitoes.

13. In the fourth paragraph, what does the underlined word “it” refer to?

- A. Malaria.
- B. The drug.
- C. The monkey.
- D. The mouse.

14. Where did Tu find a solution after the extraction failed at first?

- A. From classical medical books.
- B. From foreign remedies.

C. From tests on animals and humans.

D. From different plants.

15. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Tu Youyou found the drug qinghaosu in an old remedy.

B. Qinghaosu was safe for people because it could treat malaria in mice and monkeys.

C. WHO recommended qinghaosu as the only treatment for malaria.

D. It was Tu Youyou's dream to do something helpful for the world.

【答案】12. D 13. B 14. A 15. D

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。讲述了自古以来很多人死于疟疾。中国科学家屠呦呦发明了一种叫“青蒿素”的药，虽然研制过程中困难重重，但最终科学家们攻克了疟疾，解决了这一世界难题，拯救了全世界数百万人生命的故事。

【12 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“people get malaria when infected mosquitoes bite them.”可知，被感染过的蚊子叮咬过的人们通常会患上疟疾而死亡。故选 D。

【13 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“After her team showed that qinghaosu could treat malaria in mice and monkeys, Tu and two of her coworkers decided to test the drug on themselves before trying it on human patients.”在治疗疟疾的药品用于临床前屠呦呦与两名同事挺身试药，可推测“it”指的是研制出来名叫青蒿素的“药”。故选 B。

【14 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“The extraction failed at first, so Tu returned to the classical books again and finally found a way.”可知，首次提取失败后，屠呦呦返回书中，最终找到了一个方法。故选 A。

【15 题详解】

推理判断题。根据“Every scientist dreams of doing something that can help the world.”可知，每个科学家都梦想做一些能帮助世界的事情。故选 D。

第二节（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

下面文章中有五处（第 1—5 题）需要添加句子，请从以下选项选出符合各段意思的句子完成短文，选项中有一项是多余选项。

Flying is a fast way to travel. But it is a big headache for some people. They can't help worrying about things like “Is turbulence (颠簸) a bad thing?” or “Is it dangerous if we don't change our mobile phones to flight mode (飞行模式)?” British newspaper *Daily Mail* spoke to some experts to answer these questions. They also tell us

other interesting things about flying.

_____16_____ Turbulence is caused when two groups of air hit one another at different speeds. Wind, thunderstorms and being close to mountains can be reasons for this.

_____17_____ It's scary and uncomfortable. But it is not something you really need to worry about. "Even in extremely rough air (扰动气流), the wings are not going to break off," said Patrick Smith, a pilot.

_____18_____ As the airplane flies higher and higher, the outside atmospheric pressure (气压) gets lower and lower. During the flight, the pressure inside the plane becomes greater than the pressure outside. When this happens, square windows can break. That's because having different pressures inside and outside puts pressure on the corners of square windows. But rounded corners can spread the pressure through the window.

_____19_____ When passengers go to the toilet on a plane at an altitude (海拔) of 30,000 feet, there must be a question on your mind: Is their waste going to land on a farmer's house or a city street? Take it easy. The waste will land with the plane and the ground crew (地勤) will deal with it.

_____20_____ Some passengers believe mobile phones need to be turned off because they could bring the plane down. However, this is not true. If you don't change your phone to flight mode, pilots may hear unpleasant sounds in their headphones. It also influences radio communications. So it's still best to put it on flight mode.

A Why are plane windows round?

B. What happens when a phone isn't on flight mode?

C. Why is there always turbulence?

D. Is turbulence dangerous?

E. Can passengers use their mobile phones?

F. Do planes drop human waste while in flight?

【答案】16. C 17. D 18. A 19. F 20. B

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍有关飞行的一些有趣的事实。

【16 题详解】

根据“Turbulence is caused when two groups of air hit one another at different speeds”可知此处介绍了为什么会有颠簸，选项 C“为什么总是有颠簸”符合语境。故选 C。

【17 题详解】

根据“It's scary and uncomfortable”可知颠簸是吓人和不舒服的，选项 D“颠簸危险吗”符合语境。故选 D。

【18 题详解】

以上内容仅为本文档的试下载部分，为可阅读页数的一半内容。如要下载或阅读全文，请访问：<https://d.book118.com/966201130131010113>